

# **ENERGY EFFICIENCY/RENEWABLE ENERGY IMPACT IN THE TEXAS EMISSIONS REDUCTION PLAN (TERP)**

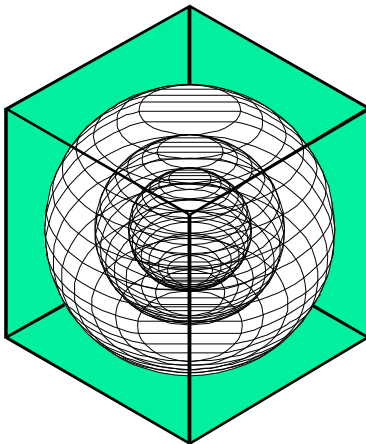
## **VOLUME II – TECHNICAL REPORT**

**Annual Report to the  
Texas Commission on Environmental Quality  
January 2007 – December 2007**



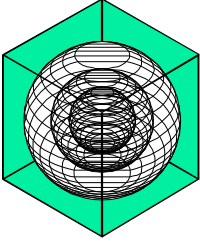
Jeff Haberl, Ph.D., P.E.; Charles Culp, Ph.D., P.E.  
Bahman Yazdani, P.E.; Don Gilman, P.E.  
Tom Fitzpatrick, Shirley Muns, C.B.O.  
Zi Liu, Ph.D., Juan-Carlos Baltazar-Cervantes, Ph.D.,  
Jaya Mukhopadhyay, Larry Degelman, P.E., David Claridge, Ph.D., P.E.

August 2008  
Revised December 2008



## **ENERGY SYSTEMS LABORATORY**

**Texas Engineering Experiment Station  
Texas A&M University System**



**ENERGY SYSTEMS LABORATORY**  
Texas Engineering Experiment Station  
Texas A&M University System  
3581 TAMU  
College Station, Texas 77843-3581

December 19, 2008

Chairman H. S. Buddy Garcia  
Texas Council on Environmental Quality  
P. O. Box 13087  
Austin, TX 78711-3087

Dear Chairman Garcia:

The Energy Systems Laboratory (Laboratory) at the Texas Engineering Experiment Station of the Texas A&M University System is pleased to provide its sixth annual report, "Energy Efficiency/Renewable Energy Impact in the Texas Emissions Reduction Plan (TERP)," as required under Texas Health and Safety Code Ann. § 388.003 (e), Vernon Supp. 2002 (Senate Bill 5, 77R as amended 78 R & 78S).

The Laboratory is required to annually report the energy savings from statewide adoption of the Texas Building Energy Performance Standards in Senate Bill 5 (SB 5), as amended, and the relative impact of proposed local energy code amendments in the Texas non-attainment and near-non-attainment counties as part of the Texas Emissions Reduction Plan (TERP).

Please contact me at (979) 845-1280 should you or any of the TCEQ staff have any questions concerning this report or any of the work presently being done to quantify emissions reduction from energy efficiency and renewable energy measures as a result of the TERP implementation.

Sincerely,

David E. Claridge, Ph.D., P.E.  
Director

Enclosure

cc: Commissioner Larry R. Soward  
Commissioner Bryan Shaw  
Executive Director Glenn Shankle



### Disclaimer

This report is provided by the Texas Engineering Experiment Station (TEES) as required under Section 388.003 (e) of the Texas Health and Safety Code and is distributed for purposes of public information. The information provided in this report is intended to be the best available information at the time of publication. TEES makes no claim or warranty, express or implied, that the report or data herein is necessarily error-free. Reference herein to any specific commercial product, process, or service by trade name, trademark, manufacturer, or otherwise, does not constitute or imply its endorsement, recommendation, or favoring by the Energy Systems Laboratory or any of its employees. The views and opinions of authors expressed herein do not necessarily state or reflect those of the Texas Engineering Experiment Station or the Energy Systems Laboratory.

## VOLUME II – TECHNICAL REPORT

### Energy Efficiency / Renewable Energy Impact In The Texas Emissions Reduction Plan

#### 1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Energy Systems Laboratory (Laboratory), at the Texas Engineering Experiment Station of the Texas A&M University System, in fulfillment of its responsibilities under Texas Health and Safety Code Ann. § 388.003 (e), Vernon Supp. 2002, submits its fifth annual report, Energy Efficiency/Renewable Energy (EE/RE) Impact in the Texas Emissions Reduction Plan to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality.

The report is organized in three volumes.

Volume I – Summary Report – provides an executive summary and overview;

Volume II – Technical Report – provides a detailed report of activities, methodologies and findings;

Volume III – Technical Appendix – contains detailed data from simulations for each of the counties included in the analysis.

#### Accomplishments:

##### 1. Energy Code Amendments

The Laboratory was requested by several Council of Governments (COGs) and municipalities to analyze the stringency of several proposed residential and commercial energy code amendments, including: the 2003 and 2006 IECC and the ASHRAE Standards 90.1-2001 and 90.1-2004. Results of the analysis are included in the Vol II Technical Report.

##### 2. Technical Assistance

The Laboratory provided technical assistance to the TCEQ, PUCT, SECO, ERCOT, and several political subdivisions, as well as Stakeholders participating in improving the compliance of the Texas Building Energy Performance Standards (TBEPS). The Laboratory also worked closely with the TCEQ to refine the integrated NOx emissions reduction calculation procedures that provide the TCEQ with a standardized, creditable NOx emissions reduction from energy efficiency and renewable energy (EE/RE) programs, which are acceptable to the US EPA. These activities have improved the accuracy of the creditable NOx emissions reduction from EE/RE initiatives contained in the TERP and have assisted the TCEQ, local governments, and the building industry with effective, standardized implementation and reporting.

##### 3. NOx Emissions Reduction

Under the TERP legislation, the Laboratory must determine the energy savings from energy code adoption and, when applicable, from more stringent local codes or above-code performance ratings, and must report these reductions annually to the TCEQ.

Figure 1 shows the cumulative NOx emissions reduction through 2020 for the electricity and natural gas savings from the various EE/RE programs.

In 2007 the cumulative OSD NOx emissions reduction from code-compliant residential and commercial construction is calculated to be 5.50 tons-NOx/day (21.9%), savings from retrofits to Federal buildings is 0.32 tons-NOx/day (1.2%), savings from furnace pilot light retrofits is 0.32 tons-NOx/day (1.2%), savings from the PUC's TERP and Senate Bill 7 programs is 3.33 tons-NOx/day (12.1%), savings from SECO's TERP program is 0.73 tons-NOx/day (2.9%), electricity savings from green power purchases (wind) are 11.88 tons-NOx/day (47.4%), and savings from residential air conditioner retrofits are 3.27 tons-NOx/day (13.1%). The total NOx emissions reduction from all programs is 25.05 tons-NOx/day.

By 2013 the cumulative NOx emissions reduction from code-compliant residential and commercial construction is calculated to be 2,047 tons-NOx/year (10.9% of the total NOx savings), savings from retrofits to Federal buildings will be 308 tons-NOx/year (1.6%), savings from furnace pilot light retrofits will be 117 tons-NOx/year (0.6%), savings from the PUC's TERP and Senate Bill 7 programs will be 1,801 tons-NOx/year (9.6%), savings from SECO's TERP program will be 341 tons-NOx/year (1.8%), electricity savings from green power purchases (wind) will be 12,534 tons-

NOx/year (66.9%), and savings from residential air conditioner retrofits will be 1,574 tons-NOx/year (8.4%). The total NOx emissions reduction from all programs will be 18,723 tons-NOx/year.

By 2013 the cumulative OSD NOx emissions reduction from code-compliant residential and commercial construction is calculated to be 11.96 tons-NOx/day (20.4%), savings from retrofits to Federal buildings will be 0.81 tons-NOx/day (1.4%), savings from furnace pilot light retrofits will be 0.32 tons-NOx/day (0.8 %), savings from the PUC's TERP and Senate Bill 7 programs will be 4.84 tons-NOx/day (8.3%), savings from SECO's TERP program will be 0.92 tons-NOx/day (1.6%), electricity savings from green power purchases (wind) will be 28.58 tons-NOx/day (48.8%), and savings from residential air conditioner retrofits will be 11.03 tons-NOx/day (18.8%). The total NOx emissions reduction from all programs will be 58.47 tons-NOx/day.

#### 4. Technology Transfer

The Laboratory, along with the TCEQ, is host to the annual Clean Air Through Energy Efficiency (CATEE) conference, which is attended by top experts and policy makers in Texas and from around the country. At the conference the latest educational programs and technology is presented discussed, including efforts by the Laboratory, and others to reduce air pollution in Texas through energy efficiency and renewable energy. These efforts have produced significant success in bringing EE/RE closer to US EPA acceptance in the Texas SIP. The Laboratory will continue to provide superior technology to the State of Texas through such efforts with the TCEQ and the US EPA.

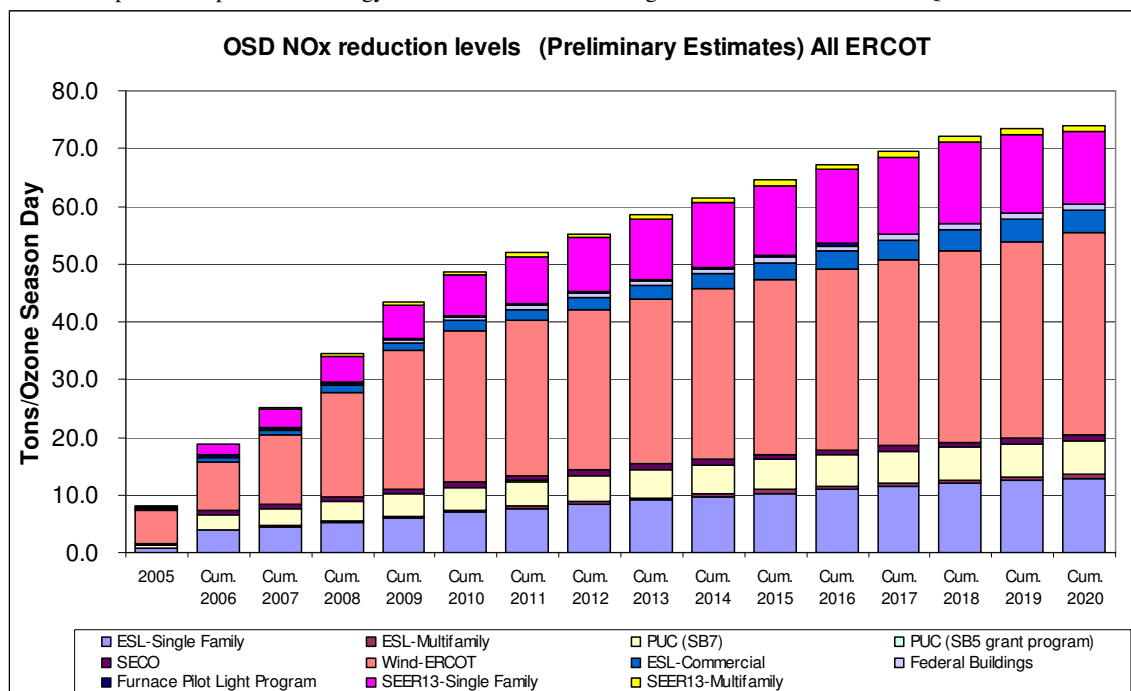


Figure 1: Cumulative OSD NOx Emissions Reduction Projections through 2020.

To accelerate the transfer of technology developed as part of the TERP, the Laboratory has also made presentations at national, state and local meetings and conferences, which includes the publication of peer-reviewed papers. The Laboratory will continue to provide technical assistance to the TCEQ, counties and communities working toward obtaining full SIP credit for the energy efficiency and renewable energy projects that are lowering emissions and improving the air quality for all Texans.

These efforts have been recognized nationally by the US EPA. In 2007, the Laboratory was awarded a National Center of Excellence on Displaced Emissions Reduction (CEDER) by the US EPA so that these accomplishments could be rapidly disseminated to other states for their use. The benefits of CEDER include: reducing the financial, technical, and administrative costs of determining the emissions reduction from EE/RE measures; continuing to accelerate implementation of EE/RE strategies as a viable clean air effort in Texas and other states; helping other states better identify and prioritize cost-effective clean air strategies from EE/RE; and communicating the results of quantification efforts through case-studies and a clearinghouse of information.

The Energy Systems Laboratory provides the fifth annual report, Energy Efficiency/Renewable Energy (EE/RE) Impact in the Texas Emissions Reduction Plan (TERP), to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) in fulfillment of its responsibilities under Texas Health and Safety Code Ann. § 388.003 (e), Vernon Supp. 2002.

If any questions arise, please contact us by phone at 979-458-0675, or by email at [SB5info@esl.tamu.edu](mailto:SB5info@esl.tamu.edu).

## 2 ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This work has been completed as a fulfillment of the requirements in Texas Health Code, Senate Bill 5, Section 388.003, and through Senate Bill 20, House Bill 2481 and House Bill 2129, which requires the Laboratory to assist TCEQ in quantifying emissions reductions credits from energy efficiency and renewable energy programs, through a contract with the Texas Environmental Research Consortium (TERC). Similarly, selected Code training workshops were funded by the US DOE through the Texas State Energy Conservation Office (SECO). Partial funding on the Texas Climate Vision project, a joint project with the City of Austin was also provided by the US DOE through SECO.

The authors are also grateful for the timely input provided by the following individuals, and agencies: Mr. Art Diem, US EPA, for providing the eGRID database; Mr. Steve Anderson, TCEQ, for contributing helpful insight about improvement to the Emissions Reduction Calculator, and the integrated emissions calculations, and Dr. Akin Olubiyi.

Numerous additional individuals at the Laboratory contributed significantly to this report, including: Dr. Dan Turner, Kyle Marshall, Robert Stackhouse, Jason Cordes, Ms. Sherrie Hughes, Ms. Angie Shafer, Mr. Stephen O'Neal, Mr. Piljae Im, Mr. Soolyeon Cho, Ms. Mini Malhotra, and Mr. Eduardo Rameriez.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	EXECUTIVE SUMMARY .....	3
2	ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS .....	5
3	OVERVIEW .....	15
3.1	Legislative Background .....	15
3.2	Laboratory Funding for the TERP .....	16
3.3	Accomplishments Since January 2007 .....	16
3.4	Technology Transfer .....	17
3.5	Energy and NOx Reductions from New Residential and Commercial Construction, including furnace pilot light savings and residential air conditioner retrofits .....	19
3.6	Integrated NOx Emissions Reductions Reporting Across State Agencies .....	19
3.7	Technology for Calculating and Verifying Emissions Reduction from Energy Used in Buildings .....	22
3.8	Planned Focus for 2007/2008 .....	23
3.9	Code Adoption .....	23
3.9.1	Technology for Calculation and Verifying Emissions Reductions from Energy Used in Buildings .....	24
3.9.2	Evaluation of Additional Technologies for Reducing Energy Use in Existing Buildings .....	24
3.10	Planned Focus for 2007/2008 .....	25
4	INTRODUCTION .....	25
4.1	Background .....	25
4.2	Energy Systems Laboratory's Responsibilities in the TERP. ....	28
4.2.1	(SB 5) Section 386.205. Evaluation of State Energy Efficiency Programs (w/PUCT) .....	28
4.2.2	(SB 5) Sec. 388.003. Adoption of Building Energy Efficiency Performance Standards. ....	28
4.2.3	(SB 5) Sec. 388.004. Enforcement of Energy Standards Outside of Municipality. ....	28
4.2.4	(SB 5) Sec. 388.007. Distribution of Information and Technical Assistance. ....	29
4.2.5	(SB 5) Sec. 388.008. Development of Home Energy Ratings. ....	29
4.2.6	(HB 1365) Sec. 388.004. Enforcement of Energy Standards Outside of Municipality. ....	29
4.2.7	(HB 1365) Sec. 388.009. Energy-Efficient Building Program. ....	29
4.2.8	(HB 3235) Sec. 388.009. Certification of Municipal Inspectors. ....	29
4.2.9	(SB 20, HB 2481, HB 2129). Additional Energy-Efficiency Initiatives .....	30
4.2.10	(SB 12, HB 3693). Additional Energy-Efficiency Initiatives. ....	30
5	PROGRESS: JANUARY 2006 TO JUNE 2007 .....	31
5.1	(SB 5) Section 386.205. Evaluation of State Energy-Efficiency Programs (w/PUCT) .....	31
5.1.1	Implemented Procedures for Evaluating State Energy-Efficiency Programs .....	31
5.2	(SB 5) Sec. 388.003. Adoption of Building Energy-Efficiency Performance Standards. ....	31
5.2.1	Provide Code Training Sessions .....	31
5.2.2	Provide Recommendations on Code Upgrades. ....	32
5.2.3	Summary of ASHRAE Standard 90.1 Standards Committee Activities during 2007, and Ongoing Subcommittee Actions. ....	33
5.2.3.1	Documentation process of development of ASHRAE Standard 90.1 .....	33
5.2.3.2	Summary comment on the status on the 90.1 standard .....	34
5.2.3.3	From Lighting Subcommittee .....	34
5.2.3.4	From Envelope Subcommittee .....	38
5.2.3.5	From ECB .....	50
5.2.3.6	From Mechanical Subcommittee .....	50
5.2.3.7	Credits .....	57
5.2.3.8	Laboratory and Vivarium Exhaust Systems in High Rise Buildings .....	57
5.2.3.9	<del>Deductions</del> .....	57

5.2.4	Laboratory's TERP Web Site "eslsb5.tamu.edu".....	59
5.2.5	Provide Technical Assistance to the TCEQ.....	76
5.2.6	Delivered "Statewide Air Emissions Calculations from Wind and Other Renewables: Summary Report Sept.2006 – Aug 2007", to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality in August 2007.....	76
5.2.6.1	Development of Stakeholder's meetings.....	76
5.2.6.2	Review of Electricity Savings Reported by ERCOT.....	76
5.2.6.3	Analysis of wind farms using 2005 data.....	76
5.2.6.4	Preliminary reporting of NOx emissions savings in the 2006 Integrated Savings report to TCEQ; 77	
5.2.6.5	Prediction of on-site wind speeds using Artificial Neural Networks (ANN). ....	77
5.2.6.6	Improvements to the daily modeling using ANN-derived wind speeds. ....	77
5.2.6.7	Development of a degradation analysis.....	78
5.2.6.8	Development of a curtailment analysis. ....	78
5.2.6.9	Analysis of other renewables. ....	78
5.2.6.10	Estimation of hourly solar radiation from limited data sets. ....	78
5.2.7	Technical Assistance .....	80
5.2.7.1	Presentation at the American Waste Management Association Meeting, Austin, (February 2007). 81	
5.2.7.2	Presentation at Baylor University, February, 2007 .....	87
5.2.7.2.1	February 2007 Wind Stakeholders conference call.....	96
5.2.7.3	Presentation at U.S. Congress for ASHRAE Tech Briefing.....	102
5.2.7.4	Presentation at ASHRAE Carbon Toolkit Workshop (by phone).....	106
5.2.7.5	Presentation at EPRI Conference, April 2007 (by phone).....	107
5.2.7.6	Presentation at Wind Stakeholders Conference Call, April 2007 (by phone).....	114
5.2.7.7	Presentation at the ASHRAE Conference in Long Beach, California, June 2007.....	123
5.2.7.8	Presentation About Wind Calculations at the ICEBO Conference, San Francisco, CA, October 2007. 129	
5.2.7.9	Presentation About Weather Analysis at the ICEBO Conference, San Francisco, CA, October 2007. 133	
5.2.7.10	Overview Presentation Delivered to the CATTEE Conference, San Antonio, TX, December 2009 136	
5.2.7.11	Commercial Building Presentation Delivered to the CATTEE Conference, December 2009 137	
5.2.7.12	15% above code Residential Presentation Delivered to the CATTEE Conference, December 2009 141	
5.2.7.13	Presentation Regarding EE/RE and the TERP Delivered to the CATTEE Conference, December 2009 146	
5.2.8	Presented Two Papers at the 2007 ICEBO Conference in San Francisco, October 2007.....	149
5.2.9	Presented Two Papers at the 2007 Hot and Humid Conference in San Antonio, Texas, December 2007. 149	
6	CALCULATED NOx REDUCTION POTENTIAL FROM IMPLEMENTATION OF THE IECC / IRC 151	
6.1	Calculated 2007 Electricity and Natural Gas Savings Due to the Implementation of the IECC / IRC to New Residential Construction (Single-family and Multi-family), and Commercial Buildings Using Code-traceable, Fuel-Neutral Simulation. ....	151
6.1.1	2007 Results for New Single-family Residential Construction.....	151
6.1.2	2007 Results for New Multi-family Residential Construction. ....	163
6.1.3	2007 Results for New Residential Construction (Single-family and Multi-family), using 1999 Base Year and 2007 eGRID.....	173
6.1.4	2007 Results for Commercial Construction. ....	181
	In the next step the PNNL energy savings, which represent buildings built to ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 versus Standard 90.1-1999, which are expressed per square foot, were then multiplied by the published square feet of new construction. For the 2007 results, the values for 2005 were assumed for 2007.....	182
6.1.5	2007 Results for New Commercial Construction using 2007 eGRID. ....	182
6.1.6	2007 Results for New Residential Construction (Single-family and Multi-family), and Commercial Construction. ....	226
6.1.7	2007 Results for New Residential (Single-family and Multi-family), and Commercial Construction using 2007 eGRID.....	226
7	COMPARISON OF 2007 EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS VS 2006 EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS.....	234

7.1.1.1	Changes in single family input file.....	238
8	CALCULATION OF INTEGRATED NO <sub>x</sub> EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS FROM MULTIPLE STATE AGENCIES PARTICIPATING IN THE TEXAS EMISSIONS REDUCTION PLAN (TERP).....	253
8.1	Background.....	253
8.2	Description of the Analysis Method .....	253
8.3	Calculation Procedure.....	254
8.4	Results .....	257
8.5	Weather Data. ....	263
9	PLANNED VERIFICATION TO THE EMISSIONS CALCULATOR (eCALC).....	273
9.1	On-site Inspections .....	273
9.2	Calibrated Simulations.....	273
9.2.1	Standard Office building .....	273
9.2.2	K-12 Elementary School. ....	278
9.2.3	Solar Test Bench .....	283
10	REFERENCES .....	286
11	BIBLIOGRAPHY.....	287

## TABLE OF FIGURES

Figure 1: Cumulative OSD NOx Emissions Reduction Projections through 2020. ....	4
Figure 2: Cumulative OSD NOx Emissions Reduction Projected through 2020. ....	22
Figure 3: US EPA Non-attainment (dark shade) and affected counties (light shade). ....	26
Figure 4: Available NWS, TMY2 and WYEC2 weather files compared to IECC / IRC weather zones for Texas. ....	27
Figure 5: Snapshot of the excel tracking sheet. ....	33
Figure 6: The Laboratory's Senate Bill 5 Web Site (main page). ....	60
Figure 7: Opening page for the Laboratory's e2CALC Energy and Emissions Toolkit. ....	61
Figure 8: Web Page Providing Access to the Laboratory's eCALC Energy and Emissions Calculator. ....	62
Figure 9: Web Page Providing Access to the Laboratory's Synchronous Emissions Calculator. ....	63
Figure 10: Web Page Providing Access to the Laboratory's International Code Compliance Calculator (ICCC). ....	63
Figure 11: Web Page Providing Information About the Laboratory's Senate Bill Responsibilities. ....	64
Figure 12: SB5 Public opening page for the Laboratory TERP effort. ....	65
Figure 13: Web Page Providing Information About the Laboratory's 2007 Clean Air Through Energy Efficiency (CATEE) Conference. ....	66
Figure 14: Web Page Providing Information About the Laboratory's 7 <sup>th</sup> Annual International Conference for Enhanced Building Operations (ICEBO) Conference. ....	67
Figure 15: Web Page Providing Additional Information About the Laboratory's TERP Program. ....	68
Figure 16: Web Page Providing Information About the Laboratory's TERP Testimony to the Senate Natural Resources Committee. ....	69
Figure 17: Web Page Providing Information About the Laboratory's Links to Other Government Agencies. ....	70
Figure 18: Web Page Providing Information About the Laboratory's TERP Weather Data Collection Effort. ....	71
Figure 19: Web Page Providing Site-by-site Weather Data From the Laboratory's TERP Effort. ....	72
Figure 20: Spreadsheet Showing Daily Weather Data for Abilene, 1999. ....	72
Figure 21: Spreadsheet Showing Hourly Weather Data for Abilene, 1999. ....	73
Figure 22: Time Series Graphs Showing Daily Weather Data for Abilene, 1999. ....	74
Figure 23: Time Series Graphs Showing Hourly Weather Data for Abilene, 1999. ....	75
Figure 24: Cover page of "Statewide Air Emissions Calculations From Wind and Other Renewables", August 2007. ....	79
Figure 25: Slides presented at the American Waste Management Association Meeting (February 2007). ....	81
Figure 26: Slides presented at the American Waste Management Association Meeting (February 2007). ....	82
Figure 27: Slides presented at the American Waste Management Association Meeting (February 2007). ....	83
Figure 28: Slides presented at the American Waste Management Association Meeting (February 2007). ....	84
Figure 29: Slides presented at the American Waste Management Association Meeting (February 2007). ....	85
Figure 30: Slides presented at the American Waste Management Association Meeting (February 2007). ....	86
Figure 31: Slides presented at Baylor University (February 2007). ....	87
Figure 32: Slides presented at Baylor University (February 2007). ....	88
Figure 33: Slides presented at Baylor University (February 2007). ....	89
Figure 34: Slides presented at Baylor University (February 2007). ....	90
Figure 35: Slides presented at Baylor University (February 2007). ....	91
Figure 36: Slides presented at Baylor University (February 2007). ....	92
Figure 37: Slides presented at Baylor University (February 2007). ....	93
Figure 38: Slides presented at Baylor University (February 2007). ....	94
Figure 39: Slides presented at Baylor University (February 2007). ....	95
Figure 40: Slides presented at the Wind Energy Stakeholder's conference call (February 2007). ....	96
Figure 41: Slides presented at the Wind Energy Stakeholder's conference call (February 2007). ....	97
Figure 42: Slides presented at the Wind Energy Stakeholder's conference call (February 2007). ....	98
Figure 43: Slides presented at the Wind Energy Stakeholder's conference call (February 2007). ....	99
Figure 44: Slides presented at the Wind Energy Stakeholder's conference call (February 2007). ....	100
Figure 45: Slides presented at the Wind Energy Stakeholder's conference call (February 2007). ....	101
Figure 46: Slides presented to the U.S. Congressional Staff (March 2007). ....	102
Figure 47: Slides presented to the U.S. Congressional Staff (March 2007). ....	103
Figure 48: Slides presented to the U.S. Congressional Staff (March 2007). ....	104
Figure 49: Slides presented to the U.S. Congressional Staff (March 2007). ....	105
Figure 50: Slides presented at the ASHRAE Carbon Toolkit Workshop (April 2007). ....	106
Figure 51: Slides presented at the EPRI Conference Call (April 2007). ....	107
Figure 52: Slides presented at the EPRI Conference Call (April 2007). ....	108
Figure 53: Slides presented at the EPRI Conference Call (April 2007). ....	109
Figure 54: Slides presented at the EPRI Conference Call (April 2007). ....	110
Figure 55: Slides presented at the EPRI Conference Call (April 2007). ....	111
Figure 56: Slides presented at the EPRI Conference Call (April 2007). ....	112
Figure 57: Slides presented at the EPRI Conference Call (April 2007). ....	113



Figure 58: Slides presented at the Wind Stakeholders Conference Call (April 2007).....	114
Figure 59: Slides presented at the Wind Stakeholders Conference Call (April 2007).....	115
Figure 60: Slides presented at the Wind Stakeholders Conference Call (April 2007).....	116
Figure 61: Slides presented at the Wind Stakeholders Conference Call (April 2007).....	117
Figure 62: Slides presented at the Wind Stakeholders Conference Call (April 2007).....	118
Figure 63: Slides presented at the Wind Stakeholders Conference Call (April 2007).....	119
Figure 64: Slides presented at the Wind Stakeholders Conference Call (April 2007).....	120
Figure 65: Slides presented at the Wind Stakeholders Conference Call (April 2007).....	121
Figure 66: Slides presented at the Wind Stakeholders Conference Call (April 2007).....	122
Figure 67: Slides presented at the ASHRAE Conference, Long Beach, CA (June 2007).....	123
Figure 68: Slides presented at the ASHRAE Conference, Long Beach, CA (June 2007).....	124
Figure 69: Slides presented at the ASHRAE Conference, Long Beach, CA (June 2007).....	125
Figure 70: Slides presented at the ASHRAE Conference, Long Beach, CA (June 2007).....	126
Figure 71: Slides presented at the ASHRAE Conference, Long Beach, CA (June 2007).....	127
Figure 72: Slides presented at the ASHRAE Conference, Long Beach, CA (June 2007).....	128
Figure 73: Slides presented at the ICEBO Conference about wind calculations, San Francisco, CA (October 2007)..	129
Figure 74: Slides presented at the ICEBO Conference about wind calculations, San Francisco, CA (October 2007)..	130
Figure 75: Slides presented at the ICEBO Conference about wind calculations, San Francisco, CA (October 2007)..	131
Figure 76: Slides presented at the ICEBO Conference about wind calculations, San Francisco, CA (October 2007)..	132
Figure 77: Slides presented at the ICEBO Conference about weather calculations, San Francisco, CA (October 2007).	133
Figure 78: Slides presented at the ICEBO Conference about weather calculations, San Francisco, CA (October 2007).	134
Figure 79: Slides presented at the ICEBO Conference about weather calculations, San Francisco, CA (October 2007).	135
Figure 80: Slides presented at the CATEE Conference about EE/RE, San Antonio, TX, (December 2007).....	136
Figure 81: Slides presented at the CATEE Conference about 15% above code Commercial, San Antonio, TX, (December 2007).....	137
Figure 82: Slides presented at the CATEE Conference about 15% above code Commercial, San Antonio, TX, (December 2007).....	138
Figure 83: Slides presented at the CATEE Conference about 15% above code Commercial, San Antonio, TX, (December 2007).....	139
Figure 84: Slides presented at the CATEE Conference about 15% above code Commercial, San Antonio, TX, (December 2007).....	140
Figure 85: Slides presented at the CATEE Conference about 15% above code residential, San Antonio, TX, (December 2007).....	141
Figure 86: Slides presented at the CATEE Conference about 15% above code residential, San Antonio, TX, (December 2007).....	142
Figure 87: Slides presented at the CATEE Conference about 15% above code residential, San Antonio, TX, (December 2007).....	143
Figure 88: Slides presented at the CATEE Conference about 15% above code residential, San Antonio, TX, (December 2007).....	144
Figure 89: Slides presented at the CATEE Conference about 15% above code residential, San Antonio, TX, (December 2007).....	145
Figure 90: Slides presented at the CATEE Conference about EE/RE and the TERP, San Antonio, TX, (December 2007).....	146
Figure 91: Slides presented at the CATEE Conference about EE/RE and the TERP, San Antonio, TX, (December 2007).....	147
Figure 92: Slides presented at the CATEE Conference about EE/RE and the TERP, San Antonio, TX, (December 2007).....	148
Figure 93: 2007 Annual Electricity Reductions from IECC / IRC by PCA for Single-family and Multi-family Residences by County. ....	176
Figure 94: 2007 Annual Electricity Reductions from IECC / IRC by PCA for Single-family and Multi-family Residences by County. ....	177
Figure 95: 2006 Annual and OSD Electricity Reductions from IECC / IRC by PCA for Single-family and Multi-family Residences by County. ....	178
Figure 96: 2007 Annual NOx Reductions from Electricity and Natural Gas Savings Due to the IECC / IRC for Single-family and Multi-family Residences by County (using 1999 Base Year and 2007 eGRID).....	179
Figure 97: 2007 OSD NOx Reductions from Electricity and Natural Gas Savings Due to the IECC / IRC for Single-family and Multi-family Residences by County (using 1999 Base Year and 2007 eGRID).....	180
Figure 98: 2007 Annual and OSD NOx Reductions from Electricity and Natural Gas Savings Due to the IECC / IRC for Single-family and Multi-family Residences by County (Using 1999 Base year and 2007 eGRID).....	181

Figure 99: Analysis Method for Calculating the 2007 Energy and Emissions Savings from Commercial Buildings (Updated).....	183
Figure 100: New Commercial Building Construction (sq. ft. x 1000), Part 1 (Dodge 2005).....	190
Figure 101: New Commercial Building Construction (sq. ft. x 1000), Part 2 (Dodge 2005).....	191
Figure 102: New Commercial Building Construction (sq. ft. x 1000), Part 3 (Dodge 2005).....	192
Figure 103: New Commercial Building Construction (sq. ft. x 1000), Part 4(Dodge 2005).....	193
Figure 104: Typical Office Building Used for Annual to OSD calculation (3-story shown). ....	211
Figure 105: Comparison of Annual Energy Use ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 vs 90.1-1999.....	214
Figure 106: Simulated Electricity and Natural Gas for Building Built to 90.1-1989 Standard for OSD (07/15 – 09/15). ....	215
Figure 107: Simulated Electricity and Natural Gas for Building Built to 90.1-1989 Standard for OSD (07/15 – 09/15). ....	215
Figure 108: 2007 Annual Electricity Reductions from IECC / IRC by PCA for Commercial Buildings with 7% T&D losses. ....	222
Figure 109: 2007 OSD Electricity Reductions from IECC / IRC by PCA for Commercial Buildings with 7% T&D losses. ....	223
Figure 110: 2007 Annual NOx Reductions from Electricity Savings from the IECC / IRC by PCA for Commercial Buildings by County using 2007 eGRID with 7% T&D losses.....	224
Figure 111: 2007 Annual NOx Reductions from Electricity Savings from the IECC / IRC by PCA for Commercial Buildings by County using 2007 eGRID with 7% T&D losses.....	225
Figure 112: 2007 Annual Electricity Reductions from IECC / IRC by PCA for Single-family and Multi-family Residences and for Commercial Buildings by County. ....	228
Figure 113: 2007 OSD Electricity Reductions from IECC / IRC by PCA for Single-family and Multi-family Residences and for Commercial Buildings by County.....	229
Figure 114: 2007 Annual and OSD Electricity Reductions from IECC / IRC by PCA for Single-family and Multi-family Residences and for Commercial Buildings by County.....	230
Figure 115: 2007 Annual NOx Reductions from Electricity and Natural Gas Savings Due to the IECC / IRC for Single-family and Multi-family Residences and for Commercial Buildings by County (using 1999 eGRID). ....	231
Figure 116: 2007 OSD NOx Reductions from Electricity and Natural Gas Savings Due to the IECC / IRC for Single-family and Multi-family Residences and for Commercial Buildings by County (using 2007 eGRID). ....	232
Figure 117: 2007 Annual and OSD NOx Reductions from Electricity and Natural Gas Savings Due to the IECC / IRC for Single-family and Multi-family Residences and for Commercial Buildings by County (using 2007 eGRID). ....	233
Figure 118: 2006 Annual NOx Reductions from Electricity and Natural Gas Savings Due to the IECC / IRC for Single-family, Multi-family Residences, and Commercial Buildings by County (using 2007 eGRID).....	234
Figure 119: 2006 OSD NOx Reductions from Electricity and Natural Gas Savings Due to the IECC / IRC for Single-family, Multi-family Residences, and Commercial Buildings by County (Using 2007 eGRID).....	235
Figure 120: 2007 Annual NOx Reductions from Electricity and Natural Gas Savings Due to the IECC / IRC for Single-family and Multi-family Residences and for Commercial Buildings by County.....	236
Figure 121: 2007 OSD NOx Reductions from Electricity and Natural Gas Savings Due to the IECC / IRC for Single-family and Multi-family Residences and for Commercial Buildings by County.....	237
Figure 122: Construction Details for Window and Door Openings, and Roof at Site 1 (Above) and Site 2 (Below)...	240
Figure 123: Details of Raised Ceiling Construction at Site 1 (Left) and Site 2 (Middle and Right) .....	240
Figure 124: Building Layout at Site 1 indicating the Number and Spacing of 2x4 Studs for Exterior Walls .....	241
Figure 125: Elevation of Exterior Wall “F” at Construction Site 1.....	241
Figure 126: Calculation of Stud Area for a Typical Exterior Wall without and with Window Openings .....	242
Figure 127: Framing-factor for Varying Window-to-Wall Area Ratio (using Equations derived in Figure 126) .....	242
Figure 128: Impact of Framing-factor on the Heat Gain and Loss (Left) and Energy Use (Right).....	243
Figure 129: Results of Changes from 2006 to 2007.....	251
Figure 130: Results of Changes from 2006 to 2007.....	252
Figure 131: Process Flow Diagram of the NOx Emissions Reduction Calculations. ....	259
Figure 132: Cumulative OSD NOx Emissions Reduction Projections through 2020.....	262
Figure 133: Cumulative OSD NOx Emissions Reduction Projections through 2020 .....	262
Figure 134: Main Screen of the TERP Web Page Showing the New Weather Data Button. ....	264
Figure 135: Available Weather Stations in Texas for 41 Non-attainment and Affected Counties. ....	265
Figure 136: Available Weather Stations in Texas for all ERCOT Counties. ....	271
Figure 137: Grouping of Weather Stations in Texas for all ERCOT Counties. ....	271
Figure 138: Available Weather Stations in Texas for all ERCOT Counties Showing 2000/2001 and 2006 Climate Zones.....	272
Figure 139: Standard Office Building (Texas A&M University Systems Building, College Station, Texas). ....	274
Figure 140: : Standard Office Building (Texas A&M University Systems Building, College Station, Texas). ....	275
Figure 141: Computer Simulation (DOE-2.1E) of Case Study Office Building .....	276

Figure 142: Computer Simulation (DOE-2.1E) of Base Case Office Building.....	276
Figure 143: 2007 Scatter Plots from the Data logger Installed in the Case Study Office Building.....	277
Figure 144: Goodness of fit indicators for measured versus simulated data from office building. ....	277
Figure 145: Photo of Case Study Elementary School .....	279
Figure 146: Computer Simulation (DOE-2.1E) of Case Study Elementary School .....	279
Figure 147: Computer Simulation (DOE-2.1E) of Base Case School Building .....	280
Figure 148: Concept of Base Case School Building .....	280
Figure 149: Inspection plots for elementary school. ....	281
Figure 150: Detailed monitoring diagram for K-12 school. ....	281
Figure 151: Analysis of data from K-12 school. ....	282
Figure 152: Photos of the Laboratory's Solar Test Bench. ....	283
Figure 153: 2007 Weekly Inspection Plots from the Laboratory's Solar Test Bench. ....	284
Figure 154: 2007 Weekly Inspection Plots from the Laboratory's Solar Test Bench. ....	285

## TABLE OF TABLES

Table 1: Adjustment Factors used for the Calculation of the Annual and OSD NOx Savings for the Different Programs. ....	21
Table 2: IECC / IRC Residential and ASHRAE 90.1 Commercial Building Code Workshops for TERP during the Period January to December 2007.....	32
Table 3: Proposed Table 9.4.5 for Exterior Lighting Zones.....	34
Table 4: Proposed Table 9.4.6 for Individual Lighting Power Allowances for Building Exteriors.....	35
Table 5: Proposed Table 9.4.6 for Individual Lighting Power Allowances for Building Exteriors.....	35
Table 6: Proposed Table 9.4.6 for Individual Lighting Power Allowances for Building Exteriors.....	36
Table 7: Proposed Table 9.6.2 Control Factors Used in Calculating Additional Interior Lighting Power Allowance ....	37
Table 8: Proposed building envelope requirements for climate zone 1(A,B).....	39
Table 9: Proposed building envelope requirements for climate zone 2(A,B).....	40
Table 10: Proposed building envelope requirements for climate zone 3(A,B,C) .....	41
Table 11: Proposed building envelope requirements for climate zone 3C .....	42
Table 12: Proposed building envelope requirements for climate zone 4(A,B,C) .....	43
Table 13: Proposed building envelope requirements for climate zone 5(A,B,C) .....	44
Table 14: Proposed building envelope requirements for climate zone 6(A,B).....	45
Table 15: Proposed building envelope requirements for climate zone 7 .....	46
Table 16: Proposed building envelope requirements for climate zone 8 .....	47
Table 17: Proposed assembly U-values for metal building roofs.....	48
Table 18: Proposed assembly U-values for metal building walls.....	49
Table 19: Proposed Table 6.5.6.1A- Specifications for Energy Recovery Requirements .....	50
Table 20: Proposed Table 6.5.6.1 B Performance Requirement for Energy Recovery Equipment.....	51
Table 21: Proposed Table 7.4.3.6 Piping System Design Maximum Flow Rate .....	52
Table 22: Current Performance Requirements for Heat Rejection Equipment (per open circuit cooling tower addendum to 90.1 – 2004) .....	53
Table 23: Proposed Performance Requirements for Heat Rejection Equipment (per open circuit cooling tower addendum to 90.1 – 2004) .....	54
Table 24: Proposed Efficiency Requirements for Water Chilling Packages .....	55
Table 25: Proposed Minimum Nomination Efficiency Levels for NEMA Class I Low Voltage Dry-Type Distribution Transformers .....	56
Table 26: Proposed changes to Table 6.5.3.1.1A Fan Power Limitations.....	56
Table 27: Fan Power Limitation Pressure Drop Adjustment.....	57
Table 28: Laboratory and Vivarium Base Line Pressure Values.....	57
Table 29: Proposed Minimum Efficiency Requirements for Gas and Oil Fired Boilers .....	58
Table 30: 1999 and IECC / IRC Code-compliant Building Characteristics used in the DOE-2 Simulation for Single-family Residential (1).....	153
Table 31: 1999 and IECC / IRC Code-compliant Building Characteristics used in the DOE-2 Simulation for Single-family Residential (2).....	154
Table 32: 2007 Annual and Peak-day Electricity Savings from Implementation of the IECC / IRC for Single-family Residences Using 1999 Base Year (1).....	155
Table 33: 2007 Annual and Peak-day Electricity Savings from Implementation of the IECC / IRC for Single-family Residences Using 1999 Base Year (2).....	156
Table 34: 2007 Allocation of PCA for each of 41 Non-attainment and Affected Counties, and ERCOT Counties (1).157	
Table 35: 2006 Allocation of PCA for each of 41 Non-attainment and Affected Counties, and ERCOT Counties (2).158	

Table 36: 2007 Totalized Annual Electricity Savings from IECC / IRC by PCA for Single-family Residences Using 1999 Base Year. ....	159
Table 37: 2007 Annual NOx Reductions from IECC / IRC by PCA for Single-family Residences by County Using 2007 eGRID. ....	160
Table 38: 2007 Totalized OSD Electricity Savings from IECC / IRC by PCA for Single-family Residences.....	161
Table 39: 2007 OSD NOx Reductions from IECC / IRC by PCA for Single-family Residences by County Using 2007 eGRID. ....	162
Table 40: 1999 and IECC / IRC Code-compliant Building Characteristics used in the DOE-2 Simulation for Multi-family Residential (1).....	165
Table 41: 1999 and IECC / IRC Code-compliant Building Characteristics used in the DOE-2 Simulation for Multi-family Residential (2).....	166
Table 42: 2007 Annual and OSD Electricity and Natural Gas Savings from Implementation of the IECC / IRC for Multi-family Residences (1).....	167
Table 43: 2007 Annual and OSD Electricity and Natural Gas Savings from Implementation of the IECC / IRC for Multi-family Residences (2).....	168
Table 44: 2007 Total Annual Electricity Savings from IECC / IRC by PCA for Multi-family Residences.....	169
Table 45: 2007 Annual NOx Reductions from IECC / IRC by PCA for Multi-family Residences by County using 2007 eGRID. ....	170
Table 46: 2007 Total OSD Electricity Savings from IECC / IRC by PCA for Multi-family Residences. ....	171
Table 47: 2007 OSD NOx Reductions from IECC / IRC by PCA for Multi-family Residences by County using 2007 eGRID. ....	172
Table 48: 2007 Annual and OSD NOx Reductions from Electricity and Natural Gas Savings Due to the IECC / IRC for Single-family and Multi-family Residences by County (Using 1999 Base year and 2007 eGRID) (1).....	174
Table 49: 2007 Annual and OSD NOx Reductions from Electricity and Natural Gas Savings Due to the IECC / IRC for Single-family and Multi-family Residences by County (Using 1999 Base year and 2007 eGRID) (2).....	175
Table 50: Commercial Building Descriptions from USDOE (2004) Report and Dodge (2005). ....	184
Table 51: Floor Area from CBEC (1999, 2003) Database for Retail and Food Type Commercial Buildings. ....	184
Table 52: New Commercial Building Construction (sq. ft. x 1000) (Source: Dodge/McGraw-Hill 2007). Table shows Dodge (2005) data before merging into PNNL building types (sq. ft. x 1000) (Part 1).....	185
Table 53: New Commercial Building Construction (sq. ft. x 1000) (Source: Dodge/McGraw-Hill 2007). Table shows Dodge (2005) data before merging into PNNL building types (sq. ft. x 1000) (Part 2).....	186
Table 54: New Commercial Building Construction (sq. ft. x 1000) (Source: Dodge/McGraw-Hill 2007). Table shows Dodge (2005) data merged into PNNL building types (sq. ft. x 1000) (Part 1).....	187
Table 55: New Commercial Building Construction (sq. ft. x 1000) (Source: Dodge/McGraw-Hill 2007). Table shows Dodge (2005) data merged into PNNL building types (sq. ft. x 1000) (Part 2).....	188
Table 56: New Commercial Building Construction (sq. ft. x 1000) (Source: Dodge/McGraw-Hill 2007). Table shows Dodge (2005) data merged into PNNL building types (sq. ft. x 1000) (Part 3).....	189
Table 57: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 Energy Use for Assembly, Education, and Retail Building Types (USDOE 2004) (Part 1) .....	194
Table 58: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 Energy Use for Assembly, Education, and Retail Building Types (USDOE 2004). (Part 2) .....	195
Table 59: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 Energy Use for Assembly, Education, and Retail Building Types (USDOE 2004). (Part 3) .....	196
Table 60: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 Energy Use for Food and Lodging Building Types (USDOE 2004) (Part 1).....	197
Table 61: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 Energy Use for Food and Lodging Building Types (USDOE 2004) (Part 2).....	198
Table 62: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 Energy Use for Food and Lodging Building Types (USDOE 2004) (Part 3).....	199
Table 63: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 Energy Use for Office and Warehouse Building Types (USDOE 2004) (Part 1).....	200
Table 64: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 Energy Use for Office and Warehouse Building Types (USDOE 2004) (Part 2).....	201
Table 65: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 Energy Use for Office and Warehouse Building Types (USDOE 2004) (Part 3).....	202
Table 66: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 Annual Electricity and Natural Gas Savings (USDOE 2004). A decrease in energy use is negative (i.e., savings); a positive value represents an energy use increase (+). (Part 1).....	203
Table 67: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 Annual Electricity and Natural Gas Savings (USDOE 2004). A decrease in energy use is negative (i.e., savings); a positive value represents an energy use increase (+). (Part 2).....	204

Table 68: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 Annual Electricity and Natural Gas Savings (USDOE 2004). A decrease in energy use is negative (i.e., savings); a positive value represents an energy use increase (+). (Part 3).....	205
Table 69: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 Annual Electricity and Natural Gas Savings (USDOE 2004). A decrease in energy use is negative (i.e., savings); a positive value represents an energy use increase (+). (Part 4).....	206
Table 70: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 OSD Electricity and Natural Gas Savings (USDOE 2004). A decrease in energy use is negative (i.e., savings); a positive value represents an energy use increase (+). (Part 1).....	207
Table 71: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 OSD Electricity and Natural Gas Savings (USDOE 2004). A decrease in energy use is negative (i.e., savings); a positive value represents an energy use increase (+). (Part 2).....	208
Table 72: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 OSD Electricity and Natural Gas Savings (USDOE 2004). A decrease in energy use is negative (i.e., savings); a positive value represents an energy use increase (+). (Part 3).....	209
Table 73: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 OSD Electricity and Natural Gas Savings (USDOE 2004). A decrease in energy use is negative (i.e., savings); a positive value represents an energy use increase (+). (Part 4).....	210
Table 74: Office/Retail Simulation Input Parameters (LOADS).....	212
Table 75: Office/Retail Simulation Input Parameters (SYSTEMS and PLANT).....	213
Table 76: Simulated Electricity and Natural Gas for Building Built to 90.1-1989 Standard for Annual and OSD (07/15 – 09/15). ....	216
Table 77: Totalized Annual Electricity Savings from 90.1-1999 by PCA for Commercial Buildings.....	216
Table 78: 2007 Annual NOx Reductions from IECC / IRC by PCA for Commercial Buildings by County using 2007 eGRID. ....	217
Table 79: 2007 Totalized OSD Electricity Savings from IECC / IRC by PCA for Commercial Buildings (w/7% T&D). ....	218
Table 80: 2007 OSD NOx Reductions from Electricity Savings from the IECC / IRC by PCA for Commercial Buildings by County using 2007 eGRID (w/7% T&D).....	219
Table 81: 2007 Annual and OSD NOx Reductions from IECC / IRC by PCA for Commercial Buildings by County using 2007 eGRID (w/7% T&D) (1). ....	220
Table 82: 2007 Annual and OSD NOx Reductions from IECC / IRC by PCA for Commercial Buildings by County using 2007 eGRID (w/7% T&D) (2). ....	221
Table 83: 2007 Annual and OSD NOx Reductions from Electricity and Natural Gas Savings Due to the IECC / IRC for Single-family and Multi-family Residences and for Commercial Buildings by County (using 2007 eGRID) (Part 1). ....	226
Table 84: 2007 Annual and OSD NOx Reductions from Electricity and Natural Gas Savings Due to the IECC / IRC for Single-family and Multi-family Residences and for Commercial Buildings by County (using 2007 eGRID) (Part 2). ....	227
Table 85: Comparison of 2007 Emissions Reductions vs. 2006 Emissions Reductions from Implementation of the IECC / IRC to Single-family, Multi-family Residential, and Commercial Construction. ....	238
Table 86: Calculation of Framing-factor.....	241
Table 87: Final Adjustment Factors used for the Calculation of the Annual and OSD NOx Savings for the Different Programs. ....	259
Table 88: Example of NOx Emissions Reduction Calculations using eGRID.....	260
Table 89: Annual and OSD Electricity Savings for the Different Programs.....	261
Table 90: Annual and OSD NOx Emissions Reduction Values for the Different Programs. ....	261
Table 91: List of Available Weather Files in Texas (Listed by Symbol). ....	265
Table 92: Assignment of Weather Stations for 41 Non-attainment and Affected Counties (NOAA, TMY2, F-CHART, PV F-CHART, NAHB, Climate Zone, HDD, CDD, 90.1-1989, 90.1-1999).....	266
Table 93: Availability of Weather Data for 41 Non-attainment and Affected County (NOAA, NREL, TCEQ, ESL). ....	267
Table 94: Main NOAA Weather Stations used in eCALC.....	268
Table 95: Summary of Weather Data Assignments for ERCOT Counties.....	269
Table 96: Assignment of NWS Weather Stations for all ERCOT Counties.....	270
Table 97: List of Available Weather Files in Texas (Listed by Symbol). ....	272

### 3 OVERVIEW

The Energy Systems Laboratory (Laboratory), at the Texas Engineering Experiment Station of the Texas A&M University System, is pleased to provide our sixth annual report, Energy Efficiency/Renewable Energy Impact in the Texas Emissions Reduction Plan (TERP), to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) in fulfillment of its responsibilities under Texas Health and Safety Code Ann. § 388.003 (e), Vernon Supp. 2002. This annual report:

- Provides an estimate of the energy savings and NOx reductions from energy code compliance in new residential construction in all ERCOT counties;
- Provides an estimate of the standardized, cumulative, integrated energy savings and NOx reductions from the TERP programs implemented by the Laboratory, SECO, the PUC and ERCOT in all ERCOT Texas;
- Describes the technology developed to enable the TCEQ to substantiate energy and emissions reduction credits from energy efficiency and renewable energy initiatives (EE/RE) to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA), including the development of a web-based emissions reduction calculator; and
- Outlines progress in advancing EE/RE strategies for credit in the Texas State Implementation Plan (SIP).

The report is organized in three volumes.

Volume I – Summary Report – provides an executive summary and overview;

Volume II – Technical Report – provides a detailed report of activities, methodologies and findings;

Volume III – Technical Appendix – contains detailed data from code-compliant energy simulations for all ERCOT counties in Texas included in the analysis.

#### 3.1 Legislative Background

The TERP was established in 2001 by the 77<sup>th</sup> Legislature through the enactment of Senate Bill 5 to:

- Ensure that Texas air meets the Federal Clean Air Act requirements (Section 707, Title 42, United States Code); and
- Reduce NOx emissions in non-attainment and near-non-attainment counties through mandatory and voluntary programs, including the implementation of energy efficiency and renewable energy programs (EE/RE).

To achieve the clean air and emissions reduction goals of the TERP, Senate Bill 5 created a number of EE/RE programs for credit in the SIP:

- Adopts statewide Texas Building Energy Performance Standards (TBEPS) as the building energy code for all residential and commercial buildings;
- Provides that a municipality or county may request the Laboratory to determine the energy impact of proposed energy code changes;
- Provides for an annual evaluation by the Public Utility Commission of Texas (PUCT), in cooperation with the Laboratory, of the emissions reduction of energy demand, peak electric loads and the associated air contaminant reductions from utility-sponsored programs established under Senate Bill 5 and utility-sponsored programs established under the electric utility restructuring act (Section 39.905 Utilities Code);
- Establishes a 5% per year electricity reduction goal each year for facilities of political subdivisions in non-attainment and near-non-attainment counties from 2002 through 2007; and
- Requires the Laboratory to report annually to the TCEQ the energy savings (and resultant emissions reduction) from implementation of building energy codes and to identify the municipalities and counties whose codes are more or less stringent than the unamended code.

The 78<sup>th</sup> Legislature (2003), through HB 1365 and HB 3235, amended TERP to enhance its effectiveness with additional energy efficiency initiatives, and includes:

- Requires the TCEQ to conduct outreach to non-attainment and near-non-attainment counties on the benefits of implementing energy efficiency measures as a way to meet the air quality goals under the federal Clean Air Act;
- Requires the TCEQ develop a methodology for computing emissions reduction from energy efficiency initiatives;
- Authorized a voluntary Energy-Efficient Building Program at the General Land Office (GLO), in consultation with the Laboratory, for the accreditation of buildings that exceed the state energy code requirements by 15% or more;
- Authorizes municipalities to adopt an optional, alternate energy code compliance mechanism through the use of accredited energy efficiency programs determined to be code-compliant by the Laboratory, as well as the US EPA's Energy Star New Homes program; and

- Requires the Laboratory to develop and administer a statewide training program for municipal building inspectors seeking to become code-certified inspectors for enforcement of energy codes.

The 79<sup>th</sup> Legislature (2005), through SB 20, HB 2481 and HB 2129, amended Senate Bill 5 to enhance its effectiveness by adding the following additional energy efficiency initiatives:

- Requires 5,880 MW of generating capacity from renewable energy technologies by 2015;
- Includes 500 MW from non-wind renewables;
- Requires the PUCT to establish a target of 10,000 megawatts of installed renewable capacity by 2025;
- Requires the TCEQ to develop methodology for computing emissions reduction from renewable energy initiatives and the associated credits;
- Requires the Laboratory to assist the TCEQ in quantifying emissions reduction credits from energy efficiency and renewable energy programs;
- Requires the Texas Environmental Research Consortium (TERC) to contract with the Laboratory to develop and annually calculate creditable emissions reduction from wind and other renewable energy resources for the state's SIP; and
- Requires the Laboratory to develop at least three alternative methods for achieving a 15 % greater potential energy savings in residential, commercial and industrial construction.

The 80<sup>th</sup> Legislature (2007), through SB 12, and HB 3693 amended Senate Bill 5 to enhance its effectiveness by adding the following additional energy efficiency initiatives:

- Requires the Laboratory to provide written recommendations to the State Energy Conservation Office (SECO) about whether or not the energy efficiency provisions of latest published edition of the International Residential Code (IRC) or the International Energy Conservation Code (IECC) are equivalent to or better than the energy efficiency and air quality achievable under the editions adopted under the 2001 IRC/IECC. The Laboratory shall make its recommendations no later than six months after publication of new editions at the end of each three-year code development cycle of the International Residential Code and the International Energy Conservation Code.
- Requires the Laboratory to consider comments made by persons who have an interest in the adoption of the energy codes in the recommendations made to SECO.
- Requires the Laboratory to develop a standardized report format to be used by providers of home energy ratings, including different report formats for rating newly constructed residences from those for existing residences. The form must be designed to give potential buyers information on a structure's energy performance, including: insulation; types of windows; heating and cooling equipment; water heating equipment; additional energy conserving features, if any; results of performance measurements of building tightness and forced air distribution; and an overall rating of probable energy efficiency relative to the minimum requirements of the International Energy Conservation Code or the energy efficiency chapter of the International Residential Code, as appropriate.
- Encourages the Laboratory to cooperate with an industry organization or trade association to: develop guidelines for home energy ratings; provide training for individuals performing home energy ratings and providers of home energy ratings; and provide a registry of completed ratings for newly constructed residences and residential improvement projects for the purpose of computing the energy savings and emissions reduction benefits of the home energy ratings program.
- Requires the Laboratory to include information on the benefits attained from this program in an annual report to the commission.

### 3.2 Laboratory Funding for the TERP

The Laboratory received \$182,000 in FY 2002; \$285,000 in FY 2003; \$950,421 in FY 2004; \$952,019 in FY 2005, FY 2006 and FY 2007. The Laboratory has also supplemented these funds with competitively awarded Federal grants to provide the needed statewide training for the new mandatory energy codes and to provide technical assistance to cities and counties in helping them implement adoption of the legislated energy efficiency codes, and an award from the US EPA in the Spring of 2007 to establish a Center of Excellence for the Determination of Emissions Reduction (CEDER) which will help to enhance the EE/RE emissions calculations.

### 3.3 Accomplishments Since January 2007

Since January of 2007, the Laboratory accomplished the following:

- Calculated energy and resultant NOx reductions from implementation of the Texas Building Energy Performance Standards (IECC/IRC codes) to new residential and commercial construction for all non-attainment and near-non-attainment counties;

- Enhanced the web-based “Emissions Reduction Calculator - eCalc” for determining emissions reduction from energy efficiency improvements in residential and commercial construction, municipal projects and renewable energy projects;
- Enhanced the Laboratory’s IECC/IRC Code-Traceable Test Suite for determining emissions reduction due to code and above-code programs;
- Continued development and testing of key procedures for validating simulations of building energy performance;
- Provided energy code training workshops, including: residential, commercial IECC/IRC energy code training sessions, code-compliant software sessions, ASHRAE Standard 62.1 sessions, and ASHRAE Standard 90.1 workshops throughout the State of Texas;
- Maintained and updated the Laboratory’s Texas Emissions Reduction Plan (TERP) website;
- Maintained a builder’s residential energy code Self-Certification Form (Ver.1.3) for use by builders outside municipalities;
- Responded to hundreds of phone and email inquiries on code implementation and verification issues;
- Analyzed the stringency of several residential and commercial energy codes, including the 2006 IECC and ASHRAE Standard 90.1-2001 and Standard 90.1-2004;
- Hosted the Clean Air Through Energy Efficiency (CATEE) Conference in December 2007, in San Antonio, Texas. Conference sessions included key talks by the TCEQ, EPA, DOE and the Laboratory about quantifying emissions reduction from EE/RE opportunities and guidance on key energy efficiency and renewable energy topics;
- Provided technical assistance to the TCEQ regarding specific issues, including:
  - Enhancement of the standardized, integrated NOx emissions reduction reporting procedures<sup>1</sup> to the TCEQ for ESL, PUCT, SECO and ERCOT EE/RE projects;
  - Enhancement of the procedures for weather normalizing NOx emissions reduction from power provided by wind energy providers to base-year calculations;
  - Quantified emissions reduction from the new, Federally-mandated SEER 13 air conditioner standard (starting in January 2006).
- Enhanced the web-based emissions reduction calculator, including:
  - Expanded the emissions reduction calculator to include all counties in ERCOT;
  - Gathered, cleaned and posted weather data archive for 17 NOAA stations in Texas;
  - Expanded emissions reduction to include SEER 13 air conditioners;
  - Continued the enhancement of the new computer architecture to allow for synchronous calculations, user accounts, and code-compliance;
- Developed 15% above code recommendations for residential buildings;
- Developed 15% above code recommendations for commercial and industrial buildings; and
- Continued the development of verification procedures, including:
  - Completion of calibrated simulation of a high-efficiency office building in Austin, TX;
  - Worked towards a calibrated simulation of an office building;
  - Worked towards a calibrated simulation of a K-12 school; and
  - Completed the calibrated simulation of a Habitat for Humanities residence.

### 3.4 Technology Transfer

To accelerate the transfer of technology developed as part of the TERP program, the Laboratory:

- Delivered “Statewide Air Emissions Calculations from Wind and Other Renewables,” to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality in August 2007.
- Continued development of a method to predict on-site wind speeds using Artificial Neural Networks (ANN) and developed improvements to the daily modeling procedures using ANN-derived hourly wind speeds.
- Applied previously developed degradation analysis to determine if degradation could be observed in the measured power from Texas wind farms.
- Applied previously developed empirical curtailment analysis of the measured power production from a wind farm and applied to the Indian Mesa wind farm.
- Updated previously developed database of other renewable projects in Texas, including: solar photovoltaic, geothermal, hydroelectric, and Landfill Gas-fired Power Plants.
- Applied previously developed estimation techniques for hourly solar radiation from limited data sets.
- Along with the TCEQ and the US EPA, is host to the annual Clean Air Through Energy Efficiency (CATEE) Conference attended by top Texas experts and policy makers and national experts.

<sup>1</sup> These procedures are currently under review by the USDOE, through the National Renewable Energy Laboratory (NREL).



- Continued the National Center of Excellence on Displaced Emissions Reduction (CEDER) by the US EPA. The benefits of CEDER include:
  - reducing the financial, technical, and administrative costs of determining the emissions reduction from EE/RE measures;
  - continuing to accelerate implementation of EE/RE strategies as a viable clean air effort in Texas and other states;
  - helping other states identify and prioritize cost-effective clean air strategies from EE/RE; and;
  - communicating the results of quantification efforts through case-studies and a clearinghouse of information.

In addition to the tasks listed above, the Laboratory delivered presentations regarding the TERP related work, including:

- Presentation to the American Waste Management Association (AWMA) meeting, Austin, Texas, February 2007.
- Presentation to Baylor University, Waco, Texas, March 2007.
- Presentation to the U.S. Congress for ASHRAE Tech Briefing, Washington, D.C. March 2007.
- Presentation to the ENGR 101 class, Texas A&M University, April 2007.
- Presentation, via conference call, to EPRI, April 2007.
- Presentation at ASHRAE Carbon Toolkit Workshop, March, 2007 (by phone).

Presentation of four papers at the 15.5 Symposium on Improving Building Systems in Hot and Humid Climates, in San Antonio, Texas, December 2007, including:

- Baltazar-Cervantes, J.C., Im, P., Haberl, J., Liu, Z., Mukhopadhyay, Culp, C., J., Kim, S., Gilman, D., Yazdani, B. 2007. "A Methodology for Calculating Integrated Emissions Reductions From Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy (EE/RE) Programs Across State Agencies in Texas", *Proceedings of the 15.5 Symposium on Improving Building Systems in Hot and Humid Climates*, Texas A&M University, San Antonio, Texas, published on CD ROM (December).
- Malhotra, M., Mukhopadhyay, J., Liu, Z., Culp, C., Haberl, J., Yazdani, B. 2007. "Recommendaitons for 15% Above Code Energy Efficiency Measures for Single-family Residences", *Proceedings of the 15.5 Symposium on Improving Building Systems in Hot and Humid Climates*, Texas A&M University, San Antonio, Texas, published on CD ROM (December).
- Cho, S., Mukhopadhyay, J., Culp, C., Haberl, J., Yazdani, B. 2007. "Recommendaitons for 15% Above Code Energy Efficiency Measures for Commercial Buildings", *Proceedings of the 15.5 Symposium on Improving Building Systems in Hot and Humid Climates*, Texas A&M University, San Antonio, Texas, published on CD ROM (December).
- Morgan, R., Gilman, D., Mukhopadhyay, J., Marshall, K., Stackhouse, R., Cordes, J., Liu, Z., Montgomery, C., Haberl, J., Culp, C., Yazdani, B. 2007. "Development of a Residential Code-compliant Calculator for the Texas Climate Vision Project", *Proceedings of the 15.5 Symposium on Improving Building Systems in Hot and Humid Climates*, Texas A&M University, San Antonio, Texas, published on CD ROM (December).

Presentation of two papers at the International Conference for Enhanced Building Operation, San Francisco, California, October 2007, including:

- Liu, Z., Haberl, J., Baltazar-Cervantes, J.C., Subbarao, K., Culp, C., Yazdani, B. 2007. "A Methodology for Calculating Emissions Reductions From Renewable Energy Programs and it Application to the Wind Farms in the Texas ERCOT Region", *Proceedings of the 8<sup>th</sup> International Conference for Enhanced Building Operation*", San Francisco, CA, published on CD ROM (October).
- Baltazar-Cervantes, J.C., Haberl, J., Culp, C., Yazdani, B., Gilman, D. 2007. "Procedures for the Integration of Complete Year Texas Weather Data Files for eCalc Emissions Reduction Calculator", *Proceedings of the 8<sup>th</sup> International Conference for Enhanced Building Operation*", San Francisco, CA, published on CD ROM (October).

The Laboratory has and will continue to provide leading-edge technical assistance to the TCEQ, counties and communities working toward obtaining full SIP credit for the energy efficiency and renewable energy projects that are lowering emissions and improving the air quality for all Texans. The Laboratory will continue to provide superior technology to the State of Texas through efforts with the TCEQ and US EPA. The efforts taken by the Laboratory have produced significant success in bringing EE/RE closer to US EPA acceptance in the SIP. These activities were designed to more accurately calculate the creditable NO<sub>x</sub> emissions reduction from EE/RE initiatives contained in the TERP and to assist the TCEQ, local governments, and the building industry with standardized, effective implementation and reporting.

### 3.5 Energy and NOx Reductions from New Residential and Commercial Construction, including furnace pilot light savings and residential air conditioner retrofits.

State adoption of the energy efficiency provisions of the International Residential Code (IRC) and International Energy Conservation Code (IECC) became effective September 1, 2001. The Laboratory has developed and delivered training to assist municipal inspectors to become certified energy inspectors. The Laboratory also supported code officials with guidance on interpretations as needed. This effort, based on a requirement of HB 3235, 78<sup>th</sup> Texas Legislature, supports a more uniform interpretation and application of energy codes throughout the state. In general, the State is experiencing a true market transformation from low energy efficiency products to high energy efficiency products. These include: Low Solar Heat Gain windows, higher efficiency appliances, high efficiency air conditioners and heat pumps, increased insulation, lower thermal loss ducts and in builder participation in “above-code” code programs such as Energy Star New Homes, which previously had no state baseline and almost no participation.

In 2007 the cumulative annual electricity savings<sup>2</sup> from code-compliant residential and commercial construction is calculated to be 1,440,885 MWh/year (11.4% of the total electricity savings), savings from furnace pilot light retrofits is 2,548,904 MBtu/year, and savings from residential air conditioner retrofits<sup>3</sup> is 677,171 MWh/year (5.4%).

In 2007 the cumulative OSD electricity savings from code-compliant residential and commercial construction is calculated to be 7,979 MWh/day (21.3%), savings from furnace pilot light retrofits is 6,983 MBtu/day, and savings from residential air conditioner retrofits are 4,803 MWh/day (12.8%).

By 2013 the cumulative annual electricity savings from code-compliant residential and commercial construction is calculated to be 2,930,748 MWh/year (10.2% of the total electricity savings), savings from furnace pilot light retrofits will remain at 2,548,904 MBtu/year, and savings from residential air conditioner retrofits<sup>4</sup> will be 2,286,233 MWh/year (7.9%).

By 2013 the cumulative OSD electricity savings from code-compliant residential and commercial construction is calculated to be 17,499 MWh/day (19.7%), savings from furnace pilot light retrofits will remain at 6,893 MBtu/day, and savings from residential air conditioner retrofits will be 16,216 MWh/day (18.3%).

In 2007 the cumulative annual NOx emissions reduction<sup>5</sup> from code-compliant residential and commercial construction is calculated to be 1,014 tons-NOx/year (12.2% of the total NOx savings), savings from furnace pilot light retrofits is 117 tons-NOx/year (1.4%), and savings from residential air conditioner retrofits is 466 tons-NOx/year (5.6%).

In 2007 the cumulative OSD NOx emissions reduction from code-compliant residential and commercial construction is calculated to be 5.50 tons-NOx/day (21.9%), savings from furnace pilot light retrofits is 0.32 tons-NOx/day (1.2%), and savings from residential air conditioner retrofits are 3.27 tons-NOx/day (13.1%).

By 2013 the cumulative NOx emissions reduction from code-compliant residential and commercial construction is calculated to be 2,047 tons-NOx/year (10.9% of the total NOx savings), savings from furnace pilot light retrofits will be 117 tons-NOx/year (0.6%), and savings from residential air conditioner retrofits will be 1,574 tons-NOx/year (8.4%).

By 2013 the cumulative OSD NOx emissions reduction from code-compliant residential and commercial construction is calculated to be 11.96 tons-NOx/day (20.4%), savings from furnace pilot light retrofits will be 0.32 tons-NOx/day (0.8 %), and savings from residential air conditioner retrofits will be 11.03 tons-NOx/day (18.8%).

### 3.6 Integrated NOx Emissions Reductions Reporting Across State Agencies

Beginning in 2005, the Laboratory worked with the TCEQ to develop a standardized, integrated NOx emissions reduction across state agencies implementing EE/RE programs so that the results can be evaluated consistently. As

<sup>2</sup> This includes the savings from 2001 through 2007.

<sup>3</sup> This assumes air conditioners in existing homes are replaced with the more efficient SEER 13 units, versus an average of SEER 11, which is slightly more efficient than the previous minimum standard of SEER 10.

<sup>4</sup> This assumes air conditioners in existing homes are replaced with the more efficient SEER 13 units, versus an average of SEER 11, which is slightly more efficient than the previous minimum standard of SEER 10.

<sup>5</sup> These NOx emissions reduction were calculated with the US EPA’s 2007 eGRID for annual (25% capacity factor) and Ozone Season Day OSD.

required by the legislation, the TCEQ receives reports: from the Laboratory on savings from code compliance and renewables; from the Laboratory, in cooperation with the Electric Reliability Council of Texas (ERCOT), on the savings from electricity generated from wind power; from the Public Utilities Commission of Texas (PUCT) on the impacts of the utility-administered programs designed to meet the mandated energy efficiency goals of SB7 and SB5; and from the State Energy Conservation Office (SECO) on the impacts of energy conservation in state agencies and political subdivisions.

The total cumulative annual and OSD electricity savings for all the different programs in the integrated format was calculated using the adjustment factors for 2001 through 2020. NOx emissions reduction from the electricity and natural gas savings for the annual and OSD for all the programs in the integrated format were calculated.

In 2007 the cumulative annual electricity savings<sup>6</sup> from code-compliant residential and commercial construction is calculated to be 1,440,885 MWh/year (11.4% of the total electricity savings), savings from retrofits to Federal buildings is 159,415 MWh/year (1.3%), savings from furnace pilot light retrofits is 2,548,904 MBtu/year, savings from the PUC's Senate Bill 5 and Senate Bill 7 programs is 1,598,054 MWh/year (12.7%), savings from SECO's Senate Bill 5 program is 353,701 MWh/year (2.8%), electricity savings from green power purchases (wind) is 8,362,335 MWh/year (66.4%), and savings from residential air conditioner retrofits<sup>7</sup> is 677,171 MWh/year (5.4%). The total savings from all programs is 12,591,561 MWh/year.

In 2007 the cumulative OSD electricity savings from code-compliant residential and commercial construction is calculated to be 7,979 MWh/day (21.3%), savings from retrofits to Federal buildings is 437 MWh/day (1.2%), savings from furnace pilot light retrofits is 6,983 MBtu/day, savings from the PUC's Senate Bill 5 and Senate Bill 7 programs is 4,378 MWh/day (11.7%), savings from SECO's Senate Bill 5 program is 969 MWh/day (2.6%), electricity savings from green power purchases (wind) are 18,856 MWh/day (50.4%), and savings from residential air conditioner retrofits are 4,803 MWh/day (12.8%). The total savings from all programs is 37,421 MWh/day, which would be a 1,559 MW average hourly load reduction during the OSD period.

By 2013 the cumulative annual electricity savings from code-compliant residential and commercial construction is calculated to be 2,930,748 MWh/year (10.2% of the total electricity savings), savings from retrofits to Federal buildings will be 402,732 MWh/year (1.4%), savings from furnace pilot light retrofits will remain at 2,548,904 MBtu/year, savings from the PUC's Senate Bill 5 and Senate Bill 7 programs will be 2,615,377 MWh/year (9.1%), savings from SECO's Senate Bill 5 program will be 447,285 MWh/year (1.5%), electricity savings from green power purchases (wind) will be 20,112,716 MWh/year (69.8%), and savings from residential air conditioner retrofits<sup>8</sup> will be 2,286,233 MWh/year (7.9%). The total savings from all programs will be 28,802,074 MWh/year.

By 2013 the cumulative OSD electricity savings from code-compliant residential and commercial construction is calculated to be 17,499 MWh/day (19.7%), savings from retrofits to Federal buildings will be 1,103 MWh/day (1.2%), savings from furnace pilot light retrofits will remain at 6,893 MBtu/day, savings from the PUC's Senate Bill 5 and Senate Bill 7 programs will be 7,166 MWh/day (8.1%), savings from SECO's Senate Bill 5 program will be 1,225 MWh/day (1.4%), electricity savings from green power purchases (wind) will be 45,351 MWh/day (51.2%), and savings from residential air conditioner retrofits will be 16,216 MWh/day (18.3%). The total savings from all programs will be 88,560 MWh/day, which would be a 3,690 MW average hourly load reduction during the OSD period.

In 2007 the cumulative annual NOx emissions reduction<sup>9</sup> from code-compliant residential and commercial construction is calculated to be 1,014 tons-NOx/year (12.2% of the total NOx savings), savings from retrofits to Federal buildings is 122 tons-NOx/year (1.4%), savings from furnace pilot light retrofits is 117 tons-NOx/year (1.4%), savings from the PUC's Senate Bill 5 and Senate Bill 7 programs is 1,125 tons-NOx/year (13.5%), savings from SECO's Senate Bill 5 program is 270 tons-NOx/year (3.2%), electricity savings from green power purchases (wind) is 5,211 tons-NOx/year (62.6%), and savings from residential air conditioner retrofits is 466 tons-NOx/year (5.6%). The total NOx emissions reduction from all programs is 8,326 tons-NOx/year.

In 2007 the cumulative OSD NOx emissions reduction from code-compliant residential and commercial construction is calculated to be 5.50 tons-NOx/day (21.9%), savings from retrofits to Federal buildings is 0.32 tons-NOx/day (1.2%), savings from furnace pilot light retrofits is 0.32 tons-NOx/day (1.2%), savings from the PUC's Senate Bill 5 and Senate Bill 7 programs is 3.33 tons-NOx/day (12.1%), savings from SECO's Senate Bill 5 program is 0.73 tons-NOx/day

<sup>6</sup> This includes the savings from 2001 through 2007.

<sup>7</sup> This assumes air conditioners in existing homes are replaced with the more efficient SEER 13 units, versus an average of SEER 11, which is slightly more efficient than the previous minimum standard of SEER 10.

<sup>8</sup> This assumes air conditioners in existing homes are replaced with the more efficient SEER 13 units, versus an average of SEER 11, which is slightly more efficient than the previous minimum standard of SEER 10.

<sup>9</sup> These NOx emissions reduction were calculated with the US EPA's 2007 eGRID for annual (25% capacity factor) and Ozone Season Day OSD.

(2.9%), electricity savings from green power purchases (wind) are 11.88 tons-NOx/day (47.4%), and savings from residential air conditioner retrofits are 3.27 tons-NOx/day (13.1%). The total NOx emissions reduction from all programs is 25.05 tons-NOx/day.

By 2013 the cumulative NOx emissions reduction from code-compliant residential and commercial construction is calculated to be 2,047 tons-NOx/year (10.9% of the total NOx savings), savings from retrofits to Federal buildings will be 308 tons-NOx/year (1.6%), savings from furnace pilot light retrofits will be 117 tons-NOx/year (0.6%), savings from the PUC's Senate Bill 5 and Senate Bill 7 programs will be 1,801 tons-NOx/year (9.6%), savings from SECO's Senate Bill 5 program will be 341 tons-NOx/year (1.8%), electricity savings from green power purchases (wind) will be 12,534 tons-NOx/year (66.9%), and savings from residential air conditioner retrofits will be 1,574 tons-NOx/year (8.4%). The total NOx emissions reduction from all programs will be 18,723 tons-NOx/year.

By 2013 the cumulative OSD NOx emissions reduction from code-compliant residential and commercial construction is calculated to be 11.96 tons-NOx/day (20.4%), savings from retrofits to Federal buildings will be 0.81 tons-NOx/day (1.4%), savings from furnace pilot light retrofits will be 0.32 tons-NOx/day (0.8 %), savings from the PUC's Senate Bill 5 and Senate Bill 7 programs will be 4.84 tons-NOx/day (8.3%), savings from SECO's Senate Bill 5 program will be 0.92 tons-NOx/day (1.6%), electricity savings from green power purchases (wind) will be 28.58 tons-NOx/day (48.8%), and savings from residential air conditioner retrofits will be 11.03 tons-NOx/day (18.8%). The total NOx emissions reduction from all programs will be 58.47 tons-NOx/day.

Figure 2 shows the cumulative NOx emissions reduction through 2020 for the electricity and natural gas savings from all TERP programs reporting to the TCEQ. Table 1 provides the details regarding the annual degradation, transmission and distribution losses, discount factors and growth factors that were used in the analysis<sup>10</sup>. Additional details of the analysis are reported in Volume III of this report.

Table 1: Adjustment Factors used for the Calculation of the Annual and OSD NOx Savings for the Different Programs.

	ESL-Single Family <sup>14</sup>	ESL-Multifamily <sup>14</sup>	ESL-Commercial <sup>14</sup>	Federal Buildings <sup>14</sup>	Furnace Pilot Light Program <sup>14</sup>	PUC (SB7) <sup>14</sup>	PUC (SB5 Grant Program) <sup>14</sup>	SECO <sup>14</sup>	Wind-ERCOT <sup>8</sup>	SEER13 Single Family	SEER13 Multifamily
Annual Degradation Factor <sup>11</sup>	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	0.00%	5.00%	5.00%
T&D Loss <sup>9</sup>	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	0.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	0.00%	7.00%	7.00%
Initial Discount Factor <sup>12</sup>	20.00%	20.00%	20.00%	20.00%	20.00%	25.00%	25.00%	60.00%	25.00%	20.00%	20.00%
Growth Factor	3.25%	1.54%	3.25%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	Actual Rates	N.A.	N.A.
Weather Normalized	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	See note 7	Yes	Yes

<sup>10</sup> These factors were determined by TCEQ.

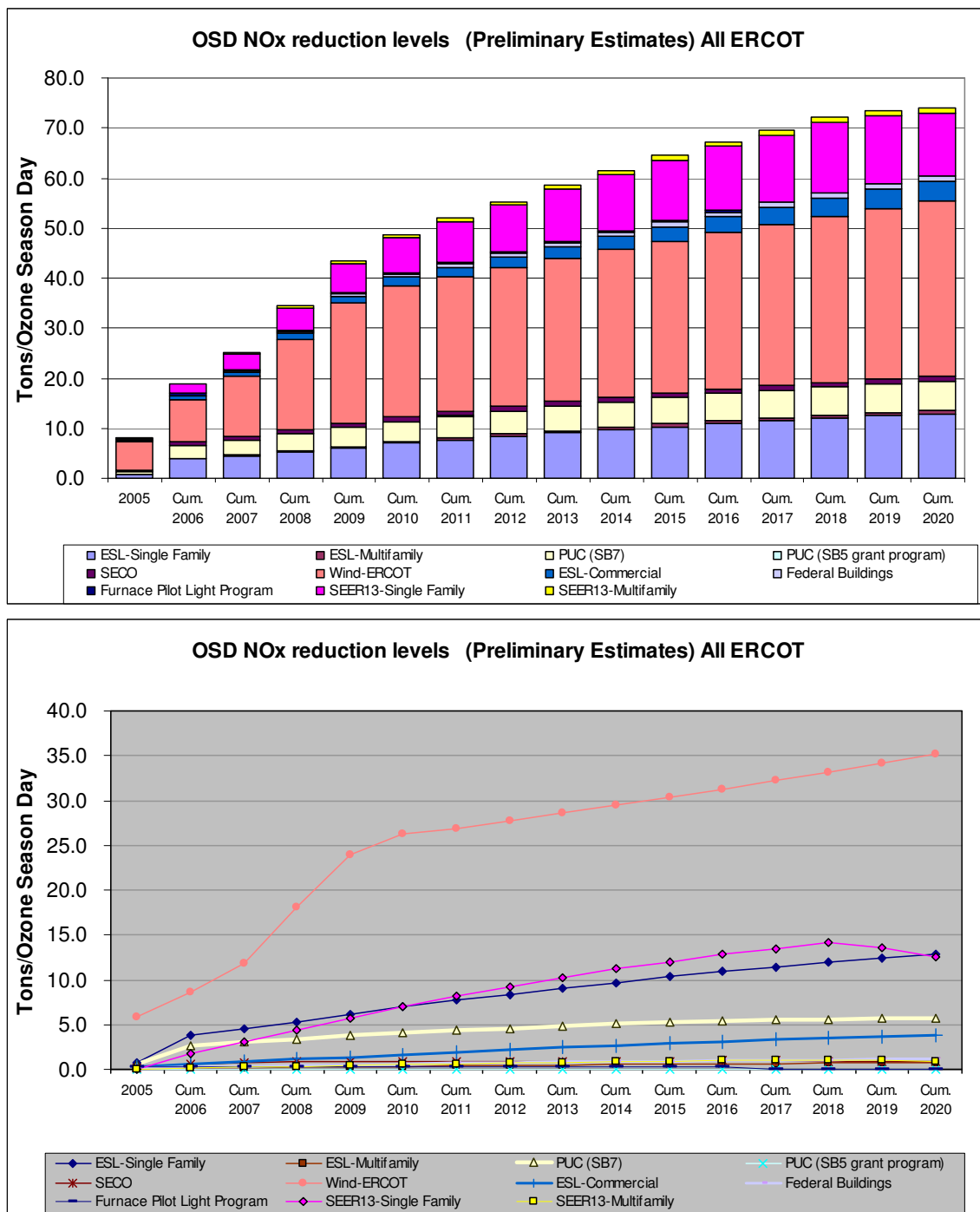


Figure 2: Cumulative OSD NOx Emissions Reduction Projected through 2020.

### 3.7 Technology for Calculating and Verifying Emissions Reduction from Energy Used in Buildings

In 2004 and 2005, the Laboratory developed a web-based Emissions Reduction Calculator, known as “*eCalc*,” which contains the underlying technology for determining NOx emissions reduction from power plants that generate the

electricity for the user<sup>11</sup>. The emissions reduction calculator is being used to calculate emissions reduction for consideration for SIP credits from energy efficiency and renewable energy programs in the TERP.

In 2007, the Laboratory enhanced the calculator to provide additional functions and usability, including:

- Enhanced the Laboratory's IECC/IRC Code-Traceable Test Suite for determining emissions reduction due to code and above-code programs;
- Enhanced web-based emissions calculator, including:
  - Use of the calculator to determine 15% above code residential and commercial options.
  - Gathered, cleaned and posted weather data archive for 17 NOAA stations;
  - Performed comparative testing of the calculator vs other, non-web-based simulation programs;
  - Developed and tested radiant barrier simulation;
  - Using the web-based emissions calculator, developed the specially-designed Texas Climate Vision calculator for the City of Austin;
- Continued the development of verification procedures, including:
  - Completed the calibrated simulation of a high-efficiency office building in Austin, Texas;
  - Continued work to develop a calibrated simulation of an office building in College Station; and
  - Continued work to develop a calibrated simulation of a K-12 school in College Station;

### 3.8 Planned Focus for 2007/2008

In FY 2008, the Energy Systems Laboratory is continuing its cooperative efforts with the TCEQ, PUCT, SECO, US EPA and others to ensure EE/RE measures remain a cost-effective solution to clean air, and continue to support the energy efficiency and renewable energy opportunities of the TERP. In FY 2008 the Laboratory team will:

- Continue to assist the TCEQ to obtain SIP credits from energy efficiency and renewable energy using the Laboratory's Emissions Reduction Calculator technology;
- Verify, document and report energy efficiency and renewable energy savings in all TERP EE/RE programs for the SIP in each non-attainment and near-non-attainment county using the TCEQ/US EPA approved technology;
- Assist the PUCT with determining emissions reduction credits from energy efficiency programs funded by SB 7 and SB 5;
- Assist political subdivisions and Councils of Governments with calculating emissions reduction from local code changes and voluntary EE/RE programs reported to SECO for SIP inclusion;
- Continue to develop additional low-cost methods and techniques to implement 15% above code energy efficiency in low-priced and moderately-priced residential housing and commercial construction;
- With support from the US DOE and SECO, continue the development of a web-based code-compliance calculator in Austin, Texas (TCV project), and expand the use of such a calculator in other areas of Texas (i.e., the International Code Compliance Calculator – ICCC for Texas);
- Continue to develop creditable procedures for calculating NOx emissions reduction from green renewable technologies, including wind power, solar energy and geothermal energy systems;
- Continue development of the standardized, integrated NOx emissions reduction methodologies for calculating and reporting NOx reductions, including a unified database framework for required reporting to the TCEQ of potentially creditable measures from the ESL, PUCT, and SECO TERP initiatives;
- Complete the analysis of the stringency of several residential and commercial energy codes, including ASHRAE Standard 90.1-2004; and 90.1-2007, and the 2006 IECC; and
- With the assistance of the TCEQ and EPA, expand all analysis to include all counties in Texas;
- With the assistance of the US EPA, expand the analysis to include new base year calculations for eGRID;
- Continue its role as the National Center of Excellence on Displaced Emissions Reduction (CEDER) as designated by the US EPA; and
- Host the 2008 Clean Air Through Energy Efficiency (CATEE) conference to be held in Dallas, Texas.

The Laboratory will continue to provide technical assistance to the TCEQ, counties and communities working toward obtaining full SIP credit for the energy efficiency and renewable energy projects that are lowering emissions and improving the air quality for all Texans.

### 3.9 Code Adoption

State adoption of the Residential Code energy provisions and International Energy Conservation Code became effective September 1, 2001, although anecdotal evidence in the form of telephone queries reported observations and training

<sup>11</sup> eCalc reports NOx, SOx and CO2 emissions reduction from the US EPA eGRID database for power providers in the ERCOT region.

workshop interactions through 2002 and, to a lesser extent, 2003, indicated a rolling start rather than an overnight implementation.

Our emphasis in 2007 has been on the continued delivery of training aimed at assisting municipal inspectors to become certified energy inspectors (in one of several designations maintained by the International Energy Code Council) and supporting code officials with guidance on interpretations as needed. This effort, begun in 2003 and based on a requirement of HB 3235 of the 78<sup>th</sup> Texas Legislature, is designed to support a more uniform interpretation and application of energy codes throughout the state. In general, the State has enjoyed a true market transformation in the supply of certain products, such as Low Solar Gain windows, and in builder participation in “above-code” code programs, which previously had no state baseline and almost no participation.

### 3.9.1 Technology for Calculation and Verifying Emissions Reductions from Energy Used in Buildings

In 2004, the Laboratory developed a web-based Emissions Reduction Calculator, known as “eCalc,” which contains the underlying technology for determining emissions reductions from power plants that generate the electricity for the user. The Emissions Reduction Calculator is being used to calculate emissions reductions for consideration for SIP credits from energy efficiency programs in the TERP. The TCEQ and the US EPA continue to review the Laboratory’s technology and recent refinements for estimating NOx emissions reductions from additional energy efficiency and renewable energy (EE/RE) measures.

In 2007, the Laboratory continued to enhance the calculator to provide additional functions and usability. This enhanced engineering analysis software addressed major challenges:

- How to quantify and validate the persistence of energy savings from EE/RE energy measures.
- How to transform electricity reductions into spatial (location) and temporal (time-of-day) distributions of emissions reductions from electric utility power plants.
- How to quantify cumulative, multi-year emissions reductions that account for reduced emissions from the associated power plants according to the US EPA’s eGRID database using the specially prepared 2007 version of eGRID.
- How to weather-normalize NOx emissions estimates for renewable sources, such as wind and solar.

In 2007, the Laboratory’s Emissions Reduction Calculator used a specially prepared 2007 version of the US EPA’s eGRID database to identify where emissions are produced. To date, the Laboratory has enhanced the emissions calculator by:

- expanding the capabilities to include all counties in ERCOT; including the collection and assembly of weather from 1999 to the present from 17 NOAA weather stations;
- initiating the expansion of the calculator to be able to analyze energy efficiency improvement to K-12 schools;
- enhancing the underlying computer platform for the calculator;
- verifying the calculator against other RESNET certified calculators;
- adding a radiant barrier and duct model to the calculator;
- added calculations to account for the increased energy savings from the new SEER 13 air conditioners, introduced in 2006 as part of the new Federal regulations, and
- developing verification procedures for the savings currently calculated and reported by the Laboratory, including calibrated simulations for a two office buildings, one residence and one K-12 school.

### 3.9.2 Evaluation of Additional Technologies for Reducing Energy Use in Existing Buildings

The Laboratory provided technical assistance to the TCEQ, the PUCT, SECO and ERCOT, as well as Stakeholders participating in the Energy Code and Renewables programs.

- In 2005, the Laboratory worked closely with the TCEQ to develop an integrated NOx emissions reductions calculation that provided the TCEQ with a creditable NOx emissions reductions from energy efficiency and renewable energy (EE/RE) programs reported to the TCEQ in 2005 by the Laboratory, PUCT, SECO, and ERCOT (i.e., wind).
- At the request of the TCEQ, the Laboratory also developed procedures for quantifying NOx emissions reductions from wind turbines that includes weather normalization and the quantification of NOx emissions reductions from the new Federal regulations for SEER 13 air conditioners.
- At the request of the North Central Texas Council of Governments, the Laboratory developed recommendations for adopting the 2006 IECC, which are based, in part, on several meetings held with the

SB5 stakeholders to determine how adopt the 2006 IECC, which was determined by the Laboratory to be less stringent than the 2000/2001 IECC for many counties and housing types in Texas.

### 3.10 Planned Focus for 2007/2008

In FY 2008, the Energy Systems Laboratory will continue in its cooperative efforts with the TCEQ, PUCT, SECO, US EPA and others to ensure EE/RE measures remain a cost-effective solution to clean air, and continue to support the energy efficiency and renewable energy opportunities of the TERP. The Laboratory team will:

- Assist the TCEQ to obtain SIP credits from energy efficiency and renewable energy using the Laboratory's Emissions Reduction Calculator technology;
- Verify, document and report energy efficiency and renewable energy savings in all TERP EE/RE programs for the SIP in each non-attainment and affected county using the TCEQ/US EPA approved technology;
- Assist the PUCT with determining emissions reductions credits from energy efficiency programs funded by SB 7 and SB 5;
- Assist political subdivisions and Councils of Governments with calculating emissions reductions from local code changes and voluntary EE/RE programs for SIP inclusion;
- Continue to refine the cost-effective techniques to implement 15% above code energy efficiency in low-priced and moderately-priced residential housing;
- Continue to refine the cost-effective methods and techniques to implement 15% above code energy efficiency in low-priced and moderately-priced commercial buildings;
- Continue to develop creditable procedures for calculating NOx emissions reductions from green renewable technologies, including wind power, solar energy and geothermal energy systems;
- Continue development of well-documented, integrated NOx emissions reductions methodologies for calculating and reporting NOx reductions, including a unified database framework for required reporting to TCEQ of potentially creditable measures from the ESL, PUCT, and SECO SB 5 initiatives;
- Upon request, provide written recommendations to the State Energy Conservation Office (SECO) about whether or not the energy efficiency provisions of latest published edition of the International Residential Code (IRC), or the International Energy Conservation Code (IECC), are equivalent to or better than the energy efficiency and air quality achievable under the editions adopted under the 2001 IRC/IECC. This will consider comments made by persons who have an interest in the adoption of the energy codes in the recommendations made to SECO.
- Develop a standardized report format to be used by providers of home energy ratings, including different report formats for rating newly constructed residences from those for existing residences.
- Continue to cooperate with an industry organization or trade association to: develop guidelines for home energy ratings; provide training for individuals performing home energy ratings and providers of home energy ratings; and provide a registry of completed ratings for newly constructed residences and residential improvement projects for the purpose of computing the energy savings and emissions reductions benefits of the home energy ratings program.
- Include all benefits attained from this program in an annual report to the commission.

The Laboratory has and will continue to provide leading-edge technical assistance to counties and communities working toward obtaining full SIP credit for the energy efficiency and renewable energy projects that are lowering emissions and improving the air for all Texans. The Laboratory will continue to provide superior technology to the State of Texas through efforts with the TCEQ and US EPA. The efforts taken by the Laboratory have produced significant success in bringing EE/RE closer to US EPA acceptance in the SIP.

## 4 INTRODUCTION

### 4.1 Background

In 2001, the Texas Legislature adopted the Texas Emissions Reduction Plan, identifying thirty-eight counties in Texas where a focus on air quality improvements was deemed critical to public health and economic growth. Sixteen were designated by the US EPA as non-attainment areas, twenty-two others were designated by TERP as affected areas. These areas are shown on the map in Figure 3 as non-attainment (dark-shaded) and affected (shaded). The sixteen counties designated as non-attainment counties include: Brazoria, Chambers, Collin, Dallas, Denton, El Paso, Fort Bend, Hardin, Harris, Jefferson, Galveston, Liberty, Montgomery, Orange, Tarrant, and Waller Counties. The twenty-two counties designated as affected counties include: Bastrop, Bexar, Caldwell, Comal, Ellis, Gregg, Guadalupe, Harrison, Hays, Johnson, Kaufman, Nueces, Parker, Rockwall, Rusk, San Patricio, Smith, Travis, Upshur, Victoria,



Williamson, and Wilson County. In 2003, three additional counties were classified as affected counties, including: Henderson, Hood and Hunt counties, bringing the total to forty-one counties (sixteen non-attainment and twenty-five affected counties).

These counties represent several geographic areas of the state, which have been assigned to different climate zones by the 2001 IECC<sup>12</sup> as shown in Figure 4, based primarily on Heating Degree Days (HDD). These include climate zone 5 or 6 (i.e., 2,000 to 2,999 HDD<sub>65</sub>) for the Dallas-Ft. Worth and El Paso areas, and climate zones 3 and 4 (i.e., 1,000 to 1,999 HDD<sub>65</sub>) for the Houston-Galveston-Beaumont-Port Author-Brazoria areas. Also shown on Figure 4 are the locations of the various weather data sources, including the Typical Meteorological Year (TMY2) (NREL 1995) stations, the Weather Year for Energy Calculations (WYEC2) (Stoffel 1995) weather stations, the National Weather Service weather stations, (NWS) (NOAA 1993) weather stations, the ASHRAE 90.1 1989 weather locations<sup>13</sup>, the ASHRAE 90.1 1999 weather locations, the solar stations measured by the National Renewable Energy Laboratory (NREL)<sup>14</sup>, the solar stations measured by the TCEQ<sup>15</sup>, and F-CHART and PV F-CHART weather locations<sup>16</sup>.

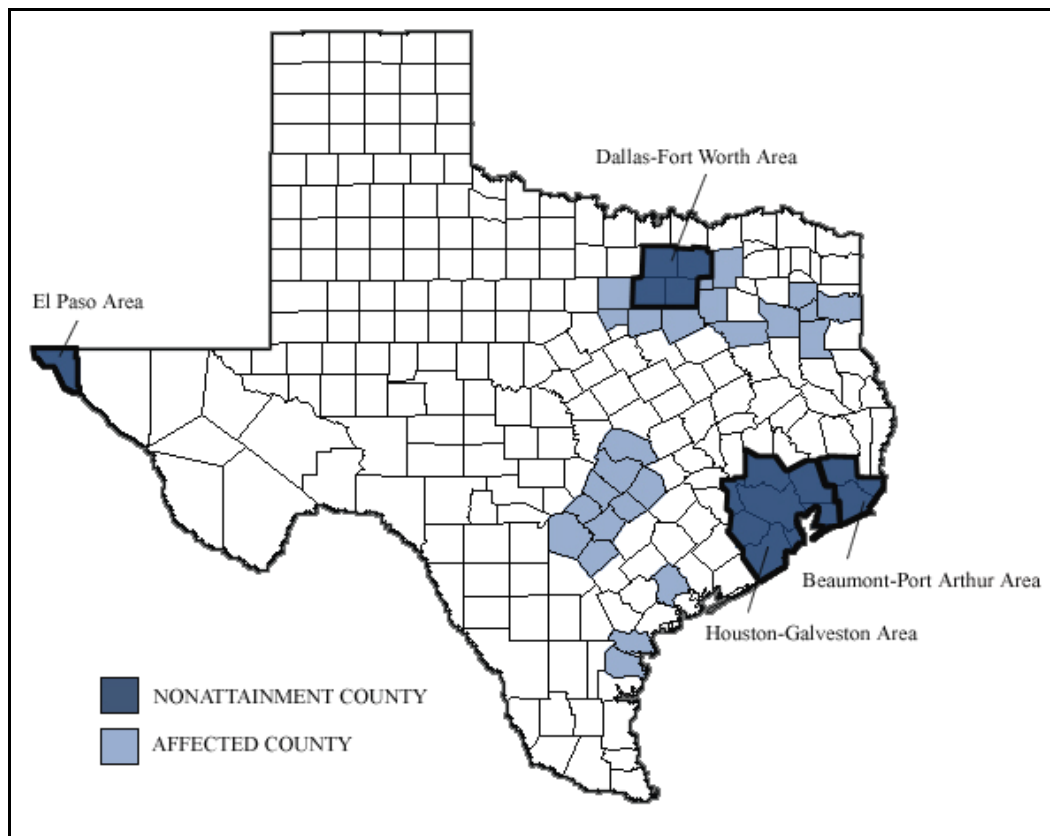


Figure 3: US EPA Non-attainment (dark shade) and affected counties (light shade).

<sup>12</sup> The “2000 IECC” notation is used to signify the 2000 International Residential Code (IRC), which includes the International Energy Conservation Code (IECC) as modified by the 2001 Supplement (IECC 2001), published by the ICC in March of 2001, as required by Senate Bill 5.

<sup>13</sup> The ASHRAE 90.1-1989 and 90.1-1999 weather stations are used in the emissions calculator for determining the building characteristics.

<sup>14</sup> The NREL stations were the primary source of the 1999 global horizontal, direct normal and diffuse solar radiation used to determine the 1999 peak-day and annual emissions for the DOE-2 simulations for code-compliant housing and commercial buildings.

<sup>15</sup> The TCEQ stations were used as the secondary source for global horizontal solar radiation when the NREL sites were missing data or no NREL site was nearby.

<sup>16</sup> The F-Chart and PV F-Chart weather locations are used to determine the solar thermal or electricity produced by the systems specified by the use in the emissions calculation. The monthly energy or electricity production from F-Chart or PV F-Chart is then weather-normalized using ASHRAE’s Inverse Model Toolkit to develop coefficients that are then used to determine the 1999 annual and peak day energy or electricity production for emissions calculations.

---

Energy Systems Laboratory, Texas A&M University System

#### 4.2 Energy Systems Laboratory's Responsibilities in the TERP.

In 2001, Texas Senate Bill 5 outlined the following responsibilities for the Energy Systems Laboratory (ESL) within the TERP:

- Sec. 386.205. Evaluation of State Energy Efficiency Programs.
- Sec. 388.003. Adoption of Building Energy Efficiency Performance Standards.
- Sec. 388.004. Enforcement of Energy Standards Outside of Municipality.
- Sec. 388.007. Distribution of Information and Technical Assistance.
- Sec. 388.008. Development of Home Energy Ratings.

These responsibilities were updated in 2003:

1) with House Bill 1365, including modifications to:

- Sec. 388.004. Enforcement of Energy Standards Outside of Municipality.
- Sec. 388.009. Energy-Efficient Building Program.

2) with House Bill 3235, including modifications to:

- Sec. 388.009. Certification of Municipal Building Inspectors.

These responsibilities were further updated in 2005:

- with Senate Bill 20, House Bill 2481, and 2129.

These responsibilities were further updated in 2007:

- with Senate Bill 12 and House Bill 3693.

These responsibilities were further updated in 2007:

- with Senate Bill 12 and House Bill 3693.

In the following sections each of these tasks is further described.

##### 4.2.1 (SB 5) Section 386.205. Evaluation of State Energy Efficiency Programs (w/PUCT).

The Laboratory is instructed to assist the Public Utility Commission of Texas (PUCT) and provide an annual report that quantifies by county the reductions of energy demand, peak loads, and associated emissions of air contaminants achieved from the programs implemented under this subchapter and from those implemented under Section 39.905, Utilities Code (i.e., Senate Bill 7).(SB 5) Sec. 388.003. Adoption of Building Energy Efficiency Performance Standards.

TERP adopts the energy efficiency chapter of the 2001 International Residential Code (2001 IRC) as an energy code for single-family residential construction, and the 2001 International Energy Conservation Code (2001 IECC) for all other residential, commercial and industrial construction in the state. It requires that municipalities establish procedures for administration and enforcement, and ensure that code-certified inspectors perform inspections.

TERP provides that local amendments, in non-attainment areas and affected counties, may not result in less stringent energy efficiency requirements. The Laboratory is to review local amendments, if requested, and submit an annual report of savings impacts to the TCEQ. The Laboratory is also authorized to collect fees for certain of its tasks in Sections 388.004, 388.007 and 388.008.

##### 4.2.3 (SB 5) Sec. 388.004. Enforcement of Energy Standards Outside of Municipality.

For construction outside of the local jurisdiction of a municipality, TERP provides for a building to comply if:

- a) a building certified by a national, state, or local accredited energy efficiency program shall be considered in compliance;
- b) a building with inspections from private code-certified inspectors using the energy efficiency chapter of the International Residential Code or International Energy Conservation Code shall be considered in compliance; and
- c) a builder who does not have access to either of the above methods for a building shall certify compliance using a form provided by the Laboratory, enumerating the code-compliance features of the building.

#### 4.2.4 (SB 5) Sec. 388.007. Distribution of Information and Technical Assistance.

The Laboratory is required to make available to builders, designers, engineers, and architects code implementation materials that explain the requirements of the International Energy Conservation Code and the energy efficiency chapter of the International Residential Code. TERP authorizes the Laboratory to develop simplified materials to be designed for projects in which a design professional is not involved. It also authorizes the Laboratory to provide local jurisdictions with technical assistance concerning implementation and enforcement of the International Energy Conservation Code and the energy efficiency chapter of the International Residential Code. (SB 5) Sec. 388.008.

##### Development of Home Energy Ratings.

TERP requires the Laboratory to develop a standardized report format to be used by providers of home energy ratings (HERs). The form must be designed to give potential buyers information on a structure's energy performance, including certain equipment. TERP requires the Laboratory to establish a public information program to inform homeowners, sellers, buyers, and others regarding home energy ratings.

#### 4.2.6 (HB 1365) Sec. 388.004. Enforcement of Energy Standards Outside of Municipality.

In 2003, House Bill 1365 modified Section 388.004 of The TERP to include the following new requirements:

- That builders shall retain for three years documentation which shows their building is in compliance with the Texas Building Energy Performance Standards, and that builders shall provide a copy of the compliance documentation to homeowners.
- That single-family residences built in unincorporated areas of counties, which were completed on or after September 1, 2001, but not later than August 31, 2003, are considered in compliance with the Texas Building Energy Performance Standards.

To help builders comply with these requirements, the Laboratory will enhance the current form, which is posted on the Laboratory's The TERP website.

#### 4.2.7 (HB 1365) Sec. 388.009. Energy-Efficient Building Program.

In 2003, House Bill 1365 modified the TERP, adding a new Section 388.009. In this section the General Land Office, the TCEQ and the Laboratory, working with an advisory committee, may develop an energy-efficient building accreditation program for buildings that exceed the building energy performance standards under Section 388.003 by 15% or more. This program shall be updated annually to include best available energy-efficient building practices. This program shall use a checklist system to produce an energy-efficient building scorecard to help: (1) home buyers compare potential homes and, by providing a copy of the completed scorecard to a mortgage lender, qualify for energy-efficient mortgages under the National Housing Act; and (2) communities qualify for emissions reduction credits by adopting codes that meet or exceed the energy-efficient building or energy performance standards established under this chapter. This effort may include a public information program to inform homeowners, sellers, buyers, and others regarding energy-efficient building ratings. The Laboratory shall establish a system to measure the reduction in energy and emissions produced under the energy-efficient building program and report those savings to the commission.

#### 4.2.8 (HB 3235) Sec. 388.009. Certification of Municipal Inspectors.

Also in 2003, House Bill 3235 modified the TERP to add the new Section 388.009. In this section the Laboratory is required to develop and administer a state-wide training program for municipal building inspectors who seek to become code-certified inspectors. To accomplish this, the Laboratory will work with national code organizations to assist participants in the certification program and is allowed to collect a reasonable fee from participants in the program to pay for the costs of administering the program. This program is required to be developed no later than January 1, 2004, with state-wide training sessions starting no later than March 1, 2004.

#### 4.2.9 (SB 20, HB 2481, HB 2129). Additional Energy-Efficiency Initiatives.

The 79<sup>th</sup> Legislature, through SB 20, HB 2481 and HB 2129, amended SB 5 to enhance its effectiveness by adding the following additional energy-efficiency initiatives, including requiring 5,880 MW of generating capacity from renewable energy technologies by 2015, and 500 MW from non-wind renewables.

This legislation also requires PUCT to establish a target of 10,000 MW of installed renewable capacity by 2025, and requires TCEQ to develop a methodology for computing emissions reductions from renewable energy initiatives and the associated credits. The Laboratory is to assist TCEQ in quantifying emissions reductions credits from energy-efficiency and renewable-energy programs, through a contract with the Texas Environmental Research Consortium (TERC) to develop and annually calculate creditable emissions reductions from wind and other renewable energy resources for the state's SIP.

Finally, this legislation requires the Laboratory to develop at least 3 alternative methods for achieving a 15 % greater potential energy savings in residential, commercial and industrial construction. To accomplish this, the Laboratory will be using the code-compliance calculator to ascertain which measures are best suited for reducing energy use without requiring substantial investments.

#### 4.2.10 (SB 12, HB 3693). Additional Energy-Efficiency Initiatives.

The 80<sup>th</sup> Legislature (2007), through SB 12, and HB 3693 amended SB 5 to enhance its effectiveness by adding several new energy efficiency initiatives. First, it requires the Laboratory to provide written recommendations to the State Energy Conservation Office (SECO) about whether or not the energy efficiency provisions of latest published edition of the International Residential Code (IRC), or the International Energy Conservation Code (IECC), are equivalent to or better than the energy efficiency and air quality achievable under the editions adopted under the 2001 IRC/IECC. The laboratory shall make its recommendations not later than six months after publication of new editions at the end of each three-year code development cycle of the International Residential Code and the International Energy Conservation Code. As part of this work with SECO, the Laboratory is required to consider comments made by persons who have an interest in the adoption of the energy codes in the recommendations made to SECO.

In addition, it requires the Laboratory to develop a standardized report format to be used by providers of home energy ratings, including different report formats for rating newly constructed residences from those for existing residences. The form must be designed to give potential buyers information on a structure's energy performance, including: insulation; types of windows; heating and cooling equipment; water heating equipment; additional energy conserving features, if any; results of performance measurements of building tightness and forced air distribution; and an overall rating of probable energy efficiency relative to the minimum requirements of the International Energy Conservation Code or the energy efficiency chapter of the International Residential Code, as appropriate.

It also encourages the Laboratory to cooperate with an industry organization or trade association to: develop guidelines for home energy ratings; provide training for individuals performing home energy ratings and providers of home energy ratings; and provide a registry of completed ratings for newly constructed residences and residential improvement projects for the purpose of computing the energy savings and emissions reductions benefits of the home energy ratings program. Finally, it requires the Laboratory shall to include information on the benefits attained from this program in an annual report to the commission.

## 5 PROGRESS: JANUARY 2006 TO JUNE 2007

### 5.1 (SB 5) Section 386.205. Evaluation of State Energy-Efficiency Programs (w/PUCT).

#### 5.1.1 Implemented Procedures for Evaluating State Energy-Efficiency Programs

In 2004 the Laboratory held several meetings with the Public Utility Commission of Texas to discuss the development of a framework for reporting emissions reduction from the State Energy Efficiency Programs administered by the PUCT. The State Energy-Efficiency Programs administered by the PUCT include programs under Senate Bill 7 (i.e., Section 39.905 Utilities Code) and Senate Bill 5.

In 2003 and 2004, the Laboratory worked with the TCEQ to identify a method to help the PUCT more accurately report their deemed savings as peak-day savings in 1999, using the Laboratory's new emissions reductions calculator. In 2005, this method was implemented in the TCEQ's Integrated Emissions Calculations, which was reported in the 2005 and 2006 annual report, and in this 2007 annual report.

### 5.2 (SB 5) Sec. 388.003. Adoption of Building Energy-Efficiency Performance Standards.

#### 5.2.1 Provide Code Training Sessions

During the 77<sup>th</sup> Legislature, Senate Bill 5 (SB 5) adopted the 2000 International Residential Code (IRC) as the energy code for single-family residential construction and the 2000 edition of the International Energy Conservation Code (IECC), with the 2001 Supplement for all other residential, commercial and industrial construction in the state. It requires that municipalities establish procedures for administration and enforcement, and ensure that code-certified inspectors perform inspections.

These codes are published by the International Code Council (ICC), which publishes a new edition every three years and a supplement in the intervening years. The 2003 Codes have been reviewed and determined to be no less stringent than the editions currently adopted by SB 5. Transition to the 2003 IRC and IECC can be easily accomplished.

Section 388.009 requires the Laboratory to develop and administer a state-wide training program for municipal building inspectors who seek to become code-certified inspectors. To accomplish this, the Laboratory developed the Energy Code Workshops which are based on the 2003 International Energy Conservation Code (IECC) as published by the International Code Council (ICC) for residential and commercial buildings. In addition, three more workshops were developed that offered software training, ASHRAE Standard 62.1 and ASHRAE Standard 90.1.

The Residential Energy Code Training Workshop and Commercial Requirements of the International Energy Conservation Workshop both include an overview of the TERP program and extensive instruction on all chapters of the IECC, which include the General requirements, definitions, and design conditions. The Residential Workshop also includes detailed instruction on Chapters 4, 5 and 6, which are the specific regulations relating to residential construction, in addition to a comparison of the IECC and the energy provisions of the International Residential Code (IRC). The Commercial Workshop includes detailed instruction on Chapters 7 and 8, which relate to commercial regulations and a summary of the relationship between ASHRAE 90.1 and the commercial provisions of the IECC.

The ASHRAE 90.1 Workshop includes a brief overview of SB 5 and a summary of the relationship between ASHRAE 90.1 and the Commercial provisions of the IECC. ASHRAE Standard 62.1 workshops provide training concerning ASHRAE commercial building ventilation rates. Software workshops were also developed to begin the training of the use of software for calculating code compliance.

Table 2: IECC / IRC Residential and ASHRAE 90.1 Commercial Building Code Workshops for TERP during the Period January to December 2007.

LOCATION	RESIDENTIAL	COMMERCIAL	SOFTWARE	ASHRAE 62.1	ASHRAE 90.1
Dallas				01/25/07	
Dallas					02/13/07
Dallas	02/13/07				
Austin	02/15/07				
Houston	03/13/07				
Houston					03/13/07
Dallas					03/14/07
Austin	03/15/07				
Austin					03/15/07
Dallas				04/10/07	
Dallas					04/11/07
Lubbock	04/17/07				
San Antonio	04/19/07				
Arlington (BPI)			05/16/07		
Longview			05/31/07		
Longview			05/31/07		
Fort Worth			09/14/07		
Forney	09/08/07				
Wichita Falls			09/06/07		
Wichita Falls	09/05/07				
Austin					07/11/07
College Station			06/22/07		
College Station			06/22/07		
Waco			06/21/07		
Waco			06/21/07		
Nacogdoches			06/01/07		
Nacogdoches			06/01/07		

### 5.2.2 Provide Recommendations on Code Upgrades.

During the 77<sup>th</sup> Legislature Senate Bill 5 (SB 5) adopted the 2000 International Residential Code (IRC) as the energy code for single-family residential construction, and the 2000 edition of the International Energy Conservation Code (IECC), with the 2001 Supplement for all other residential, commercial and industrial construction in the state. It requires that municipalities establish procedures for administration and enforcement, and ensure that code-certified inspectors perform inspections.

These codes are published by the International Code Council (ICC), which publishes a new edition every three years and a supplement in the intervening years. The 2003 Codes have been reviewed and determined to be no less stringent than the editions currently adopted by SB 5. Transition to the 2003 IRC and IECC can be easily accomplished.

The 2006 Codes have been reviewed and information regarding their stringency is presented in a later section.

### 5.2.3 Summary of ASHRAE Standard 90.1 Standards Committee Activities during 2007, and Ongoing Subcommittee Actions.

This segment reports on the activities of the ASHRAE 90.1 Standards Committee with regard to subcommittee actions and recommendations on addenda items for the next cycle of the Standard. Information presented is from the 2007 ASHRAE meetings in Dallas, TX (January) and in Long Beach, CA (June) as well as work done in between these main meetings by the subcommittees. Most of the Standard 90.1 subcommittees' work has involved updates to the 2004 version of ASHRAE 90.1 that will result in the 2007 version. The 90.1 Standards Subcommittee work is presented in order of: Lighting, Envelope, ECB (Energy Cost Budget) and Mechanical. What will be revealed in all of the reporting of committee work will be recommended or approved updates for the 2007 (and sometimes 2010) version of the 90.1 Standard.

#### 5.2.3.1 Documentation process of development of ASHRAE Standard 90.1

A documentation process is being developed to keep track of the changes and developments taking place in the evolution of ASHRAE Standard 90.1 over a period of time. The process involves preparing an excel catalog that will keep track of discussions and updates on the ASHRAE 90.1 Standard through several sources. The tracking process covers agendas, minutes and notes at ASHRAE Meetings; Interpretations of the existing standard, changes in proposals and responses to change proposals; Addendum to the standard and related interaction between different members; publication and presentations on the relevant topics. All this information is obtained from sources such as Email subscription to Building Energy Related mailing lists, Meeting Notes and the ASHRAE Website. A snapshot of the excel tracking sheet is presented in Figure 5.

SR.No.	File ID	Type	Subject	Author	Date
1	MBR 5-12-07	Fuel Prices	Presentation on ASHRAE Std. 90.1-2007	Merle McBride	Thursday, May 12, 2007
2	FPR 6-22-07	Fuel Prices	ISSUE 90.1 Standard 90.1 Fuel and Electric Prices	Larry Spielvogel	Wednesday, June 22, 2007
3	FPR 6-22-07	Fuel Prices	Relationship of CBECs Coverage to EIA Supply Surveys (DOE Explanation)		Thursday, June 23, 2007
4	CDT 6-23-07	Fuel Prices	Standard 90.1 Energy Cost Determination		Thursday, June 23, 2007
5	FPR 6-23-07	Fuel Prices	Standard 90.1 Energy Prices		Thursday, June 23, 2007
6	ACT 8-8-07	ACT	(Public Law 109-58) Energy Policy Act of 2005		Monday, August 08, 2007
7	INT 1-23-06	Interpretation	Interpretation IC 90.1-2004-3 of ANSI/ASHRAE/IESNA Standard		Monday, January 23, 2006
8	BLT 6-26-06	Bulletin	Internal Revenue Bulletin		Monday, June 26, 2006
9	GLA 1-02-06	Agenda	90.1 Energy cost Budget Subcommittee Meeting Agenda (Dallas-Jan.)	Jason Glazor	Tuesday, January 02, 2006
10	EXL 1-23-07	Fans calc.	PTAC Fans		Monday, January 22, 2007
11	DER 02-07-07	Tech Report	Energy Saving modeling and inspection guideline (NREL TAX DED)	M. Deru	Wednesday, February 07, 2007
12	INT 4-2-07	Interpretation	Interpretation IC 90.1-2004-7 of ANSI/ASHRAE/IESNA Standard		Monday, April 02, 2007
13	GLA 4-02-07	Agenda	90.1 Energy cost Budget Subcommittee Meeting Agenda (Chicago-Apr.)	Jason Glazor	Monday, April 02, 2007
14	ROS 04-05-07	Addenda	Addenda Review	Michael Rosenberg	Thursday, April 05, 2007
15	EXL 4-18-07	Energy Calc.	EER typical fan energy calculation		Wednesday, April 18, 2007
16	APDX 4-4-07	Appendix	Building Performance Method (ApndxG2004(th-mr))		Tuesday, April 24, 2007
17	DER 05-07-07	Tech Report	Energy Saving modeling and inspection guideline (NREL TAX DED)	M. Deru	Monday, May 07, 2007
18	APDX 6-6-07	Appendix	Building Performance Method (Appendix G of User's Manual for ASHRAE 2004)		Wednesday, June 06, 2007
19	NOT 6-6-07	Notice	Notice 2006-52 (Part III- Administrative, Procedural and Miscellaneous) Deductions for Energy Efficient commercial buildings		Wednesday, June 06, 2007
20	GLA 06-12-07	Agenda	Long Beach Meeting Agenda	Jason Glazor	Tuesday, June 12, 2007
21	PRC 6-25-07	Proposed Change	90.1 scope modifications proposal (Section 2.3c)	David Weitz	Monday, June 25, 2007
22	FPF 9-26-07	Section G	Fan Power Fix documentation(conversion to SI)		Tuesday, June 26, 2007
23	GLA 10-04-07	Agenda	October Meeting Agenda	Jason Glazor	Thursday, October 04, 2007
24	INT 10-12-07	Interpretation	Interpretation IC 90.1-2004-8 of ANSI/ASHRAE/IESNA Standard		Friday, October 12, 2007
25	INT 10-12-07	Interpretation	Interpretation IC 90.1-2004-10 of ANSI/ASHRAE/IESNA Standard		Friday, October 12, 2007
26	INT 10-13-07	Interpretation	Interpretation IC 90.1-2004-9 of ANSI/ASHRAE/IESNA Standard		Saturday, October 13, 2007
27	TAL 10-24-07	Addendum	Re: [BLDG-SIM] New Calculation method for Baseline Fan Energy in Addendum R	Bill Talbert	Wednesday, October 24, 2007
28	GLA 11-27-07	Addenda	Addenda R Comments	Jason Glazor	Tuesday, November 27, 2007
29	HOG 11-27-07	Addenda	Addenda R Comments	John Hogan	Tuesday, November 27, 2007
30	GLA 11-29-07	Addenda	Comments on Addenda R	Jason Glazor	Thursday, November 29, 2007
31	GLA 01-07-08	Agenda	Agenda for New York and Conference call on Jan 15	Jason Glazor	Monday, January 07, 2008
32	HAB 01-15-08	Agenda	Agenda for New York and Conference call on Jan 15	Jeff Haberl	Tuesday, January 15, 2008

Figure 5: Snapshot of the excel tracking sheet

The Excel sheet used to catalogue these developments and changes is divided into 5 tabs. Each tab exclusively keeps track of developments in each of the ASHRAE Subcommittees i.e. ECB, envelope, lighting, mechanical and main committee meetings. Documents coming from various sources are transferred to the respective folders. Details of each input such as subject, author, source, date of actual document and date are also tracked. Depending on content, each document is categorized with keywords such as 'interpretation', 'addendum', etc. A unique tracking number is given to



document by combining author initials and date or keyword initials and date. A hyperlink is provided to access the actual document.

*Summary of ASHRAE Standards Committee Activities during 2006 - 07, and ongoing subcommittee actions*

The following paragraphs summarize discussions at the ASRAE Standards Committee meetings at Dallas, January 2007 and Long Beach June 2007.

#### 5.2.3.2 Summary comment on the status on the 90.1 standard

##### Overall agenda

1. Continuance of the 30-50-70 % reduction in energy initiative began a few years ago.
2. Announcement of other directives/mandates for new reduction targets for years leading up to 2031, to reach Net Zero buildings by that date. Full committee is to examine the statements to reach clarity on interpretation of the mandated targets.
3. Motion passed that ASHRAE make available free copies of Standard 90.1-2007 to building code officials in jurisdictions that have adopted the Standard. Response the overwhelming concern expressed by standards users that ASHRAE should focus more on promoting its standards to code officials in order to achieve uniform and correct interpretation. The 2005 Market Needs Research Report found that 92% of respondents either agreed or strongly agreed that this is a direction the ASHRAE should take. The suggestion to provide Standard 90.1 to code officials seems like the very minimum toward equipping them with the tools they would need for proper enforcement.
4. Motion that responds to the request by standards users (per the 2005 Market Needs Research Report) to include more application examples along with the standards the ASHRAE produces. Standard 90.1 has the benefit of its User's Manual; combining the standard with the Manual would make its value inseparable.
5. Other discussions included Proposed changes to the IECC , using energy cost vs. energy usage in the 90.1 standard, and a proposal on inclusion of linked criteria selection for ASHRAE standard 90.1 2010.

#### 5.2.3.3 From Lighting Subcommittee

1. Second draft to the lighting benchmark criteria for the AEDG discussed. Several cosmetic changes were recommended to the draft. Significant changes include the addition of retail and institutional spaces to the table describing lighting quality issues. The advanced building benchmark provides a general overview of the lighting and daylighting issues designers face when designing an energy-efficient building—after the overview, subsequent sections provide more detailed guidance for meeting the specific Advanced Buildings Benchmark criteria.
2. Lighting requirements for 90.1 2001 with 2004 addenda and IECC 2003 compared. These include pointing differences regarding automatic lighting shutoff, additional controls, tandem wiring, exterior building lighting power and electrical energy consumption.
3. Four proposals for lighting requirements for IECC 2006 were reviewed. They are: Lighting for retail stores, Line-voltage lighting track and plug-in busway, and Interior lighting power.
4. Changes to the exterior lighting specifications proposed in 90.1 2007 discussed. This proposal will apply a 4-zone lighting power density approach to exterior lighting requirements. This approach recognizes the varying lighting needs and design differences associated with different building locations. It is acceptable and prudent to reduce the light levels as the designer leaves the downtown city center entering into mixed commercial/high-rise residential districts, then enters into residential areas, and then into rural areas. The proposed changes are summarized in Table 3, Table 4a, b and Table 6c.

Table 3: Proposed Table 9.4.5 for Exterior Lighting Zones

Lighting Zone	Description
1	Developed areas of National Parks, State Parks, Forest Land, and Rural areas
2	Areas predominantly consisting of residential zoning, neighborhood business districts, light industrial with limited nighttime use and residential mixed use areas
3	All other areas
4	High activity commercial districts in major metropolitan areas as designated by the local jurisdiction

Table 4: Proposed Table 9.4.6 for Individual Lighting Power Allowances for Building Exteriors

	Zone 4	Zone 3	Zone 2	Zone 1
Base Site Allowance  (base allowance may be used in tradable or non-tradable surfaces)	1300 W	750 W	600 W	500 W

Table 5: Proposed Table 9.4.6 for Individual Lighting Power Allowances for Building Exteriors

Tradable Surfaces (Lighting power densities for uncovered parking areas, building grounds, building entrances and exits, canopies and overhangs and outdoor sales areas may be traded.)	Uncovered Parking Areas				
	Parking areas and drives	0.13 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.10 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.06 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.04 W/ft <sup>2</sup>
	Building Grounds				
	Walkways less than 10 feet wide	1.0 W/linear foot	0.8 W/linear foot	0.7 W/linear foot	0.7 W/linear foot
	Walkways 10 feet wide or greater	0.2 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.16 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.14 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.14 W/ft <sup>2</sup>
	Plaza areas				
	Special Feature Areas				
	Stairways	1.0 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	1.0 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	1.0 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.75 W/ft <sup>2</sup>
	Pedestrian Tunnels	0.3 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.2 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.15 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.15 W/ft <sup>2</sup>
	Landscaping	0.05 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.05 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.05 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.04 W/ft <sup>2</sup>
	Building Entrances and Exits				
	Main entries	30 W/linear foot of door width	30 W/linear foot of door width	20 W/linear foot of door width	20 W/linear foot of door width
	Other doors	20 W/linear foot of door width	20 W/linear foot of door width	20 W/linear foot of door width	20 W/linear foot of door width
	Entry Canopies	0.4 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.4 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.25 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.25 W/ft <sup>2</sup>
	Sales Canopies				
	free standing and attached	1.0 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.8 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.6 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.6 W/ft <sup>2</sup>
	Outdoor Sales				
	Open areas (including	0.7 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.5 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.25 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.25 W/ft <sup>2</sup>

	vehicle sales lots)				
	Street frontage for vehicle sales lots in addition to “open area” allowance	30 W/linear foot	10 W/linear foot	10 W/linear foot	No allowance

Table 6: Proposed Table 9.4.6 for Individual Lighting Power Allowances for Building Exteriors

Non-Tradable Surfaces (Lighting power density calculations for the following applications can be used only for the specific application and can-not be traded between surfaces or with other exterior lighting. The following allowances are in addition to any allowance otherwise permitted in the “tradable Surfaces” section of this table.)	Building Facades	0.2 W/ft <sup>2</sup> for each illuminated wall or surface or 5.0 W/linear foot for each illuminated wall or surface length	0.15 W/ft <sup>2</sup> for each illuminated wall or surface or 3.75 W/linear foot for each illuminated wall or surface length	0.1 W/ft <sup>2</sup> for each illuminated wall or surface or 2.5 W/linear foot for each illuminated wall or surface length	No allowance
	Automated teller machines and night depositories	270 W per location plus 90 W per additional ATM per location	270 W per location plus 90 W per additional ATM per location	270 W per location plus 90 W per additional ATM per location	270 W per location plus 90 W per additional ATM per location
	Entrances and gatehouse inspection stations at guarded facilities	0.75 W/ft <sup>2</sup> of covered and uncovered area	0.75 W/ft <sup>2</sup> of covered and uncovered area	0.75 W/ft <sup>2</sup> of covered and uncovered area	0.75 W/ft <sup>2</sup> of covered and uncovered area
	Loading areas for law enforcement, fire, ambulance and other emergency service vehicles	0.5 W/ft <sup>2</sup> of covered and uncovered area	0.5 W/ft <sup>2</sup> of covered and uncovered area	0.5 W/ft <sup>2</sup> of covered and uncovered area	0.5 W/ft <sup>2</sup> of covered and uncovered area
	Drive-up windows/doors	400 W per drive-through	400 W per drive-through	400 W per drive-through	400 W per drive-through
	Parking near 24-hour retail entrances	800 W per main entry	800 W per main entry	800 W per main entry	800 W per main entry

5. Revisions to addendum “d” High performance skylighting discussed and passed. The proposed addendum would provide an exemption to the SHGC requirements when high-diffusion skylights are used in conjunction with a multi-level photocontrol system.
6. Daylighting controls and interpretations related to daylight controls –
  - Proposed Table 7 which presents the control factors used in calculating additional interior lighting power allowances. The additional interior lighting power Allowance are calculated by using the equation  
 Additional Interior Lighting Power Allowance = Lighting Power Under Control x Control Factor
  - Second motion is approve response to reject proposed changes to use skylight requirements also on rooftop monitors, clerestories, etc.
  - Regarding photo multi-level control interpretation: Proposal to approve response to assert that multi-level control included continuous dimming devices.

- Motion to approve response to reject proposal to exempt photo controls when they are not cost-effective. Occupancy sensors exempt the requirements for daylighting controls.
- 7. Voted to reject first proposal on Lighting Power Density table revisions.

Table 7: Proposed Table 9.6.2 Control Factors Used in Calculating Additional Interior Lighting Power Allowance

	Control Factors										
	Additional Control Method (in addition to mandatory requirements)										
Space Type	Personal space dimming control or other manual dimming control	Tuning	Multi-scene dimming control	Bi-level switching	Occupancy Sensing	Vacancy sensing	Daylight switching from sidelit applications	Daylight dimming from sidelit applications	Daylight switching from skylit applications (< 5,000 sq.ft.)	Daylight dimming from skylit applications (< 5,000 sq.ft.)	Monitoring
Open office	0.05						0.15	0.25	0.15	0.25	
Private office	0.05										
Conf./meeting room	0		M		M	M					
Classroom (lecture/training)	0		M		M	M					
Lobby	0										
Atrium	0										
Dining area	0										
Restrooms					0.40	0.40					
Corridors/stairways						0					
Gym	0	0			0	0					
Patient room					0	0					
Medical examination room					0	0					
Retail sales area	0				0	0					
Back of house (retail)											
Mall concourse	0				0	0					
Notes:											
1) M = mandatory requirement or one of two or more alternative mandatory requirements 2) Control factors for multiple control methods in the same space may be added together to get total control factor for the space.											

#### 5.2.3.4 From Envelope Subcommittee

1. Envelope subcommittee discussions centered on orientation aspects for additions modifications in ASHRAE standard 90.1 2007. To reduce solar gains from the east and west in climate zones 1 through 4 and from the west in climate zones 5 and 6, the fenestration area and SHGC shall meet certain requirements as proposed.
2. Proposed changes to vestibule requirements are up for public review. The exterior envelope of conditioned vestibules shall comply with the requirements for a conditioned space. The interior and exterior envelope of unconditioned vestibules shall comply with the requirements for a semi-heated space. Zonal criteria have been added for zones 3 and 4 depending on the size of the building.
3. Update envelope R-value criteria table for semi-heated metal buildings. This proposed addendum updates the building envelope criteria for metal buildings for the first time since 90.1-1999. Other envelope criteria were updated through addenda as and at. Table 8 to Table 16 record the changes for metal roofs and walls as proposed in addendum al. Table 17 and Table 18 present the modified values of typical construction assemblies listed in Normative Appendix A which are used to determine compliance.

Table 8: Proposed building envelope requirements for climate zone 1(A,B)

TABLE 5.5-1 Building Envelope Requirements For Climate Zone 1 (A,B)							
		Nonresidential		Residential		Semiheated	
		Assembly	Insulation Min.	Assembly	Insulation Min.	Assembly	Insulation Min.
	Opaque Elements	Maximum	R-Value	Maximum	R-Value	Maximum	R-Value
<i>Roofs</i>							
	Insulation Entirely above Deck	U-0.063	R-15.0 ci	U-0.063	R-15.0 ci	U-1.282	NR
	Metal Building <sup>a</sup>	U-0.065	R-19.0	U-0.065	R-19.0	U-1.280	NR
						U-0.167	R-6.0
	Attic and Other	U-0.034	R-30.0	U-0.027	R-38.0	U-0.614	NR
<i>Walls, Above Grade</i>							
	Mass	U-0.580	NR	U-0.151 <sup>ab</sup>	R-5.7 ci <sup>ab</sup>	U-0.580	NR
	Metal Building	U-0.113	R-13.0	U-0.113	R-13.0	U-1.180	NR
		U-0.093	R-16.0	U-0.093	R-16.0		
	Steel Framed	U-0.124	R-13.0	U-0.124	R-13.0	U-0.352	NR
	Wood Framed and Other	U-0.089	R-13.0	U-0.089	R-13.0	U-0.292	NR
<i>Wall, Below Grade</i>							
	Below Grade Wall	C-1.140	NR	C-1.140	NR	C-1.140	NR
<i>Floors</i>							
	Mass	U-0.322	NR	U-0.322	NR	U-0.322	NR
	Steel Joist	U-0.350	NR	U-0.350	NR	U-0.350	NR
	Wood Framed and Other	U-0.282	NR	U-0.282	NR	U-0.282	NR
<i>Slab-On-Grade Floors</i>							
	Unheated	F-0.730	NR	F-0.730	NR	F-0.730	NR
	Heated	F-1.020	R-7.5 for 12 in.	F-1.020	R-7.5 for 12 in.	F-1.020	R-7.5 for 12 in.
<i>Opaque Doors</i>							
	Swinging	U-0.700		U-0.700		U-0.700	
	Non-Swinging	U-1.450		U-1.450		U-1.450	
		Assembly	Assembly Max.	Assembly	Assembly Max.	Assembly	Assembly Max.
		Max. U	SHGC (All	Max. U	SHGC (All	Max. U	SHGC (All
		(Fixed/	Orientations/	(Fixed/	Orientations/	(Fixed/	Orientations/
	Fenestration	Operable)	North-Oriented)	Operable)	North-Oriented)	Operable	North-Oriented)
<i>Vertical Glazing, % of Wall</i>							
	0-10.0%	fixed <sup>1.22</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.22</sup> all <sup>1.22</sup>	fixed <sup>1.22</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.22</sup> all <sup>1.22</sup>	fixed <sup>1.22</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.22</sup> all <sup>1.22</sup>
		oper <sup>1.27</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.27</sup> north <sup>1.27</sup>	oper <sup>1.27</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.27</sup> north <sup>1.27</sup>	oper <sup>1.27</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.27</sup> north <sup>1.27</sup>
	10.1-20.0%	fixed <sup>1.22</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.22</sup> all <sup>1.22</sup>	fixed <sup>1.22</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.22</sup> all <sup>1.22</sup>	fixed <sup>1.22</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.22</sup> all <sup>1.22</sup>
		oper <sup>1.27</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.27</sup> north <sup>1.27</sup>	oper <sup>1.27</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.27</sup> north <sup>1.27</sup>	oper <sup>1.27</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.27</sup> north <sup>1.27</sup>
	20.1-30.0%	fixed <sup>1.22</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.22</sup> all <sup>1.22</sup>	fixed <sup>1.22</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.22</sup> all <sup>1.22</sup>	fixed <sup>1.22</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.22</sup> all <sup>1.22</sup>
		oper <sup>1.27</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.27</sup> north <sup>1.27</sup>	oper <sup>1.27</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.27</sup> north <sup>1.27</sup>	oper <sup>1.27</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.27</sup> north <sup>1.27</sup>
	30.1-40.0%	fixed <sup>1.22</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.22</sup> all <sup>1.22</sup>	fixed <sup>1.22</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.22</sup> all <sup>1.22</sup>	fixed <sup>1.22</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.22</sup> all <sup>1.22</sup>
		oper <sup>1.27</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.27</sup> north <sup>1.27</sup>	oper <sup>1.27</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.27</sup> north <sup>1.27</sup>	oper <sup>1.27</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.27</sup> north <sup>1.27</sup>
	40.1-50.0%	fixed <sup>1.22</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.22</sup> all <sup>1.22</sup>	fixed <sup>1.22</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.22</sup> all <sup>1.22</sup>	fixed <sup>1.22</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.22</sup> all <sup>1.22</sup>
		oper <sup>1.27</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.27</sup> north <sup>1.27</sup>	oper <sup>1.27</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.27</sup> north <sup>1.27</sup>	oper <sup>1.27</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.27</sup> north <sup>1.27</sup>
<i>Skylight with Curb, Glass, % of Roof</i>							
	0-2.0%	all <sup>1.30</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.30</sup> all <sup>1.30</sup>	all <sup>1.30</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.30</sup> all <sup>1.30</sup>	all <sup>1.30</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.30</sup> all <sup>1.30</sup>
	2.1-5.0%	all <sup>1.30</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.30</sup> all <sup>1.30</sup>	all <sup>1.30</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.30</sup> all <sup>1.30</sup>	all <sup>1.30</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.30</sup> all <sup>1.30</sup>
<i>Skylight with Curb, Plastic, % of Roof</i>							
	0-2.0%	all <sup>1.30</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.30</sup> all <sup>1.30</sup>	all <sup>1.30</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.30</sup> all <sup>1.30</sup>	all <sup>1.30</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.30</sup> all <sup>1.30</sup>
	2.1-5.0%	all <sup>1.30</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.30</sup> all <sup>1.30</sup>	all <sup>1.30</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.30</sup> all <sup>1.30</sup>	all <sup>1.30</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.30</sup> all <sup>1.30</sup>
<i>Skylight without Curb, All, % of Roof</i>							
	0-2.0%	all <sup>1.35</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.35</sup> all <sup>1.35</sup>	all <sup>1.35</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.35</sup> all <sup>1.35</sup>	all <sup>1.35</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.35</sup> all <sup>1.35</sup>
	2.1-5.0%	all <sup>1.35</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.35</sup> all <sup>1.35</sup>	all <sup>1.35</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.35</sup> all <sup>1.35</sup>	all <sup>1.35</sup>	SHGC <sup>1.35</sup> all <sup>1.35</sup>

<sup>a</sup> When using R-value compliance method, a thermal spacer block is required, otherwise use the U-Factor compliance method. See Table A2.3.

<sup>ab</sup> Exception to A3.1.3.1 applies.

Table 9: Proposed building envelope requirements for climate zone 2(A,B)

TABLE 5.5-2 Building Envelope Requirements For Climate Zone 2 (A,B)							
	Nonresidential		Residential		Semiheated		
	Assembly	Insulation Min.	Assembly	Insulation Min.	Assembly	Insulation Min.	
Opaque Elements	Maximum	R-Value	Maximum	R-Value	Maximum	R-Value	
<b>Roofs</b>							
Insulation Entirely above Deck	U-0.063	R-15.0 ci	U-0.063	R-15.0 ci	U-0.218	R-3.8 ci	
Metal Building <sup>a</sup>	U-0.065 U-0.055	R-19.0 R-13.0 + R-13.0	U-0.065 U-0.055	R-19.0 R-13.0 + R-13.0	U-0.167	R-6.0	
Attic and Other	U-0.034	R-30.0	U-0.027	R-38.0	U-0.081	R-13.0	
<b>Walls, Above Grade</b>							
Mass	U-0.580	NR	U-0.151 <sup>ab</sup>	R-5.7 ci <sup>ab</sup>	U-0.580	NR	
Metal Building	U-0.113 U-0.093	R-13.0 R-16.0	U-0.113 U-0.093	R-13.0 R-16.0	U-0.184	R-6.0	
Steel Framed	U-0.124	R-13.0	U-0.124	R-13.0	U-0.352	NR	
Wood Framed and Other	U-0.089	R-13.0	U-0.089	R-13.0	U-0.292	NR	
<b>Wall, Below Grade</b>							
Below Grade Wall	C-1.140	NR	C-1.140	NR	C-1.140	NR	
<b>Floors</b>							
Mass	U-0.137	R-4.2 ci	U-0.107	R-6.3 ci	U-0.322	NR	
Steel Joist	U-0.052	R-19.0	U-0.052	R-19.0	U-0.350	NR	
Wood Framed and Other	U-0.051	R-19.0	U-0.051	R-19.0	U-0.282	NR	
<b>Slab-On-Grade Floors</b>							
Unheated	F-0.730	NR	F-0.730	NR	F-0.730	NR	
Heated	F-1.020	R-7.5 for 12 in.	F-1.020	R-7.5 for 12 in.	F-1.020	R-7.5 for 12 in.	
<b>Opaque Doors</b>							
Swinging	U-0.700		U-0.700		U-0.700		
Non-Swinging	U-1.450		U-1.450		U-1.450		
	Assembly	Assembly Max.	Assembly	Assembly Max.	Assembly	Assembly Max.	
	Max. U	SHGC (All	Max. U	SHGC (All	Max. U	SHGC (All	
	(Fixed/	Orientations/	(Fixed/	Orientations/	(Fixed/	Orientations/	
Fenestration	Operable)	North-Oriented)	Operable)	North-Oriented)	Operable)	North-Oriented)	
<b>Vertical Glazing, % of Wall</b>							
0-10.0%	fixed <sup>a</sup> 1.25 oper <sup>a</sup> 1.25	SHGC: all 0.25 north 0.61	fixed <sup>a</sup> 1.25 oper <sup>a</sup> 1.25	SHGC: all 0.39 north 0.61	fixed <sup>a</sup> 1.25 oper <sup>a</sup> 1.25	SHGC: all NR north NR	
10.1-20.0%	fixed <sup>a</sup> 1.25 oper <sup>a</sup> 1.25	SHGC: all 0.25 north 0.61	fixed <sup>a</sup> 1.25 oper <sup>a</sup> 1.25	SHGC: all 0.39 north 0.61	fixed <sup>a</sup> 1.25 oper <sup>a</sup> 1.25	SHGC: all NR north NR	
20.1-30.0%	fixed <sup>a</sup> 1.25 oper <sup>a</sup> 1.25	SHGC: all 0.25 north 0.61	fixed <sup>a</sup> 1.25 oper <sup>a</sup> 1.25	SHGC: all 0.39 north 0.61	fixed <sup>a</sup> 1.25 oper <sup>a</sup> 1.25	SHGC: all NR north NR	
30.1-40.0%	fixed <sup>a</sup> 1.25 oper <sup>a</sup> 1.25	SHGC: all 0.25 north 0.61	fixed <sup>a</sup> 1.25 oper <sup>a</sup> 1.25	SHGC: all 0.39 north 0.61	fixed <sup>a</sup> 1.25 oper <sup>a</sup> 1.25	SHGC: all NR north NR	
40.1-50.0%	fixed <sup>a</sup> 1.25 oper <sup>a</sup> 1.25	SHGC: all 0.17 north 0.44	fixed <sup>a</sup> 1.25 oper <sup>a</sup> 1.25	SHGC: all 0.17 north 0.43	fixed <sup>a</sup> 1.25 oper <sup>a</sup> 1.25	SHGC: all NR north NR	
<b>Skylight with Curb, Glass, % of Roof</b>							
0-2.0%	all <sup>a</sup> 1.96	SHGC: all 0.36	all <sup>a</sup> 1.96	SHGC: all 0.19	all <sup>a</sup> 1.96	SHGC: all NR	
2.1-5.0%	all <sup>a</sup> 1.96	SHGC: all 0.19	all <sup>a</sup> 1.96	SHGC: all 0.19	all <sup>a</sup> 1.96	SHGC: all NR	
<b>Skylight with Curb, Plastic, % of Roof</b>							
0-2.0%	all <sup>a</sup> 1.96	SHGC: all 0.39	all <sup>a</sup> 1.96	SHGC: all 0.27	all <sup>a</sup> 1.96	SHGC: all NR	
2.1-5.0%	all <sup>a</sup> 1.96	SHGC: all 0.36	all <sup>a</sup> 1.96	SHGC: all 0.27	all <sup>a</sup> 1.96	SHGC: all NR	
<b>Skylight without Curb, All, % of Roof</b>							
0-2.0%	all <sup>a</sup> 1.96	SHGC: all 0.36	all <sup>a</sup> 1.96	SHGC: all 0.19	all <sup>a</sup> 1.96	SHGC: all NR	
2.1-5.0%	all <sup>a</sup> 1.96	SHGC: all 0.19	all <sup>a</sup> 1.96	SHGC: all 0.19	all <sup>a</sup> 1.96	SHGC: all NR	

<sup>a</sup> When using R-value compliance method, a thermal spacer block is required, otherwise use the U-Factor compliance method. See Table A2.1.

<sup>ab</sup> Exception to A3.1.3.1 applies.

Table 10: Proposed building envelope requirements for climate zone 3(A,B,C)

TABLE 5.5-3 Building Envelope Requirements For Climate Zone 3 (A,B,C)							
		Nonresidential		Residential		Semiheated	
		Assembly	Insulation Min.	Assembly	Insulation Min.	Assembly	Insulation Min.
Opaque Elements		Maximum	R-Value	Maximum	R-Value	Maximum	R-Value
<b>Roofs</b>							
Insulation Entirely above Deck		U-0.063	R-15.0 ci	U-0.063	R-15.0 ci	U-0.218	R-3.8 ci
Metal Building <sup>a</sup>		U-0.065 U-0.055	R-19.0 R-13.0 + R-13.0	U-0.065 U-0.055	R-19.0 R-13.0 + R-13.0	U-0.097	R-10.0
Attic and Other		U-0.034	R-30.0	U-0.027	R-38.0	U-0.081	R-13.0
<b>Walls, Above Grade</b>							
Mass		U-0.151 <sup>ab</sup>	R-5.7 ci <sup>ab</sup>	U-0.123	R-7.6 ci	U-0.580	NR
Metal Building		U-0.113 U-0.084	R-13.0 R-19.0	U-0.113 U-0.084	R-13.0 R-19.0	U-0.184 U-0.134	R-6.0 R-10.0
Steel Framed		U-0.124	R-13.0	U-0.084	R-13.0 + R-3.8 ci	U-0.352	NR
Wood Framed and Other		U-0.089	R-13.0	U-0.089	R-13.0	U-0.089	R-13.0
<b>Wall, Below Grade</b>							
Below Grade Wall		C-1.140	NR	C-1.140	NR	C-1.140	NR
<b>Floors</b>							
Mass		U-0.107	R-6.3 ci	U-0.087	R-8.3 ci	U-0.322	NR
Steel Joist		U-0.052	R-19.0	U-0.052	R-19.0	U-0.069	R-13.0
Wood Framed and Other		U-0.051	R-19.0	U-0.033	R-30.0	U-0.282	NR
<b>Slab-On-Grade Floors</b>							
Unheated		F-0.730	NR	F-0.730	NR	F-0.730	NR
Heated		F-1.020	R-7.5 for 12 in.	F-1.020	R-7.5 for 12 in.	F-1.020	R-7.5 for 12 in.
<b>Opaque Doors</b>							
Swinging		U-0.700		U-0.700		U-0.700	
Non-Swinging		U-1.450		U-0.500		U-1.450	
		Assembly	Assembly Max.	Assembly	Assembly Max.	Assembly	Assembly Max.
		Max. U	SHGC (All	Max. U	SHGC (All	Max. U	SHGC (All
		(Fixed/	Orientations/	(Fixed/	Orientations/	(Fixed/	Orientations/
Fenestration (for Zones 3A and 3B; see next page for Zone 3C)		Operable)	North-Oriented)	Operable)	North-Oriented)	Operable)	North-Oriented)
<b>Vertical Glazing, % of Wall</b>							
0-10.0%		fixed <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>	fixed <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>	fixed <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>
		oper <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> north <sup>a,39</sup>	oper <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> north <sup>a,39</sup>	oper <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> north <sup>a,39</sup>
10.1-20.0%		fixed <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>	fixed <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>	fixed <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>
		oper <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> north <sup>a,39</sup>	oper <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> north <sup>a,39</sup>	oper <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> north <sup>a,39</sup>
20.1-30.0%		fixed <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>	fixed <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>	fixed <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>
		oper <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> north <sup>a,39</sup>	oper <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> north <sup>a,39</sup>	oper <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> north <sup>a,39</sup>
30.1-40.0%		fixed <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>	fixed <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>	fixed <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>
		oper <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> north <sup>a,39</sup>	oper <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> north <sup>a,39</sup>	oper <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> north <sup>a,39</sup>
40.1-50.0%		fixed <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>	fixed <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>	fixed <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>
		oper <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> north <sup>a,39</sup>	oper <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> north <sup>a,39</sup>	oper <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> north <sup>a,39</sup>
<b>Skylight with Curb, Glass, % of Roof</b>							
0-2.0%		all <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>	all <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>	all <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>
2.1-5.0%		all <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>	all <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>	all <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>
<b>Skylight with Curb, Plastic, % of Roof</b>							
0-2.0%		all <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>	all <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>	all <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>
2.1-5.0%		all <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>	all <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>	all <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>
<b>Skylight without Curb, All, % of Roof</b>							
0-2.0%		all <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>	all <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>	all <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>
2.1-5.0%		all <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>	all <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>	all <sup>a,37</sup>	SHGC <sup>a</sup> all <sup>a,39</sup>

<sup>a</sup> When using R-value compliance method, a thermal spacer block is required, otherwise use the U-Factor compliance method. See Table A2.3.

<sup>ab</sup> Exception to A3.1.3.1 applies.



Table 11: Proposed building envelope requirements for climate zone 3C

TABLE 5.5-3 (continued) Building Fenestration Requirements For Climate Zone 3C							
		Nonresidential		Residential		Semiheated	
		Assembly	Assembly Max.	Assembly	Assembly Max.	Assembly	Assembly Max.
		Max. U	SHGC (All	Max. U	SHGC (All	Max. U	SHGC (All
		(Fixed/ Operable)	Orientations/ North-Oriented)	(Fixed/ Operable)	Orientations/ North-Oriented)	(Fixed/ Operable)	Orientations/ North-Oriented)
<i>Vertical Glazing, % of Wall</i>							
	0-10.0%	$U_{fixed}^{-1.22}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.61}$	$U_{fixed}^{-1.22}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.61}$	$U_{fixed}^{-1.22}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.61}$
		$U_{oper}^{-1.27}$	$SHGC_{north}^{-0.92}$	$U_{oper}^{-1.27}$	$SHGC_{north}^{-0.92}$	$U_{oper}^{-1.27}$	$SHGC_{north}^{-0.92}$
	10.1-20.0%	$U_{fixed}^{-1.22}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.39}$	$U_{fixed}^{-1.22}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.61}$	$U_{fixed}^{-1.22}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.61}$
		$U_{oper}^{-1.27}$	$SHGC_{north}^{-0.61}$	$U_{oper}^{-1.27}$	$SHGC_{north}^{-0.61}$	$U_{oper}^{-1.27}$	$SHGC_{north}^{-0.61}$
	20.1-30.0%	$U_{fixed}^{-1.22}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.39}$	$U_{fixed}^{-1.22}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.39}$	$U_{fixed}^{-1.22}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.39}$
		$U_{oper}^{-1.27}$	$SHGC_{north}^{-0.61}$	$U_{oper}^{-1.27}$	$SHGC_{north}^{-0.61}$	$U_{oper}^{-1.27}$	$SHGC_{north}^{-0.61}$
	30.1-40.0%	$U_{fixed}^{-1.22}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.39}$	$U_{fixed}^{-1.22}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.39}$	$U_{fixed}^{-1.22}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.39}$
		$U_{oper}^{-1.27}$	$SHGC_{north}^{-0.61}$	$U_{oper}^{-1.27}$	$SHGC_{north}^{-0.61}$	$U_{oper}^{-1.27}$	$SHGC_{north}^{-0.61}$
	40.1-50.0%	$U_{fixed}^{-1.22}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.39}$	$U_{fixed}^{-0.13}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.23}$	$U_{fixed}^{-0.58}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.61}$
		$U_{oper}^{-1.27}$	$SHGC_{north}^{-0.39}$	$U_{oper}^{-0.31}$	$SHGC_{north}^{-0.61}$	$U_{oper}^{-1.02}$	$SHGC_{north}^{-0.61}$
<i>Skylight with Curb, Glass, % of Roof</i>							
	0-2.0%	$U_{all}^{-1.98}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.61}$	$U_{all}^{-1.98}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.39}$	$U_{all}^{-1.98}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.61}$
	2.1-5.0%	$U_{all}^{-1.98}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.39}$	$U_{all}^{-1.98}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.19}$	$U_{all}^{-1.98}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.61}$
<i>Skylight with Curb, Plastic, % of Roof</i>							
	0-2.0%	$U_{all}^{-1.98}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.61}$	$U_{all}^{-1.98}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.61}$	$U_{all}^{-1.98}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.61}$
	2.1-5.0%	$U_{all}^{-1.98}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.39}$	$U_{all}^{-1.98}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.39}$	$U_{all}^{-1.98}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.61}$
<i>Skylight without Curb, All, % of Roof</i>							
	0-2.0%	$U_{all}^{-1.35}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.61}$	$U_{all}^{-1.35}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.39}$	$U_{all}^{-1.35}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.61}$
	2.1-5.0%	$U_{all}^{-1.35}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.39}$	$U_{all}^{-1.35}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.19}$	$U_{all}^{-1.35}$	$SHGC_{all}^{-0.61}$

Table 12: Proposed building envelope requirements for climate zone 4(A,B,C)

TABLE 5.5-4 Building Envelope Requirements For Climate Zone 4 (A,B,C)							
		Nonresidential		Residential		Semiheated	
	Opaque Elements	Assembly Maximum	Insulation Min. R-Value	Assembly Maximum	Insulation Min. R-Value	Assembly Maximum	Insulation Min. R-Value
<i>Roofs</i>							
	Insulation Entirely above Deck	U-0.063	R-15.0 ci	U-0.063	R-15.0 ci	U-0.218	R-3.8 ci
	Metal Building <sup>a</sup>	U-0.065	R-19.0	U-0.065	R-19.0	U-0.097	R-10.0
		U-0.055	R-13.0 + R-13.0	U-0.055	R-13.0 + R-13.0		
	Attic and Other	U-0.034	R-30.0	U-0.027	R-38.0	U-0.081	R-13.0
<i>Walls, Above Grade</i>							
	Mass	U-0.151 <sup>a,b</sup>	R-5.7 ci <sup>a,b</sup>	U-0.104	R-9.5 ci	U-0.580	NR
	Metal Building	U-0.113	R-13.0	U-0.113	R-13.0	U-0.134	R-10.0
		U-0.084	R-19.0	U-0.084	R-19.0		
	Steel Framed	U-0.124	R-13.0	U-0.064	R-13.0 + R-7.5 ci	U-0.124	R-13.0
	Wood Framed and Other	U-0.089	R-13.0	U-0.089	R-13.0	U-0.089	R-13.0
<i>Wall, Below Grade</i>							
	Below Grade Wall	C-1.140	NR	C-1.140	NR	C-1.140	NR
<i>Floors</i>							
	Mass	U-0.107	R-6.3 ci	U-0.087	R-8.3 ci	U-0.322	NR
	Steel Joist	U-0.052	R-19.0	U-0.038	R-30.0	U-0.069	R-13.0
	Wood Framed and Other	U-0.051	R-19.0	U-0.033	R-30.0	U-0.066	R-13.0
<i>Slab-On-Grade Floors</i>							
	Unheated	F-0.730	NR	F-0.730	NR	F-0.730	NR
	Heated	F-0.950	R-7.5 for 24 in.	F-0.840	R-10 for 36 in.	F-1.020	R-7.5 for 12 in.
<i>Opaque Doors</i>							
	Swinging	U-0.700		U-0.700		U-0.700	
	Non-Swinging	U-1.450		U-0.500		U-1.450	
		Assembly	Assembly Max.	Assembly	Assembly Max.	Assembly	Assembly Max.
		Max. U	SHGC (All	Max. U	SHGC (All	Max. U	SHGC (All
		(Fixed/	Orientations/	(Fixed/	Orientations/	(Fixed/	Orientations/
	Fenestration	Operable)	North-Oriented)	Operable)	North-Oriented)	Operable)	North-Oriented)
<i>Vertical Glazing, % of Wall</i>							
	0-10.0%	<sup>1</sup> fixed <sup>0.57</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.39</sup>	<sup>1</sup> fixed <sup>0.57</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.39</sup>	<sup>2</sup> fixed <sup>1.23</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.38</sup>
		<sup>1</sup> oper <sup>0.67</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.49</sup>	<sup>1</sup> oper <sup>0.67</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.49</sup>	<sup>2</sup> oper <sup>1.27</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.38</sup>
	10.1-20.0%	<sup>1</sup> fixed <sup>0.57</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.39</sup>	<sup>1</sup> fixed <sup>0.57</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.39</sup>	<sup>2</sup> fixed <sup>1.22</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.38</sup>
		<sup>1</sup> oper <sup>0.67</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.49</sup>	<sup>1</sup> oper <sup>0.67</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.49</sup>	<sup>2</sup> oper <sup>1.27</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.38</sup>
	20.1-30.0%	<sup>1</sup> fixed <sup>0.57</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.39</sup>	<sup>1</sup> fixed <sup>0.57</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.39</sup>	<sup>2</sup> fixed <sup>1.22</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.38</sup>
		<sup>1</sup> oper <sup>0.67</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.49</sup>	<sup>1</sup> oper <sup>0.67</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.49</sup>	<sup>2</sup> oper <sup>1.27</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.38</sup>
	30.1-40.0%	<sup>1</sup> fixed <sup>0.57</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.39</sup>	<sup>1</sup> fixed <sup>0.57</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.39</sup>	<sup>2</sup> fixed <sup>1.22</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.38</sup>
		<sup>1</sup> oper <sup>0.67</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.49</sup>	<sup>1</sup> oper <sup>0.67</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.49</sup>	<sup>2</sup> oper <sup>1.27</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.38</sup>
	40.1-50.0%	<sup>1</sup> oper <sup>0.67</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.49</sup>	<sup>1</sup> oper <sup>0.67</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.49</sup>	<sup>2</sup> oper <sup>1.27</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.38</sup>
		<sup>1</sup> fixed <sup>0.44</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.25</sup>	<sup>1</sup> fixed <sup>0.44</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.25</sup>	<sup>2</sup> fixed <sup>1.58</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.38</sup>
		<sup>1</sup> oper <sup>0.67</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.36</sup>	<sup>1</sup> oper <sup>0.67</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.36</sup>	<sup>2</sup> oper <sup>1.32</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.38</sup>
<i>Skylight with Curb, Glass, % of Roof</i>							
	0-2.0%	<sup>1</sup> all <sup>1.17</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.49</sup>	<sup>1</sup> all <sup>0.98</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.36</sup>	<sup>2</sup> all <sup>1.98</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.38</sup>
	2.1-5.0%	<sup>1</sup> all <sup>1.17</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.39</sup>	<sup>1</sup> all <sup>0.98</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.19</sup>	<sup>2</sup> all <sup>1.98</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.38</sup>
<i>Skylight with Curb, Plastic, % of Roof</i>							
	0-2.0%	<sup>1</sup> all <sup>1.30</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.45</sup>	<sup>1</sup> all <sup>1.30</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.22</sup>	<sup>2</sup> all <sup>1.98</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.38</sup>
	2.1-5.0%	<sup>1</sup> all <sup>1.30</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.34</sup>	<sup>1</sup> all <sup>1.30</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.27</sup>	<sup>2</sup> all <sup>1.98</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.38</sup>
<i>Skylight without Curb, All, % of Roof</i>							
	0-2.0%	<sup>1</sup> all <sup>0.89</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.49</sup>	<sup>1</sup> all <sup>0.58</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.36</sup>	<sup>2</sup> all <sup>1.36</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.38</sup>
	2.1-5.0%	<sup>1</sup> all <sup>0.89</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.39</sup>	<sup>1</sup> all <sup>0.58</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.19</sup>	<sup>2</sup> all <sup>1.36</sup>	SHGC <sup>0.38</sup>

<sup>a</sup> When using R-value compliance method, a thermal spacer block is required, otherwise use the U-Factor compliance method. See Table A2.3.

<sup>a,b</sup> Exception to A3.1.3.1 applies.

Table 13: Proposed building envelope requirements for climate zone 5(A,B,C)

TABLE 5.5-5 Building Envelope Requirements For Climate Zone 5 (A,B,C)						
	Nonresidential		Residential		Semiheated	
	Assembly Maximum	Insulation Min. R-Value	Assembly Maximum	Insulation Min. R-Value	Assembly Maximum	Insulation Min. R-Value
<b>Opaque Elements</b>						
<i>Roofs</i>						
Insulation Entirely above Deck	U-0.063	R-15.0 ci	U-0.063	R-15.0 ci	U-0.173	R-5.0 ci
Metal Building <sup>a</sup>	U-0.065	R-19.0	U-0.065	R-19.0	U-0.097	R-10.0
	U-0.055	R-13.0 + R-13.0	U-0.055	R-13.0 + R-13.0	U-0.083	R-13.0
Attic and Other	U-0.034	R-30.0	U-0.027	R-38.0	U-0.053	R-19.0
<i>Walls, Above Grade</i>						
Mass	U-0.123	R-7.6 ci	U-0.090	R-11.4 ci	U-0.580	NR
Metal Building	U-0.113	R-13.0	U-0.057	R-13.0 + R-13.0	U-0.123	R-11.0
	U-0.069	R-13.0 + R-5.6 ci	U-0.069	R-13.0 + R-5.6 ci	U-0.113	R-13.0
Steel Framed	U-0.084	R-13.0 + R-3.8 ci	U-0.064	R-13.0 + R-7.5 ci	U-0.124	R-13.0
Wood Framed and Other	U-0.089	R-13.0	U-0.089	R-13.0	U-0.089	R-13.0
<i>Wall, Below Grade</i>						
Below Grade Wall	C-1.140	NR	C-1.140	NR	C-1.140	NR
<i>Floors</i>						
Mass	U-0.087	R-8.3 ci	U-0.074	R-10.4 ci	U-0.322	NR
Steel Joist	U-0.052	R-19.0	U-0.038	R-30.0	U-0.069	R-13.0
Wood Framed and Other	U-0.033	R-30.0	U-0.033	R-30.0	U-0.066	R-13.0
<i>Slab-On-Grade Floors</i>						
Unheated	F-0.730	NR	F-0.730	NR	F-0.730	NR
Heated	F-0.840	R-10 for 36 in.	F-0.840	R-10 for 36 in.	F-1.020	R-7.5 for 12 in.
<i>Opaque Doors</i>						
Swinging	U-0.700		U-0.700		U-0.700	
Non-Swinging	U-1.450		U-0.500		U-1.450	
	Assembly Max. U	Assembly Max. SHGC (All Orientations/ Operable)	Assembly Max. U	Assembly Max. SHGC (All Orientations/ Operable)	Assembly Max. U	Assembly Max. SHGC (All Orientations/ Operable)
<b>Fenestration</b>						
<i>Vertical Glazing, % of Wall</i>						
0-10.0%	F <sub>fixed</sub> <sup>a</sup> 0.57 F <sub>oper</sub> 0.87	200°C <sub>all</sub> 0.49 200°C <sub>north</sub> 0.49	F <sub>fixed</sub> <sup>a</sup> 0.57 F <sub>oper</sub> 0.87	200°C <sub>all</sub> 0.49 200°C <sub>north</sub> 0.49	F <sub>fixed</sub> <sup>a</sup> 0.57 F <sub>oper</sub> 1.23	200°C <sub>all</sub> 0.49 200°C <sub>north</sub> NR
10.1-20.0%	F <sub>fixed</sub> <sup>a</sup> 0.57 F <sub>oper</sub> 0.87	200°C <sub>all</sub> 0.39 200°C <sub>north</sub> 0.49	F <sub>fixed</sub> <sup>a</sup> 0.57 F <sub>oper</sub> 0.87	200°C <sub>all</sub> 0.39 200°C <sub>north</sub> 0.49	F <sub>fixed</sub> <sup>a</sup> 0.57 F <sub>oper</sub> 1.23	200°C <sub>all</sub> 0.39 200°C <sub>north</sub> NR
20.1-30.0%	F <sub>fixed</sub> <sup>a</sup> 0.57 F <sub>oper</sub> 0.87	200°C <sub>all</sub> 0.35 200°C <sub>north</sub> 0.49	F <sub>fixed</sub> <sup>a</sup> 0.57 F <sub>oper</sub> 0.87	200°C <sub>all</sub> 0.35 200°C <sub>north</sub> 0.49	F <sub>fixed</sub> <sup>a</sup> 0.57 F <sub>oper</sub> 1.23	200°C <sub>all</sub> 0.35 200°C <sub>north</sub> NR
30.1-40.0%	F <sub>fixed</sub> <sup>a</sup> 0.57 F <sub>oper</sub> 0.87	200°C <sub>all</sub> 0.35 200°C <sub>north</sub> 0.49	F <sub>fixed</sub> <sup>a</sup> 0.57 F <sub>oper</sub> 0.87	200°C <sub>all</sub> 0.35 200°C <sub>north</sub> 0.49	F <sub>fixed</sub> <sup>a</sup> 0.57 F <sub>oper</sub> 1.23	200°C <sub>all</sub> 0.35 200°C <sub>north</sub> NR
40.1-50.0%	F <sub>fixed</sub> <sup>a</sup> 0.46 F <sub>oper</sub> 0.87	200°C <sub>all</sub> 0.35 200°C <sub>north</sub> 0.49	F <sub>fixed</sub> <sup>a</sup> 0.46 F <sub>oper</sub> 0.87	200°C <sub>all</sub> 0.35 200°C <sub>north</sub> 0.49	F <sub>fixed</sub> <sup>a</sup> 0.46 F <sub>oper</sub> 1.23	200°C <sub>all</sub> 0.35 200°C <sub>north</sub> NR
<i>Skylight with Curb, Glass, % of Roof</i>						
0-2.0%	F <sub>all</sub> <sup>a</sup> 1.17	200°C <sub>all</sub> 0.49	F <sub>all</sub> <sup>a</sup> 1.17	200°C <sub>all</sub> 0.49	F <sub>all</sub> <sup>a</sup> 1.58	200°C <sub>all</sub> NR
2.1-5.0%	F <sub>all</sub> <sup>a</sup> 1.17	200°C <sub>all</sub> 0.39	F <sub>all</sub> <sup>a</sup> 1.17	200°C <sub>all</sub> 0.39	F <sub>all</sub> <sup>a</sup> 1.58	200°C <sub>all</sub> NR
<i>Skylight with Curb, Plastic, % of Roof</i>						
0-2.0%	F <sub>all</sub> <sup>a</sup> 1.39	200°C <sub>all</sub> 0.77	F <sub>all</sub> <sup>a</sup> 1.39	200°C <sub>all</sub> 0.77	F <sub>all</sub> <sup>a</sup> 1.58	200°C <sub>all</sub> NR
2.1-5.0%	F <sub>all</sub> <sup>a</sup> 1.39	200°C <sub>all</sub> 0.62	F <sub>all</sub> <sup>a</sup> 1.39	200°C <sub>all</sub> 0.62	F <sub>all</sub> <sup>a</sup> 1.58	200°C <sub>all</sub> NR
<i>Skylight without Curb, All, % of Roof</i>						
0-2.0%	F <sub>all</sub> <sup>a</sup> 0.69	200°C <sub>all</sub> 0.49	F <sub>all</sub> <sup>a</sup> 0.69	200°C <sub>all</sub> 0.49	F <sub>all</sub> <sup>a</sup> 1.36	200°C <sub>all</sub> NR
2.1-5.0%	F <sub>all</sub> <sup>a</sup> 0.69	200°C <sub>all</sub> 0.39	F <sub>all</sub> <sup>a</sup> 0.69	200°C <sub>all</sub> 0.39	F <sub>all</sub> <sup>a</sup> 1.36	200°C <sub>all</sub> NR

<sup>a</sup> When using R-value compliance method, a thermal spacer block is required, otherwise use the U-Factor compliance method. See Table A2.3.

Table 14: Proposed building envelope requirements for climate zone 6(A,B)

TABLE 5.5-6 Building Envelope Requirements For Climate Zone 6 (A,B)						
	Nonresidential		Residential		Semiheated	
	Assembly	Insulation Min.	Assembly	Insulation Min.	Assembly	Insulation Min.
Opaque Elements	Maximum	R-Value	Maximum	R-Value	Maximum	R-Value
<i>Roofs</i>						
Insulation Entirely above Deck	U-0.063	R-15.0 ci	U-0.063	R-15.0 ci	U-0.173	R-5.0 ci
Metal Building <sup>a</sup>	U-0.065	R-19.0	U-0.065	R-19.0	U-0.097	R-10.0
	U-0.049	R-13.0 + R-19.0	U-0.049	R-13.0 + R-19.0	U-0.072	R-16.0
Attic and Other	U-0.027	R-38.0	U-0.027	R-38.0	U-0.053	R-19.0
<i>Walls, Above Grade</i>						
Mass	U-0.104	R-9.5 ci	U-0.090	R-11.4 ci	U-0.580	NR
Metal Building	U-0.113	R-13.0	U-0.057	R-13.0 + R-13.0	U-0.113	R-13.0
	U-0.069	R-13.0 + R-5.6 ci	U-0.069	R-13.0 + R-5.6 ci		
Steel Framed	U-0.084	R-13.0 + R-3.8 ci	U-0.064	R-13.0 + R-7.5 ci	U-0.124	R-13.0
Wood Framed and Other	U-0.089	R-13.0	U-0.064	R-13.0 + R-3.8 ci	U-0.089	R-13.0
<i>Wall, Below Grade</i>						
Below Grade Wall	C-1.140	NR	C-0.119	R-7.5 ci	C-1.140	NR
<i>Floors</i>						
Mass	U-0.087	R-8.3 ci	U-0.064	R-12.5 ci	U-0.322	NR
Steel Joist	U-0.038	R-30.0	U-0.038	R-30.0	U-0.069	R-13.0
Wood Framed and Other	U-0.033	R-30.0	U-0.033	R-30.0	U-0.066	R-13.0
<i>Slab-On-Grade Floors</i>						
Unheated	F-0.730	NR	F-0.730	NR	F-0.730	NR
Heated	F-0.840	R-10 for 36 in.	F-0.780	R-10 for 48 in.	F-1.020	R-7.5 for 12 in.
<i>Opaque Doors</i>						
Swinging	U-0.700		U-0.500		U-0.700	
Non-Swinging	U-0.500		U-0.500		U-1.450	
	Assembly	Assembly Max.	Assembly	Assembly Max.	Assembly	Assembly Max.
	Max. U	SHGC (All	Max. U	SHGC (All	Max. U	SHGC (All
	(Fixed/	Orientations/	(Fixed/	Orientations/	(Fixed/	Orientations/
Fenestration	Operable)	North-Oriented)	Operable)	North-Oriented)	Operable)	North-Oriented)
<i>Vertical Glazing, % of Wall</i>						
0-10.0%	fixed <sup>a</sup> 0.57	SHGC all 0.59	fixed <sup>a</sup> 0.57	SHGC all 0.49	fixed <sup>a</sup> 1.22	SHGC all 0.49
	oper <sup>a</sup> 0.67	SHGC north 0.49	oper <sup>a</sup> 0.67	SHGC north 0.56	oper <sup>a</sup> 1.27	SHGC north 0.49
10.1-20.0%	fixed <sup>a</sup> 0.57	SHGC all 0.59	fixed <sup>a</sup> 0.57	SHGC all 0.39	fixed <sup>a</sup> 1.22	SHGC all 0.49
	oper <sup>a</sup> 0.67	SHGC north 0.49	oper <sup>a</sup> 0.67	SHGC north 0.49	oper <sup>a</sup> 1.27	SHGC north 0.49
20.1-30.0%	fixed <sup>a</sup> 0.57	SHGC all 0.39	fixed <sup>a</sup> 0.57	SHGC all 0.35	fixed <sup>a</sup> 1.22	SHGC all 0.49
	oper <sup>a</sup> 0.67	SHGC north 0.49	oper <sup>a</sup> 0.67	SHGC north 0.49	oper <sup>a</sup> 1.27	SHGC north 0.49
30.1-40.0%	fixed <sup>a</sup> 0.57	SHGC all 0.35	fixed <sup>a</sup> 0.57	SHGC all 0.35	fixed <sup>a</sup> 1.22	SHGC all 0.49
	oper <sup>a</sup> 0.67	SHGC north 0.49	oper <sup>a</sup> 0.67	SHGC north 0.49	oper <sup>a</sup> 1.27	SHGC north 0.49
40.1-50.0%	fixed <sup>a</sup> 0.46	SHGC all 0.35	fixed <sup>a</sup> 0.46	SHGC all 0.35	fixed <sup>a</sup> 0.88	SHGC all 0.49
	oper <sup>a</sup> 0.67	SHGC north 0.49	oper <sup>a</sup> 0.67	SHGC north 0.49	oper <sup>a</sup> 1.02	SHGC north 0.49
<i>Skylight with Curb, Glass, % of Roof</i>						
0-2.0%	all <sup>a</sup> 1.17	SHGC all 0.49	all <sup>a</sup> 0.98	SHGC all 0.46	all <sup>a</sup> 1.93	SHGC all 0.49
2.1-5.0%	all <sup>a</sup> 1.17	SHGC all 0.49	all <sup>a</sup> 0.98	SHGC all 0.36	all <sup>a</sup> 1.93	SHGC all 0.49
<i>Skylight with Curb, Plastic, % of Roof</i>						
0-2.0%	all <sup>a</sup> 0.87	SHGC all 0.71	all <sup>a</sup> 0.76	SHGC all 0.63	all <sup>a</sup> 1.93	SHGC all 0.49
2.1-5.0%	all <sup>a</sup> 0.87	SHGC all 0.58	all <sup>a</sup> 0.76	SHGC all 0.53	all <sup>a</sup> 1.93	SHGC all 0.49
<i>Skylight without Curb, All, % of Roof</i>						
0-2.0%	all <sup>a</sup> 0.69	SHGC all 0.69	all <sup>a</sup> 0.58	SHGC all 0.49	all <sup>a</sup> 1.36	SHGC all 0.49
2.1-5.0%	all <sup>a</sup> 0.69	SHGC all 0.49	all <sup>a</sup> 0.58	SHGC all 0.35	all <sup>a</sup> 1.36	SHGC all 0.49

<sup>a</sup> When using R-value compliance method, a thermal spacer block is required, otherwise use the U-Factor compliance method. See Table A2.3.

Table 15: Proposed building envelope requirements for climate zone 7

TABLE 5.5-7 Building Envelope Requirements For Climate Zone 7						
	Nonresidential		Residential		Semiheated	
	Assembly	Insulation Min.	Assembly	Insulation Min.	Assembly	Insulation Min.
Opaque Elements	Maximum	R-Value	Maximum	R-Value	Maximum	R-Value
<i>Roofs</i>						
Insulation Entirely above Deck	U-0.063	R-15.0 ci	U-0.063	R-15.0 ci	U-0.173	R-5.0 ci
Metal Building <sup>a</sup>	U-0.065	R-19.0	U-0.065	R-19.0	U-0.097	R-10.0
	U-0.049	R-13.0 + R-19.0	U-0.049	R-13.0 + R-19.0	U-0.072	R-16.0
Attic and Other	U-0.027	R-38.0	U-0.027	R-38.0	U-0.053	R-19.0
<i>Walls, Above Grade</i>						
Mass	U-0.090	R-11.4 ci	U-0.080	R-13.3 ci	U-0.580	NR
Metal Building	U-0.057	R-13.0 + R-13.0	U-0.057	R-13.0 + R-13.0	U-0.113	R-13.0
		R-19.0 + R 5.6 ci		R-19.0 + R 5.6 ci		
Steel Framed	U-0.064	R-13.0 + R-7.5 ci	U-0.064	R-13.0 + R-7.5 ci	U-0.124	R-13.0
Wood Framed and Other	U-0.089	R-13.0	U-0.051	R-13.0 + R-7.5 ci	U-0.089	R-13.0
<i>Wall, Below Grade</i>						
Below Grade Wall	C-0.119	R-7.5 ci	C-0.119	R-7.5 ci	C-1.140	NR
<i>Floors</i>						
Mass	U-0.087	R-8.3 ci	U-0.064	R-12.5 ci	U-0.137	R-4.2 ci
Steel Joist	U-0.038	R-30.0	U-0.038	R-30.0	U-0.052	R-19.0
Wood Framed and Other	U-0.033	R-30.0	U-0.033	R-30.0	U-0.066	R-13.0
<i>Slab-On-Grade Floors</i>						
Unheated	F-0.730	NR	F-0.540	R-10 for 24 in.	F-0.730	NR
Heated	F-0.840	R-10 for 36 in.	F-0.780	R-10 for 48 in.	F-1.020	R-7.5 for 12 in.
<i>Opaque Doors</i>						
Swinging	U-0.700		U-0.500		U-0.700	
Non-Swinging	U-0.500		U-0.500		U-1.450	
	Assembly	Assembly Max.	Assembly	Assembly Max.	Assembly	Assembly Max.
	Max. U	SHGC (All	Max. U	SHGC (All	Max. U	SHGC (All
	(Fixed/	Orientations/	(Fixed/	Orientations/	(Fixed/	Orientations/
Fenestration	Operable)	North-Oriented)	Operable)	North-Oriented)	Operable	North-Oriented)
<i>Vertical Glazing, % of Wall</i>						
0-10.0%	<sup>a</sup> fixed <sup>a</sup> 0-0.37	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> 0-0.49	<sup>a</sup> fixed <sup>a</sup> 0-0.37	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> 0-0.49	<sup>a</sup> fixed <sup>a</sup> 1.22	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> NR
	<sup>a</sup> oper <sup>a</sup> 0-0.37	SHGC: north <sup>a</sup> 0-0.49	<sup>a</sup> oper <sup>a</sup> 0-0.37	SHGC: north <sup>a</sup> 0-0.49	<sup>a</sup> oper <sup>a</sup> 1.27	SHGC: north <sup>a</sup> NR
10.1-20.0%	<sup>a</sup> fixed <sup>a</sup> 0-0.37	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> 0-0.49	<sup>a</sup> fixed <sup>a</sup> 0-0.37	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> 0-0.49	<sup>a</sup> fixed <sup>a</sup> 1.22	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> NR
	<sup>a</sup> oper <sup>a</sup> 0-0.37	SHGC: north <sup>a</sup> 0-0.49	<sup>a</sup> oper <sup>a</sup> 0-0.37	SHGC: north <sup>a</sup> 0-0.49	<sup>a</sup> oper <sup>a</sup> 1.27	SHGC: north <sup>a</sup> NR
20.1-30.0%	<sup>a</sup> fixed <sup>a</sup> 0-0.37	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> 0-0.49	<sup>a</sup> fixed <sup>a</sup> 0-0.37	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> 0-0.49	<sup>a</sup> fixed <sup>a</sup> 1.22	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> NR
	<sup>a</sup> oper <sup>a</sup> 0-0.37	SHGC: north <sup>a</sup> 0-0.49	<sup>a</sup> oper <sup>a</sup> 0-0.37	SHGC: north <sup>a</sup> 0-0.49	<sup>a</sup> oper <sup>a</sup> 1.27	SHGC: north <sup>a</sup> NR
30.1-40.0%	<sup>a</sup> fixed <sup>a</sup> 0-0.37	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> 0-0.49	<sup>a</sup> fixed <sup>a</sup> 0-0.37	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> 0-0.49	<sup>a</sup> fixed <sup>a</sup> 1.22	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> NR
	<sup>a</sup> oper <sup>a</sup> 0-0.37	SHGC: north <sup>a</sup> 0-0.49	<sup>a</sup> oper <sup>a</sup> 0-0.37	SHGC: north <sup>a</sup> 0-0.49	<sup>a</sup> oper <sup>a</sup> 1.27	SHGC: north <sup>a</sup> NR
40.1-50.0%	<sup>a</sup> fixed <sup>a</sup> 0-0.37	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> 0-0.49	<sup>a</sup> fixed <sup>a</sup> 0-0.37	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> 0-0.49	<sup>a</sup> fixed <sup>a</sup> 1.22	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> NR
	<sup>a</sup> oper <sup>a</sup> 0-0.37	SHGC: north <sup>a</sup> 0-0.49	<sup>a</sup> oper <sup>a</sup> 0-0.37	SHGC: north <sup>a</sup> 0-0.49	<sup>a</sup> oper <sup>a</sup> 1.27	SHGC: north <sup>a</sup> NR
<i>Skylight with Curb, Glass, % of Roof</i>						
0-2.0%	<sup>a</sup> all <sup>a</sup> 1.17	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> 0-0.49	<sup>a</sup> all <sup>a</sup> 1.17	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> 0-0.49	<sup>a</sup> all <sup>a</sup> 1.36	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> NR
2.1-5.0%	<sup>a</sup> all <sup>a</sup> 1.17	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> 0-0.49	<sup>a</sup> all <sup>a</sup> 1.17	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> 0-0.49	<sup>a</sup> all <sup>a</sup> 1.36	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> NR
<i>Skylight with Curb, Plastic, % of Roof</i>						
0-2.0%	<sup>a</sup> all <sup>a</sup> 0.87	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> 0-0.77	<sup>a</sup> all <sup>a</sup> 0.87	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> 0-0.77	<sup>a</sup> all <sup>a</sup> 1.36	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> NR
2.1-5.0%	<sup>a</sup> all <sup>a</sup> 0.87	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> 0-0.77	<sup>a</sup> all <sup>a</sup> 0.87	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> 0-0.77	<sup>a</sup> all <sup>a</sup> 1.36	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> NR
<i>Skylight without Curb, All, % of Roof</i>						
0-2.0%	<sup>a</sup> all <sup>a</sup> 0.89	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> 0-0.49	<sup>a</sup> all <sup>a</sup> 0.89	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> 0-0.49	<sup>a</sup> all <sup>a</sup> 1.36	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> NR
2.1-5.0%	<sup>a</sup> all <sup>a</sup> 0.89	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> 0-0.49	<sup>a</sup> all <sup>a</sup> 0.89	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> 0-0.49	<sup>a</sup> all <sup>a</sup> 1.36	SHGC: all <sup>a</sup> NR

<sup>a</sup> When using R-value compliance method, a thermal spacer block is required, otherwise use the U-Factor compliance method. See Table A2.3.

Table 16: Proposed building envelope requirements for climate zone 8

TABLE 5.5-8 Building Envelope Requirements For Climate Zone 8							
		Nonresidential		Residential		Semiheated	
		Assembly	Insulation Min.	Assembly	Insulation Min.	Assembly	Insulation Min.
	Opaque Elements	Maximum	R-Value	Maximum	R-Value	Maximum	R-Value
<b>Roofs</b>							
	Insulation Entirely above Deck	U-0.048	R-20.0 ci	U-0.048	R-20.0 ci	U-0.093	R-10.0 ci
	Metal Building <sup>a</sup>	U-0.048	R-13.0 + R-19.0	U-0.048	R-13.0 + R-19.0	U-0.072	R-16.0
		U-0.035	R-11.0 + R-19.0 ls	U-0.035	R-11.0 + R-19.0 ls	U-0.065	R-19.0
	Attic and Other	U-0.027	R-38.0	U-0.027	R-38.0	U-0.034	R-30.0
<b>Walls, Above Grade</b>							
	Mass	U-0.080	R-13.3 ci	U-0.071	R-15.2 ci	U-0.151 <sup>a2</sup>	R-5.7 ci <sup>a2</sup>
	Metal Building	U-0.057	R-13.0 + R-13.0 R-19.0 + R 5.6 ci	U-0.057	R-13.0 + R-13.0 R-19.0 + R 5.6 ci	U-0.113	R-13.0
	Steel Framed	U-0.064	R-13.0 + R-7.5 ci	U-0.055	R-13.0 + R-10.0 ci	U-0.124	R-13.0
	Wood Framed and Other	U-0.051	R-13.0 + R-7.5 ci	U-0.051	R-13.0 + R-7.5 ci	U-0.089	R-13.0
<b>Wall, Below Grade</b>							
	Below Grade Wall	C-0.119	R-7.5 ci	C-0.119	R-7.5 ci	C-1.140	NR
<b>Floors</b>							
	Mass	U-0.064	R-12.5 ci	U-0.057	R-14.6 ci	U-0.137	R-4.2 ci
	Steel Joist	U-0.038	R-30.0	U-0.032	R-38.0	U-0.052	R-19.0
	Wood Framed and Other	U-0.033	R-30.0	U-0.033	R-30.0	U-0.051	R-19.0
<b>Slab-On-Grade Floors</b>							
	Unheated	F-0.540	R-10 for 24 in.	F-0.520	R-15 for 24 in.	F-0.730	NR
	Heated	F-0.780	R-10 for 48 in.	F-0.780	R-10 for 48 in.	F-0.950	R-7.5 for 24 in.
<b>Opaque Doors</b>							
	Swinging	U-0.500		U-0.500		U-0.700	
	Non-Swinging	U-0.500		U-0.500		U-1.450	
	Assembly	Assembly Max.		Assembly	Assembly Max.	Assembly	Assembly Max.
	Max. U	SHGC (All		Max. U	SHGC (All	Max. U	SHGC (All
	(Fixed/	Orientations/		(Fixed/	Orientations/	(Fixed/	Orientations/
	Operable)	North-Oriented)		Operable)	North-Oriented)	Operable	North-Oriented)
<b>Vertical Glazing, % of Wall</b>							
	Fixed <sup>a1</sup>	SHGC <sup>a1</sup>		Fixed <sup>a1</sup>	SHGC <sup>a1</sup>	Fixed <sup>a1</sup>	SHGC <sup>a1</sup>
	0-10.0%	all <sup>a1</sup>		all <sup>a1</sup>		all <sup>a1</sup>	
	Oper <sup>a1</sup>	SHGC <sup>a1</sup>		Oper <sup>a1</sup>	SHGC <sup>a1</sup>	Oper <sup>a1</sup>	SHGC <sup>a1</sup>
	10.1-20.0%	all <sup>a1</sup>		all <sup>a1</sup>		all <sup>a1</sup>	
	Oper <sup>a1</sup>	SHGC <sup>a1</sup>		Oper <sup>a1</sup>	SHGC <sup>a1</sup>	Oper <sup>a1</sup>	SHGC <sup>a1</sup>
	20.1-30.0%	all <sup>a1</sup>		all <sup>a1</sup>		all <sup>a1</sup>	
	Oper <sup>a1</sup>	SHGC <sup>a1</sup>		Oper <sup>a1</sup>	SHGC <sup>a1</sup>	Oper <sup>a1</sup>	SHGC <sup>a1</sup>
	30.1-40.0%	all <sup>a1</sup>		all <sup>a1</sup>		all <sup>a1</sup>	
	Oper <sup>a1</sup>	SHGC <sup>a1</sup>		Oper <sup>a1</sup>	SHGC <sup>a1</sup>	Oper <sup>a1</sup>	SHGC <sup>a1</sup>
	40.1-50.0%	all <sup>a1</sup>		all <sup>a1</sup>		all <sup>a1</sup>	
	Oper <sup>a1</sup>	SHGC <sup>a1</sup>		Oper <sup>a1</sup>	SHGC <sup>a1</sup>	Oper <sup>a1</sup>	SHGC <sup>a1</sup>
<b>Skylight with Curb, Glass, % of Roof</b>							
	all <sup>a1</sup>	SHGC <sup>a1</sup>		all <sup>a1</sup>	SHGC <sup>a1</sup>	all <sup>a1</sup>	SHGC <sup>a1</sup>
	0-2.0%	all <sup>a1</sup>		all <sup>a1</sup>		all <sup>a1</sup>	
	2.1-5.0%	all <sup>a1</sup>		all <sup>a1</sup>		all <sup>a1</sup>	
<b>Skylight with Curb, Plastic, % of Roof</b>							
	all <sup>a1</sup>	SHGC <sup>a1</sup>		all <sup>a1</sup>	SHGC <sup>a1</sup>	all <sup>a1</sup>	SHGC <sup>a1</sup>
	0-2.0%	all <sup>a1</sup>		all <sup>a1</sup>		all <sup>a1</sup>	
	2.1-5.0%	all <sup>a1</sup>		all <sup>a1</sup>		all <sup>a1</sup>	
<b>Skylight without Curb, All, % of Roof</b>							
	all <sup>a1</sup>	SHGC <sup>a1</sup>		all <sup>a1</sup>	SHGC <sup>a1</sup>	all <sup>a1</sup>	SHGC <sup>a1</sup>
	0-2.0%	all <sup>a1</sup>		all <sup>a1</sup>		all <sup>a1</sup>	
	2.1-5.0%	all <sup>a1</sup>		all <sup>a1</sup>		all <sup>a1</sup>	

<sup>a1</sup> When using R-value compliance method, a thermal spacer block is required, otherwise use the U-Factor compliance method. See Table A2.3.

<sup>a2</sup> Exception to A3.1.3.1 applies.

Table 17: Proposed assembly U-values for metal building roofs

TABLE A2.3 Assembly U-Factors for Metal Building Roofs									
Insulation System	Rated R-Value of Insulation	Total Rated R-Value of Insulation	Overall U-Factor for Entire Base Roof Assembly	Overall U-Factor for Assembly of Base Roof Plus Continuous Insulation (uninterrupted by framing)					
				Rated R-Value of Continuous Insulation					
				R-5.6	R-11.2	R-16.8	R-22.4	R-28.0	R-33.6
<b>Standing Seam Roofs with Thermal Spacer Blocks</b>									
Single Layer	None	0	1.280	<del>0.162</del> <u>0.157</u>	<del>0.087</del> <u>0.083</u>	<del>0.059</del> <u>0.057</u>	<del>0.045</del> <u>0.043</u>	<del>0.036</del> <u>0.035</u>	<del>0.030</del> <u>0.029</u>
	R-6	6	0.167	0.086	0.058	0.044	0.035	0.029	0.025
	R-10	10	0.097	0.063	0.046	0.037	0.031	0.026	0.023
	R-11	11	0.092	0.061	0.045	0.036	0.030	0.026	0.022
	R-13	13	0.083	0.057	0.043	0.035	0.029	0.025	0.022
	R-16	16	0.072	0.051	0.040	0.033	0.028	0.024	0.021
	R-19	19	0.065	0.048	0.038	0.031	0.026	0.023	0.020
Double Layer	R-10 + R-10	20	0.063	0.047	0.037	0.031	0.026	0.023	0.020
	R-10 + R-11	21	0.061	0.045	0.036	0.030	0.026	0.023	0.020
	R-11 + R-11	22	0.060	0.045	0.036	0.030	0.026	0.022	0.020
	R-10 + R-13	23	0.058	0.044	0.035	0.029	0.025	0.022	0.020
	R-11 + R-13	24	0.057	0.043	0.035	0.029	0.025	0.022	0.020
	R-13 + R-13	26	0.055	0.042	0.034	0.029	0.025	0.022	0.019
	R-10 + R-19	29	0.052	0.040	0.033	0.028	0.024	0.021	0.019
	R-11 + R-19	30	0.051	0.040	0.032	0.027	0.024	0.021	0.019
	R-13 + R-19	32	0.049	0.038	0.032	0.027	0.023	0.021	0.019
	R-16 + R-19	35	0.047	0.037	0.031	0.026	0.023	0.020	0.018
	R-19 + R-19	38	0.046	0.037	0.030	0.026	0.023	0.020	0.018
<u>Liner System</u>	<u>R-11+R-19</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>0.035</u>						
	<u>R-11+R-25</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>0.031</u>						
	<u>R-11+R-30</u>	<u>41</u>	<u>0.029</u>						
	<u>R-11+R-11+R-25</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>0.026</u>						
<b>Standing Seam Roofs without Thermal Spacer Blocks</b>									
<u>Liner System</u>	<u>R-11+R-19</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>0.040</u>	<u>0.033</u>	<u>0.028</u>	<u>0.024</u>	<u>0.021</u>	<u>0.019</u>	<u>0.017</u>
<b>Filled Cavity with Thermal Spacer Blocks</b>									
	R-19 + R-10	29	0.041	0.033	0.028	0.024	0.021	<del>0.020</del> <u>0.019</u>	0.017
(Multiple R-values are listed in order from inside to outside)									
<b>Thru-Fastened Roofs without Thermal Spacer Blocks</b>									
	R-10	10	0.153						
	R-11	11	0.139						
	R-13	13	0.130						
	R-16	16	0.106						
	R-19	19	0.098						
<u>Liner System</u>	<u>R-11+R-19</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>0.044</u>						

Table 18: Proposed assembly U-values for metal building walls

TABLE A3.2 Assembly U-Factors for Metal Building Walls									
Insulation System	Rated R-Value of Insulation	Total Rated R-Value of Insulation	Overall U-Factor for Entire Base Wall Assembly	Overall U-Factor for Assembly of Base Wall Plus Continuous Insulation (uninterrupted by framing) Rated R-Value of Continuous Insulation					
				R-5.6	R-11.2	R-16.8	R-22.4	R-28.0	R-33.6
Single Layer of Mineral Fiber									
None	0		1.180	0.161	0.086	0.059	0.045	0.036	0.030
R-6	6		0.184	0.091	0.060	0.045	0.036	0.030	0.026
R-10	10		0.134	0.077	0.054	0.051	0.033	0.028	0.024
R-11	11		0.123	0.073	0.052	0.040	0.033	0.028	0.024
R-13	13		0.113	0.069	0.050	0.039	0.032	0.027	0.024
R-16	16		0.093	0.061	0.046	0.036	0.030	0.026	0.023
R-19	19		0.084	0.057	0.043	0.035	0.029	0.025	0.022
Double Layer of Mineral Fiber (Second layer inside of girts) (Multiple layers are listed in order from inside to outside)									
R-6 + R-13	19		0.070	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
R-10 + R-13	23		0.061	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
R-13 + R-13	26		0.057	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
R-19 + R-13	32		0.048	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

4. Response to the formal interpretation request from Christian Cianfrone of the requirements in Standard 90.1-2004, Sections 5.5.3 and A3.3.2.3, regarding the insulation of opaque mullions in spandrel glass. The interpretation states that although it is in contrast to industry practice and increases the condensation potential of the curtain wall system, it is necessary to wrap the mullions with insulation at the spandrel area in order to comply with the building envelope prescriptive requirements of Standard 90.1.
5. Discussed addendum xx. These changes modify the requirements of 90.1 so as not to create condensation concerns in assemblies. The first change deletes the words "with the inside surface", because that is a bad choice to make in walls where convection currents may be created by an air gap between the insulation and the sheathing; gaps between insulation boards also promote short-circuiting the insulation. The Appendix A paragraph deletion is due to condensation concerns on aluminum mullions. Aluminum mullions are thermally broken, and depend on receiving heat from the interior heated space to remain above the dew-point of the indoor air.
6. Addendum f to 90.1-2007 discussed. The addendum deals with cool roofs and roof insulation. Specifications for roof surface properties roofs in all climate zones. Further specifications of modeling aged values are provided.
7. Addenda to 90.1-2004 discussed:
  - 90.1c: revise vestibule applications (5.4.3.4)
  - 90.1d: updating of references (12)
  - 90.1k & al: add metal bldg roof U-factors (A2.3)
  - 90.1n & av: glass/slatted overhangs (5.5.4.4.1)
  - 90.1o: add 368 China & 38 Taiwan sites (App D)
  - 90.1y, ad & aj: cool roof stds, labels (5.5.3.1)
  - 90.1as: update opaque criteria (Table 5.5-1 to 8)
  - 90.1at: update fenestration criteria (T 5.5-1 to 8)



8. Discussion on minimum visible transmittance to be included as part of the process for developing the vertical fenestration criteria, so that the benefits of reduced electric lighting due to daylighting may be considered. – However the addendum was rejected on 22nd June 07 on the grounds of it being difficult to achieve.

#### 5.2.3.5 From ECB

1. Proposal to create a working group to define standard building types. Currently NREL has 22 building types modeled in EnergyPlus building program, DOE/LBL has 15 prototypes.
2. Discussing the comments from Addendum r which is out for public review. Addendum r changes informative Appendix G's performance rating method into normative appendix. Making the performance rating method normative or required would allow its adoption into advanced energy standards such as proposed standard 189P, Standard for the design of high performance green buildings to make appendix G enforceable allowing adoption by model codes. Some language was changed to facilitate this change.
3. Discussion of the interpretation to the exceptional calculation method as proposed in Appendix G. This request for interpretation refers to the requirements presented in ANSI/ASHRAE/IESNA Standard 90.1 2004 sections G2.2, G2.5 and G3.1 regarding the application of exceptional calculation methods and nonstandard efficiency measures to model energy for systems utilizing elevated air speed to increase the maximum temperature for acceptable comfort.
4. Considering revisions to Combined Heating and Power / District heating and cooling – Proposed changes. Proposed addition to section for purchase for purchased heat with addition of boilers in the 1<sup>st</sup> section and section G3.1.1.2 Purchased Chilled Water wherein specifications of purchased chilled water are outlined.

#### 5.2.3.6 From Mechanical Subcommittee

1. **Energy Recovery:** The current code states that individual fan systems that have both a design supply air capacity of 5000cfm or greater and have a minimum outdoor air supply of 70% or greater of the design supply air quality shall have an energy recovery system with at least 50% recovery effectiveness. Fifty percent energy recovery effectiveness shall mean a change in the enthalpy of the outdoor air supply equal to 50% of the difference between the outdoor air and return air at design conditions. Provision shall be made to bypass or control the heat recovery system to permit air economizer operation as required by 6.5.1.1. Certain exceptions apply.

As per the proposal the energy recovery systems shall have at least 50% recovery effectiveness per table 6.5.6.1B. Provision shall be made for all outdoor, exhaust, and supply air to bypass the energy recovery device when the system has an economizer or during periods when use of the device would increase the energy consumption of the system. Where a single room or space is supplied by multiple units, the aggregate supply cfm of those units shall be used in applying this requirement. The system shall meet the energy recovery requirements of Table 6.5.6.1A. Table 19 and Table 20 present Table 6.5.6.1A and Table 6.5.6.1B respectively.

The proposal was updated to reflect the effects of low leaving air temperature and the analysis was deemed acceptable. Energy analysis was reviewed and accepted in principle. Some discussion on the effect of low supply air temperature in heating was held. Due to the tool that was developed, the model will be revised to reflect those effects before submission to the full committee. The proposal wording underwent small modification and will be submitted to the full committee for approval at this meeting.

Table 19: Proposed Table 6.5.6.1A- Specifications for Energy Recovery Requirements

Zone	% Outside Air at full design cfm					
	≥30% and < 40%	≥40% and < 50%	≥50% and < 60%	≥60% and < 70%	≥70% and < 80%	≥80%
	Design Supply Fan CFM					
3C,4C	NR	NR	NR	≥27000	≥17000	≥9000
2B,3B,4B,5B	NR	≥16500	≥9500	≥5500	≥4500	≥4000
3A,4A	≥5500	≥4500	≥4000	≥3500	≥2000	≥1000
1A,2A, 5A, 6A, 6B	≥4000	≥3500	≥2500	≥1500	>0	>0
7,8	>0	>0	>0	>0	>0	>0

Table 20: Proposed Table 6.5.6.1 B Performance Requirement for Energy Recovery Equipment

Table 6.5.6.1 B Performance Requirement for Energy Recovery Equipment (IP)				
Equipment Type	Application	Rating Condition	Performance Required	Test Procedure
Energy Recovery	Cooling	95°F DB/78°F WB	≥ 50% Total Effectiveness	ARI 1060
Energy Recovery	Heating	35°F DB/33°F WB	≥ 50% Total Effectiveness	ARI 1060

2. Pipe sizing: New requirements have been added for pipe sizing specifications. The new requirements will be listed in Section 6.5.4.6 of the updated standard. The addition is as follows :

6.5.4.6 Pipe sizing All HVAC chilled water and condenser water piping systems shall be designed such that the fluid flow in L/s (gpm) in each pipe segment shall not exceed the values listed in Table 7.4.3-5 for the appropriate total annual hours of operation. Pipe size selections for systems that operate under variable flow conditions are allowed to be made from the "Variable Flow/ Constant Speed" column. Pipe size selections for systems that operate under variable flow conditions and that contain variable frequency drive pump motors are allowed to be made from the "Variable Flow/Variable Speed" columns. All others shall be made from the "Constant Flow/Constant Speed" columns.

The proposed piping system design maximum flow rate in GPM is provided in Table 21.

Table 21: Proposed Table 7.4.3.6 Piping System Design Maximum Flow Rate

**Table 7.4.3-5: Piping System Design Maximum Flow Rate in GPM (IP)**

	<=2000 hours/yr			<=4400 hours/year			<=8760 hours/year		
Nominal Pipe Size (in.)	Constant Flow/Constant Speed	Variable Flow/Constant Speed	Variable Flow/Variable Speed	Constant Flow/Constant Speed	Variable Flow/Constant Speed	Variable Flow/Variable Speed	Constant Flow/Constant Speed	Variable Flow/Constant Speed	Variable Flow/Variable Speed
1/2	3.5	4.1	5.2	2.6	3.1	3.9	2.0	2.4	3.2
3/4	7.7	9.2	11	5.8	7.0	8.8	4.6	5.5	6.9
1	13	15	20	10	12	15	7.9	9.5	12
1-1/4	19	22	29	14	17	22	11	13	17
1-1/2	29	35	44	22	27	34	17	21	26
2	65	77	98	49	59	74	39	46	59
2-1/2	76	90	110	58	69	87	46	54	69
3	150	180	220	110	130	170	91	110	130
4	280	330	420	210	250	320	170	200	250
5	330	400	510	250	300	380	200	240	300
6	580	690	880	440	530	670	350	410	530
8	780	920	1200	590	710	890	460	560	700
10	1400	1700	2200	1000	1300	1600	850	1000	1300
12	1900	2300	3000	1400	1700	2200	1100	1300	1700
14	3300	3900	5000	2400	3000	3800	1900	2300	3000
16	4100	4900	6200	3100	3700	4700	2400	2900	3700
18	5600	6600	8400	4300	5000	6400	3300	4000	5000
20	6200	7300	9300	4700	5600	7100	3700	4400	5600
24	9200	11000	14000	7000	8400	10000	5500	6600	8400
26	12000	14000	18000	9300	11000	14000	7300	8700	11000
30	17000	19000	25000	12000	15000	18000	10000	12000	15000

3. Data Centers: In the year 2005, data processing environments were estimated to consume approximately 1.2% of the total electricity in the United States. Benchmarking by Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory has shown that the ratio of HVAC energy to the server load can vary from as little as 30% to as large as 200% . Research on DC power, high efficiency UPS systems and efficient power supplies have shown that there are significant potential savings from standard electrical practices. These are all complex issues that are compounded by the rapid rate of product development in the data center industry. SSPC needs the resources and experience of TC 9.9 to guide us to reasonable metrics and measures that could improve the current state of design. An RTAR was recommended to be sponsored from ASHRAETC9.9 titled "The need for humidification in Data Centers". Also, The MSC recommends that SSPC 90.1 request that TC 9.9, "Mission Critical Facilities," provide us with technical assistance on development of minimum efficiency measures (either prescriptive or performance based) for the equipment and systems serving data processing environments to be included in ASHRAE/IESNA Standard 90.1-2010. The SSPC-90.1 further requests a proposed time table be provided to SSPC 90.1 by October 11th, 2007 (our mid-quarter meeting) from TC 9.9 for the development of a code change proposal.
  
4. Code changes for Single Zone VAV proposal. This code change proposal presents a new mandatory requirement for variable air volume control of unitary systems with two stages of cooling capacity (10 tons and above). Compliance can be met with either 2-speed motors or variable speed drives. This change has been reviewed by and received the support of ARI's Unitary Large Engineering (ULE) Group. By agreement with the manufacturers, this measure will not take effect until 1/1/2012.  
This proposed measure is a new mandatory requirement. It would add a new requirement to Section 6.4 (Mandatory Provisions) and a corresponding paragraph in Section 6.3 (Simplified Approach). It would apply to new or replacement unitary and air-handling equipment. In addition to these changes, the base case single zone non-residential HVAC budget systems 5, 6, 7, 9 and 11 should be modified in the ECB effective 1/1/2012.

5. Cooling Towers: New TC 8.6 supported MSC CMP to identify efficiencies/standard on closed Cooling Towers. A motion was moved to have a proposal for regulations with values for closed towers. It was proposed that closed circuit cooling tower minimum efficiency requirements be included in Table 6.8.1G. Centrifugal fan limitations. Cooling tower control. Table 22 and Table 23 present the current performance requirements and the proposed performance requirements respectively.

Table 22: Current Performance Requirements for Heat Rejection Equipment (per open circuit cooling tower addendum to 90.1 – 2004)

Equipment Type <sup>d</sup>	Total System Heat Rejection Capacity at Rated Conditions	Subcategory or Rating Condition	Performance Required <sup>a,b</sup>	Test Procedure <sup>c</sup>
Propeller or Axial Fan <u>Open</u> Cooling Towers	All	95°F Entering Water 85°F Leaving Water 75°F wb <i>Outdoor air</i>	≥38.2 gpm/hp	CTI ATC-105 and CTI STD-201
Centrifugal Fan <u>Open</u> Cooling Towers	All	95°F Entering Water 85°F Leaving Water 75°F wb <i>Outdoor air</i>	≥20.0 gpm/hp	CTI ATC-105 and CTI STD-201
Air-Cooled Condensers	All	125°F Condensing Temperature R-22 Test Fluid 190°F Entering Gas Temperature 15°F Subcooling 95°F Entering db	≥176,000 Btu/h·hp	ARI 460

<sup>a</sup> For purposes of this table, *open cooling tower performance* is defined as the maximum flow rating of the tower at the thermal rating condition listed in Table 6.8.1G divided by the fan nameplate rated motor power.

<sup>b</sup> For purposes of this table, *air-cooled condenser performance* is defined as the heat rejected from the refrigerant divided by the fan nameplate rated motor power.

<sup>c</sup> Section 12 contains a complete specification of the referenced test procedure, including the referenced year version of the test procedure.

<sup>d</sup> The efficiencies for open cooling towers listed in Table 6.8.1G are not applicable for closed-circuit cooling towers.

Table 23: Proposed Performance Requirements for Heat Rejection Equipment (per open circuit cooling tower addendum to 90.1 – 2004)

Equipment Type <sup>d</sup>	Total System Heat Rejection Capacity at Rated Conditions	Subcategory or Rating Condition	Performance Required <sup>a,b,c</sup>	Test Procedure <sup>e,d,e</sup>
Propeller or Axial Fan Open <del>Circuit</del> Cooling Towers	All	95°F Entering Water 85°F Leaving Water 75°F <del>wb Outdoor air</del> <u>Entering wb</u>	≥38.2 gpm/hp	CTI ATC-105 and CTI STD-201
Centrifugal Fan Open <del>Circuit</del> Cooling Towers	All	95°F Entering Water 85°F Leaving Water 75°F <del>wb Outdoor air</del> <u>Entering wb</u>	≥20.0 gpm/hp	CTI ATC-105 and CTI STD-201
<u>Propeller or Axial Fan Closed Circuit Cooling Towers</u>	<u>All</u>	<u>102°F Entering Water</u> <u>90°F Leaving Water</u> <u>75°F Entering wb</u>	<u>≥14.0 gpm/hp</u>	<u>CTI ATC-105S and CTI STD-201</u>
<u>Centrifugal Closed Circuit Cooling Towers</u>	<u>All</u>	<u>102°F Entering Water</u> <u>90°F Leaving Water</u> <u>75°F Entering wb</u>	<u>≥ 7.0 gpm/hp</u>	<u>CTI ATC-105S and CTI STD-201</u>
Air-Cooled Condensers	All	125°F Condensing Temperature R-22 Test Fluid 190°F Entering Gas Temperature 15°F Subcooling 95°F Entering db	≥176,000 Btu/h-hp	ARI 460

<sup>a</sup> For purposes of this table, *open circuit cooling tower performance* is defined as the water flow rating of the tower at the thermal rating condition listed in Table 6.8.1G divided by the fan ~~nameplate rated~~ motor nameplate power.

<sup>b</sup> For purposes of this table, *closed circuit cooling tower performance* is defined as the process water flow rating of the tower at the thermal rating condition listed in Table 6.8.1G divided by the sum of the fan motor nameplate power and the integral spray pump motor nameplate power.

<sup>b,c</sup> For purposes of this table, *air-cooled condenser performance* is defined as the heat rejected from the refrigerant divided by the fan ~~nameplate rated~~ motor nameplate power.

<sup>c,d</sup> Section 12 contains a complete specification of the referenced test procedure, including the referenced year version of the test procedure.

<sup>d,e</sup> The efficiencies for open cooling towers listed in Table 6.8.1G are not applicable for closed circuit cooling towers. The efficiencies and test procedures for both open and closed circuit cooling towers are not applicable to hybrid cooling towers that contain a combination of separate wet and dry heat exchange sections.

- Chillers: Proposed to update the minimum energy efficiency standards for chillers contained in Table 6.8.1 C and introduces, effective January 1, 2010, a new path of compliance for water-cooled chillers. Also the committee recommends that the SSPC re-submits to the IECC the code change proposal amending the minimum efficiency standards for chillers so they become consistent with the efficiencies contained in ASHRAE 90.1 2004. Proposed efficiency requirements for water chilling packages are provided in Table 24.

Table 24: Proposed Efficiency Requirements for Water Chilling Packages

Table 6.8.1C Water Chilling Packages – Efficiency Requirements									
Equipment Type	Size Category	Units	Before 1/1/2010		As of 1/1/2010 <sup>c</sup>				Test Procedure <sup>b</sup>
					Path A		Path B <sup>d</sup>		
			Full Load	IPLV	Full Load	IPLV	Full Load	IPLV	
Air-Cooled Chillers	<150 tons	EER	≥9.562	≥10.416	≥9.562	≥12.500	NA <sup>e</sup>	NA <sup>e</sup>	ARI 550/590
	≥150 tons	EER			≥9.562	≥12.750	NA <sup>e</sup>	NA <sup>e</sup>	
Air-Cooled without Condenser, Electrical Operated	All Capacities	EER	≥10.586	≥11.782	Air-cooled chillers without condensers must be rated with matching condensers and comply with the air-cooled chiller efficiency requirements				
Water cooled, Electrically Operated, Reciprocating	All Capacities	kW/ton	≤0.837	≤0.696	Reciprocating units must comply with water cooled positive displacement efficiency requirements				
Water Cooled Electrically Operated, Positive Displacement	<75 tons	kW/ton	≤0.790	≤0.676	≤0.780	≤0.630	≤0.800	≤0.600	
	≥75 tons and < 150 tons	kW/ton			≤0.775	≤0.615	≤0.790	≤0.586	
	≥150 tons and < 300 tons	kW/ton	≤0.717	≤0.627	≤0.680	≤0.580	≤0.718	≤0.540	
	≥300 tons	kW/ton	≤0.639	≤0.571	≤0.620	≤0.540	≤0.639	≤0.490	
Water Cooled Electrically Operated, Centrifugal	<150 tons	kW/ton	≤0.703	≤0.669	≤0.634	≤0.596	≤0.639	≤0.450	
	≥150 tons and < 300 tons	kW/ton	≤0.634	≤0.596					
	≥300 tons and < 600 tons	kW/ton	≤0.576	≤0.549	≤0.576	≤0.549	≤0.600	≤0.400	
	≥600 tons	kW/ton			≤0.570	≤0.539	≤0.590	≤0.400	
Air Cooled Absorption Single Effect	All Capacities	COP	≥0.600	NR <sup>f</sup>	≥0.600	NR <sup>f</sup>	NA <sup>e</sup>	NA <sup>e</sup>	ARI 560
Water-Cooled Absorption Single Effect	All Capacities	COP	≥0.700	NR <sup>f</sup>	≥0.700	NR <sup>f</sup>	NA <sup>e</sup>	NA <sup>e</sup>	
Absorption Double Effect Indirect-Fired	All Capacities	COP	≥1.000	≥1.050	≥1.000	≥1.050	NA <sup>e</sup>	NA <sup>e</sup>	
Absorption Double Effect Direct Fired	All Capacities	COP	≥1.000	≥1.000	≥1.000	≥1.000	NA <sup>e</sup>	NA <sup>e</sup>	

a. The chiller equipment requirements do not apply for chillers used in low-temperature applications where the design leaving fluid temperature is <40 F

- b. Section 12 contains a complete specification of the referenced test procedure, including the referenced year version of the test procedure
- c. Compliance with this standard can be obtained by meeting the minimum requirements of Path A or Path B. However, both the full load and IPLV must be met to fulfill the requirements of Path A or Path B.
- d. All Path B chillers must be equipped with demand limiting control capability
- e. NA means that this requirement is not applicable and can not be used for compliance
- f. NR means that there are no minimum requirements for this category.
7. Transformers. Motion to put transformers back into the Standard 90.1, Chapter 8, Power, Table 8.1. This motion changes and adds language to Chapter 8 to include minimum energy efficiency standards for low voltage dry-type transformers. There are new national standards for low voltage dry-type transformers that went into effect on January 1, 2007, and this table would add a good reference for building owners and code officials. This proposal has been reviewed and approved by the National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA). The proposed efficiency levels for distribution transformers are presented in Table 25.

Table 25: Proposed Minimum Nomination Efficiency Levels for NEMA Class I Low Voltage Dry-Type Distribution Transformers

Single Phase Transformers		Three Phase Transformers	
kVA <sup>a</sup>	Efficiency (%) <sup>b</sup>	kVA <sup>a</sup>	Efficiency (%) <sup>b</sup>
15	97.7	15	97.0
25	98.0	30	97.5
37.5	98.2	45	97.7
50	98.3	75	98.0
75	98.5	112.5	98.2
100	98.6	150	98.3
167	98.7	225	98.5
250	98.8	300	98.6
333	98.9	500	98.7
		750	98.8
		1000	98.9

8. Lab exhaust fans: This continuous maintenance proposal requires compliance for lab exhaust fans to meet specified maximum bhp limits. This proposal is the second phase to the fan power working group development of the fan power limitations which were developed as part of Addendum AC to 90.1-2004. In that addendum laboratory exhaust fans were excluded. Seven-member working group on laboratories produced Addendum ac. Lab exhaust to be included as a prescriptive requirement, with increased fan pressure for vivariums (2.5" static) and chemical fume hoods. In effect, about 2.5" static is an added allowance for laboratories. (Motion passed 35-0-1). The proposed table is shown as Table 26 in this document. Certain exceptions apply to the limitations, there are listed in Table 27. Laboratory and vivarium base line pressure values are given in Table 28.

Table 26: Proposed changes to Table 6.5.3.1.1A Fan Power Limitations

	Limit	Constant Volume	Variable Volume
Option 1: Fan System Motor Nameplate hp	Allowable Nameplate Motor hp	$hp \leq CFM_s * 0.0011$	$hp \leq CFM_s * 0.0015$
Option 2: Fan System bhp	Allowable Fan System bhp	$bhp \leq CFM_s * 0.00094 + A$	$bhp \leq CFM_s * 0.0013 + A$

Table 27: Fan Power Limitation Pressure Drop Adjustment

Device	Adjustment
<b>5.2.3.7 Credits</b>	
Fully ducted return and/or exhaust air systems	0.5 in w.c. ( <u>2.15 in w.c. for laboratory and vivarium systems</u> )
Return and/or exhaust air flow control devices	0.5 in w.c
Exhaust filters, scrubbers, or other exhaust treatment.	The pressure drop of device calculated at fan system design condition
Particulate Filtration Credit: MERV 9 thru 12	0.5 in w.c.
Particulate Filtration Credit: MERV 13 thru 15	0.9 in w.c.
Particulate Filtration Credit: MERV 16 and greater and electronically enhanced filters	Pressure drop calculated at 2x clean filter pressure drop at fan system design condition.
Carbon and Other gas-phase air cleaners	Clean filter pressure drop at fan system design condition.
Heat Recovery Device, <u>Biosafety Cabinet</u>	Pressure drop of device at fan system design condition.
Evaporative Humidifier/Cooler in series with another cooling coil	Pressure drop of device at fan system design conditions
Sound Attenuation Section	0.15 in w.c.
<u>Exhaust System serving Fume Hoods</u>	<u>0.35 in w.c.</u>
5.2.3.8 Laboratory and Vivarium Exhaust Systems in High Rise Buildings	<u>0.25 in. w.c./100 ft of vertical duct exceeding 75 ft.</u>
<b>5.2.3.9 Deductions</b>	
<del>Fume Hood Exhaust Exception</del> (required if 6.5.3.1.1 Exception (c) is taken)	<del>-1.0 in w.c.</del>

Table 28: Laboratory and Vivarium Base Line Pressure Values

Item	wg
Lab Exhaust Hoods	0.35"
Duct from hood to air control valve	0.15"
Exhaust Air Valve	0.5"
Exhaust Duct from Air Valve to Inlet Manifold	1.5"
Plenum loss factor (expansion, plenum, isolation dpr)	0.5"
Exhaust Stack Discharge	1.0"
Subtotal	4.0"
Existing credit for return system	-1.0"
Existing credit for exhaust airflow control device	-0.5"
Total	2.5"
New Credits	
Fully ducted exhaust systems serving laboratories	2.15"
Exhaust systems serving fume hoods	0.35"

9. Economizers: Efficiency trade off for economizers will need to be changed (at least the Mandatory Minimum EER) to match the new efficiency levels-Addendum g. Also, Phil Rutledge suggestion on Economizers-This idea was approved at the IECC hearings, in principle so work will be required to confirm or refute what was submitted by the proponent. EC 114. "The proposal changes the economizer requirements for the various Zones. Requires economizers in Zones 3A and 4A where they were previously not required and moves Zones 5A and 6A to greater than or equal to 54,000 Btu/h from greater than or equal to 135,000 Btu/h."
10. Hydronic pump efficiencies:  
Setpoint reset



# 11. Gas and Oil Fired Boilers, Minimum Efficiency Requirements

The efficiency requirements for commercial boilers in Standard 90.1 have not been changed in a significant way since 90.1-1989. Over the years the number of models available at higher efficiencies has increased. Recently, boiler manufacturers and energy efficiency supporters met and developed a joint proposal to raise the boiler efficiency requirements in 90.1. This addendum involves deleting the current Table 6.2.1F and replacing it with the new table provided. This new table contains three efficiency columns: the current standard, which will continue to apply for several years; a proposed new standard, which will go into effect three years from the date of ASHRAE Board approval; and an additional standard level for one product class, which will go into effect ten years after the previous column. The three-year period before the proposed new standard takes effect is provided to allow manufacturers sufficient time to upgrade models that do not meet the standards. In addition, a new product class is created for gas natural draft steam boilers in order to permit a more gradual transition to the proposed new standard level for this class, since space constraints in old existing boiler rooms provide extra challenges. Available public data indicate that about half the boilers now being sold meet the new proposed requirements. Analysis conducted for the committee indicates that the proposed new efficiency levels will be cost-effective to boiler users using the economic tests generally employed in setting efficiency levels in 90.1. The proposed increases in efficiency will reduce commercial boiler energy use by an average of about 5%. A 5% decrease would save about 18 trillion Btu of gas and oil annually once the existing boiler stock turns over. The proposed requirements are tabulated in Table 29.

Table 29: Proposed Minimum Efficiency Requirements for Gas and Oil Fired Boilers

<b>TABLE 6.8.1F Gas- and Oil-Fired Boilers. Minimum Efficiency Requirements</b>						
<u>Equipment Type<sup>a</sup></u>	<u>Sub-Category or Rating Condition</u>	<u>Size Category (Input)</u>	<u>Minimum Efficiency<sup>b,c</sup></u>	<u>Efficiency as of 6/29/2009 (Date 3 yrs after ASHRAE Board approval)</u>	<u>Efficiency as of 6/29/2019 (Date 13 yrs after ASHRAE Board approval)</u>	<u>Test Procedure</u>
<b>Boilers, Hot Water</b>	<b>Gas-Fired</b>	$\leq 300,000 \text{ Btu/h}$	80% AFUE	80% AFUE	80% AFUE	10 CFR Part 430
		$^{3}300,000 \text{ Btu/h and } \leq 2,500,000 \text{ Btu/h}^d$	75% $E_t$	80% $E_t$	80% $E_t$	10 CFR Part 431
		$> 2,500,000 \text{ Btu/h}^a$	80% $E_c$	82% $E_c$	82% $E_c$	
	<b>Oil-Fired<sup>e</sup></b>	$\leq 300,000 \text{ Btu/h}$	80% AFUE	80% AFUE	80% AFUE	10 CFR Part 430
		$^{3}300,000 \text{ Btu/h and } \leq 2,500,000 \text{ Btu/h}^d$	78% $E_t$	82% $E_t$	82% $E_t$	10 CFR Part 431
		$> 2,500,000 \text{ Btu/h}^a$	83% $E_c$	84% $E_c$	84% $E_c$	
<b>Boilers, Steam</b>	<b>Gas-Fired</b>	$\leq 300,000 \text{ Btu/h}$	75% AFUE	75% AFUE	75% AFUE	10 CFR Part 430
	<b>Gas-Fired—All, except natural draft</b>	$^{3}300,000 \text{ Btu/h and } \leq 2,500,000 \text{ Btu/h}^d$	75% $E_t$	79% $E_t$	79% $E_t$	10 CFR Part 431
		$> 2,500,000 \text{ Btu/h}^a$	80% $E_c$	79% $E_t$	79% $E_t$	
	<b>Gas-Fired—Natural Draft</b>	$^{3}300,000 \text{ Btu/h and } \leq 2,500,000 \text{ Btu/h}^d$	75% $E_t$	77% $E_t$	79% $E_t$	
		$> 2,500,000 \text{ Btu/h}^a$	80% $E_c$	77% $E_t$	79% $E_t$	
	<b>Oil-Fired<sup>e</sup></b>	$\leq 300,000 \text{ Btu/h}$	80% AFUE	80% AFUE	80% AFUE	10 CFR Part 430
		$^{3}300,000 \text{ Btu/h and } \leq 2,500,000 \text{ Btu/h}^d$	78% $E_t$	81% $E_t$	81% $E_t$	10 CFR Part 431
		$> 2,500,000 \text{ Btu/h}^a$	83% $E_c$	81% $E_t$	81% $E_t$	

<sup>a</sup> These requirements apply to boilers with rated input of 8,000,000 Btu/h or less that are not packaged boilers and to all packaged boilers. Minimum efficiency requirements for boilers cover all capacities of packaged boilers.

<sup>b</sup>  $E_c$  = combustion efficiency (100% less flue losses). See reference document for detailed information.

<sup>c</sup>  $E_t$  = thermal efficiency. See reference document for detailed information.

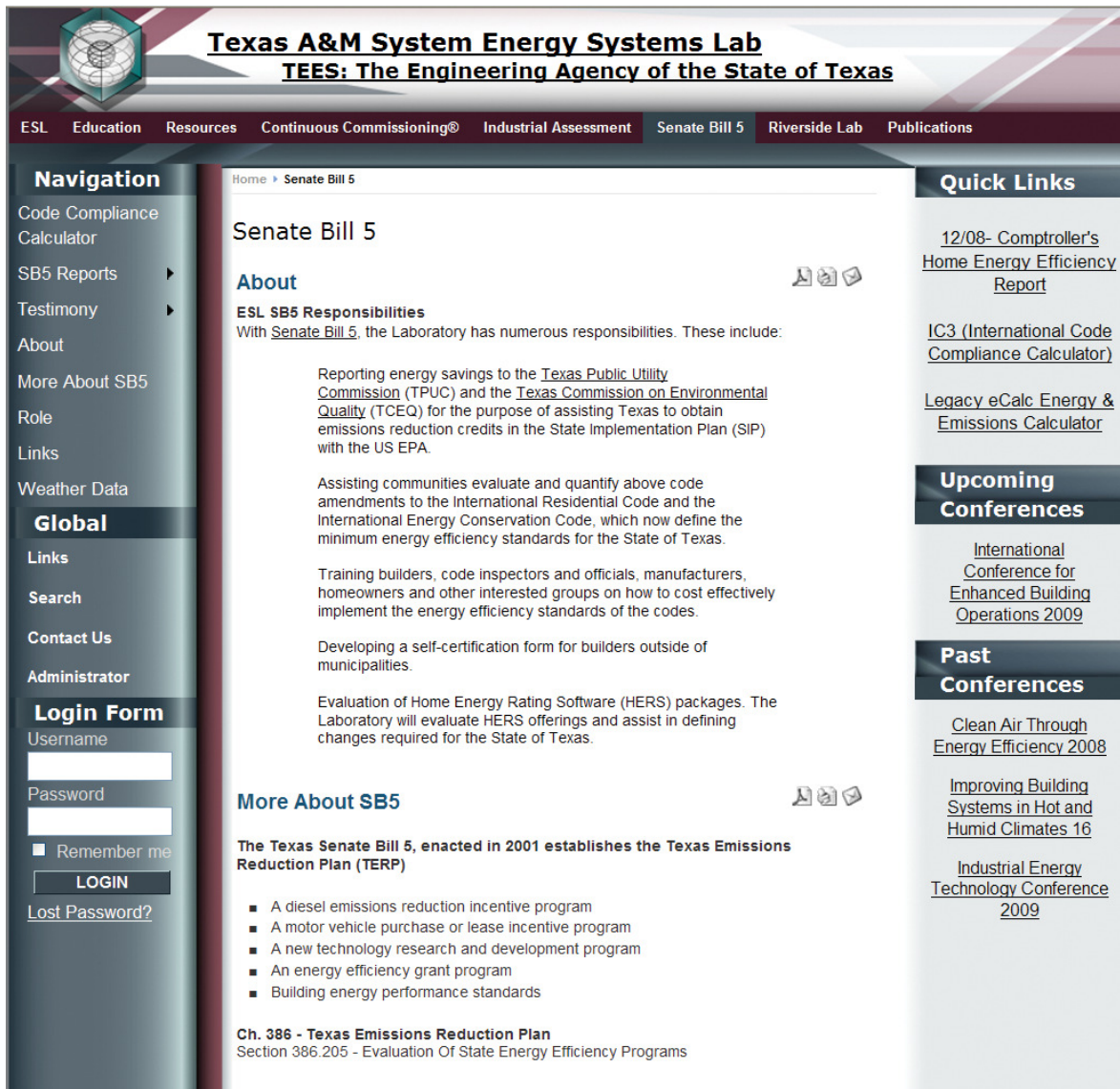
<sup>d</sup> Maximum capacity – minimum and maximum ratings as provided for and allowed by the unit's controls.

<sup>e</sup> Includes oil-fired (residual).

#### 5.2.4 Laboratory's TERP Web Site "eslsb5.tamu.edu".

Since the Fall of 2001, the Laboratory has maintained a TERP webpage (Figure 6, <http://esl.eslwin.tamu.edu>), where information is provided to builders, code officials, the design community and homeowners about TERP, including:

- The Emissions calculator
  - Opening page: this page directs the visitor to four choices, including:
    - The calculator: This is the emissions calculator that the Laboratory developed for the State of Texas, which contains procedures for calculating NO<sub>x</sub>, Sox and CO<sub>2</sub> emissions calculations from new building models, community projects, and renewables.
    - The kWh-NO<sub>x</sub> emissions calculator: This is the synchronous NO<sub>x</sub> emissions calculator for projects where the kWh savings are known for a particular county.
    - The ICC: This is the entry page for the Laboratory's International Code Compliance Calculator, which was developed at the request of several municipalities for calculating code compliance with the 2000/2001 IECC with SEER 13.
    - The TERP Main page: This is the main page for the TERP project.
- The TERP Main Page
  - Navigation: This page contains general information about the project.
    - Code Compliance Calculator
    - SB5 reports: This contains the Laboratory's reports to the TCEQ and the Legislature since 2001, as well as conference paper and other presentations about the effort.
    - Testimony: The ESL's Legislative testimony.
    - About: General information about the Laboratory's SB5 responsibilities.
    - More about SB5
    - Role
    - Links
  - Global:
    - Links
    - Search
    - Contact Us
    - Administrator
    - Weather data page: This page is the link to the Laboratory's on-line weather data depository for the hourly/daily weather data gathered as part of the TERP program. This is the main navigation page for find different types of weather data for the 17 sites listed, including:
      - Daily spreadsheet format example
      - Hourly spreadsheet format example
      - Example daily weather data graphs
      - Example hourly weather data graphs
  - Login Form – Where user's can login to the web site.
  - Quick Links
    - Comptroller's energy report
    - IC3 calculator
    - Legacy eCalc calculator
  - Upcoming conferences
    - ICEBO
  - Past conferences
    - CATEE conference
    - Hot and Humid conference
    - IETC conference



**Texas A&M System Energy Systems Lab**  
**TEES: The Engineering Agency of the State of Texas**

ESL Education Resources Continuous Commissioning® Industrial Assessment Senate Bill 5 Riverside Lab Publications

**Navigation**

- Code Compliance Calculator
- SB5 Reports ▶
- Testimony ▶
- About
- More About SB5
- Role
- Links
- Weather Data

**Global**

- Links
- Search
- Contact Us
- Administrator

**Login Form**

Username

Password

☐ Remember me

**LOGIN**

[Lost Password?](#)

Home ▶ Senate Bill 5

## Senate Bill 5

**About**

**ESL SB5 Responsibilities**

With [Senate Bill 5](#), the Laboratory has numerous responsibilities. These include:

- Reporting energy savings to the [Texas Public Utility Commission](#) (TPUC) and the [Texas Commission on Environmental Quality](#) (TCEQ) for the purpose of assisting Texas to obtain emissions reduction credits in the State Implementation Plan (SIP) with the US EPA.
- Assisting communities evaluate and quantify above code amendments to the International Residential Code and the International Energy Conservation Code, which now define the minimum energy efficiency standards for the State of Texas.
- Training builders, code inspectors and officials, manufacturers, homeowners and other interested groups on how to cost effectively implement the energy efficiency standards of the codes.
- Developing a self-certification form for builders outside of municipalities.
- Evaluation of Home Energy Rating Software (HERS) packages. The Laboratory will evaluate HERS offerings and assist in defining changes required for the State of Texas.

**More About SB5**

**The Texas Senate Bill 5, enacted in 2001 establishes the Texas Emissions Reduction Plan (TERP)**

- A diesel emissions reduction incentive program
- A motor vehicle purchase or lease incentive program
- A new technology research and development program
- An energy efficiency grant program
- Building energy performance standards

**Ch. 386 - Texas Emissions Reduction Plan**  
 Section 386.205 - Evaluation Of State Energy Efficiency Programs

**Quick Links**

- [12/08- Comptroller's Home Energy Efficiency Report](#)
- [IC3 \(International Code Compliance Calculator\)](#)
- [Legacy eCalc Energy & Emissions Calculator](#)


**Upcoming Conferences**

- [International Conference for Enhanced Building Operations 2009](#)


**Past Conferences**

- [Clean Air Through Energy Efficiency 2008](#)
- [Improving Building Systems in Hot and Humid Climates 16](#)
- [Industrial Energy Technology Conference 2009](#)

Figure 6: The Laboratory's Senate Bill 5 Web Site (main page).




**ENERGY & EMISSIONS TOOLKIT**  
**The Energy Systems Laboratory**  
*A Division of TEES: The Engineering Agency of the State of Texas*




---

### What is eCalc?

e2Calc is a collection of web-based calculators allowing Texas Government and Building industry users to design energy efficient buildings at or above code, thus documenting their emissions reduction. These tools include eCalc v1.1, ICC, and soon TCV tools



**Last Update: September 07, 2007 11:45 AM**

The International Code Compliance Calculator (ICCC) is current to v2.0.8.1 as shown to the NCTCOG yesterday.

Questions? Comments? - please contact us by email: [ecalc@esl.tamu.edu](mailto:ecalc@esl.tamu.edu) if you have a wait longer than 24 hrs for a result.

**PLEASE NOTE: The ICCC project is constantly being updated!**

---





To Calculator (Public)	To kWh-NOx Emissions Calculator	To ICCC	To SB5 (Public)
v.1.1.A	v.1.0	v2.0.8.1	

Instructions, Notes, and Supporting Documentation are [here](#).

Instructions, Notes, and Supporting Documentation are [here](#).


---

© 2006 [Energy Systems Laboratory, Texas Engineering Experiment Station, Texas A&M University System](#)








e<sup>2</sup>Calc Web, database, and modules are © 2006 Energy Systems Laboratory.


Figure 7: Opening page for the Laboratory's e2CALC Energy and Emissions Toolkit.





**TEXAS ENGINEERING EXPERIMENT STATION**  
The Energy Systems Laboratory  
Energy & Emissions Calculator - eCalc





### New Building Models

  
**SINGLE FAMILY**


  
**MULTI-FAMILY**


  
**OFFICE**


  
**RETAIL**


---


### Community Projects

  
**MUNICIPAL**

  
**STREET LIGHTS**


  
**TRAFFIC LIGHTS**


  
**WATER SUPPLY**


  
**WASTE WATER**

---

### Renewables

  
**SOLAR PV**

  
**SOLAR THERMAL**

  
**WIND**

Date: 04/14/2006 WG1.1.A+CE1.1.B+DB1.2.A=B148 (V1.1) on SEG-PWS04

[TAMU](#) | [ESL](#) | [TEES](#) | [EPA](#) | [TCEQ](#) | [Credits](#) | [Library](#) | [Contact Us](#) | [Logout](#)

Copyright © 2004 Energy Systems Laboratory, Texas Engineering Experiment Station. All rights reserved.

Figure 8: Web Page Providing Access to the Laboratory's eCALC Energy and Emissions Calculator.

**e<sup>2</sup>CALC** EMISSIONS & ENERGY CALCULATOR  
The Energy Systems Laboratory  
*A Division of TEES: The Engineering Agency of the State of Texas*

**Emissions Reduction Estimate**

County:  [v]

Energy Savings:  [kwh]

Year:  [v]

Please enter the requested information, then click the Submit button to send.

These numbers are not discounted and as such do not take into account important factors such as seasonality, demand loads, power profiles, and other factors. Thus these figures are NOT for attribution, they are only provided as a rough gauge of NON DISCOUNTED emissions reduction.

©2006 Energy Systems Laboratory

Figure 9: Web Page Providing Access to the Laboratory's Synchronous Emissions Calculator.

**ICCC** International CODE COMPLIANCE CALCULATOR

**SECO** State Energy Conservation Office

**TCEQ** TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

**City of Austin**

**HERO** Home Energy Rating Organization

**ICC** INTERNATIONAL CODE COUNCIL

**User Login**

Please log in to access the calculator.

Username:

Password:

[Forgot Password?](#) [Register for an account](#)

Best viewed with FIREFOX 2  
Full support for IE is in the pipeline.

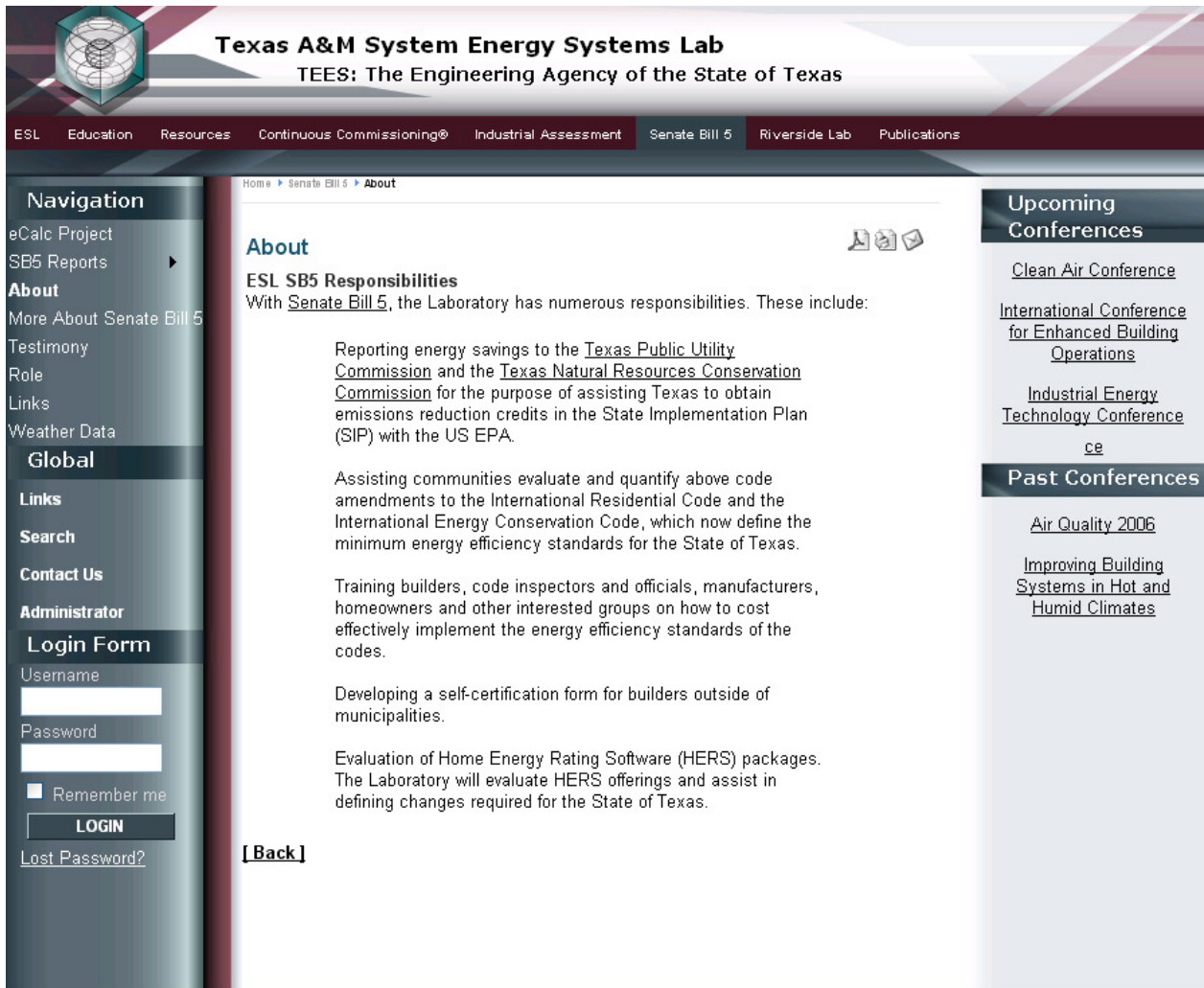
© 2007 Energy Systems Laboratory, Texas Engineering Experiment Station, The Engineering Agency of the State of Texas  
[Contact Us](#) [FAQ](#) [Privacy Policy](#)

**e<sup>2</sup>CALC**

**TEES**

Figure 10: Web Page Providing Access to the Laboratory's International Code Compliance Calculator (ICCC).





The screenshot shows the website for the Texas A&M System Energy Systems Lab (TEES). The header includes the lab's name and a navigation bar with links: ESL, Education, Resources, Continuous Commissioning®, Industrial Assessment, Senate Bill 5, Riverside Lab, and Publications. The main content area is titled 'About' and 'ESL SB5 Responsibilities'. It lists several responsibilities of the laboratory, including reporting energy savings, assisting with code amendments, training builders, developing self-certification forms, and evaluating HERS software. A left sidebar contains navigation links like 'eCalc Project', 'SB5 Reports', 'About', 'More About Senate Bill 5', 'Testimony', 'Role', 'Links', 'Weather Data', 'Global', 'Links', 'Search', 'Contact Us', 'Administrator', 'Login Form', and 'Lost Password?'. A right sidebar lists 'Upcoming Conferences' and 'Past Conferences'.

**Texas A&M System Energy Systems Lab**  
TEES: The Engineering Agency of the State of Texas

ESL Education Resources Continuous Commissioning® Industrial Assessment Senate Bill 5 Riverside Lab Publications

Navigation  
eCalc Project  
SB5 Reports  
**About**  
More About Senate Bill 5  
Testimony  
Role  
Links  
Weather Data  
**Global**  
**Links**  
**Search**  
**Contact Us**  
**Administrator**  
**Login Form**  
Username  
Password  
☐ Remember me  
**LOGIN**  
[Lost Password?](#)

Home > Senate Bill 5 > About

### About

**ESL SB5 Responsibilities**  
With Senate Bill 5, the Laboratory has numerous responsibilities. These include:

- Reporting energy savings to the Texas Public Utility Commission and the Texas Natural Resources Conservation Commission for the purpose of assisting Texas to obtain emissions reduction credits in the State Implementation Plan (SIP) with the US EPA.
- Assisting communities evaluate and quantify above code amendments to the International Residential Code and the International Energy Conservation Code, which now define the minimum energy efficiency standards for the State of Texas.
- Training builders, code inspectors and officials, manufacturers, homeowners and other interested groups on how to cost effectively implement the energy efficiency standards of the codes.
- Developing a self-certification form for builders outside of municipalities.
- Evaluation of Home Energy Rating Software (HERS) packages. The Laboratory will evaluate HERS offerings and assist in defining changes required for the State of Texas.

[\[ Back \]](#)

**Upcoming Conferences**  
[Clean Air Conference](#)  
[International Conference for Enhanced Building Operations](#)  
[Industrial Energy Technology Conference](#)  
[ce](#)

**Past Conferences**  
[Air Quality 2006](#)  
[Improving Building Systems in Hot and Humid Climates](#)

Figure 11: Web Page Providing Information About the Laboratory's Senate Bill Responsibilities.

The screenshot displays the Texas A&M System Energy Systems Lab website. The header features the lab's name and the acronym 'TEES: The Engineering Agency of the State of Texas'. A navigation bar includes links for ESL, Education, Resources, Continuous Commissioning®, Industrial Assessment, Senate Bill 5, Riverside Lab, and Publications. The main content area is titled 'SB5 Reports' and is organized into three columns. The left column, 'Navigation', lists links such as eCalcProject, SB5 Reports, About, More About Senate Bill 5, Testimony, Role, Links, and Weather Data. The middle column, 'SB5 Reports', is divided into 'Legislative Reports' (including a Texas Senate Committee report), 'Year 2006' (including a TCEQ report), 'Year 2005' (including Water/Wastewater Engineering Reports), '2005 Annual ESL/TCEQ Report' (including Volume I, II, and III), and 'Supporting Documents and Related Reports' (including various development reports for emissions reduction calculators). The right column, 'Upcoming Conferences', lists the 'Clean Air Conference' (International Conference for Enhanced Building Operations) and the 'Industrial Energy Technology Conference'. Below this, 'Past Conferences' lists the 'Air Quality 2006' and 'Improving Building Systems in Hot and Humid Climates'.

**Texas A&M System Energy Systems Lab**  
**TEES: The Engineering Agency of the State of Texas**

ESL Education Resources Continuous Commissioning® Industrial Assessment Senate Bill 5 Riverside Lab Publications

**Navigation**

- eCalcProject
- SB5 Reports
- About
- More About Senate Bill 5
- Testimony
- Role
- Links
- Weather Data

**SB5 Reports**

**Legislative Reports**

- [Texas Senate Committee on Environmental Quality Interim Report: Texas Compliance with the Federal Clean Air Act and Establishment of Texas Emissions Reduction Plan Committee \(PDF\)](#)

**Year 2006**

- [TCEQ Report - Statewide Air Emissions Calculation from Wind and Other Renewables \(ESL-TR-06-08-01\) \(PDF\)](#)

**Year 2005**

- [Water/Wastewater Engineering Report, M1 Model \(ESL-TR-05-08-06\) \(PDF\)](#)
- [Water/Wastewater Engineering Report, M2 Model \(ESL-TR-05-08-07\) \(PDF\)](#)

2005 Annual ESL/TCEQ Report

- [Volume I Summary Report \(ESL-TR-06-06-07\) \(PDF\)](#)
- [Volume II Technical Report \(ESL-TR-06-06-08\) \(PDF\)](#)
- [Volume III Appendix \(ESL-TR-06-06-09\) \(PDF\)](#)

Supporting Documents and Related Reports

- [Development of a Web-Based Emissions Reduction Calculator for Retrofits to Municipal Water Supply and Waste Water Facilities \(ESL-IC-05-10-31\) \(PDF\)](#)
- [Development of a Web-Based Emissions Reduction Calculator for Street Light and Traffic Light Retrofits \(ESL-IC-05-10-29\) \(PDF\)](#)
- [Development of a Web-Based Emissions Reduction Calculator for Solar Thermal and Solar Photovoltaic Installations \(ESL-IC-05-10-32\) \(PDF\)](#)
- [Development of a Web-Based Emissions Reduction Calculator for Code-Compliant Single-Family and Multi-Family Construction \(ESL-IC-05-10-33\) \(PDF\)](#)
- [Development of a Web-Based Emissions Reduction Calculator for Code-Compliant Commercial Construction \(PDF\)](#)
- [Development of a Web-Based Emissions Reduction Calculator for Green Power Purchases from Texas Wind Energy Providers \(ESL-IC-05-10-30\) \(PDF\)](#)
- [NO<sub>x</sub>, SO<sub>x</sub>, and CO<sub>2</sub> Emissions Reduction From Continuous Commissioning Measures at the Rent-A-Car Facility in the Dallas-Fort Worth International Airport \(ESL-TR-05-12-05\) \(PDF\)](#)

**Upcoming Conferences**

[Clean Air Conference](#)

[International Conference for Enhanced Building Operations](#)

[Industrial Energy Technology Conference](#)

**Past Conferences**

[Air Quality 2006](#)

[Improving Building Systems in Hot and Humid Climates](#)

Figure 12: SB5 Public opening page for the Laboratory TERP effort.



**CATEE 2007**

Clean Air through Energy Efficiency:  
*Shaping our future together*

Login Home Registration Hotel Program Sponsors Contact Us

### Hosts

**Energy Systems Laboratory**

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

### Co-Hosts

TEXAS HERO Home Energy Raters Organization

BUILD BUILDING SYSTEMS IN HOT & HUMID CLIMATES

The Chamber

AACOG Alamo Area Council Of Governments

### Home

Do you think all environment issues forums are the same? Would you rather engage in policy debate than simply listen to lectures and view power point presentations? This December, a new and different energy efficiency/clean air conference will engage you and tap your creative problem-solving strengths.

The Energy Systems Laboratory of the Texas A&M University System invites you to participate in its exciting 2007 air quality conference **Clean Air through Energy Efficiency: Shaping Our Future Together**, in historic downtown San Antonio at one of the city's premiere hotels, the luxurious Westin Riverwalk, December 17-18, 2007.

As a conference participant, you will hear from top experts on the current status of efforts to achieve optimum results in energy efficiency and clean air attainment. You will be provided the opportunity to debate as well as learn from your peers on what programs and initiatives work and don't work. Then, participants will be challenged to find solutions that close remaining attainment gaps. Attendees will be offered a unique opportunity to debate and shape policy in interactive, roundtable forums including elected officials, federal, state and local agency policymakers, business leaders, environmentalists, code officials, service providers, homeowners, builders and other clean air/energy efficiency stakeholders.

By the end of this engaging and productive forum, participants will have identified consensus points for further development and a path forward that can be measured and built upon at the Energy Systems Lab's next forum in 2008.

Additional components of this event include a pre-conference "Energy Efficiency How-To Workshop," presentations of peer-reviewed papers as presented by **The Symposium on Improving Building Systems in Hot & Humid Climates**, and the latest technology in the home energy rating industry, as presented by the **Texas Home Energy Raters Organization**.

[ Back ]

### Sponsors

SECO State Energy Conservation Office

HAIRC

TEES TAM

TEES / Texas A&M / Privacy / Accessibility / Link Policy / State of Texas / Compact with Texans / TRAIL Search / Governor's Homepage / Texas Homeland Security  
Copyright 2007 Energy Systems Laboratory. All rights reserved. — Something missing? Contact the [webmaster](#)

Figure 13: Web Page Providing Information About the Laboratory's 2007 Clean Air Through Energy Efficiency (CATEE) Conference.

**ICEBO** 7<sup>th</sup> International Conference for Enhanced Building Operations  
Nov. 1-2, 2007 San Francisco, California

Login Home About Registration Hotel Program Sponsors Become a Sponsor Contact Us

**Sponsors**  
Hosted by:  
 Energy Systems Laboratory

**Endorsed by:**  
 CACx  
[Full List of Sponsors](#)

**Home**  
The International Conference for Enhanced Building Operations (ICEBO) convenes annual forums of U.S. and international leaders on enhanced building operations. The 7th conference will be Nov. 1-2, 2007, at the Hyatt at Fisherman's Wharf in San Francisco, California. ICEBO promotes exchanges among engineers, contractors, energy agencies, industrial companies, contractors and building scientists dedicated to continuous improvements in building energy performance. Higher energy costs and concern for environmental impacts are highlighting the importance of these topics.

**Key Information**

- [7th ICEBO Program](#)
- [Registration](#)
- [Hotel Information](#)

**What is enhanced building operation?**  
The rapidly growing field of enhanced building operation systematically optimizes building energy performance, reduces energy use, improves indoor air quality, and improves occupant comfort and productivity. This is achieved through a multi-phase process, called building commissioning, to ensure that the interacting energy systems in a building are properly designed, installed and operated optimally. The conference transfers research advances to the day-to-day practice of building designers, contractors, managers and operators.

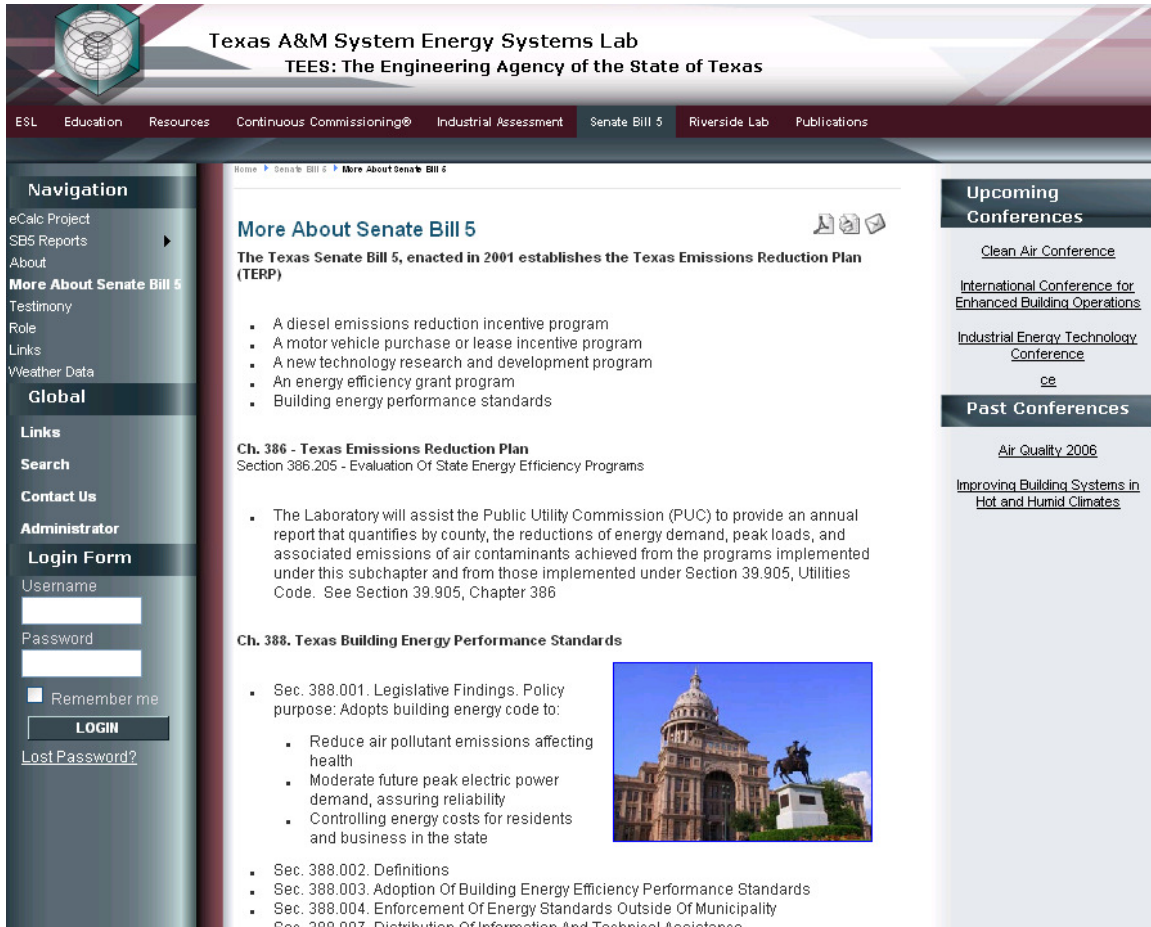
[\[ Back \]](#)

**Announcements**

- [Program at a Glance](#)
- [Preliminary Program](#)
- [Author Instructions](#)  
Guidelines for submitting a paper to 2007 ICEBO.
- [Become an ICEBO 2007 Sponsor!](#)  
Take advantage of this great opportunity to help enhance the operation of new and existing buildings.

TEG A&M  
TEEB / Texas A&M / Privacy / Accessibility / Link Policy / State of Texas / Compact with Texas / TRAIL Search / Governor's Homepage / Texas Home and Security  
Copyright 2007 Energy Systems Laboratory. All rights reserved. — Something missing? Contact the [webmaster](#)

Figure 14: Web Page Providing Information About the Laboratory's 7<sup>th</sup> Annual International Conference for Enhanced Building Operations (ICEBO) Conference.



The screenshot shows the Texas A&M System Energy Systems Lab website. The header includes the lab's name and the tagline "TEES: The Engineering Agency of the State of Texas". A navigation bar lists various services: ESL, Education, Resources, Continuous Commissioning®, Industrial Assessment, Senate Bill 5, Riverside Lab, and Publications. The main content area is titled "More About Senate Bill 5" and describes the Texas Emissions Reduction Plan (TERP). It lists several programs: a diesel emissions reduction incentive program, a motor vehicle purchase or lease incentive program, a new technology research and development program, an energy efficiency grant program, and building energy performance standards. Below this, it details "Ch. 386 - Texas Emissions Reduction Plan" and "Ch. 388. Texas Building Energy Performance Standards". A photograph of the Texas State Capitol is included. The left sidebar contains a "Navigation" menu with links to eCalc Project, SB5 Reports, About, and more. The right sidebar lists "Upcoming Conferences" and "Past Conferences".

**Texas A&M System Energy Systems Lab**  
**TEES: The Engineering Agency of the State of Texas**

ESL Education Resources Continuous Commissioning® Industrial Assessment Senate Bill 5 Riverside Lab Publications

**Navigation**  
 eCalc Project  
 SB5 Reports  
 About  
**More About Senate Bill 5**  
 Testimony  
 Role  
 Links  
 Weather Data  
**Global**  
**Links**  
**Search**  
**Contact Us**  
**Administrator**  
**Login Form**  
 Username  
 Password  
☐ Remember me  
**LOGIN**  
[Lost Password?](#)

**More About Senate Bill 5**

The Texas Senate Bill 5, enacted in 2001 establishes the Texas Emissions Reduction Plan (TERP)

- A diesel emissions reduction incentive program
- A motor vehicle purchase or lease incentive program
- A new technology research and development program
- An energy efficiency grant program
- Building energy performance standards

**Ch. 386 - Texas Emissions Reduction Plan**  
 Section 386.205 - Evaluation Of State Energy Efficiency Programs

- The Laboratory will assist the Public Utility Commission (PUC) to provide an annual report that quantifies by county, the reductions of energy demand, peak loads, and associated emissions of air contaminants achieved from the programs implemented under this subchapter and from those implemented under Section 39.905, Utilities Code. See Section 39.905, Chapter 386

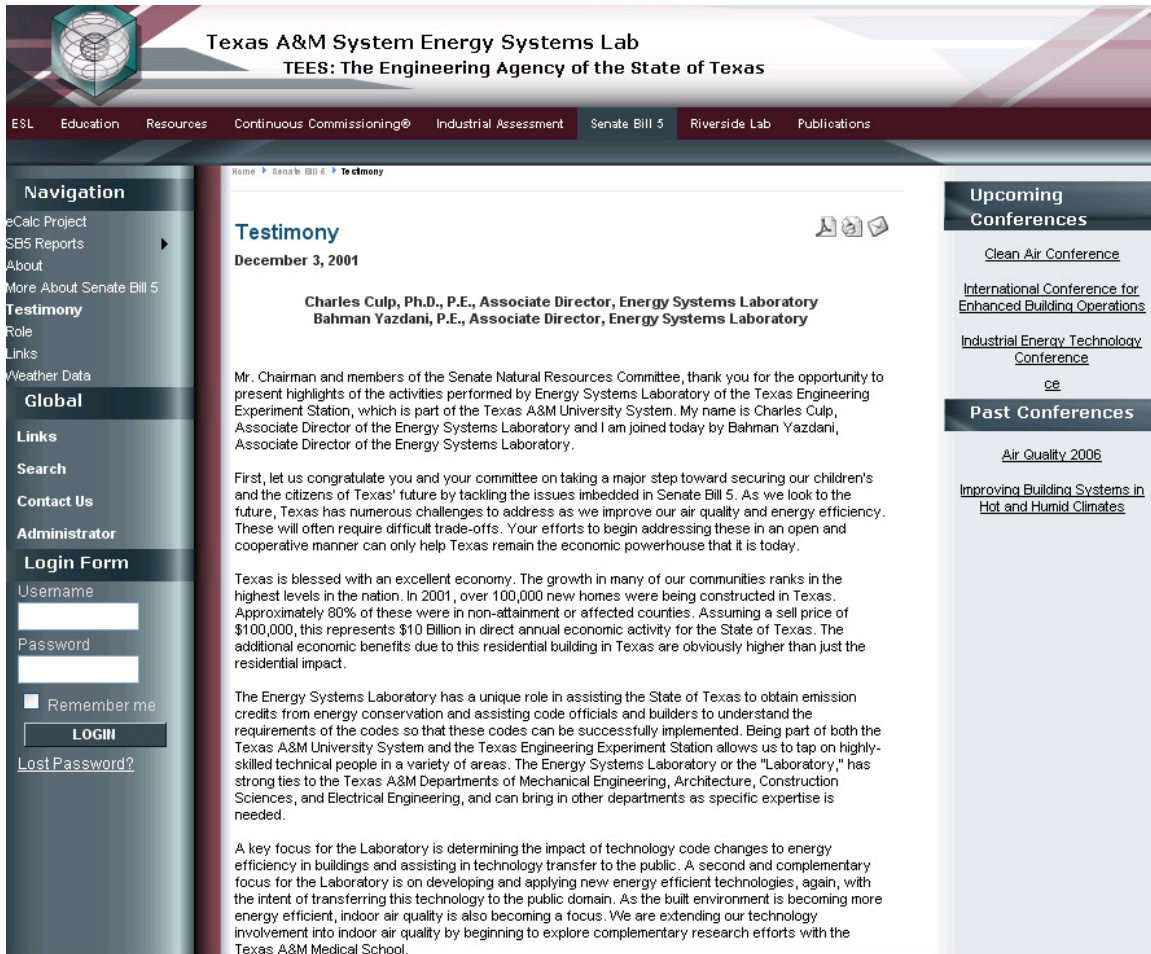
**Ch. 388. Texas Building Energy Performance Standards**

- Sec. 388.001. Legislative Findings. Policy purpose: Adopts building energy code to:
  - Reduce air pollutant emissions affecting health
  - Moderate future peak electric power demand, assuring reliability
  - Controlling energy costs for residents and business in the state
- Sec. 388.002. Definitions
- Sec. 388.003. Adoption Of Building Energy Efficiency Performance Standards
- Sec. 388.004. Enforcement Of Energy Standards Outside Of Municipality
- Sec. 388.007. Distribution Of Information And Technical Assistance

**Upcoming Conferences**  
[Clean Air Conference](#)  
[International Conference for Enhanced Building Operations](#)  
[Industrial Energy Technology Conference](#)  
[CE](#)

**Past Conferences**  
[Air Quality 2006](#)  
[Improving Building Systems in Hot and Humid Climates](#)

Figure 15: Web Page Providing Additional Information About the Laboratory's TERP Program.



**Texas A&M System Energy Systems Lab**  
TEES: The Engineering Agency of the State of Texas

ESL Education Resources Continuous Commissioning® Industrial Assessment Senate Bill 5 Riverside Lab Publications

**Navigation**  
eCalc Project  
SB5 Reports  
About  
More About Senate Bill 5  
**Testimony**  
Role  
Links  
Weather Data

**Global**

**Links**

**Search**

**Contact Us**

**Administrator**

**Login Form**  
Username  
Password  
☐ Remember me  
**LOGIN**  
[Lost Password?](#)

**Testimony**  
December 3, 2001

**Charles Culp, Ph.D., P.E., Associate Director, Energy Systems Laboratory**  
**Bahman Yazdani, P.E., Associate Director, Energy Systems Laboratory**

Mr. Chairman and members of the Senate Natural Resources Committee, thank you for the opportunity to present highlights of the activities performed by Energy Systems Laboratory of the Texas Engineering Experiment Station, which is part of the Texas A&M University System. My name is Charles Culp, Associate Director of the Energy Systems Laboratory and I am joined today by Bahman Yazdani, Associate Director of the Energy Systems Laboratory.

First, let us congratulate you and your committee on taking a major step toward securing our children's and the citizens of Texas' future by tackling the issues imbedded in Senate Bill 5. As we look to the future, Texas has numerous challenges to address as we improve our air quality and energy efficiency. These will often require difficult trade-offs. Your efforts to begin addressing these in an open and cooperative manner can only help Texas remain the economic powerhouse that it is today.

Texas is blessed with an excellent economy. The growth in many of our communities ranks in the highest levels in the nation. In 2001, over 100,000 new homes were being constructed in Texas. Approximately 80% of these were in non-attainment or affected counties. Assuming a sell price of \$100,000, this represents \$10 Billion in direct annual economic activity for the State of Texas. The additional economic benefits due to this residential building in Texas are obviously higher than just the residential impact.

The Energy Systems Laboratory has a unique role in assisting the State of Texas to obtain emission credits from energy conservation and assisting code officials and builders to understand the requirements of the codes so that these codes can be successfully implemented. Being part of both the Texas A&M University System and the Texas Engineering Experiment Station allows us to tap on highly-skilled technical people in a variety of areas. The Energy Systems Laboratory or the "Laboratory," has strong ties to the Texas A&M Departments of Mechanical Engineering, Architecture, Construction Sciences, and Electrical Engineering, and can bring in other departments as specific expertise is needed.

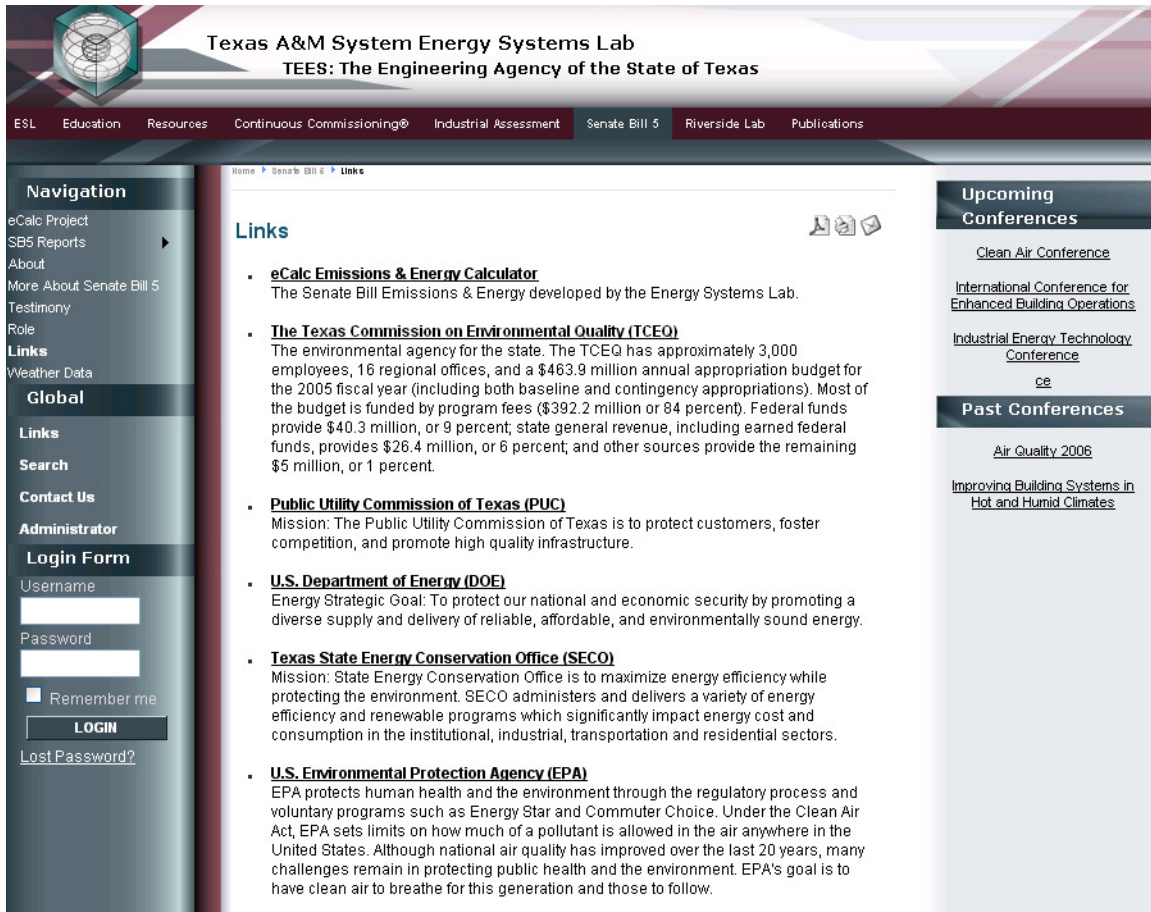
A key focus for the Laboratory is determining the impact of technology code changes to energy efficiency in buildings and assisting in technology transfer to the public. A second and complementary focus for the Laboratory is on developing and applying new energy efficient technologies, again, with the intent of transferring this technology to the public domain. As the built environment is becoming more energy efficient, indoor air quality is also becoming a focus. We are extending our technology involvement into indoor air quality by beginning to explore complementary research efforts with the Texas A&M Medical School.

**Upcoming Conferences**  
[Clean Air Conference](#)  
[International Conference for Enhanced Building Operations](#)  
[Industrial Energy Technology Conference](#)  
[ce](#)

**Past Conferences**  
[Air Quality 2006](#)  
[Improving Building Systems in Hot and Humid Climates](#)

Figure 16: Web Page Providing Information About the Laboratory's TERP Testimony to the Senate Natural Resources Committee.





**Texas A&M System Energy Systems Lab**  
TEES: The Engineering Agency of the State of Texas

ESL Education Resources Continuous Commissioning® Industrial Assessment Senate Bill 5 Riverside Lab Publications

**Navigation**

- eCalc Project
- SB5 Reports
- About
- More About Senate Bill 5
- Testimony
- Role
- Links**
- Weather Data
- Global**
- Links**
- Search**
- Contact Us**
- Administrator**
- Login Form**
- Username
- Password
- ☐ Remember me
- LOGIN**
- [Lost Password?](#)

**Links**

- **eCalc Emissions & Energy Calculator**  
The Senate Bill Emissions & Energy developed by the Energy Systems Lab.
- **The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ)**  
The environmental agency for the state. The TCEQ has approximately 3,000 employees, 16 regional offices, and a \$463.9 million annual appropriation budget for the 2005 fiscal year (including both baseline and contingency appropriations). Most of the budget is funded by program fees (\$392.2 million or 84 percent). Federal funds provide \$40.3 million, or 9 percent; state general revenue, including earned federal funds, provides \$26.4 million, or 6 percent; and other sources provide the remaining \$5 million, or 1 percent.
- **Public Utility Commission of Texas (PUC)**  
Mission: The Public Utility Commission of Texas is to protect customers, foster competition, and promote high quality infrastructure.
- **U.S. Department of Energy (DOE)**  
Energy Strategic Goal: To protect our national and economic security by promoting a diverse supply and delivery of reliable, affordable, and environmentally sound energy.
- **Texas State Energy Conservation Office (SECO)**  
Mission: State Energy Conservation Office is to maximize energy efficiency while protecting the environment. SECO administers and delivers a variety of energy efficiency and renewable programs which significantly impact energy cost and consumption in the institutional, industrial, transportation and residential sectors.
- **U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)**  
EPA protects human health and the environment through the regulatory process and voluntary programs such as Energy Star and Commuter Choice. Under the Clean Air Act, EPA sets limits on how much of a pollutant is allowed in the air anywhere in the United States. Although national air quality has improved over the last 20 years, many challenges remain in protecting public health and the environment. EPA's goal is to have clean air to breathe for this generation and those to follow.

**Upcoming Conferences**

- [Clean Air Conference](#)
- [International Conference for Enhanced Building Operations](#)
- [Industrial Energy Technology Conference](#)
- [CE](#)

**Past Conferences**

- [Air Quality 2006](#)
- [Improving Building Systems in Hot and Humid Climates](#)

Figure 17: Web Page Providing Information About the Laboratory's Links to Other Government Agencies.

**Texas A&M System Energy Systems Lab**  
TEES: The Engineering Agency of the State of Texas

ESL Education Resources Continuous Commissioning® Industrial Assessment Senate Bill 5 Riverside Lab Publications

**Navigation**

- eCalc Project
- SB5 Reports
- About
- More About Senate Bill 5
- Testimony
- Role
- Links
- Weather Data**
- Global
- Links
- Search
- Contact Us
- Administrator
- Login Form
- Username
- Password
- ☐ Remember me
- LOGIN**
- [Lost Password?](#)

**Weather Data**

Click [here](#) to visit the Weather Data website.

**Upcoming Conferences**

- [Clean Air Conference](#)
- [International Conference for Enhanced Building Operations](#)
- [Industrial Energy Technology Conference](#)

**Past Conferences**

- [Air Quality 2006](#)
- [Improving Building Systems in Hot and Humid Climates](#)

[Back](#)

Figure 18: Web Page Providing Information About the Laboratory's TERP Weather Data Collection Effort.

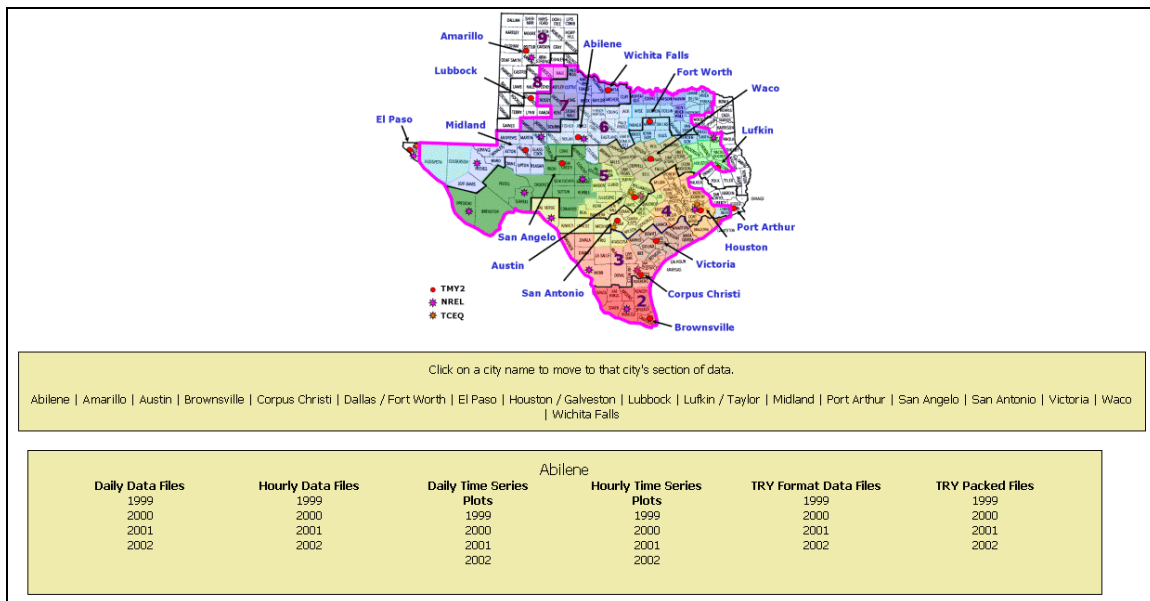


Figure 19: Web Page Providing Site-by-site Weather Data From the Laboratory's TERP Effort.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
1	Date	Average Di	Average Wv	Average Di	Average Wv	Total Glob	Total Norm	Total Precipitation (in)	
2	1/1/1999	55.8	49.8	44.4	14.8	505.4	62.1	0	
3	1/2/1999	35.3	29.3	18	14.1	986.1	1428.1	0	
4	1/3/1999	26.4	20.6	4.6	10.6	1022.2	1509.9	0	
5	1/4/1999	29.8	23.3	8.7	7.7	1179.2	2503.3	0	
6	1/5/1999	45.8	34.9	17.5	14.4	1185.2	2581.3	0	
7	1/6/1999	45.5	36.3	23.3	5	1179.5	2591.4	0	
8	1/7/1999	44.3	40.6	36.3	5.2	1181.4	2548.9	0	
9	1/8/1999	32.1	30.8	28.4	11.3	266.7	2.5	0	
10	1/9/1999	27.8	23.4	14.3	8.4	1203.3	2522.6	0	
11	1/10/1999	42.8	33.9	19.9	8.7	1197.9	2534	0	
12	1/11/1999	48.5	39.9	29.4	14.2	1191.9	2391	0	
13	1/12/1999	58.9	48.5	37.8	12.8	827.5	665.2	0	
14	1/13/1999	39.5	35.2	29.1	8	845	952.8	0	
15	1/14/1999	35.4	30.3	21.9	7.4	1225.2	2519.7	0	
16	1/15/1999	52.1	40	24.3	14.3	1263.5	2728.7	0	
17	1/16/1999	52.5	41.3	26.6	9.3	1232.4	2434.8	0	
18	1/17/1999	59.5	43.6	23	10.6	1225.5	2434.4	0	
19	1/18/1999	50.2	39	22.7	6.3	1222.9	2420.8	0	
20	1/19/1999	63.4	47.6	30.5	11.2	1239.1	2334.6	0	
21	1/20/1999	62.8	49.4	35.5	8.1	1123.7	1800.9	0	
22	1/21/1999	61.1	48.4	35	12.6	924.3	1174.1	0	
23	1/22/1999	42.3	38.2	32.3	13	153.1	3.8	0.1	
24	1/23/1999	45.8	38.9	30.3	7.2	1352	2865.3	0	
25	1/24/1999	60.3	45.3	27.8	9.2	1227.7	2216.6	0	
26	1/25/1999	48.1	41.2	32.9	6.2	1350.4	2326.6	0	
27	1/26/1999	60.3	51	42.5	16.9	1256.9	2140.8	0	
28	1/27/1999	59.9	53.9	49	10.5	817.7	650.3	0	
29	1/28/1999	54.1	50.9	48.3	10.8	587.5	162	0	
30	1/29/1999	37	36.9	36	10.2	116	0.6	1.8	
31	1/30/1999	40.2	37.6	34.4	11.8	595.1	236.2	0	

Figure 20: Spreadsheet Showing Daily Weather Data for Abilene, 1999.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1	Date time	Dry-Bulb T	Wet-Bulb T	Dew-Point	Wind Speed	Global Sol	Normal Dri	Precipitatio
2	1/1/1999 0:00	47	43	39	9	0	0	0
3	1/1/1999 1:00	47	45	43	16	0	0	0
4	1/1/1999 2:00	48	47	46	11	0	0	0
5	1/1/1999 3:00	49	48	48	14	0	0	0
6	1/1/1999 4:00	49	48	48	9	0	0	0
7	1/1/1999 5:00	49	48	48	11	0	0	0
8	1/1/1999 6:00	51	50	50	11	0	0	0
9	1/1/1999 7:00	54	53	52	15	0	0	0
10	1/1/1999 8:00	56	54	53	15	0.3	0	0
11	1/1/1999 9:00	60	56	53	15	13	1.3	0
12	1/1/1999 10:00	61	57	54	14	69.4	42.8	0
13	1/1/1999 11:00	62	57	54	19	53	0.6	0
14	1/1/1999 12:00	68	59	52	22	57.7	1.3	0
15	1/1/1999 13:00	68	58	50	19	95.4	7	0
16	1/1/1999 14:00	71	58	48	16	84.3	1.9	0
17	1/1/1999 15:00	71	56	44	7	73.2	0.6	0
18	1/1/1999 16:00	69	51	32	5	35.2	0.3	0
19	1/1/1999 17:00	64	49	33	6	20.6	6	0
20	1/1/1999 18:00	67	48	26	14	3.2	0.3	0
21	1/1/1999 19:00	56	50	44	25	0	0	0
22	1/1/1999 20:00	49	45	41	16	0	0	0
23	1/1/1999 21:00	45	43	41	23	0	0	0
24	1/1/1999 22:00	40	38	35	21	0	0	0
25	1/1/1999 23:00	38	35	31	23	0	0	0
26	1/2/1999 0:00	37	34	30	15	0	0	0
27	1/2/1999 1:00	35	32	27	22	0	0	0
28	1/2/1999 2:00	34	31	26	22	0	0	0
29	1/2/1999 3:00	33	30	24	26	0	0	0
30	1/2/1999 4:00	31	28	22	25	0	0	0
31	1/2/1999 5:00	30	27	21	22	0	0	0
32	1/2/1999 6:00	30	27	21	23	0	0	0
33	1/2/1999 7:00	29	26	21	16	0	0	0
34	1/2/1999 8:00	32	28	20	14	1.6	5.7	0
35	1/2/1999 9:00	33	28	18	16	38	176.9	0
36	1/2/1999 10:00	37	30	18	17	81.8	165.8	0
37	1/2/1999 11:00	39	31	17	19	140.5	282.8	0
38	1/2/1999 12:00	42	33	16	16	176.3	296.8	0
39	1/2/1999 13:00	43	33	17	16	179.8	257.1	0

Figure 21: Spreadsheet Showing Hourly Weather Data for Abilene, 1999.



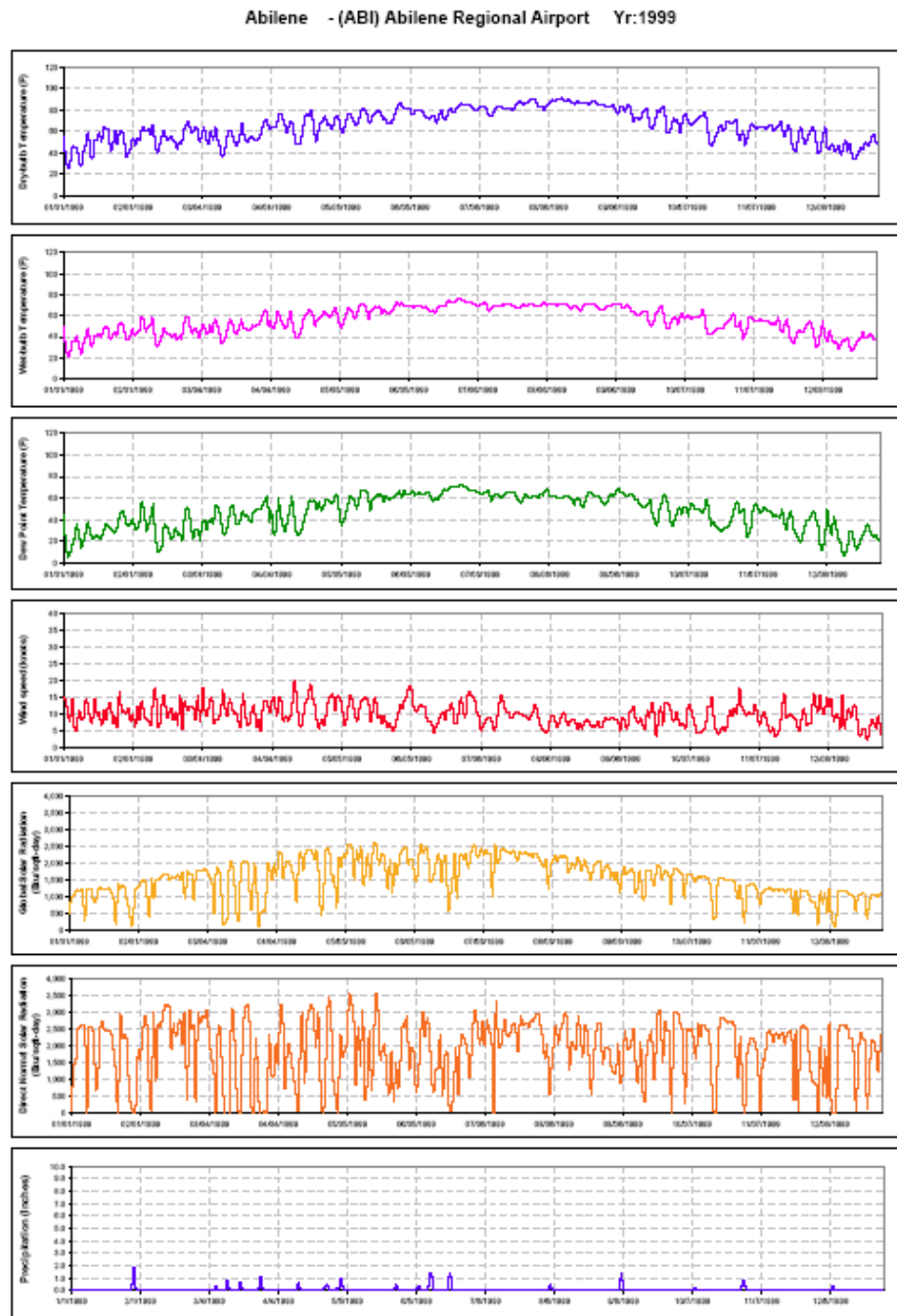


Figure 22: Time Series Graphs Showing Daily Weather Data for Abilene, 1999.

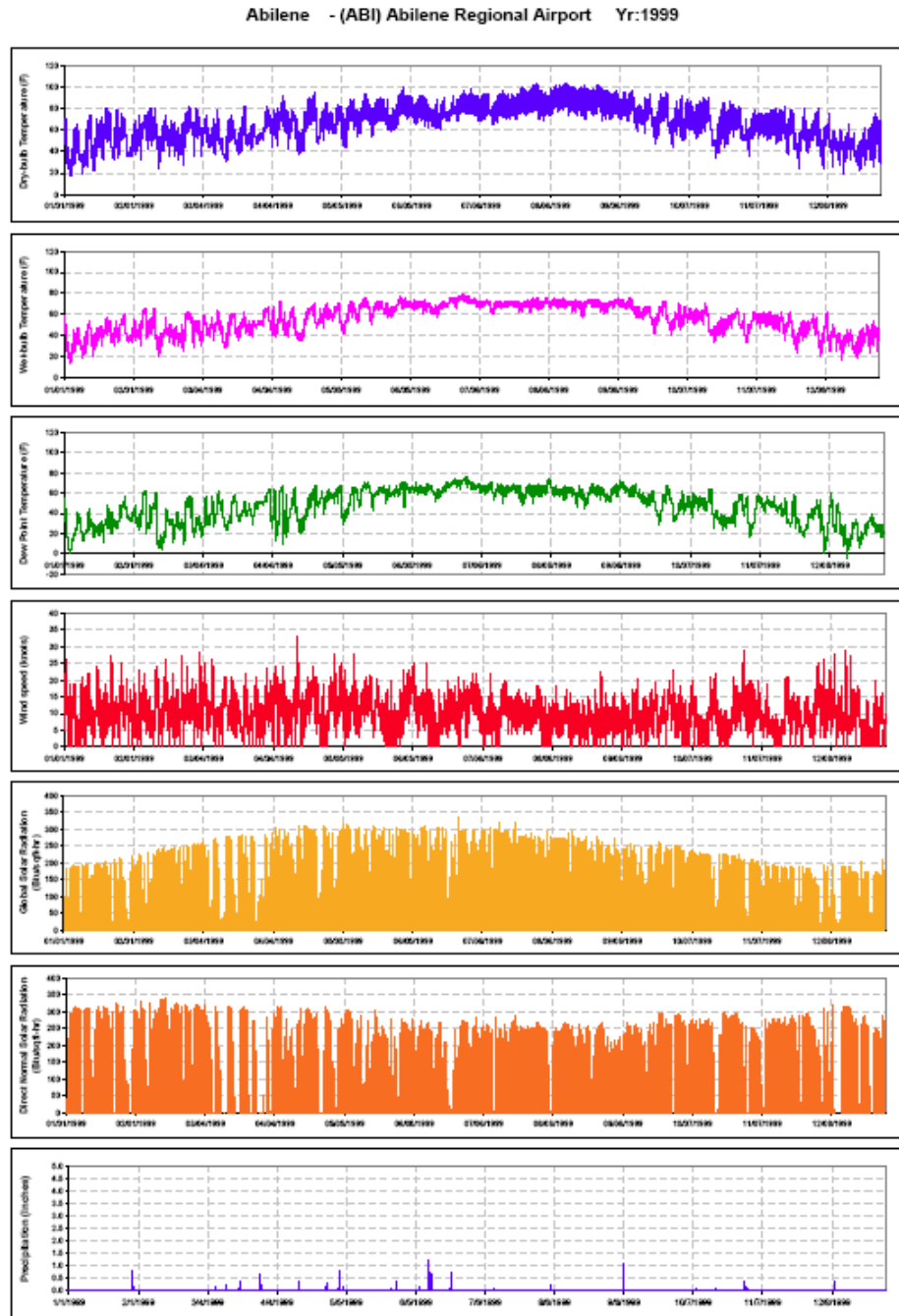


Figure 23: Time Series Graphs Showing Hourly Weather Data for Abilene, 1999.

### 5.2.5 Provide Technical Assistance to the TCEQ.

The Laboratory received dozens of calls per week from code officials, builders, home owners and municipal officials regarding the building code and emissions calculations. A complete file of these transactions is maintained at the Laboratory. Specific Technical Assistance responses are contained in the related sections of this report.

### 5.2.6 Delivered “Statewide Air Emissions Calculations from Wind and Other Renewables: Summary Report Sept.2006 – Aug 2007”, to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality in August 2007.

The Energy Systems Laboratory, in fulfillment of its responsibilities under this Legislation, submits its second annual report, “Statewide Air Emissions Calculations from Wind and Other Renewables,” to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality.

The report is organized in several deliverables:

- A Summary Report, which details the key areas of work;
- Supporting Documentation;
- Supporting data files, including weather data, and wind production data, which have been assembled as part of the first year’s effort.

This executive summary provides summaries of the key areas of accomplishment this year, including:

- continuation of stakeholder’s meetings;
- review of electricity savings reported by ERCOT;
- analysis of wind farms using 2005 data;
- preliminary reporting of NOx emissions savings in the 2006 Integrated Savings report to TCEQ;
- prediction of on-site wind speeds using Artificial Neural Networks (ANN);
- improvements to the daily modeling using ANN-derived wind speeds;
- development of a degradation analysis;
- development of a curtailment analysis;
- analysis of other renewables, including: PV, solar thermal, hydroelectric, geothermal and landfill gas;
- estimation of hourly solar radiation from limited data sets;

#### 5.2.6.1 Development of Stakeholder’s meetings.

Legislation passed during the regular session of the 79<sup>th</sup> Legislature directed the Energy Systems Laboratory to work with the TCEQ to develop a methodology for computing emissions reductions attributable to renewable energy and for the Laboratory to quantify the emissions reductions attributable to renewables for inclusion in the State Implementation Plan annually. HB 2921 directed the Texas Environmental Research Consortium (TERC) to engage the Texas Engineering Experiment Station for the development of this methodology.

During the 2006-2007 period Texas A&M held continuing Stakeholder’s meetings. A presentation of the overheads used in these meetings is contained in this report.

#### 5.2.6.2 Review of Electricity Savings Reported by ERCOT

In this report, the information posted on ERCOT’s Renewable Energy Credit Program site [www.texasrenewables.com](http://www.texasrenewables.com) is reviewed. In particular, information posted under the “Public Reports” tab was downloaded and assembled into an appropriate format for review. This includes ERCOT’s 2001 through 2006 reports to the Legislature, and information from ERCOT’s listing of REC generators.

#### 5.2.6.3 Analysis of wind farms using 2005 data.

In this report the weather normalization procedures developed together with the Stakeholders<sup>17</sup> were applied to several additional wind farms that reported their data to ERCOT during the 2005 measurement period, together with wind data from the nearby NOAA weather stations. In the 2006 Wind and Renewables report to the TCEQ (Haberl et al. 2006) weather normalization analysis methods were reviewed, and an analysis was shown for a single wind turbine in Randall, Texas, as well as an analysis of a wind farm containing multiple turbines at the Indian Mesa facility in Pecos, Texas.

In this report, an analysis of wind data for the Sweetwater I wind farm in Nolan County, Texas is provided, including the processing of weather and power generation data, modeling of daily power generation versus daily wind speed using the ASHRAE Inverse Model Toolkit (IMT) (Haberl et al. 2003; Kissock et al. 2003), prediction of 1999 wind power generation using developed coefficients from the 2005 daily model, and the analysis on monthly capacity factors generated using the model.

Finally, a summary of total predicted wind power production in the base year (1999) for all the wind farms in the ERCOT region using the developed procedure is presented to show the improved accuracy of using this weather normalization procedure compared to the non-weather normalization procedure reported in the 2006 integrated savings report to the TCEQ (Haberl et al. 2006). This includes an uncertainty analysis that was performed on all the daily regression models and included in this report to show the accuracy of applying the linear regression models to predict the wind power generation that the wind farms would have had in the base year of 1999. The detailed analysis for each wind farm is provided in the Appendix to this report. The original data used in the analysis is included in the accompanying CD-ROM with this report.

#### 5.2.6.4 Preliminary reporting of NO<sub>x</sub> emissions savings in the 2006 Integrated Savings report to TCEQ;

In this report, the preliminary 2006 cumulative NO<sub>x</sub> emissions savings are reported. These values represent the electricity and NO<sub>x</sub> emissions savings that are reported to the TCEQ through the integrated NO<sub>x</sub> emissions savings reporting procedures, which contain growth, discount, and degradation factors.

#### 5.2.6.5 Prediction of on-site wind speeds using Artificial Neural Networks (ANN).

Electricity produced by wind farms in Texas reduces the emission of air pollutants which would otherwise have been produced by burning fossil fuels to generate the same electricity. As more wind farms are commissioned (and some turbines decommissioned), proper accounting of pollution credits for wind energy requires normalization of the generation to a standard year, because year-to-year variations from the long term mean are significant.

In this report, we first discuss extrapolation to a reference year using an advanced Artificial Neural Network (ANN) model. Such a model is needed since we cannot expect to have wind data at the site of the turbine/farm for the reference year. The main question is: is it possible to use available hourly NOAA data, hourly site wind data, and hourly power generation data for a period of a few months bracketing the ozone season for any given year to develop an hourly model relating power generation to site wind, and site wind to NOAA data? If so we can extrapolate the hourly wind farm performance to the ozone season of the reference year. A secondary question addressed is how to account for non-utilization of available wind power due to transmission constraints. Actually, two data sets are analyzed: one for a single wind turbine in Randall county, and a second set for the Indian Mesa I wind farm in Pecos county.

#### 5.2.6.6 Improvements to the daily modeling using ANN-derived wind speeds.

In this report, the ANN model is shown to substantially improve the on-site wind data predictions using NOAA data as a measure of the site wind. In the analysis, the Indian Mesa wind farm was used again as an example to show that using ANN-derived, on-site wind speed in the daily regression model can provide more accurate prediction on monthly and Ozone Season Periods (OSP) power generation. If this procedure could be used across all the wind farms in the ERCOT region, it is felt that substantial improvements could be made to reduce the uncertainty of the predictions of the power produced in the base year, and therefore reductions in NO<sub>x</sub> emissions from electricity derived from wind energy. In the report, the procedure was developed to compare the ANN daily model using ANN-derived on-site wind and the NOAA daily model.

<sup>17</sup> See the previous section that describes the conference calls held with the Wind Energy Stakeholder's group to develop the methodologies.

#### 5.2.6.7 Development of a degradation analysis.

This report contains an analysis to determine what amounts of degradation could be observed in the measured power from Texas wind farms. Currently, the TCEQ uses a very conservative 5% degradation per year for the power output from a wind farm when making future projections from existing wind farms. Accordingly, the TCEQ asked the Laboratory to evaluate any observed degradation from the measured data for Texas wind farms. To accomplish this, nine wind farms (14 sites) in Texas from 2002 to 2005 were evaluated. These wind farms were built before Jan 2002, with a total capacity of 1,010 MW.

In this analysis, a sliding statistical index was established for each site that uses 10<sup>th</sup>, 25<sup>th</sup>, 50<sup>th</sup>, 75<sup>th</sup>, 90<sup>th</sup>, 99<sup>th</sup> percentiles of the hourly power generation over a 12-month sliding period<sup>18</sup>, as well as mean, minimum and maximum hourly power generation of the same 12-month period. These indices are then displayed using one data symbol for each 12-month slide, beginning from the first 12-month period (i.e., January 2002 to December 2002) until the last 12-month period (January 2005 to December 2005) for each of the wind farms.

#### 5.2.6.8 Development of a curtailment analysis.

During the analysis of the measured power production from the Indian Mesa wind farm and the subsequent discussions with the wind stakeholders, group, including representatives from ERCOT, it became clear that the dataset contained substantial amounts of data that represented periods when the wind farm owners were instructed to curtail their power production because of constraints on the electric transmission lines. Unfortunately, it was determined that there was no electronic record of the amount of curtailment for this site<sup>19</sup>. As the analysis progressed, it became clear that an hourly analysis that used a manufacturer's wind power curve, multiplied by the prevailing on-site wind speed, and scaled for the number of turbines at the site presented the possibility of empirically determining the curtailment for the site. Therefore, the TCEQ requested that the Laboratory perform a proof-of-concept analysis to empirically determine the curtailment at the Indian Mesa site.

In this report, the measured power production for the period July 2002 to January 2003 from the Indian Mesa wind farm was analyzed using the on-site wind speed and manufacturer's power curves. Significant curtailment was observed during this period due to the power constraints in the McCamey power transmission area.

#### 5.2.6.9 Analysis of other renewables.

In this report, other renewable energy projects throughout the state of Texas were located to determine the NOx emissions reduction. Searches were conducted on four specific categories: solar photovoltaic, geothermal, hydroelectric, and Landfill Gas-fired Power Plants, and information assembled for inclusion in this report.

#### 5.2.6.10 Estimation of hourly solar radiation from limited data sets.

One of the important tasks performed as part of the Laboratory's Senate Bill 5 effort has been the assembly and use of measured weather data for all Texas NOAA sites that correspond to the TMY2 sites for the years 1999 to 2006. Unfortunately, many of these sites have had discontinuous solar data, which requires the use of synthetic solar radiation to fill-in missing records. Therefore, this report contains information about the synthesis procedures used to generate the solar radiation data for those sites where data are missing.

<sup>18</sup> To calculate this hourly data, the 12-month period is converted into quartiles, and those quartiles are recorded in a table. Then, the oldest month is dropped from the dataset and a new month is added, and the quartiles recalculated and recorded, etc.

<sup>19</sup> This would appear to be true for other sites in ERCOT.

ESL-TR-07-05-01

# STATEWIDE AIR EMISSIONS CALCULATIONS FROM WIND AND OTHER RENEWABLES

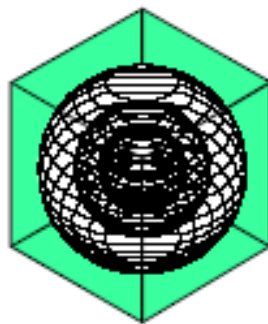
## SUMMARY REPORT

A Report to the  
Texas Commission on Environmental Quality  
For the Period September 2006 – August 2007



Jeff Haberl, Ph.D., P.E.; Zi Liu, Ph.D.; Juan-Carlos Baltazar-Cervantes, Ph.D.  
Kris Subbarao, Ph.D.; Don Gilman, P.E.; Charles Culp, Ph.D., P.E.  
Bahman Yazdani, P.E.; Dan Turner, Ph.D., P.E.

August 2007



**ENERGY SYSTEMS  
LABORATORY**

**Texas Engineering Experiment Station  
Texas A&M University System**

Figure 24: Cover page of “Statewide Air Emissions Calculations From Wind and Other Renewables”, August 2007.

### 5.2.7 Technical Assistance

The Laboratory provided technical assistance to the TCEQ, the PUC, SECO and ERCOT, as well as Stakeholders participating in a number of conferences and presentations. In 2007 the Laboratory continued to work closely with the TCEQ to develop an integrated emissions calculation, that provided the TCEQ with a creditable NOx emissions reduction from energy efficiency and renewable energy (EE/RE) programs reported to the TCEQ in 2005, 2006 and 2007 by the Laboratory, PUC, SECO, and Wind-ERCOT.

The Laboratory has also enhanced the previously developed emissions calculator by: expanding the capabilities to include all counties in ERCOT; including the collection and assembly of weather from 1999 to the present from 17 NOAA weather stations; and enhancing the underlying computer platform for the calculator.

The Laboratory has and will continue to provide leading edge technical assistance to counties and communities working toward obtaining full SIP credit for the energy efficiency and renewable energy projects that are lowering the emissions and improving the air for all Texans. The Laboratory will continue to provide superior technology to the State of Texas through efforts with the TCEQ and US EPA. The efforts taken by the Laboratory have produced significant success in bringing EE/RE closer to US EPA acceptance in the SIP.

### 5.2.7.1 Presentation at the American Waste Management Association Meeting, Austin, (February 2007).

In February 2007, the Laboratory was asked to give a talk to the Austin Chapter of the American Waste Management Association. The presentation that was delivered discussed the Laboratory's efforts to develop creditable emissions calculations for electricity generated from wind farms. The following figures present the slides used in the presentation.

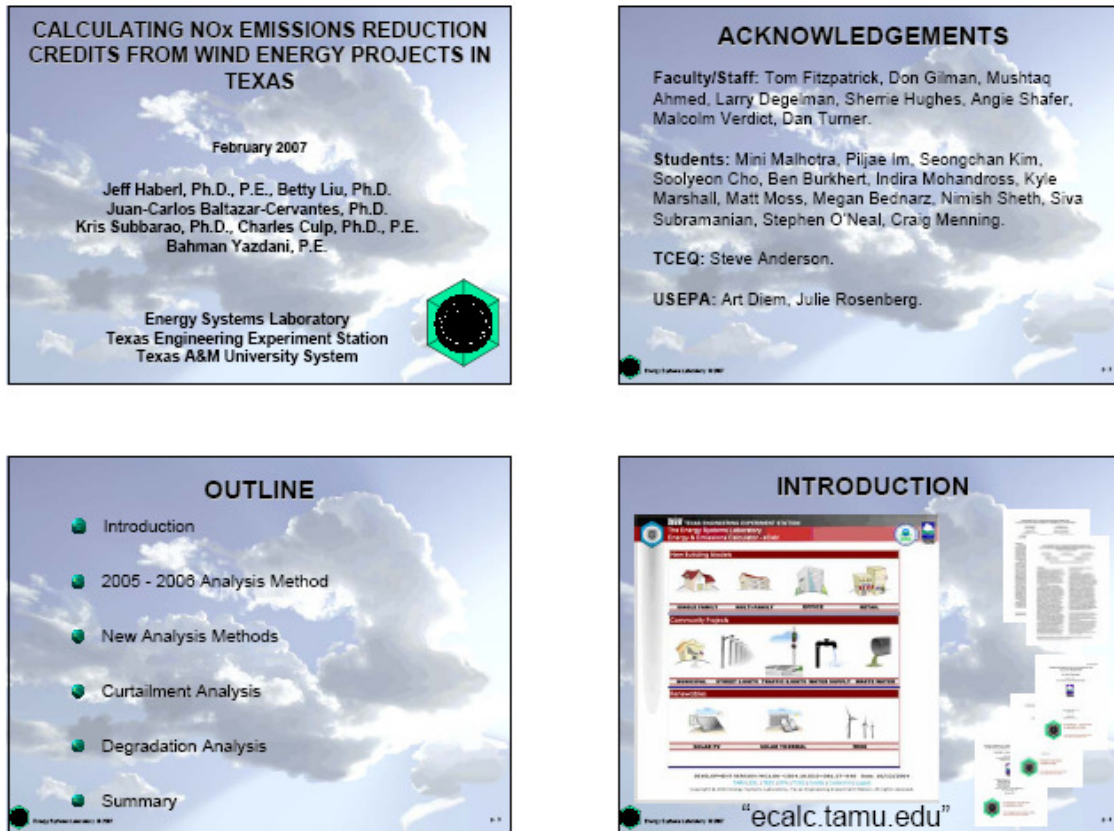


Figure 25: Slides presented at the American Waste Management Association Meeting (February 2007).



### EPA CRITERIA FOR SIP CREDITS

- Quantifiable
- Surplus
- Enforceability
  - Voluntary or Mandatory
- Record Keeping
  - Permanent
  - Monitoring

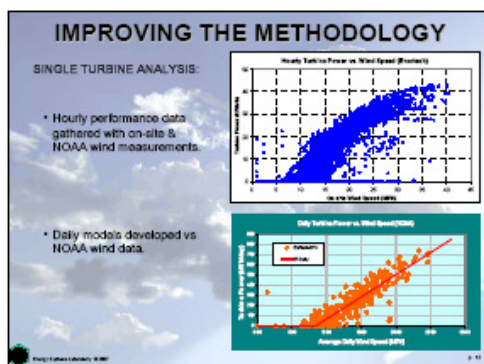
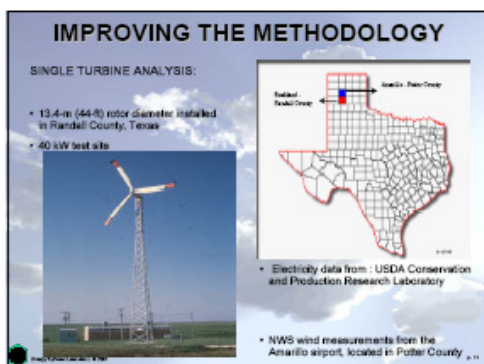
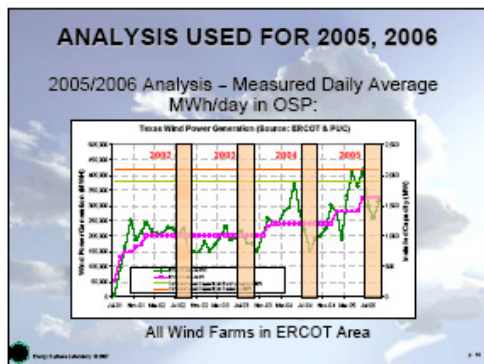
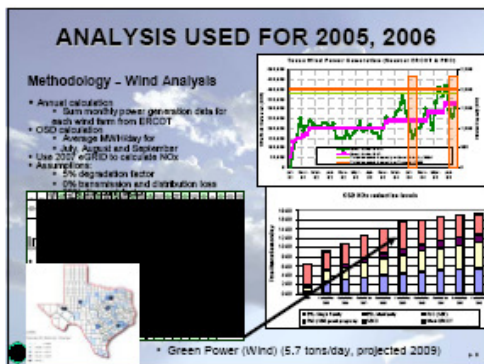
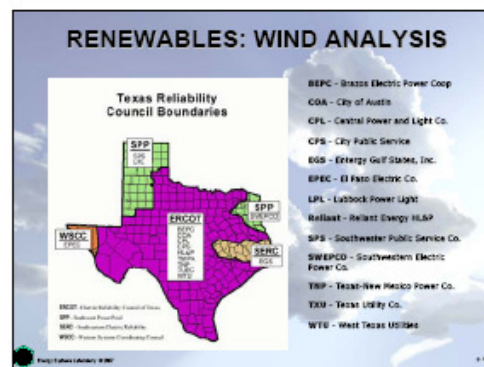
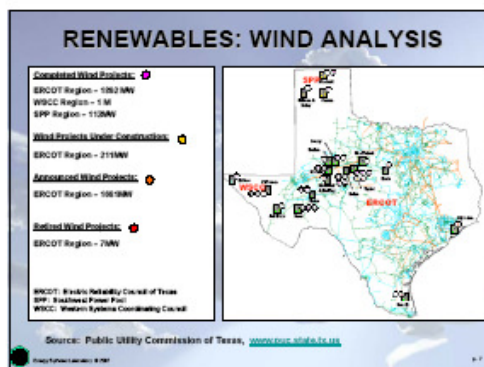
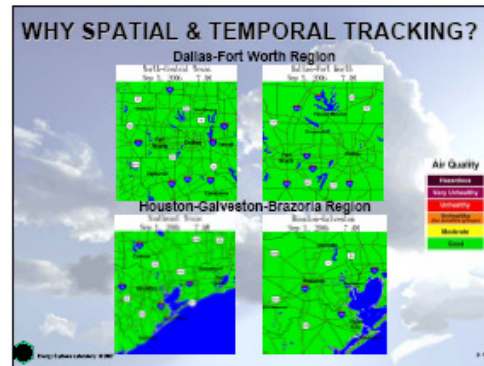


Figure 26: Slides presented at the American Waste Management Association Meeting (February 2007).

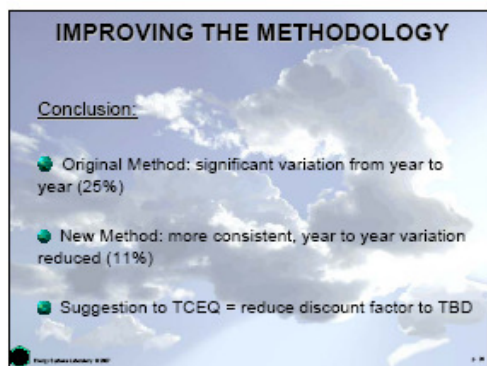
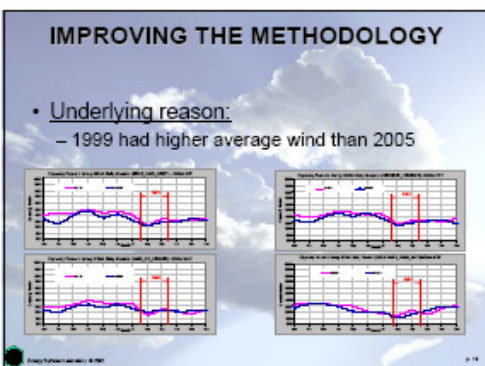
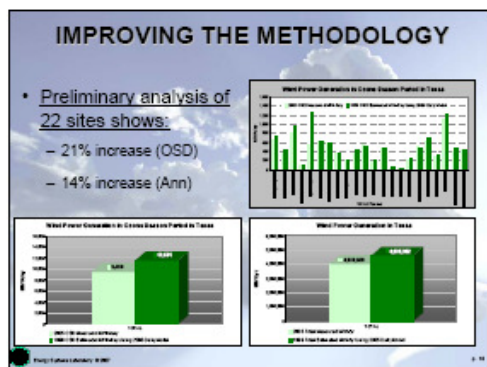
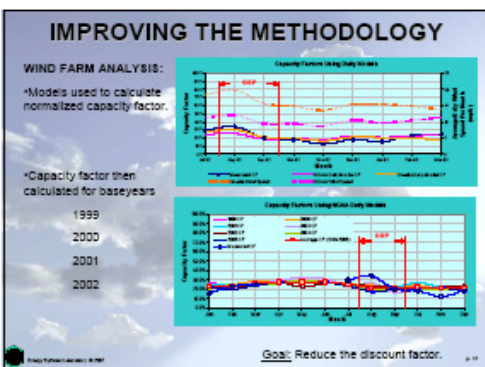
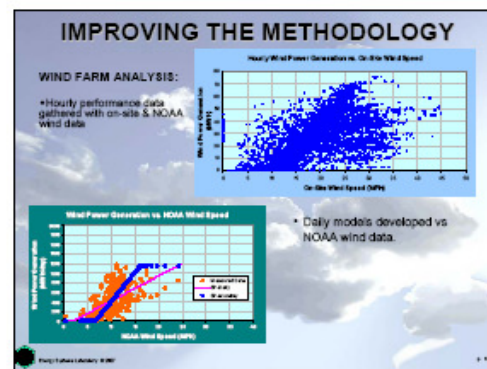
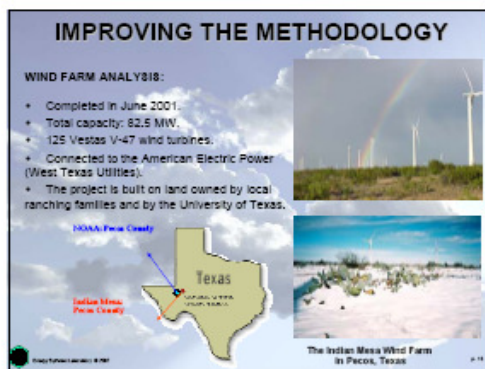
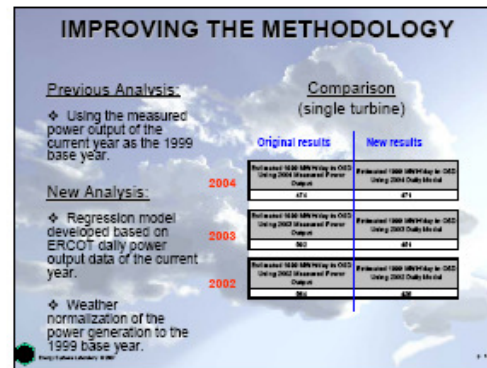
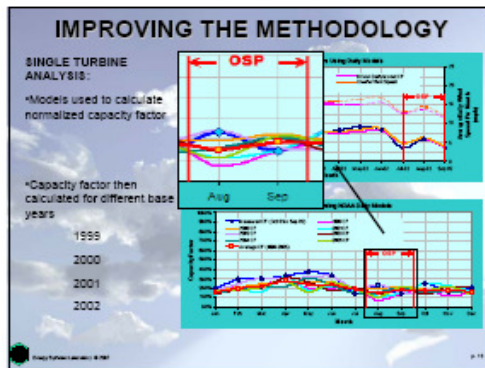


Figure 27: Slides presented at the American Waste Management Association Meeting (February 2007).



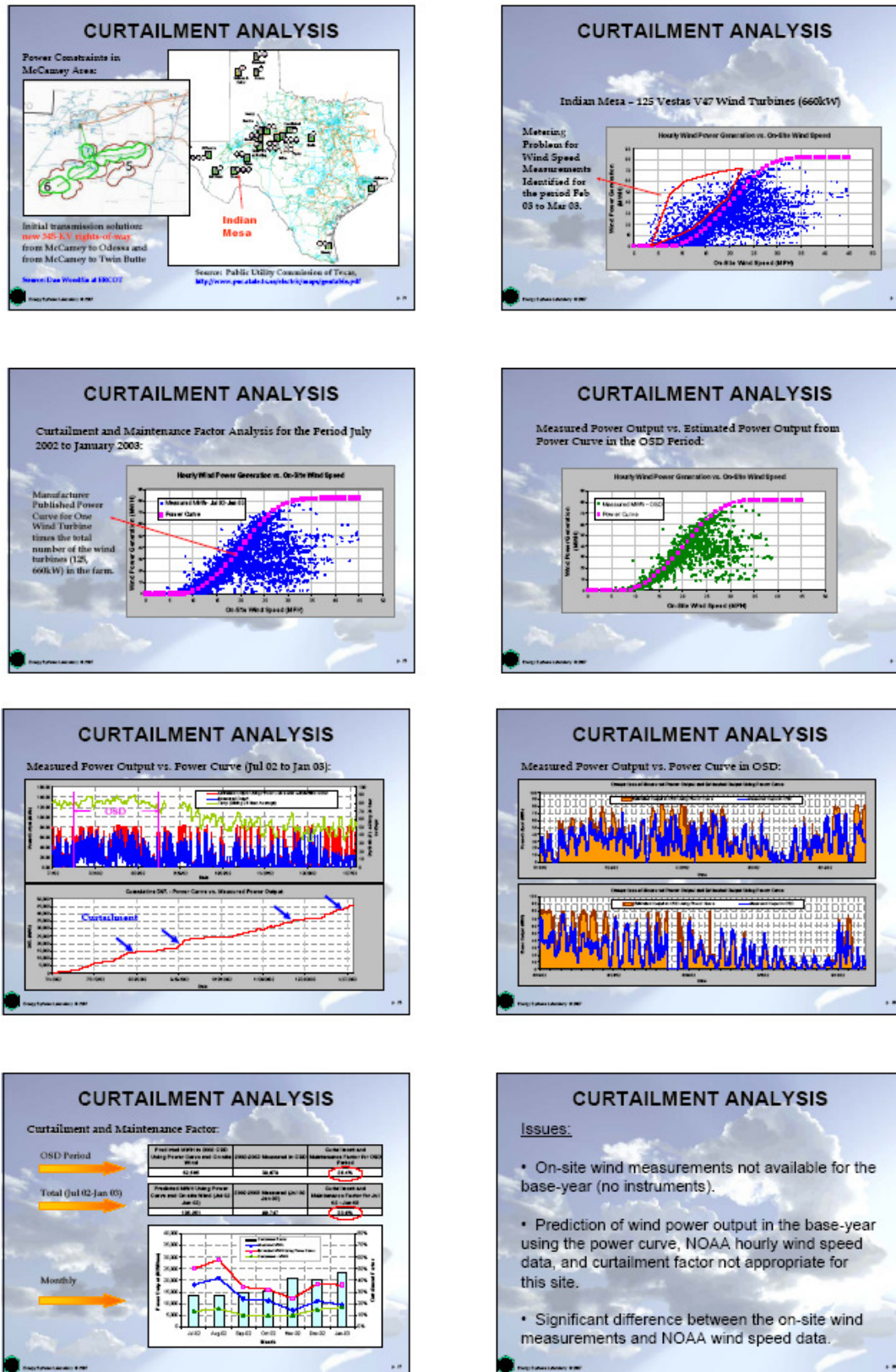


Figure 28: Slides presented at the American Waste Management Association Meeting (February 2007).

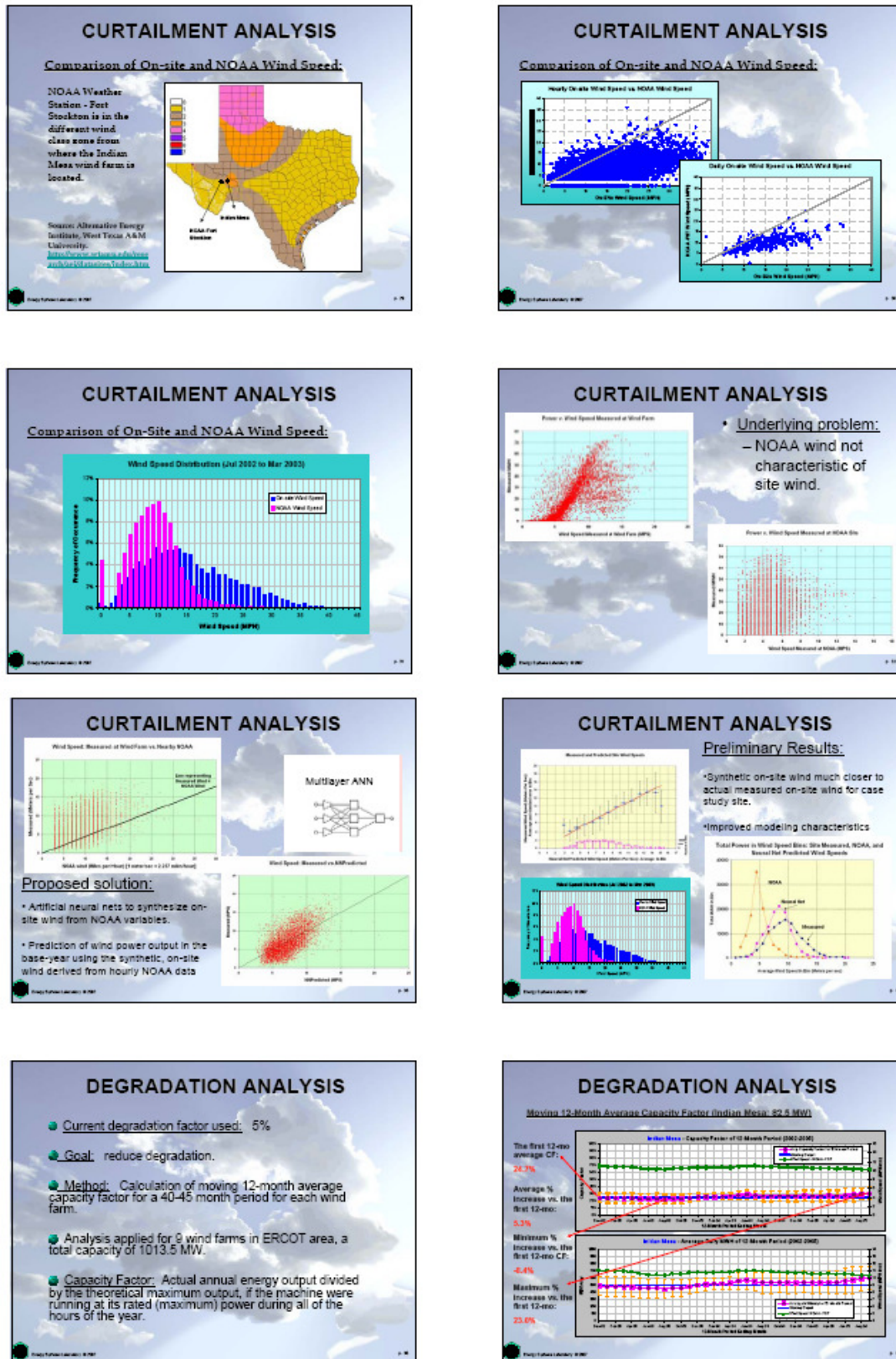


Figure 29: Slides presented at the American Waste Management Association Meeting (February 2007).



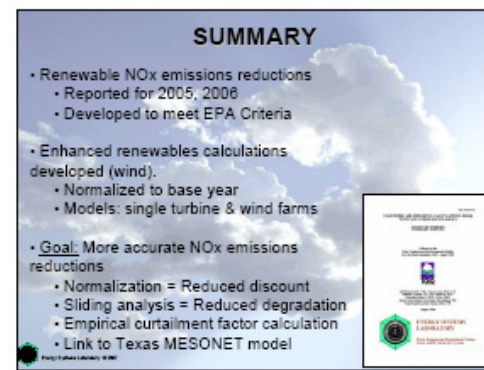
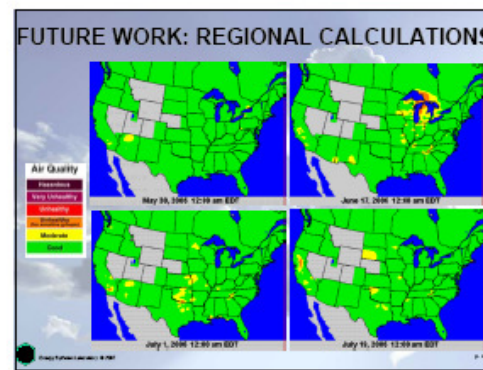
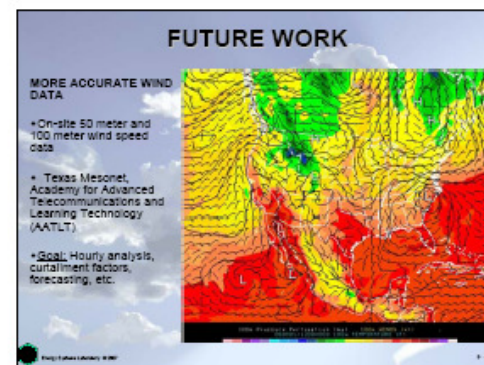
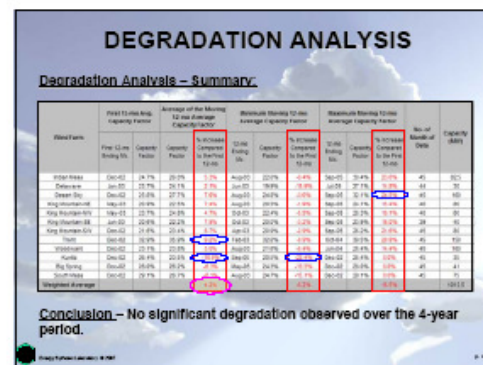
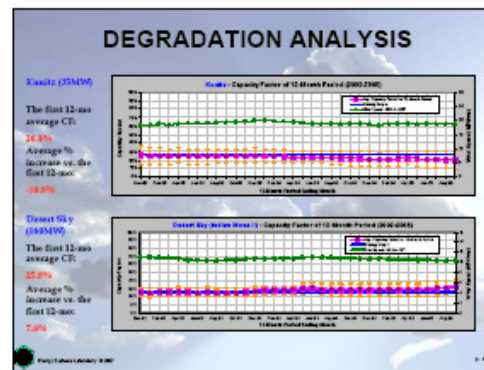
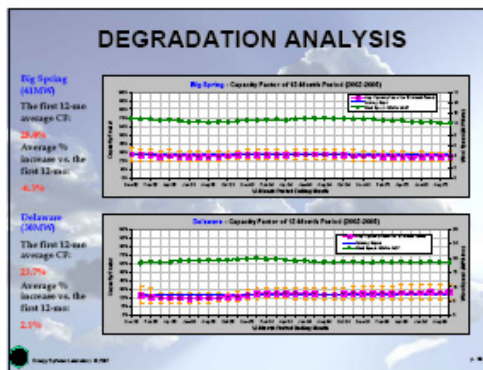
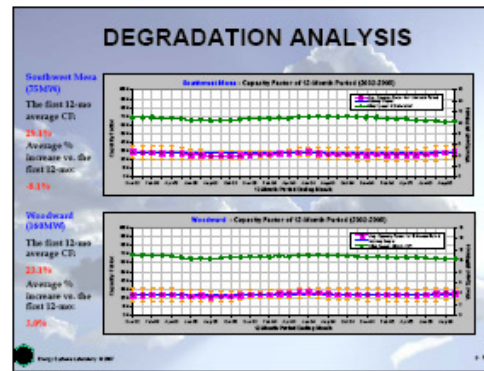
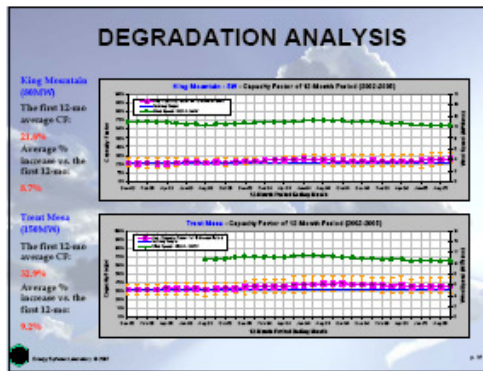


Figure 30: Slides presented at the American Waste Management Association Meeting (February 2007).

### 5.2.7.2 Presentation at Baylor University, February, 2007

In February 2007, the Laboratory was invited to give a talk to the faculty and graduate students in the Mechanical Engineering Department at Baylor University. This talk covered the development of creditable emissions reductions calculations for EE/RE programs in Texas. The following figures present the slides used in this presentation.

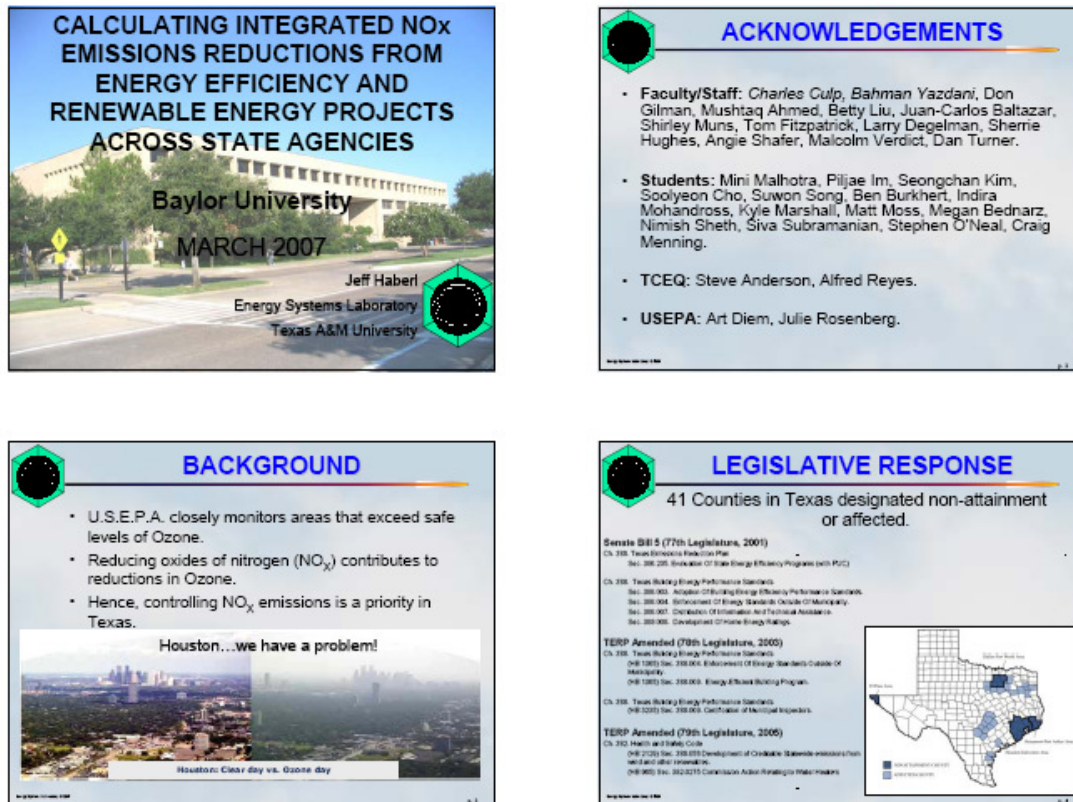


Figure 31: Slides presented at Baylor University (February 2007).



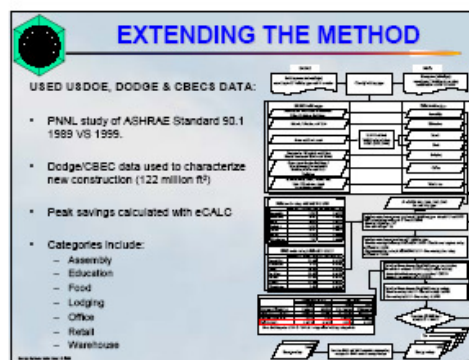
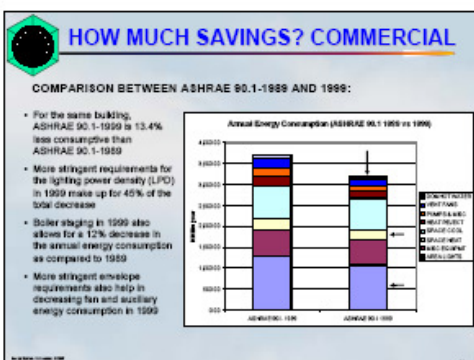
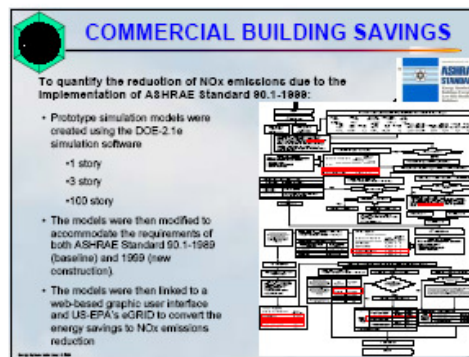
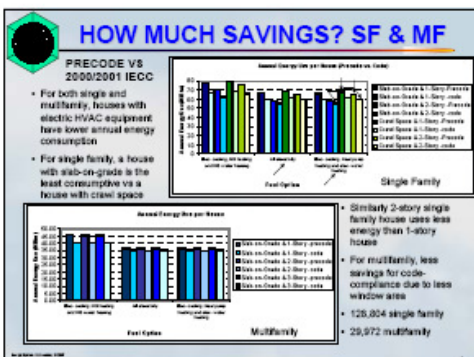
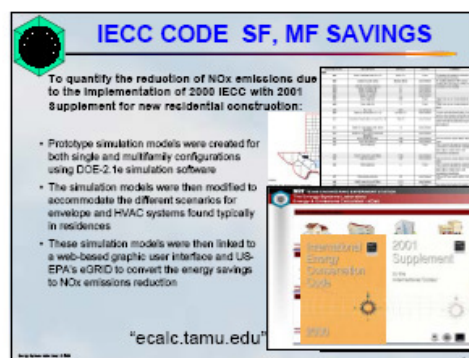
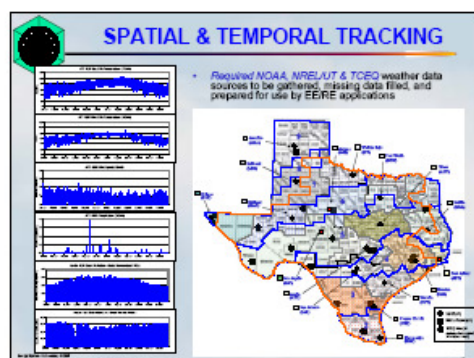
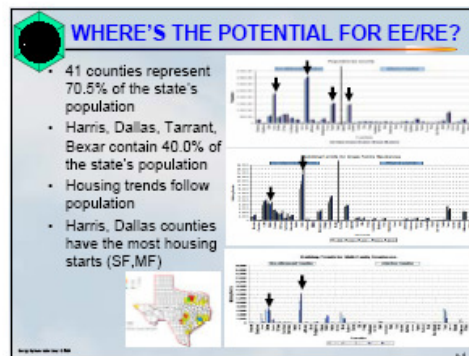
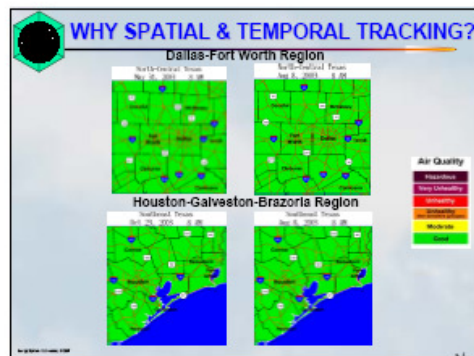


Figure 32: Slides presented at Baylor University (February 2007).

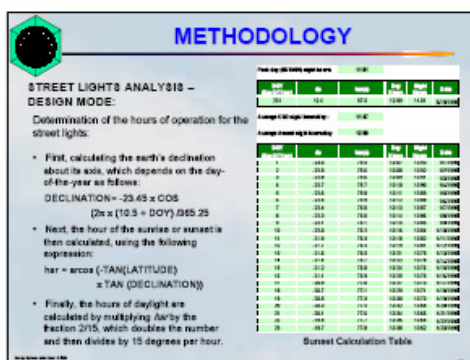
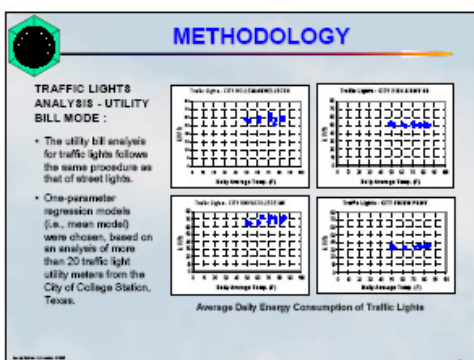
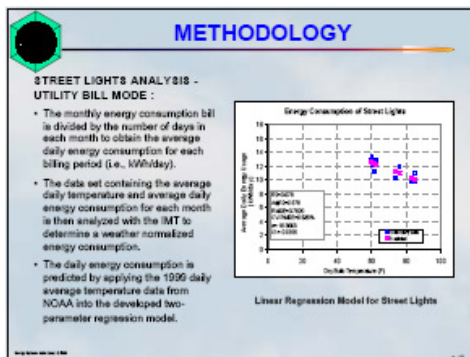
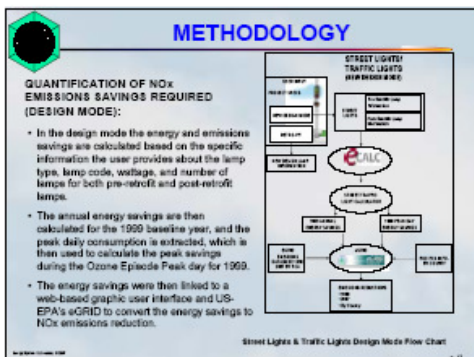
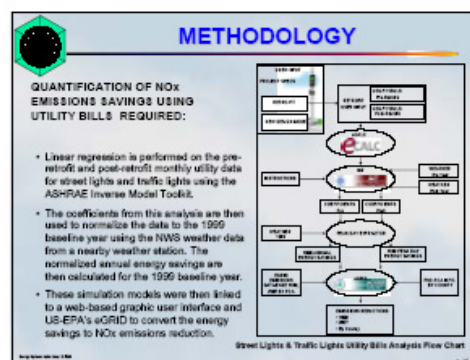
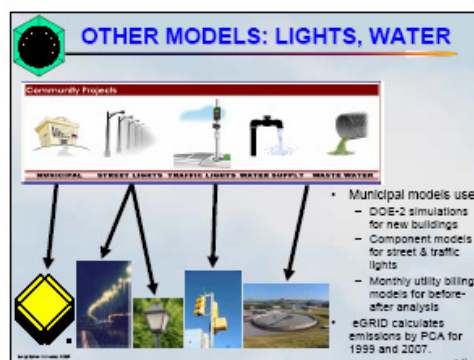
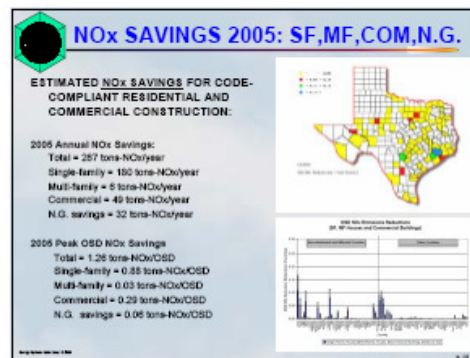
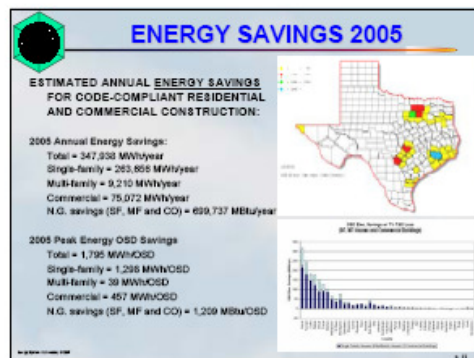


Figure 33: Slides presented at Baylor University (February 2007).



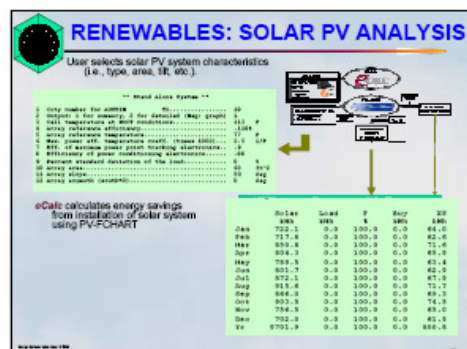
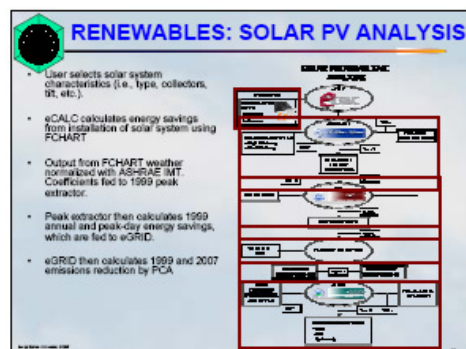
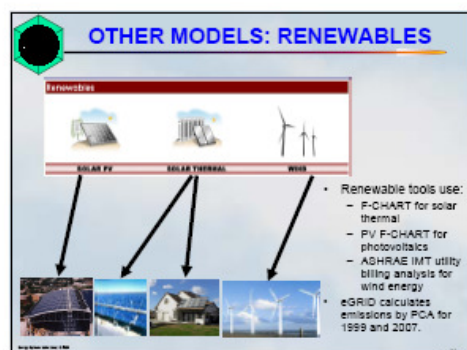
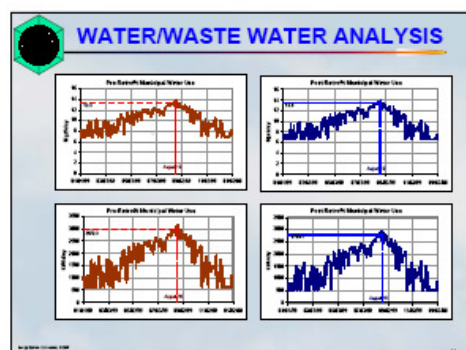
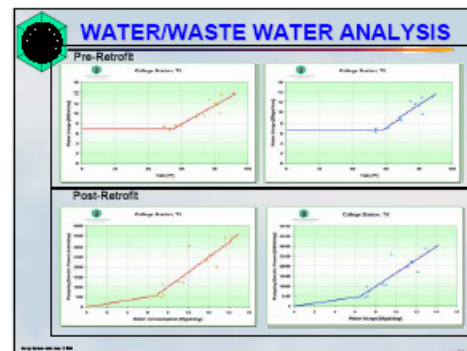
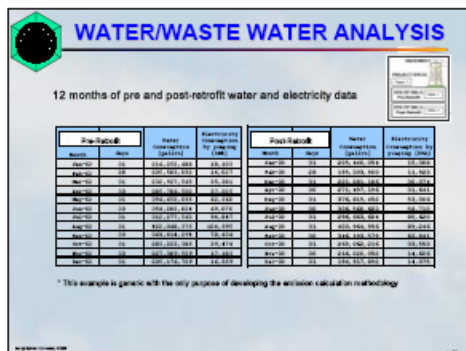
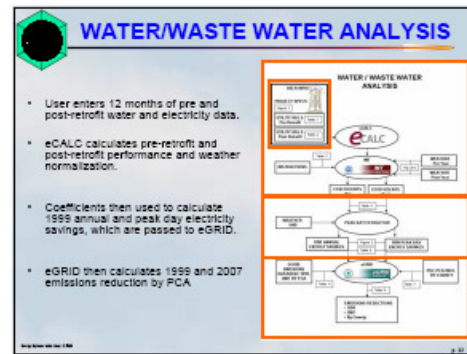
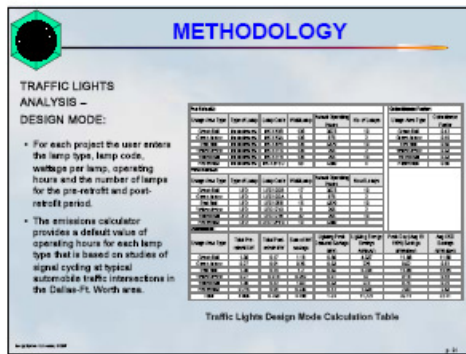


Figure 34: Slides presented at Baylor University (February 2007).

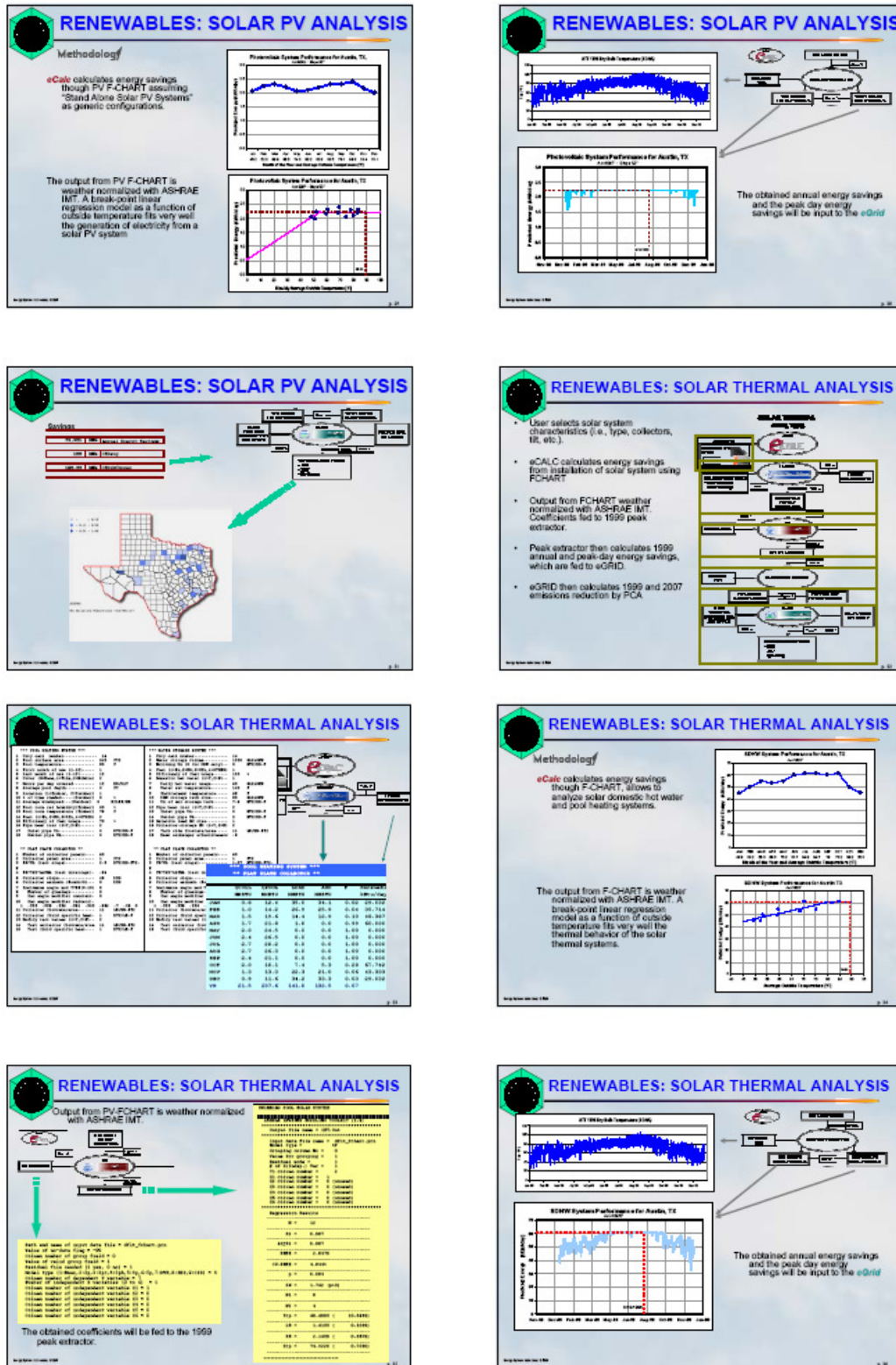


Figure 35: Slides presented at Baylor University (February 2007).



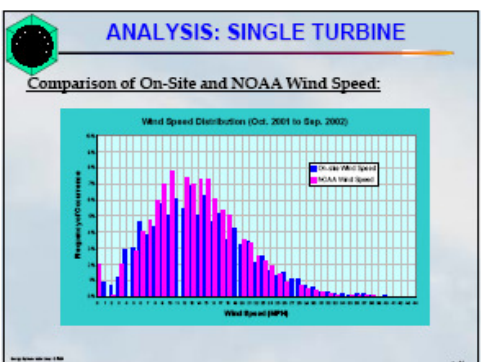
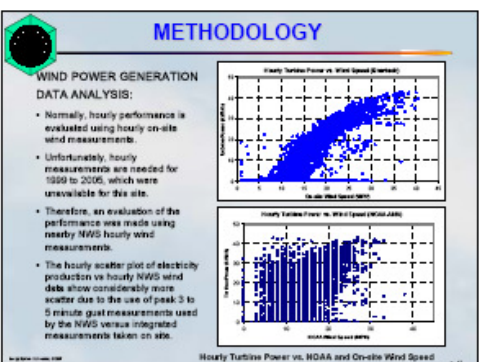
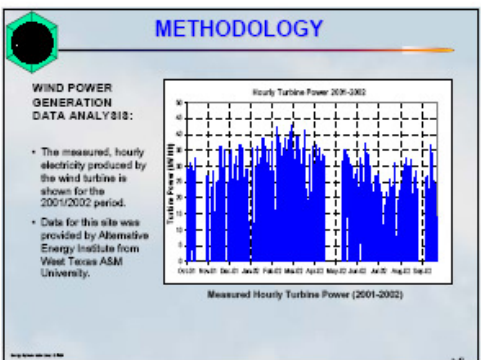
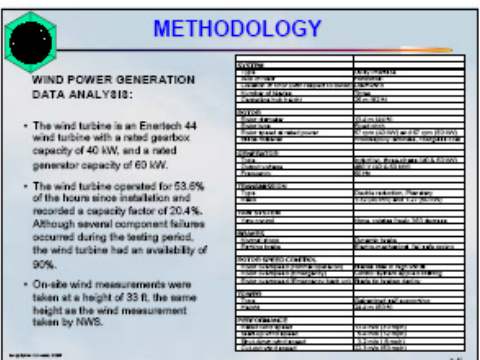
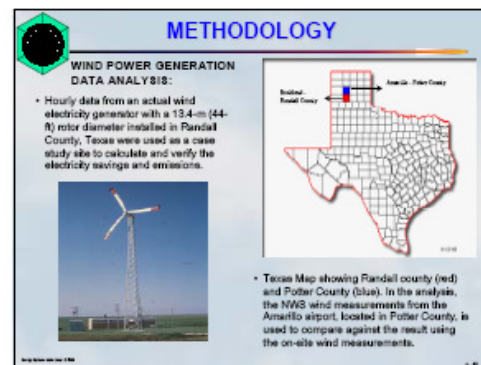
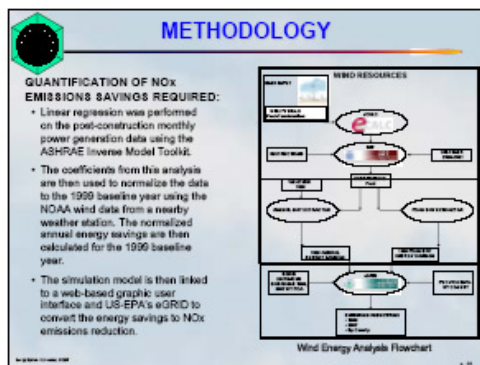
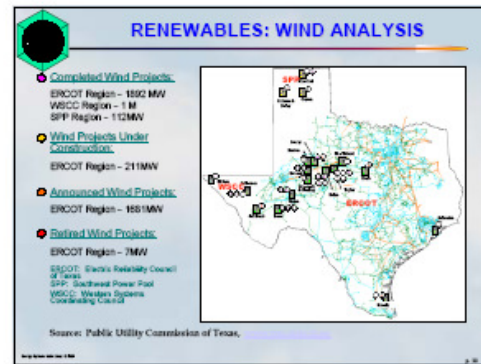
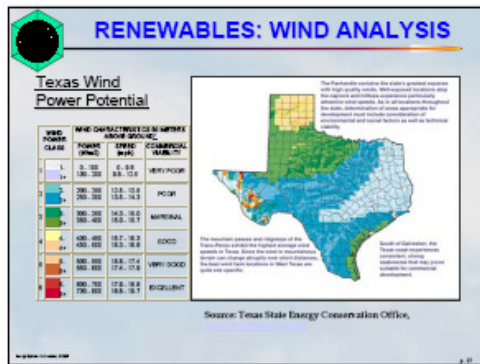


Figure 36: Slides presented at Baylor University (February 2007).

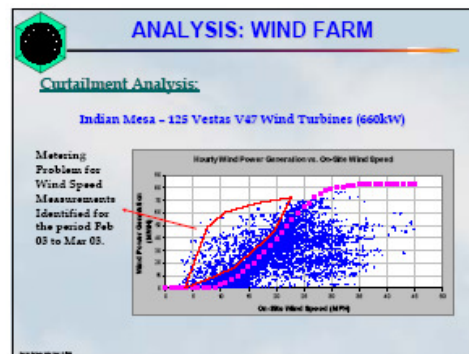
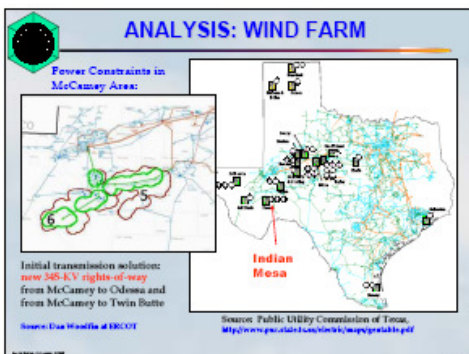
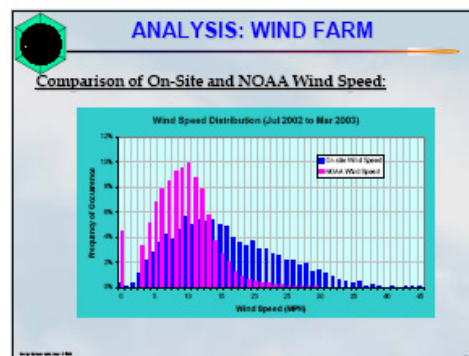
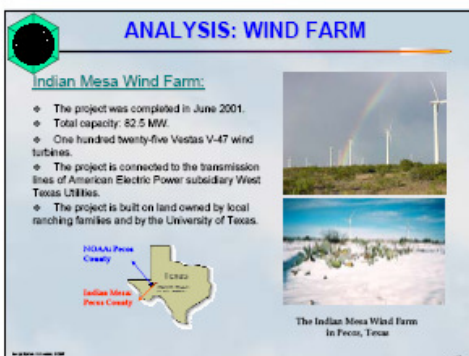
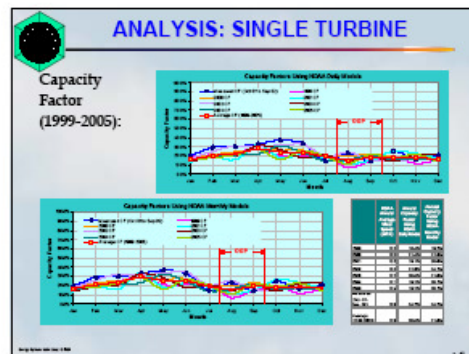
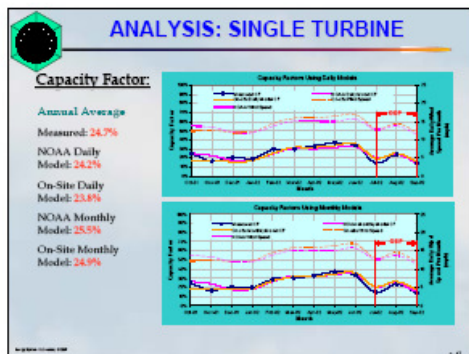
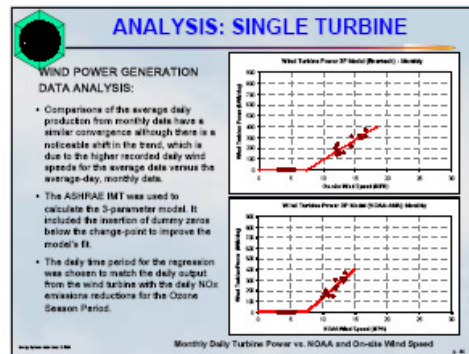
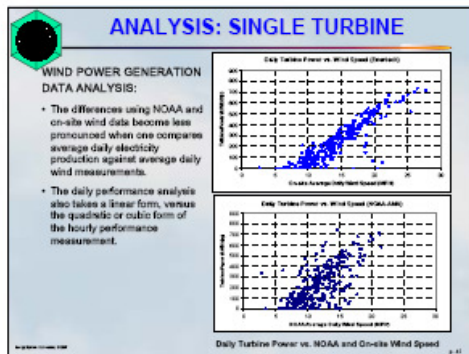


Figure 37: Slides presented at Baylor University (February 2007).



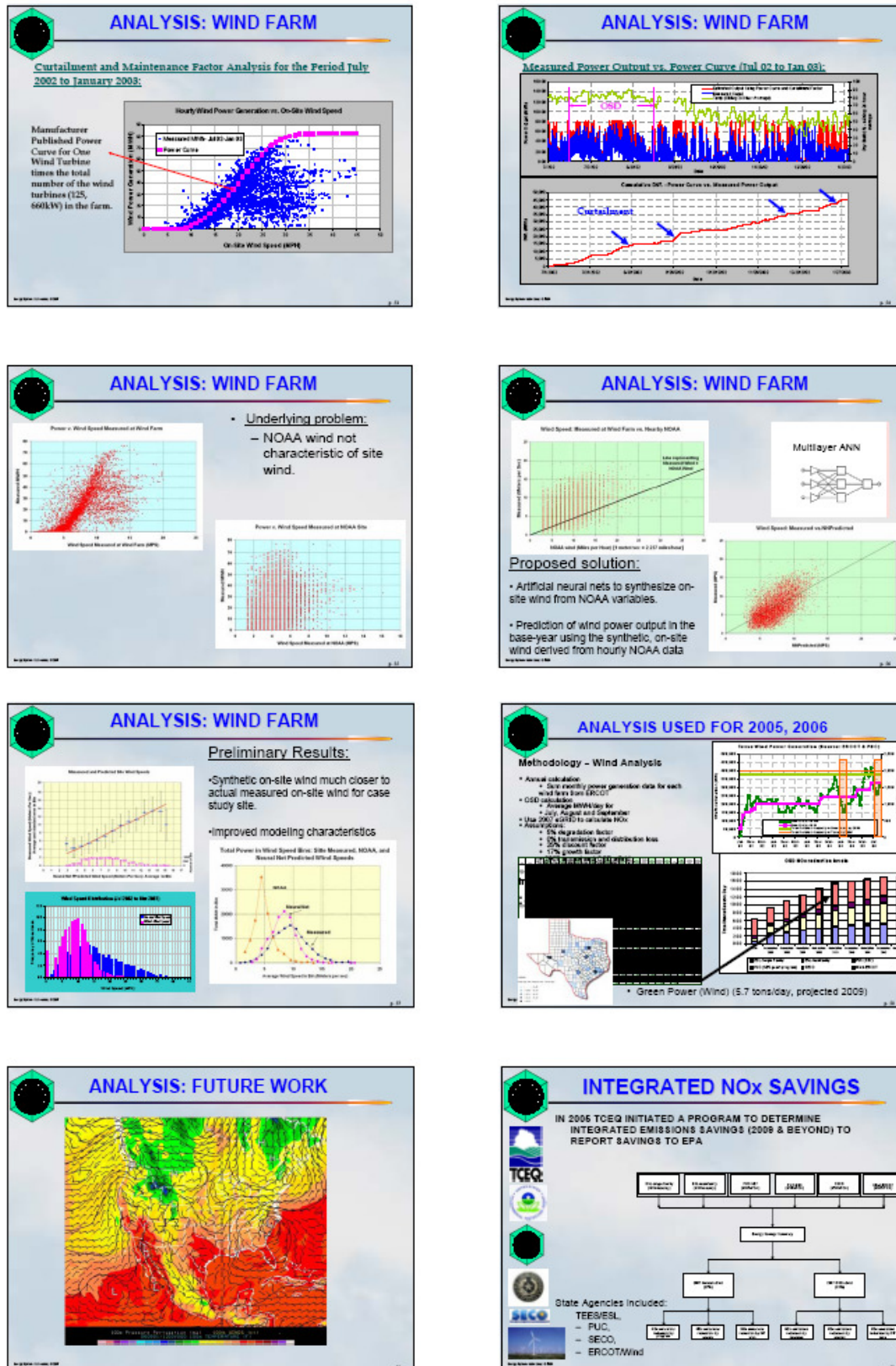


Figure 38: Slides presented at Baylor University (February 2007).

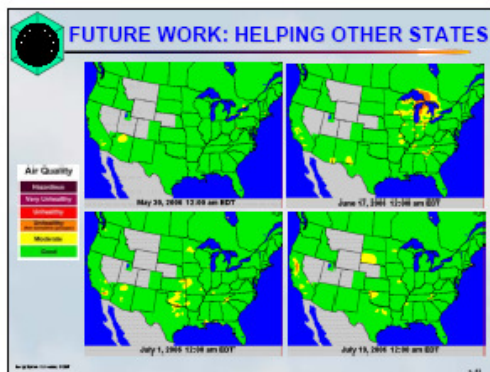
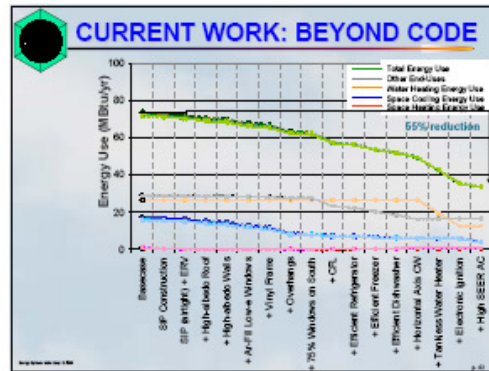
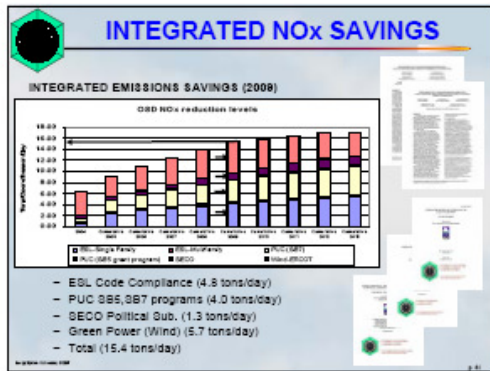


Figure 39: Slides presented at Baylor University (February 2007).

## 5.2.7.2.1 February 2007 Wind Stakeholders conference call.

In February 2007, the Laboratory presented an update to the analysis methods, including work performed since October 2006. These results were presented in the format of a conference call to the Stakeholders. The following figures present the slides used in this presentation.



Figure 40: Slides presented at the Wind Energy Stakeholder's conference call (February 2007).



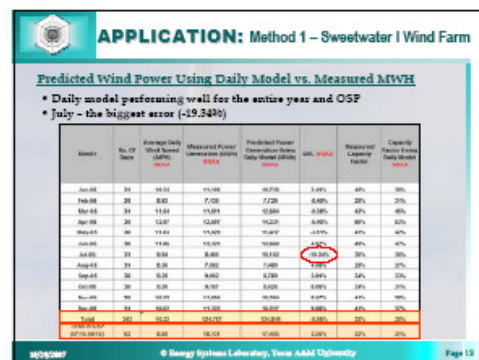
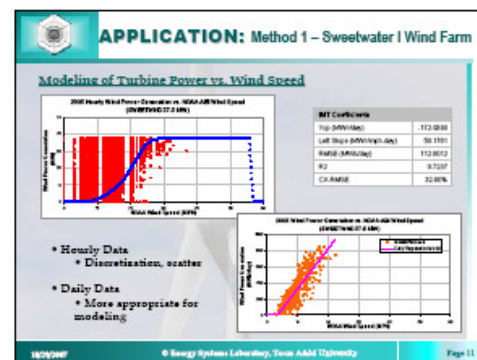
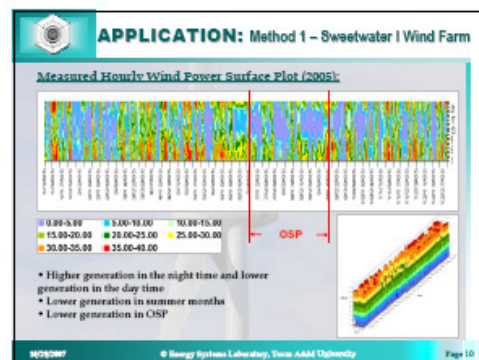
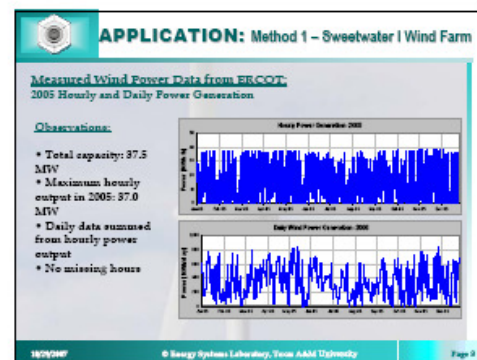
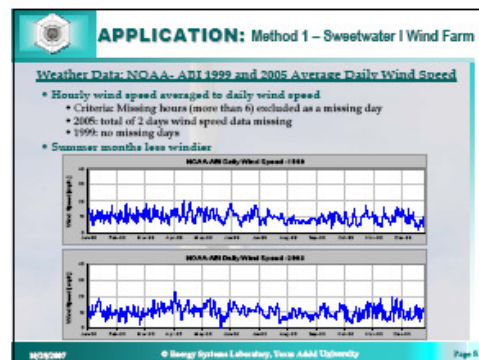
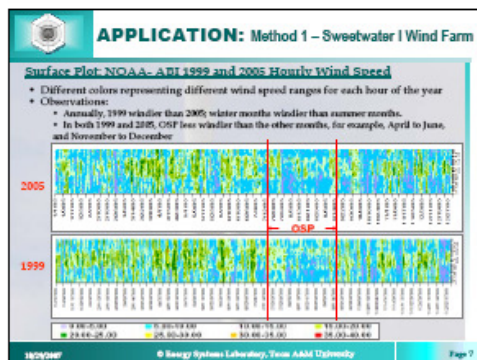
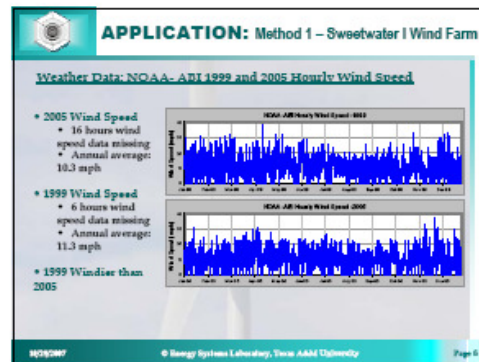
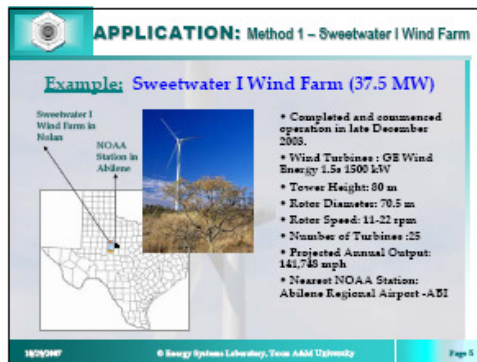


Figure 41: Slides presented at the Wind Energy Stakeholder's conference call (February 2007).



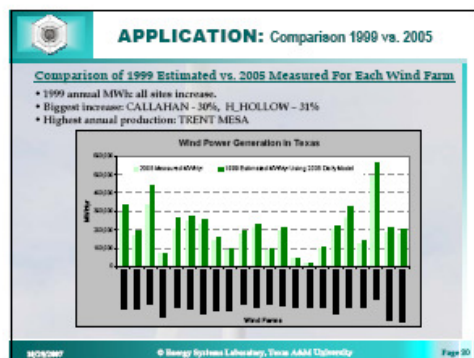
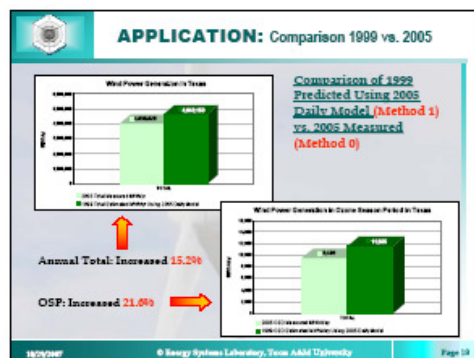
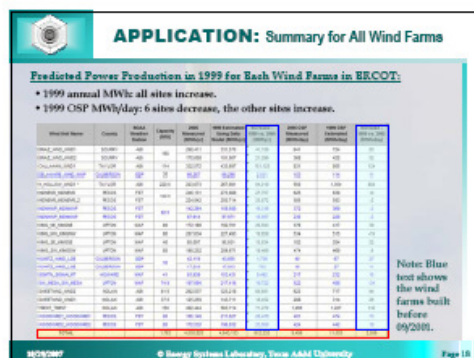
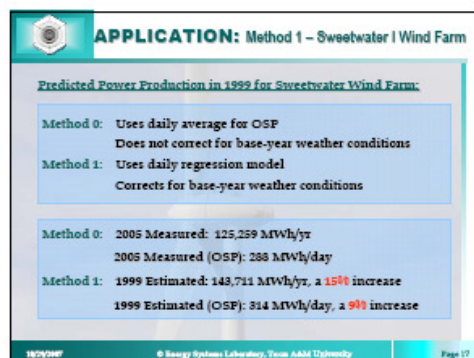
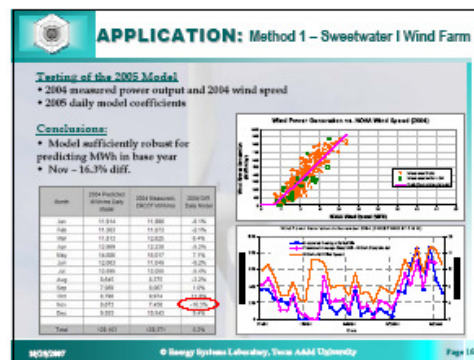
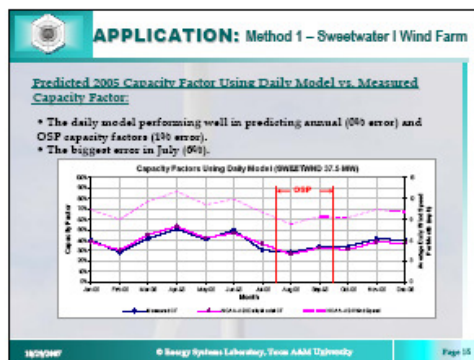
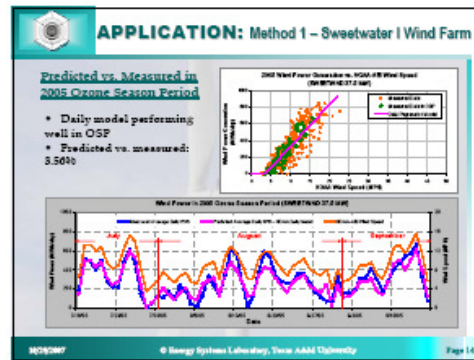
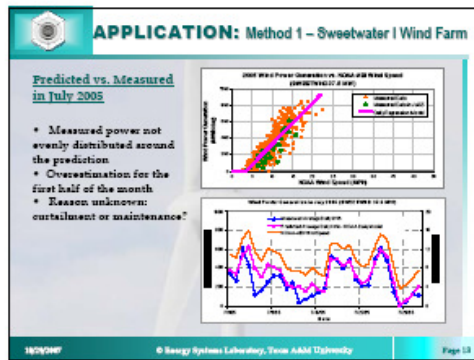


Figure 42: Slides presented at the Wind Energy Stakeholder's conference call (February 2007).

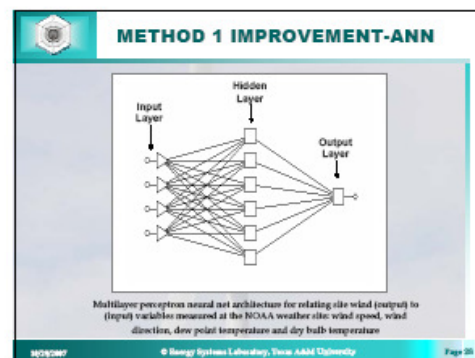
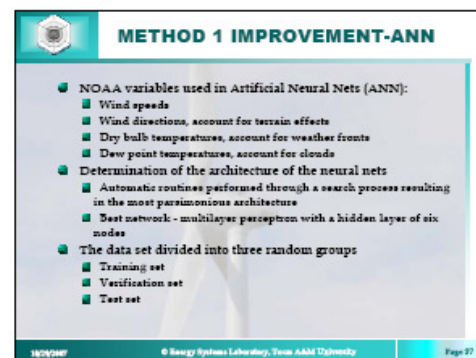
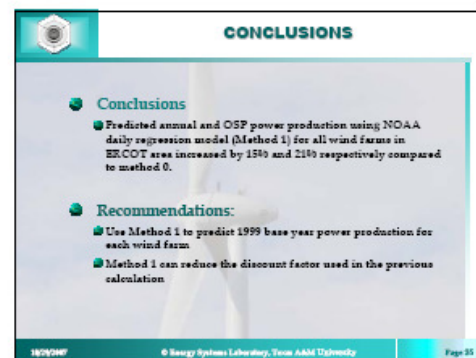
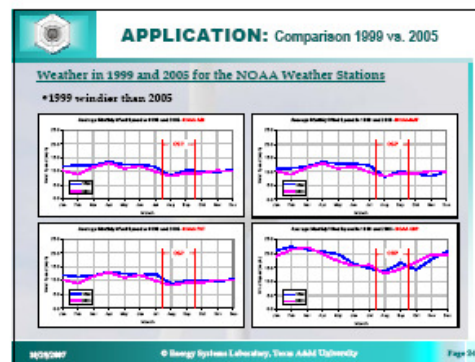
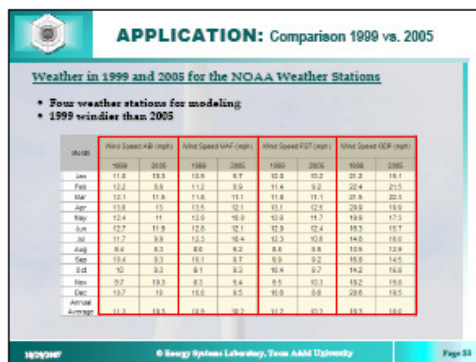
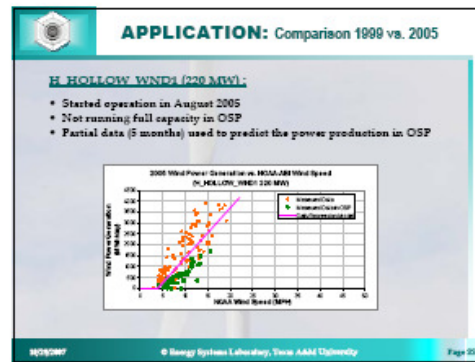
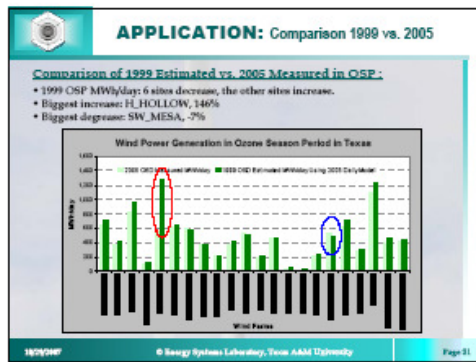


Figure 43: Slides presented at the Wind Energy Stakeholder's conference call (February 2007).



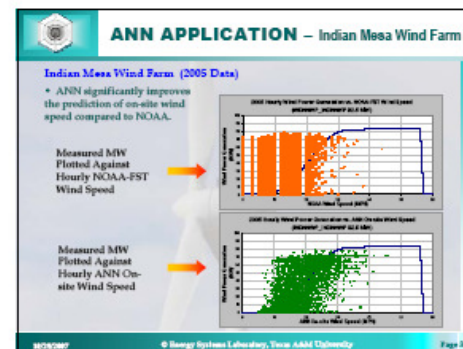
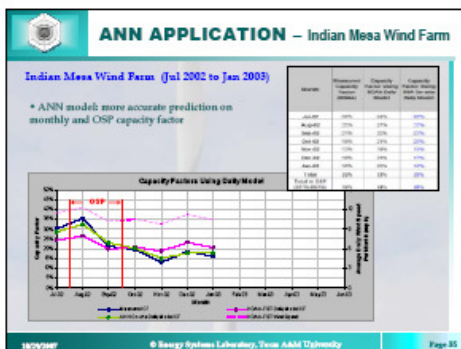
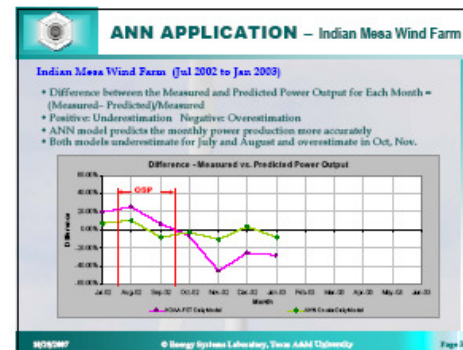
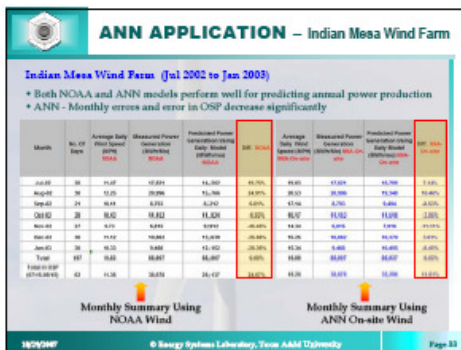
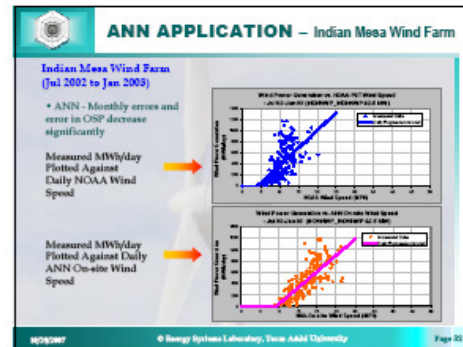
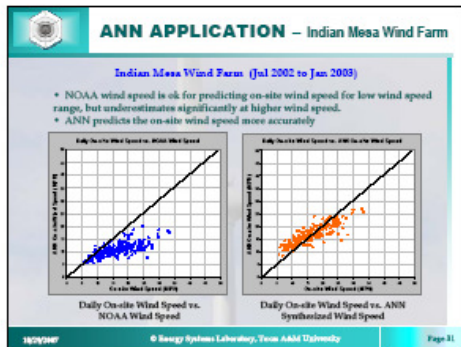
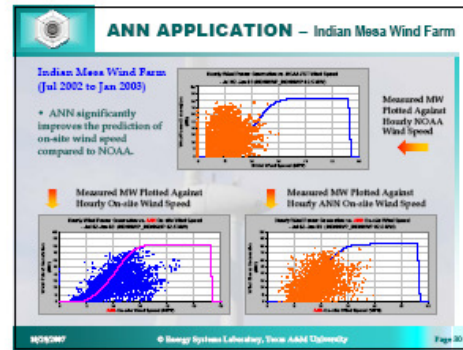
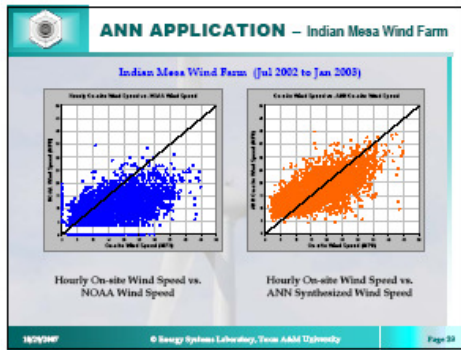


Figure 44: Slides presented at the Wind Energy Stakeholder's conference call (February 2007).

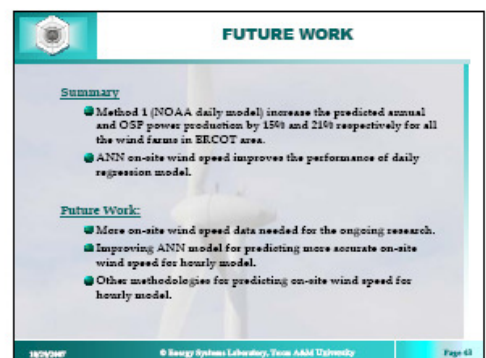
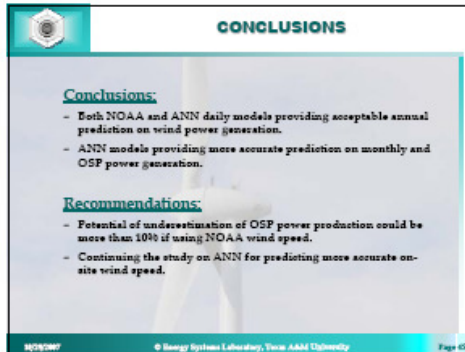
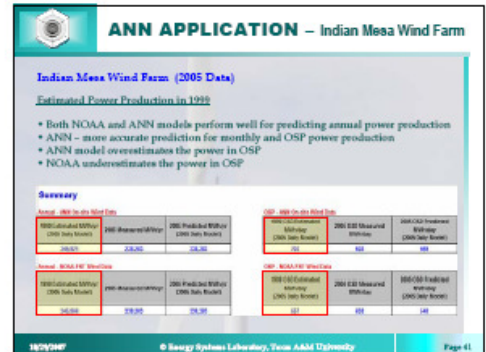
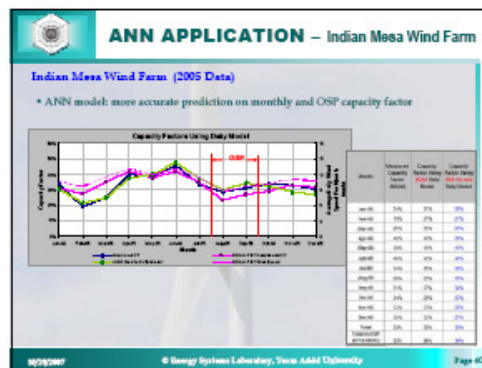
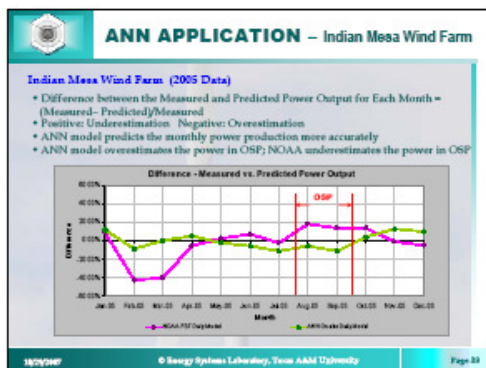
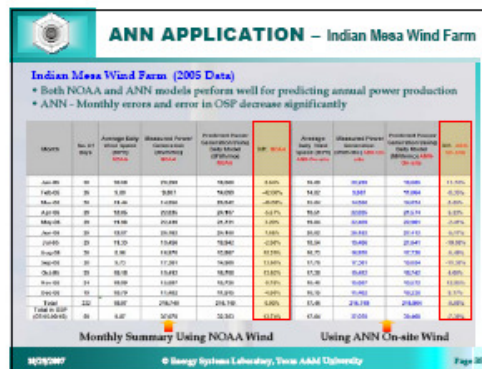
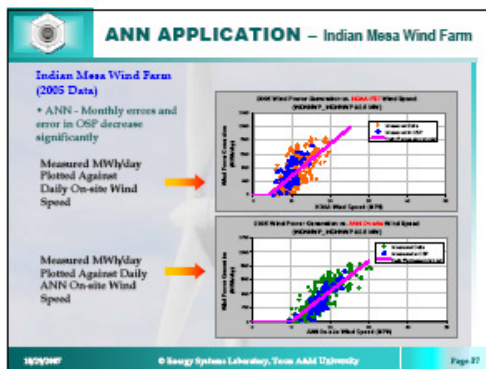


Figure 45: Slides presented at the Wind Energy Stakeholder's conference call (February 2007).

### 5.2.7.3 Presentation at U.S. Congress for ASHRAE Tech Briefing

In March 2007, the Laboratory was asked to make a presentation to the U.S. Congress regarding the progress that has been made in Texas to quantify emissions credits from energy efficiency and renewable energy projects. This presentation included overview material on ASHRAE's efforts to assist engineers and architects in reducing energy use, as well as information about the Laboratory's effort to quantify emissions credits from energy efficiency and renewable energy projects. The following slides presents the materials presented to U.S. Congressional staff.

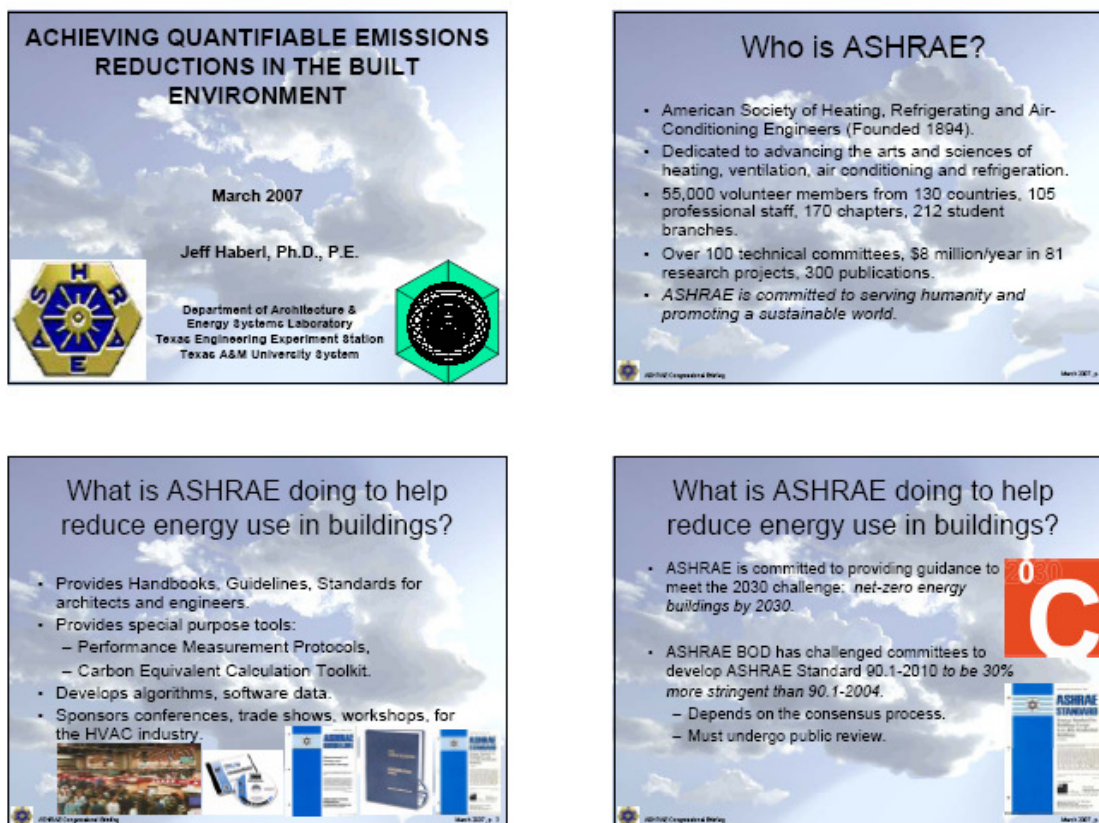



Figure 46: Slides presented to the U.S. Congressional Staff (March 2007).



### What is ASHRAE doing to help reduce energy use in buildings?


- Advanced Energy Design Guides (AEDG)
  - AEDG provide recommendations for achieving energy savings over ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1999.
  - Developed with the AIA, IESNA, USGBC, NBI.
  - AEDG 30% Series (i.e., 30% more efficient than 90.1-1999)
    - Small Office (Published)
    - Small Retail (Published)
    - K-12 (Expected 2007)
    - Warehouses (Initiated)



March 2007, p. 4

### What is ASHRAE doing to help reduce energy use in buildings?

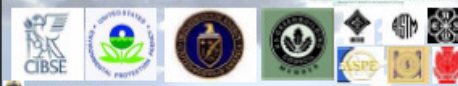
- Advanced Energy Design Guides (AEDG- 50-70%)
  - Will develop K-12 first, as test case.
  - Will identify 50% path from 30% prescriptive tables.
  - Will then develop Small Office then Retail.



March 2007, p. 5

### What is ASHRAE doing to help reduce energy use in buildings?


- Performance Measurement Protocols:
  - Methods to measure energy, IEQ, water.
  - Being developed with USGBC, CIBSE, AIA, DOE, EPA, ASME, IEA, IEEE, ASTM, ASA, ASPE, others.
  - Draft report due in June 2007.



March 2007, p. 7

### What is ASHRAE doing to help reduce energy use in buildings?


- Performance Measurement Protocols
  - Scoping Study performed a preliminary survey of the literature related to the effort, three main categories were identified:
    - Energy Performance
    - Indoor Environmental Performance
    - Water Performance



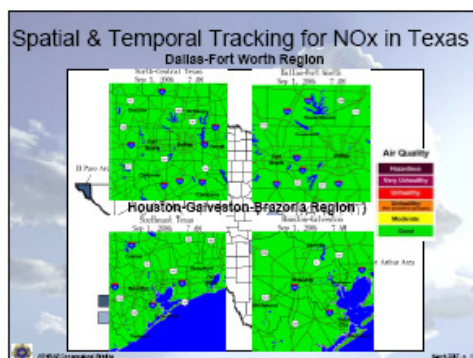
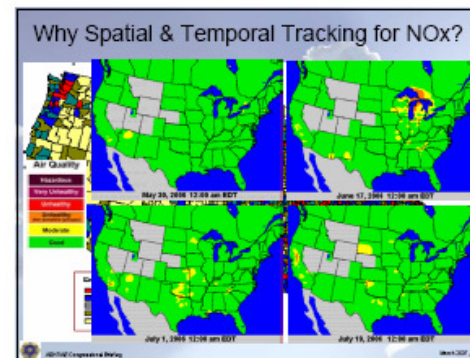
March 2007, p. 8

### What has been done to calculate carbon emissions from buildings?

- Carbon Equivalent Calculation Projects (Selected):
  - EPA's Power Profiler, eGRID.
  - NREL's GEEF Project.
  - ASHRAE's 99-1-RP "Simulation of Source Energy Utilization and Emissions for HVAC Systems".
  - ASHRAE's Carbon Calculation Tool Project.
  - Texas' Energy & Emissions Calculator (e2calc) - NOx.




March 2007, p. 9



### EPA Criteria for SIP Credits

- Quantifiable
- Surplus
- Enforceable
  - Voluntary or Mandatory
- Permanent
  - Record Keeping
  - Monitoring



March 2007, p. 12

Figure 47: Slides presented to the U.S. Congressional Staff (March 2007).

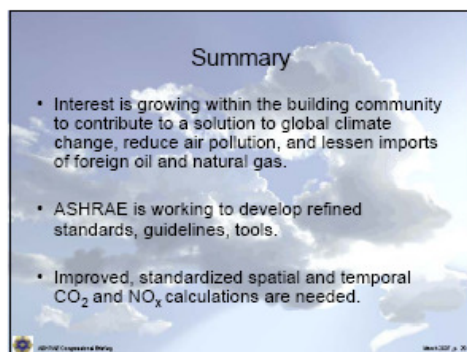
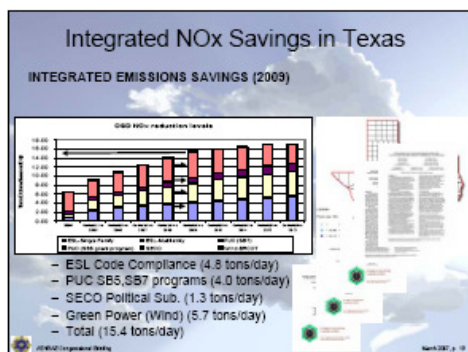
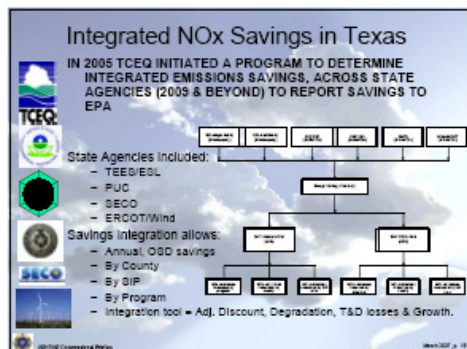
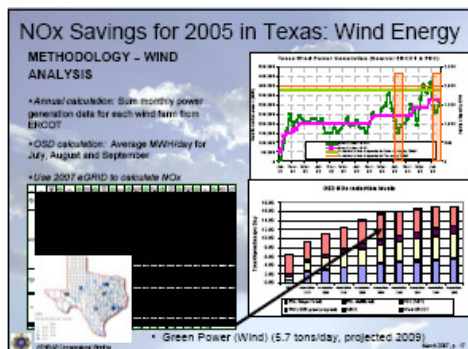
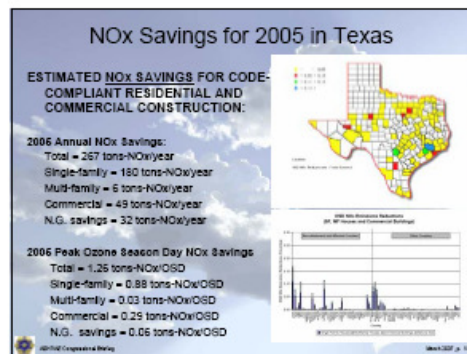
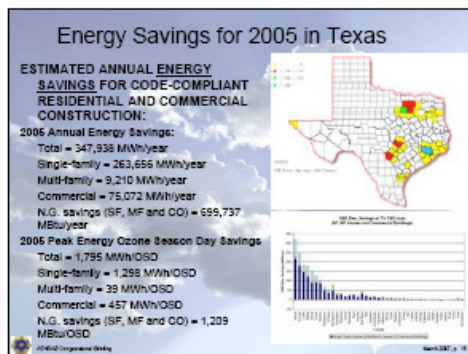
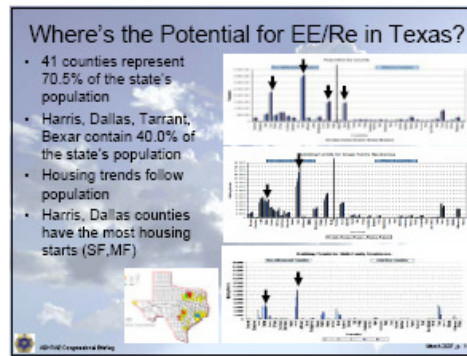
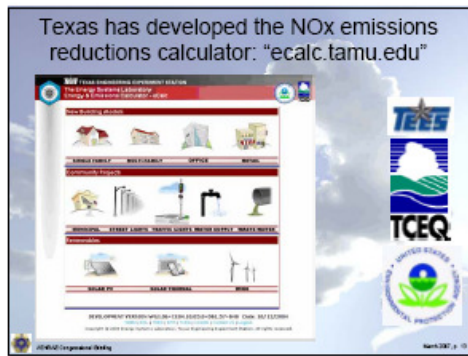


Figure 48: Slides presented to the U.S. Congressional Staff (March 2007).

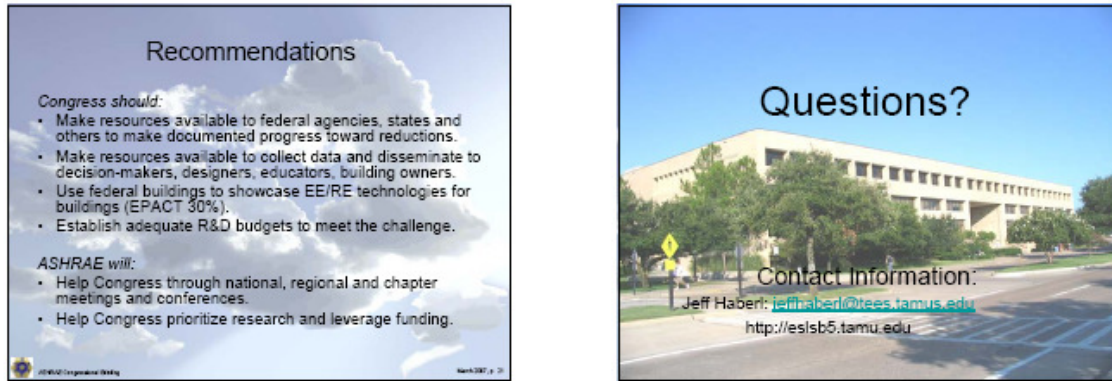


Figure 49: Slides presented to the U.S. Congressional Staff (March 2007).



## 5.2.7.4 Presentation at ASHRAE Carbon Toolkit Workshop (by phone)

In April 2007, the Laboratory was asked to participate in an ASHRAE Special Project to determine the feasibility of developing a Carbon Emissions Toolkit. This presentation reviewed the development of creditable emissions reductions calculations for EE/RE programs in Texas. The following figures present the slides used in this presentation.

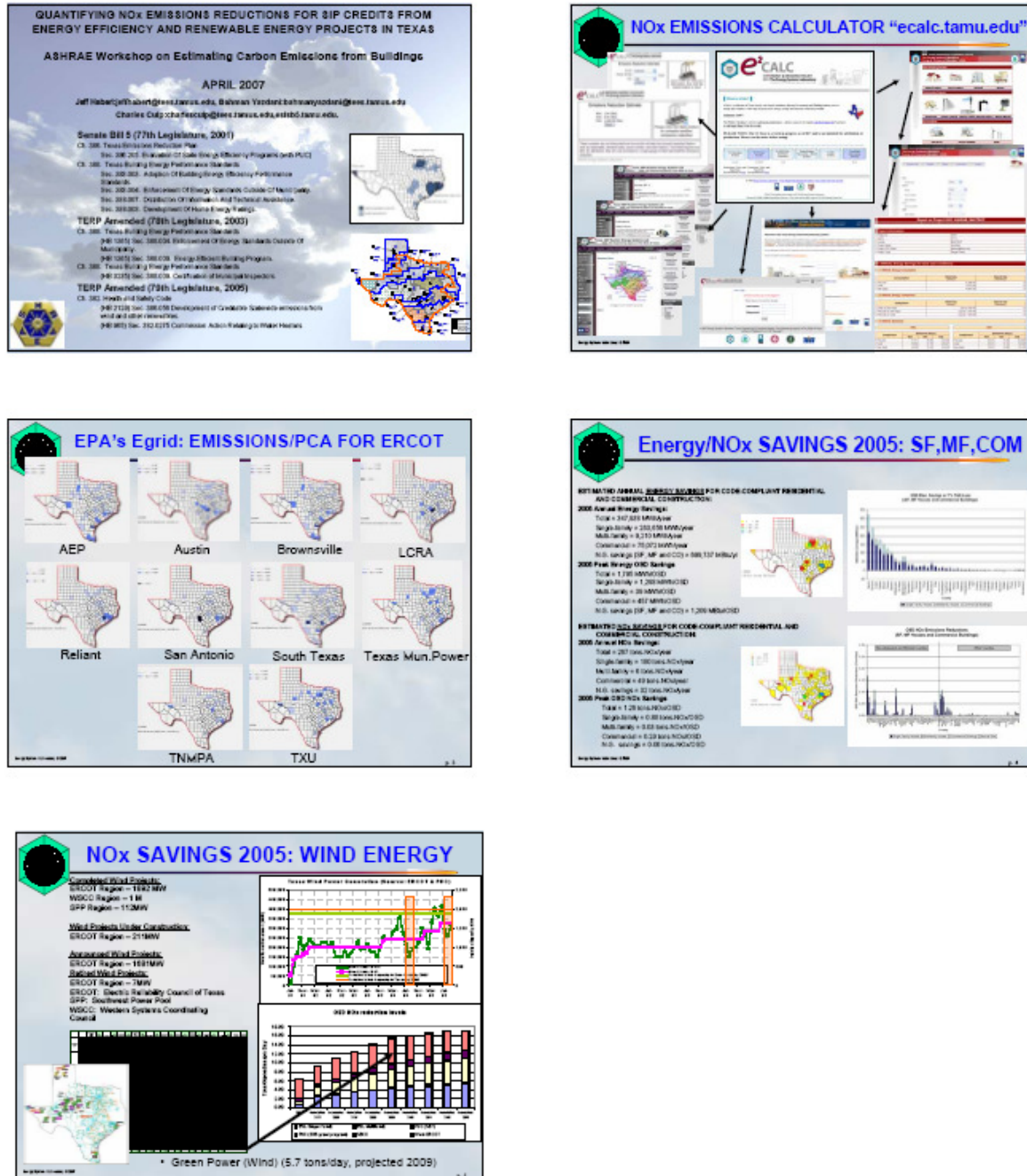


Figure 50: Slides presented at the ASHRAE Carbon Toolkit Workshop (April 2007).

## 5.2.7.5 Presentation at EPRI Conference, April 2007 (by phone).

In April 2007, the Laboratory was asked to participate in an EPRI Conference Call. This presentation reviewed the development of credible emissions reductions calculations for EE/RE programs in Texas. The following figures present the slides used in this presentation.

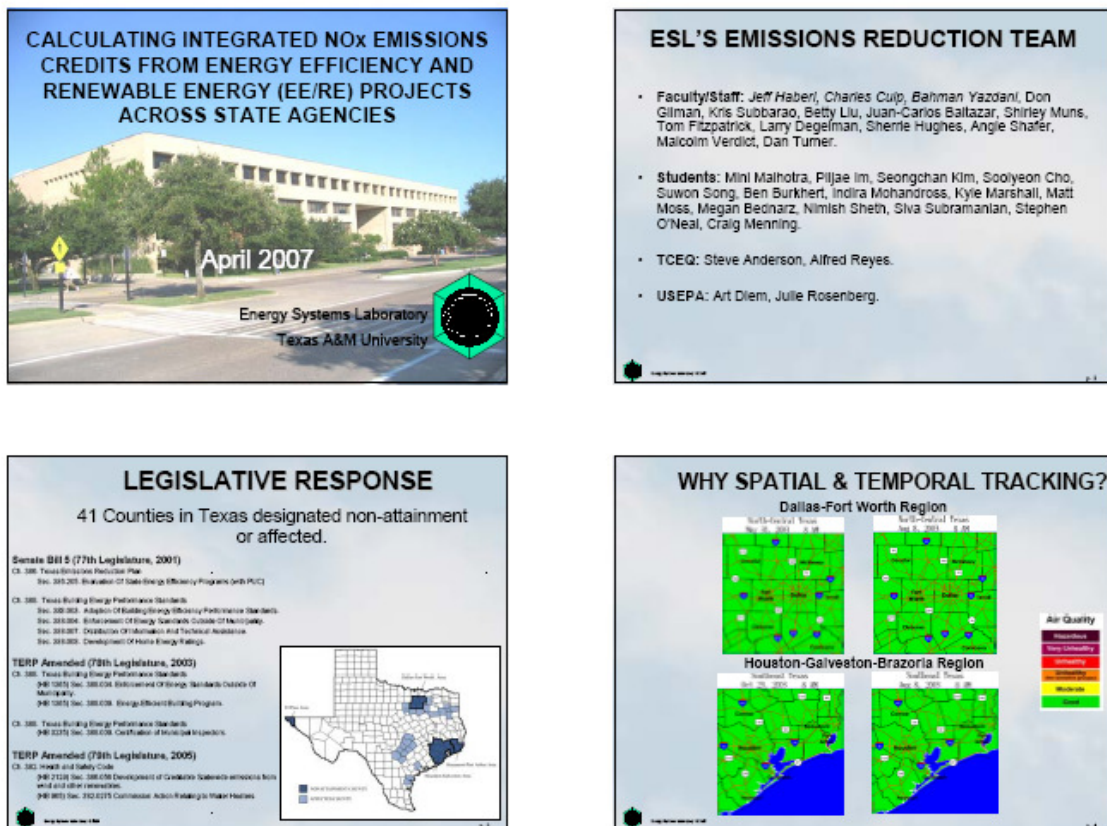


Figure 51: Slides presented at the EPRI Conference Call (April 2007).

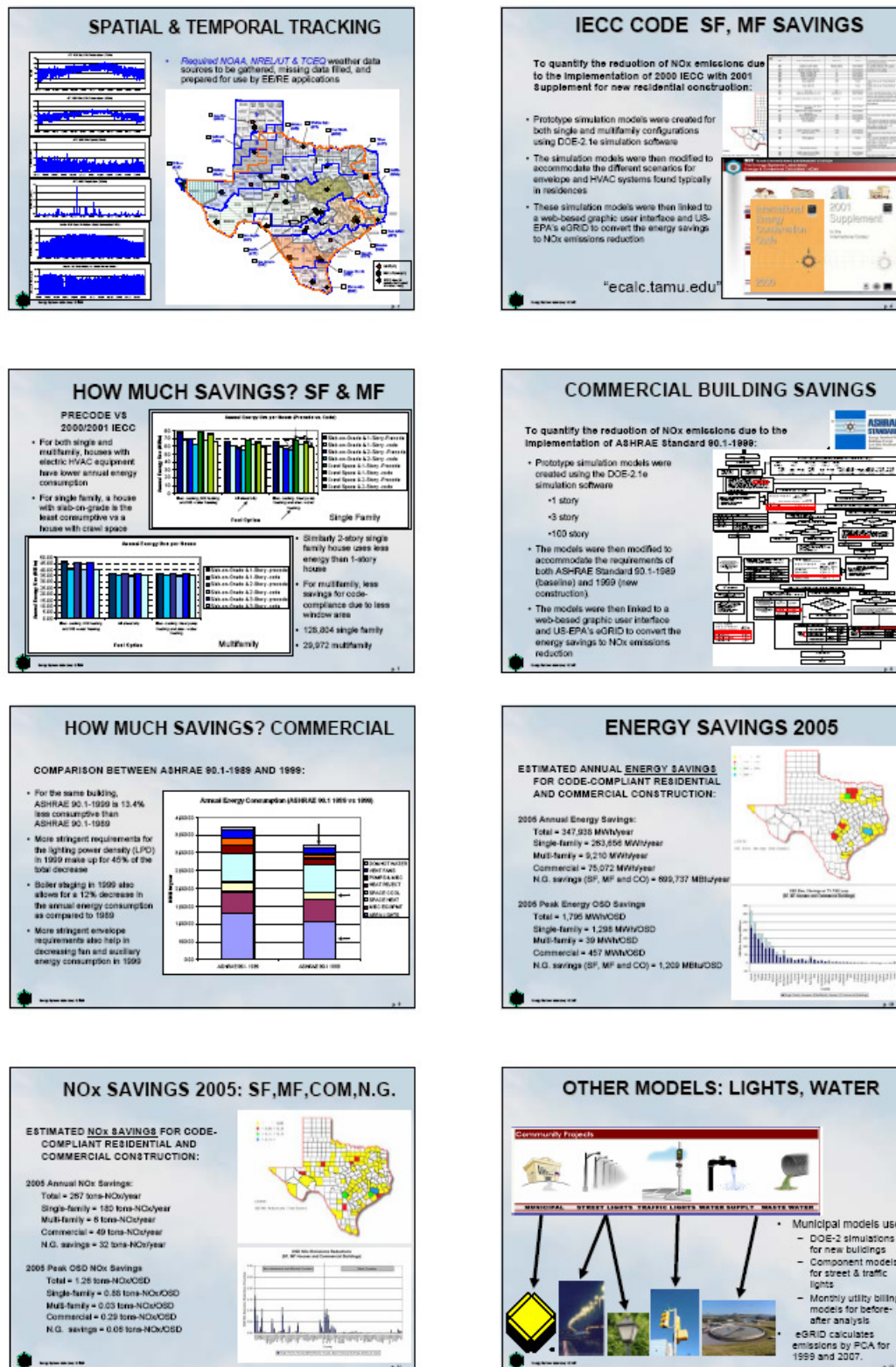


Figure 52: Slides presented at the EPRI Conference Call (April 2007).



### METHODOLOGY

In order to quantify the reduction of NOx emissions due to the street lights or traffic lights retrofit:

- In the design mode the energy and emissions savings are calculated based on the specific information the user provides about the lamp type, lamp code, wattage, and number of lamps for both pre-retrofit and post-retrofit lamps.
- The annual energy savings are then calculated for the 1999 baseline year, and the peak daily consumption is extracted, which is then used to calculate the peak savings during the Ozone Episode Peak day for 1999.
- The energy savings were then linked to a web-based graphic user interface and US-EPA's eGRID to convert the energy savings to NOx emissions reduction.

Street Lights & Traffic Lights Design Mode Flow Chart

### METHODOLOGY

#### TRAFFIC LIGHTS

#### ANALYSIS - DESIGN MODE:

- For each project the user enters the lamp type, lamp code, wattage per lamp, operating hours and the number of lamps for the pre-retrofit and post-retrofit period.
- The emissions calculator provides a default value of operating hours for each lamp type that is based on studies of signal cycling at typical automobile traffic intersections in the Dallas-Ft. Worth area.

Traffic Lights Design Mode Calculation Table

### METHODOLOGY

#### Water/Waste Water Analysis

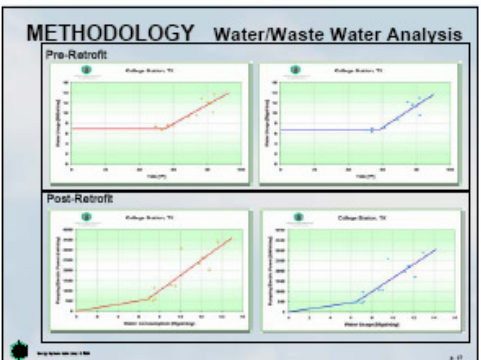
12 months of pre and post-retrofit water and electricity data

- User enters 12 months of pre and post-retrofit water and electricity data.
- eCALC calculates pre-retrofit and post-retrofit performance and weather normalization.
- Coefficients then used to calculate 1999 annual and peak day electricity savings, which are passed to eGRID.
- eGRID then calculates 1999 and 2007 emissions reduction by PCA.

### METHODOLOGY

#### Water/Waste Water Analysis

12 months of pre and post-retrofit water and electricity data



### OTHER MODELS: RENEWABLES

- Renewable tools used:
  - F-CHART for solar thermal
  - PV F-CHART for photovoltaics
  - ASHRAE IMT utility billing analysis for wind energy
- eGRID calculates emissions by PCA for 1999 and 2007.

### RENEWABLES: Solar Photovoltaic Analysis

- User selects solar system characteristics (i.e., type, collectors, BT, etc.).
- eCALC calculates energy savings from installation of solar system using FCHART
- Output from FCHART weather normalized with ASHRAE IMT. Coefficients fed to 1999 peak extractor.
- Peak extractor then calculates 1999 annual and peak-day energy savings, which are fed to eGRID.
- eGRID then calculates 1999 and 2007 emissions reduction by PCA

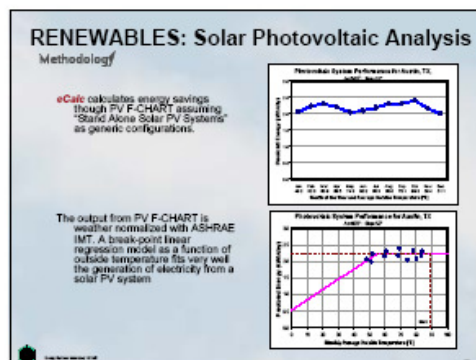


Figure 53: Slides presented at the EPRI Conference Call (April 2007).

### RENEWABLES: Solar Thermal Analysis

- User selects solar system characteristics (i.e., type, collectors, etc.).
- eCALC calculates energy savings from installation of solar system using FCHART.
- Output from FCHART weather normalized with ASHRAE IMT Coefficients tied to 1999 peak extractor.
- Peak extractor then calculates 1999 annual and peak-day energy savings, which are fed to eGRID.
- eGRID then calculates 1999 and 2007 emissions reduction by PCA.

### WIND PROJECTS IN TEXAS

- Completed Wind Projects:**
  - ERCOT Region – 1892 MW
  - WSCC Region – 1 M
  - SPP Region – 1126 MW
- Wind Projects Under Construction:**
  - ERCOT Region – 211 MW
- Announced Wind Projects:**
  - ERCOT Region – 1551 MW
- Refined Wind Projects:**
  - ERCOT Region – 7 MW

(SPPOT: Electric Reliability Council of Texas)  
(SPP: Southwest Power Pool)  
(WSCC: Western Systems Coordinating Council)

Source: Public Utility Commission of Texas, [www.puc.texas.gov](http://www.puc.texas.gov)

### METHODOLOGY

#### WIND POWER GENERATION DATA ANALYSIS:

- Hourly data from an actual wind electricity generator with a 15.4-m (44-ft) rotor diameter installed in Randall County, Texas were used as a case study site to calculate and verify the electricity savings and emissions.

- Texas Map showing Randall county (red) and Potter County (blue). In the analysis, the NWS wind measurements from the Amarillo airport, located in Potter County, is used to compare against the result using the on-site wind measurements.

### METHODOLOGY

#### WIND POWER GENERATION DATA ANALYSIS:

- The wind turbine is an EnerTech 44 wind turbine with a rated gearbox capacity of 40 kW, and a rated generator capacity of 60 kW.
- The wind turbine operated for 53.6% of the hours since installation and recorded a capacity factor of 20.4%. Although several component failures occurred during the testing period, the wind turbine had an availability of 90%.
- On-site wind measurements were taken at a height of 33 ft, the same height as the wind measurement taken by NWS.

Parameter	Value
Turbine Type	EnerTech 44
Rated Power	60 kW
Rated Voltage	480 V
Rated Frequency	60 Hz
Rated Current	100 A
Rated Torque	1000 Nm
Rated Speed	1500 RPM
Rated Power Factor	0.95
Rated Efficiency	0.95
Rated Lifetime	20 years
Rated Maintenance	Annual
Rated Availability	90%
Rated Capacity Factor	20.4%
Rated Emissions	0.0001 kg/kWh
Rated Cost	\$1.50/kWh
Rated Revenue	\$0.05/kWh
Rated Net Present Value	\$1.45/kWh
Rated Internal Rate of Return	15.0%
Rated Payback Period	10.0 years
Rated Sensitivity Analysis	See Table 1
Rated Uncertainty Analysis	See Table 2
Rated Risk Analysis	See Table 3
Rated Conclusion	See Table 4

### METHODOLOGY

#### WIND POWER GENERATION DATA ANALYSIS:

- The measured, hourly electricity produced by the wind turbine is shown for the 2001/2002 period.
- Data for this site was provided by Alternative Energy Institute from West Texas A&M University.

Measured Hourly Turbine Power (2001-2002)

### METHODOLOGY

#### WIND POWER GENERATION DATA ANALYSIS:

- Normally, hourly performance is evaluated using hourly on-site wind measurements.
- Unfortunately, hourly measurements are needed for 1999 to 2005, which were unavailable for this site.
- Therefore, an evaluation of the performance was made using nearby NWS hourly wind measurements.
- The hourly scatter plot of electricity production vs. hourly NWS wind data show considerably more scatter due to the use of peak 3 to 5 minute gust measurements used by the NWS versus integrated measurements taken on site.

Hourly Turbine Power vs. NOAA and On-site Wind Speed

### ANALYSIS – SINGLE WIND TURBINE

#### Comparison of On-Site and NOAA Wind Speed:

Wind Speed Distribution (Oct. 2001 to Sep. 2002)

### METHODOLOGY

#### WIND POWER GENERATION DATA ANALYSIS:

- The differences using NOAA and on-site wind data become less pronounced when one compares average daily electricity production against average daily wind measurements.
- The daily performance analysis also takes a linear form, versus the quadratic or cubic form of the hourly performance measurement.

Daily Turbine Power vs. NOAA and On-site Wind Speed

Figure 54: Slides presented at the EPRI Conference Call (April 2007).



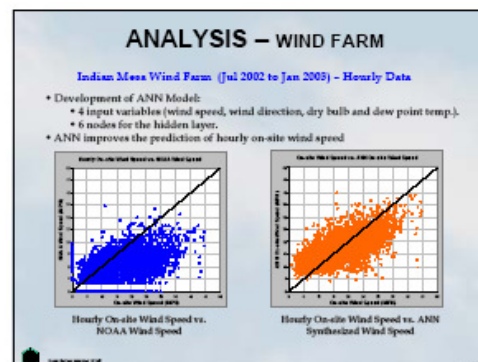
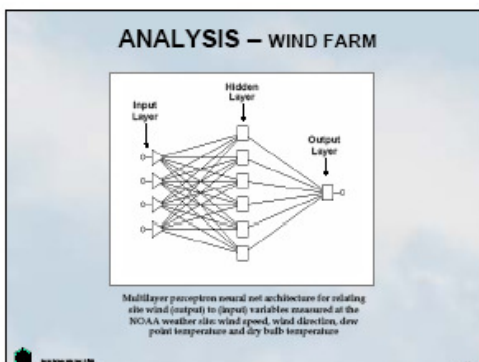
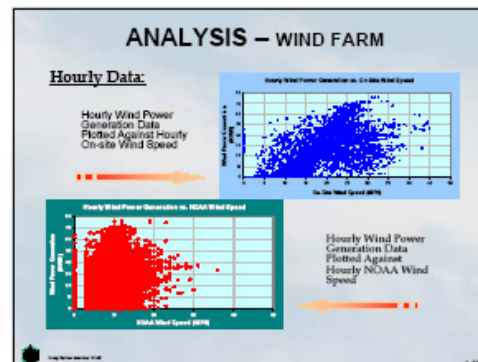
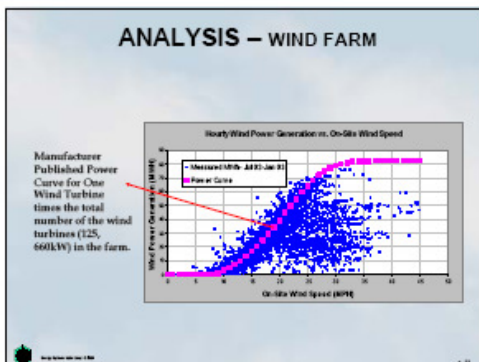
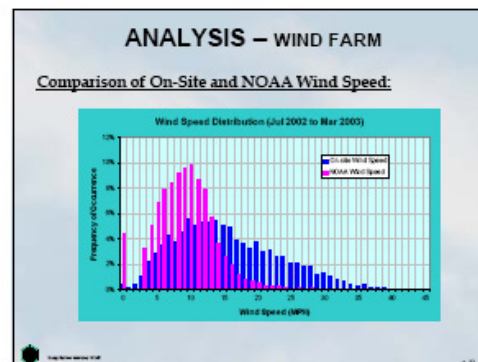
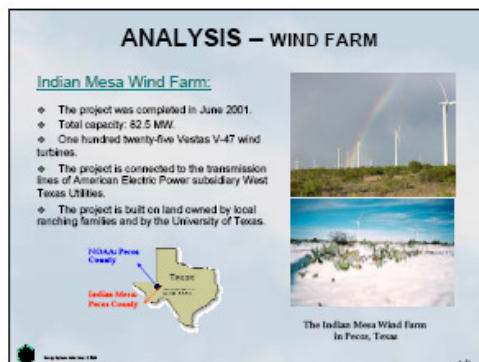
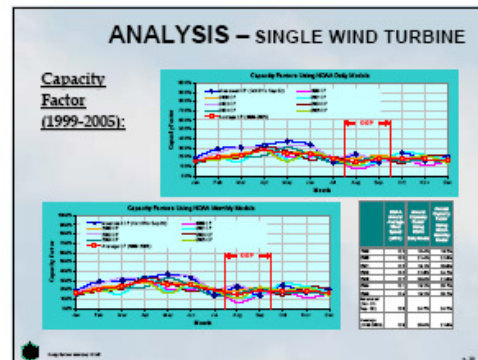
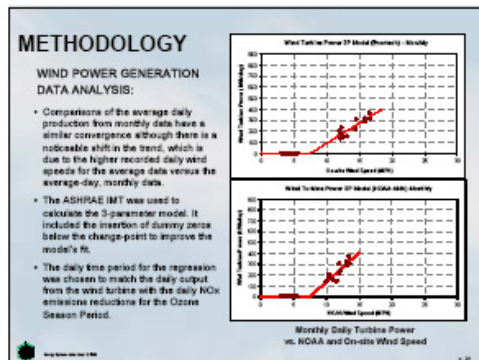


Figure 55: Slides presented at the EPRI Conference Call (April 2007).



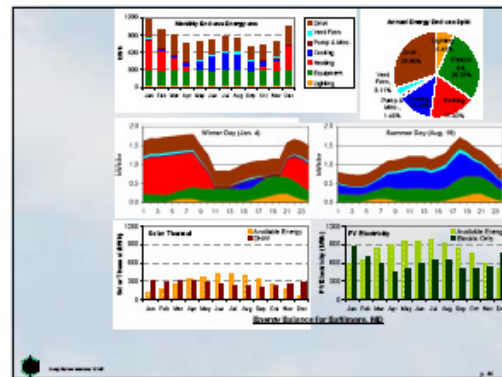


Figure 57: Slides presented at the EPRI Conference Call (April 2007).



## 5.2.7.6 Presentation at Wind Stakeholders Conference Call, April 2007 (by phone).

In April of 2007, the Laboratory held a conference call with the wind energy stakeholders, where information was presented regarding the progress the Laboratory had made in modeling hourly wind speed.

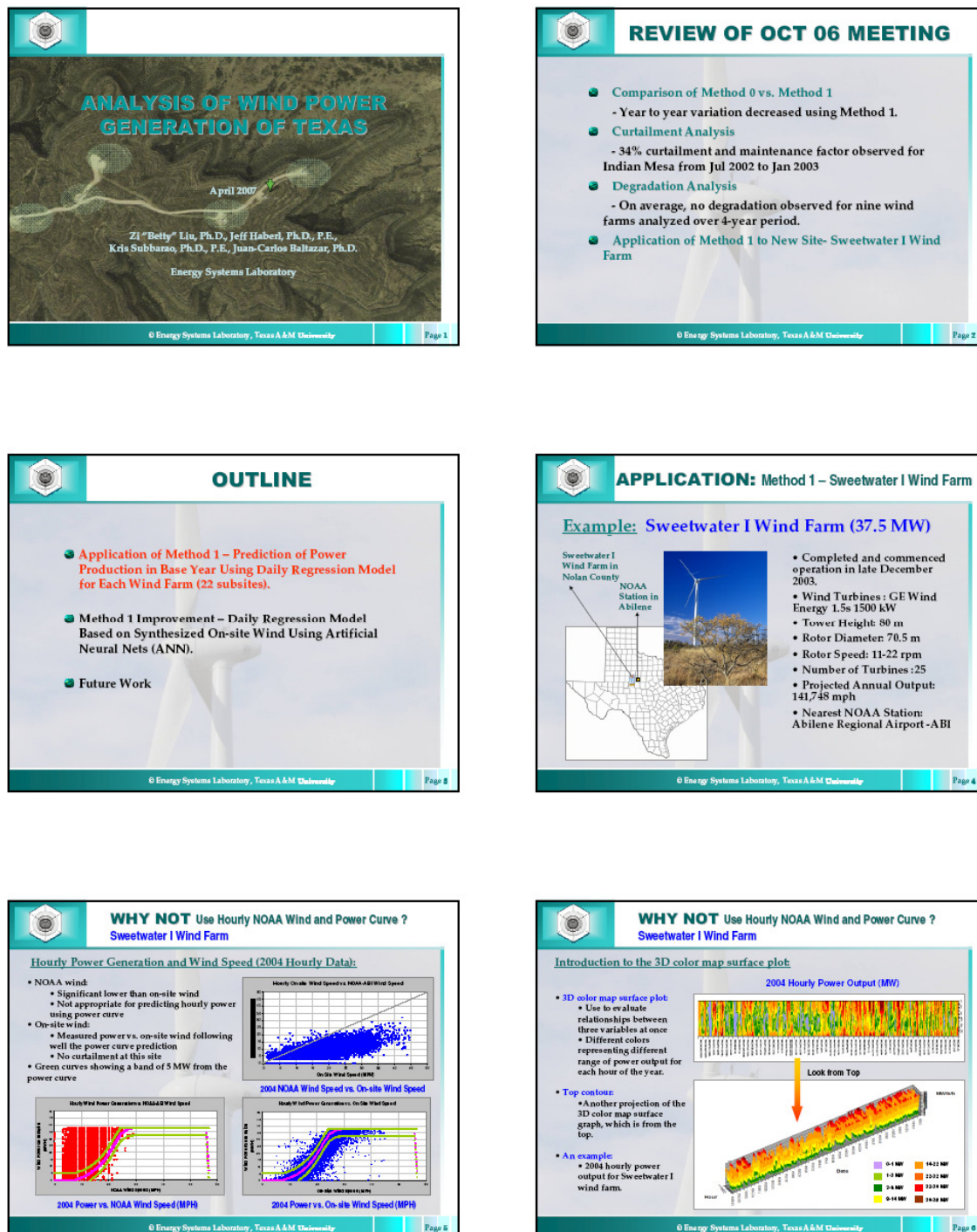


Figure 58: Slides presented at the Wind Stakeholders Conference Call (April 2007).

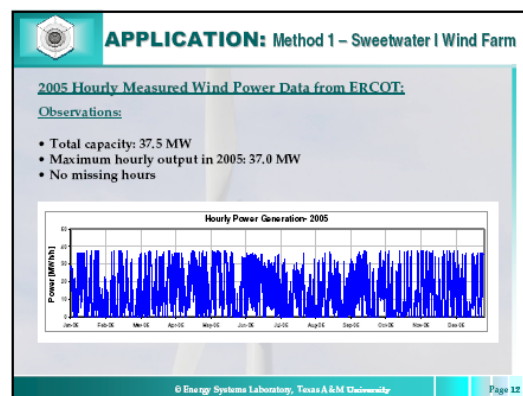
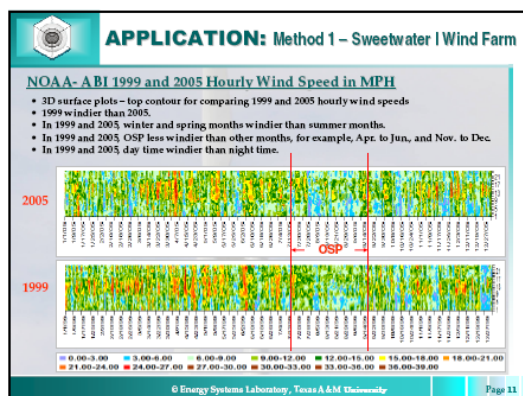
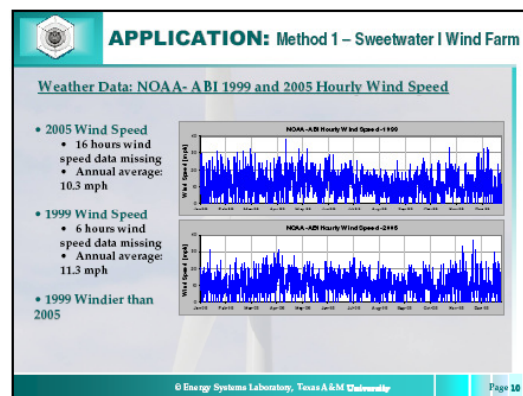
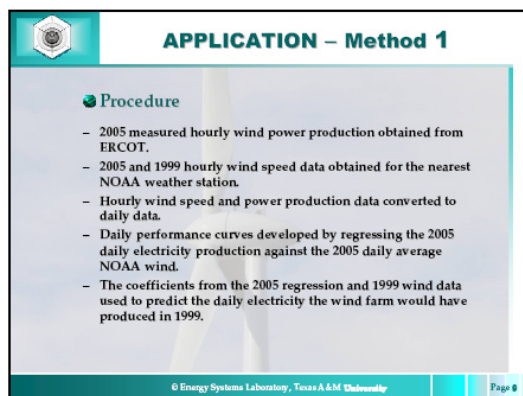
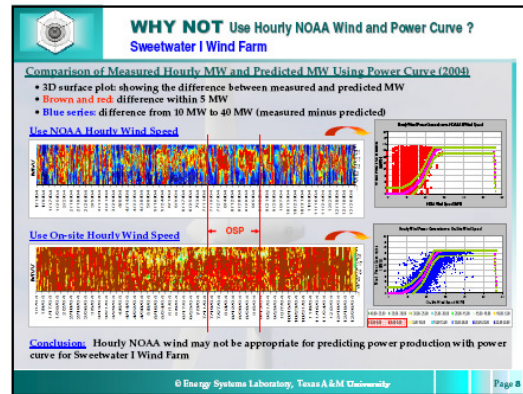
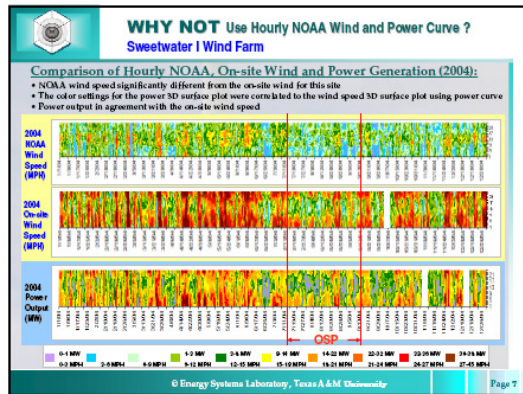


Figure 59: Slides presented at the Wind Stakeholders Conference Call (April 2007).



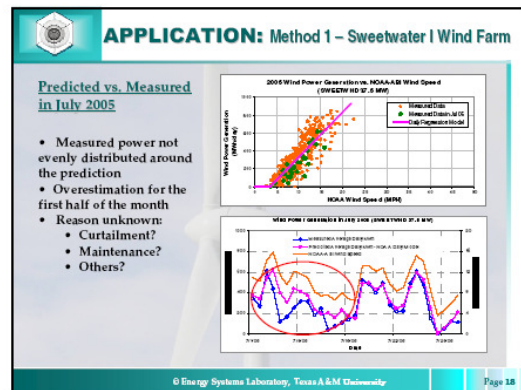
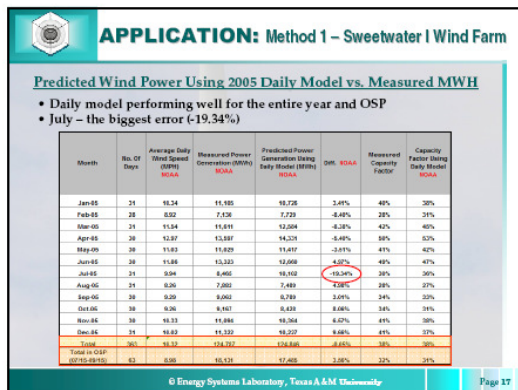
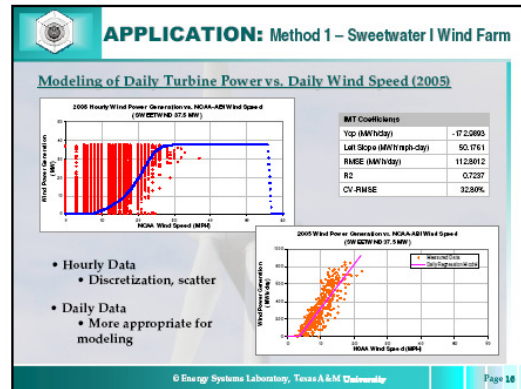
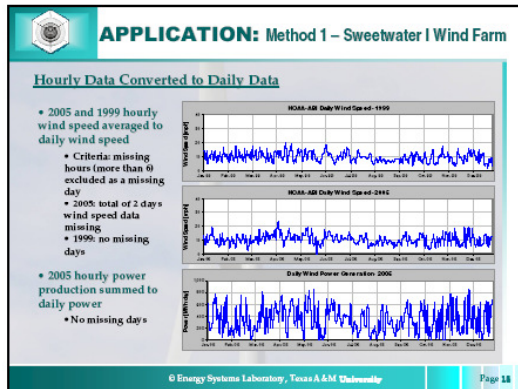
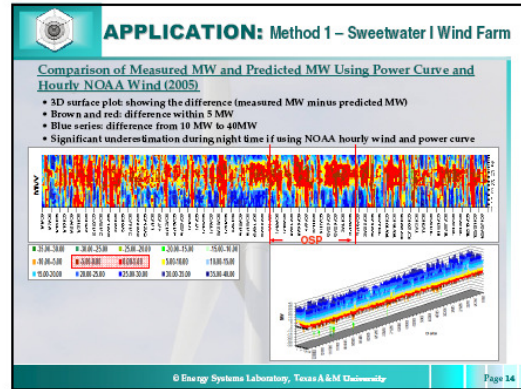
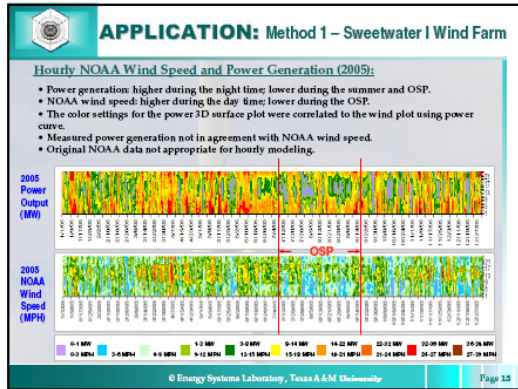


Figure 60: Slides presented at the Wind Stakeholders Conference Call (April 2007).

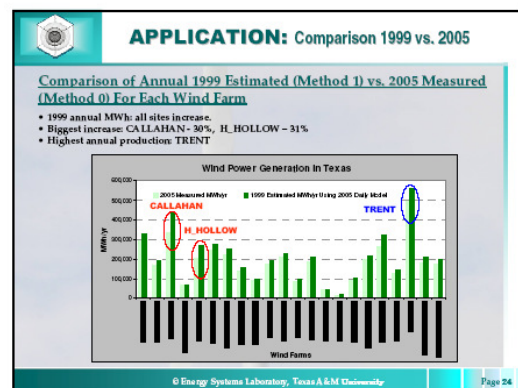
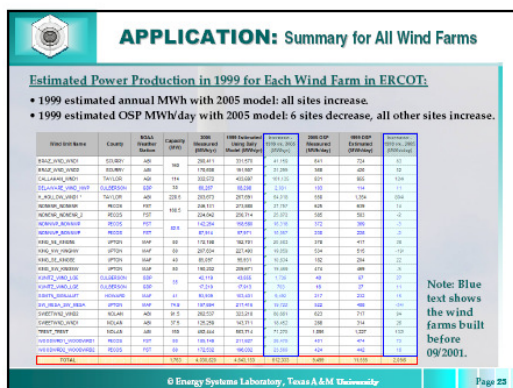
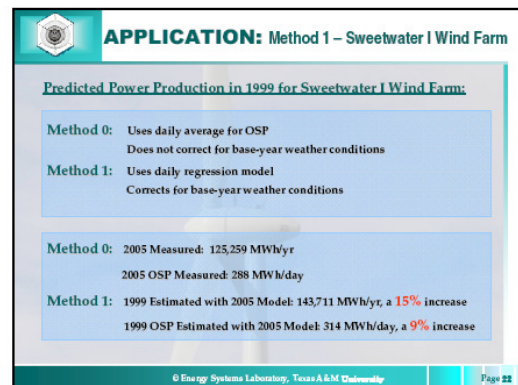
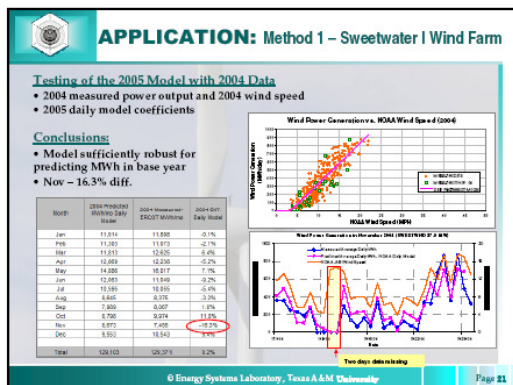
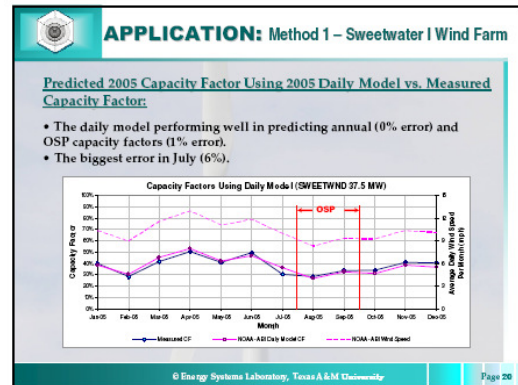
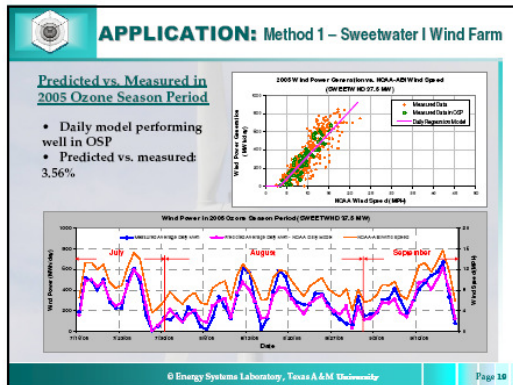


Figure 61: Slides presented at the Wind Stakeholders Conference Call (April 2007).

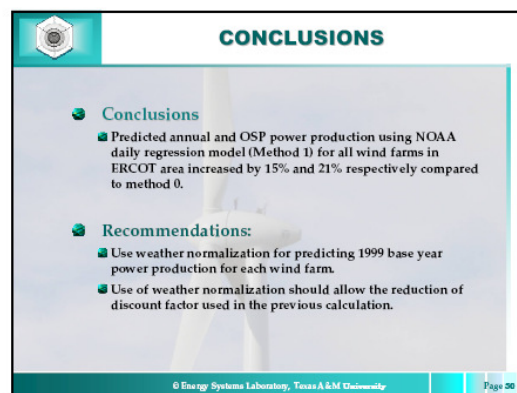
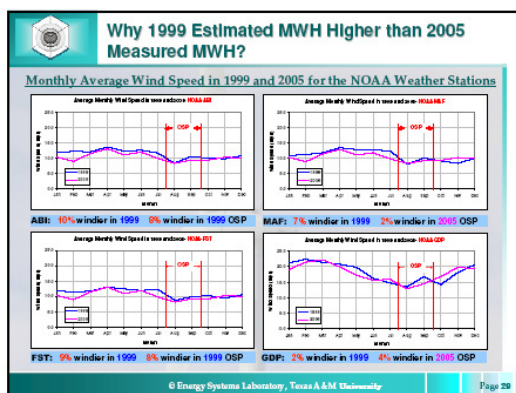
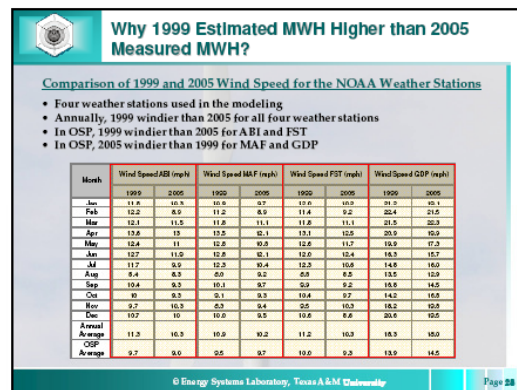
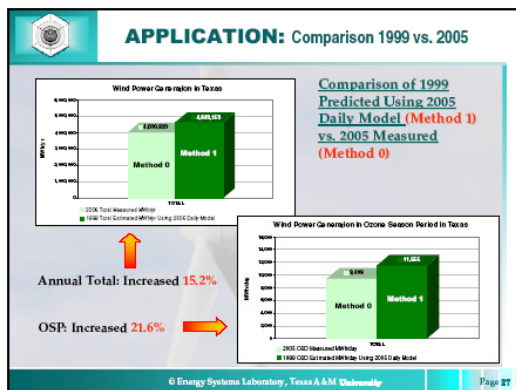
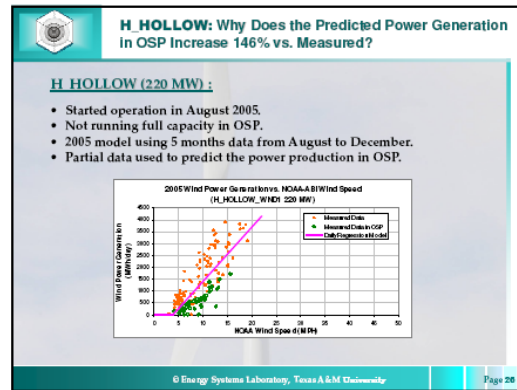
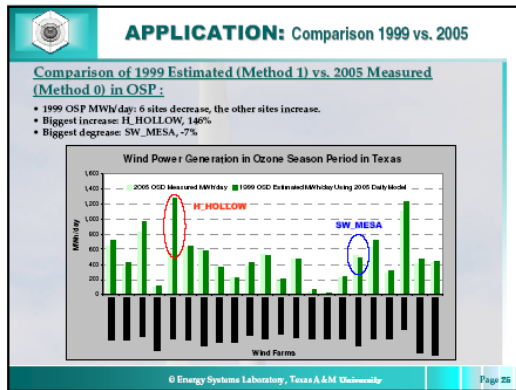


Figure 62: Slides presented at the Wind Stakeholders Conference Call (April 2007).



## OUTLINE

- Application of Method 1 – Prediction of Power Production in Base Year Using Daily Regression Model for All Wind Farms
- Method 1 Improvement – Daily Regression Model Based on Synthesized On-site Wind Using Artificial Neural Nets
- Future Work

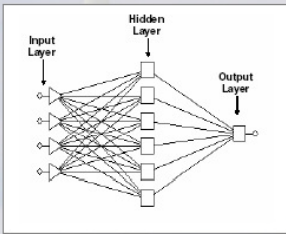
© Energy Systems Laboratory, Texas A&M University Page 21

## METHOD 1 IMPROVEMENT-ANN

- NOAA variables used in Artificial Neural Nets (ANN):
  - Wind speeds
  - Wind directions, account for terrain effects
  - Dry bulb temperatures, account for weather fronts
  - Dew point temperatures, account for clouds
- Determination of the architecture of the neural nets
  - Automatic routines performed through a search process resulting in the most parsimonious architecture
  - Best network - multilayer perceptron with a hidden layer of six nodes
- The data set divided into three random groups
  - Training set
  - Verification set
  - Test set

© Energy Systems Laboratory, Texas A&M University Page 22

## METHOD 1 IMPROVEMENT-ANN



Multilayer perceptron neural net architecture for relating site wind (output) to (input) variables measured at the NOAA weather site: wind speed, wind direction, dew point temperature and dry bulb temperature

© Energy Systems Laboratory, Texas A&M University Page 23

## ANN APPLICATION – Procedure

Procedure:

Step 1:

- 1.1 Development and testing of the ANN model using on-site and NOAA hourly wind speed, wind direction, dry bulb and wet bulb temp. for a same period for a site.
- 1.2 Conversion of the hourly ANN on-site wind and power output to daily data and development of the ANN daily regression model and comparing it against NOAA daily model for the same period.

Step 2:

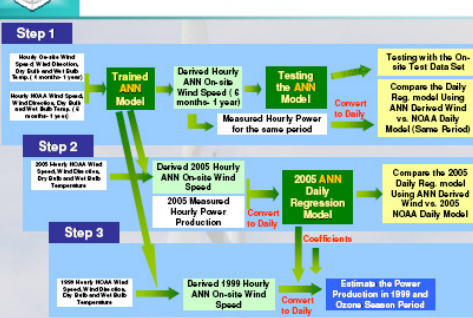
- 2.1 Application of the ANN model to the 2005 NOAA hourly wind speed, wind direction, dry bulb, and wet bulb temp. for this site to derive 2005 ANN hourly on-site wind speed.
- 2.2 Conversion of the 2005 hourly ANN on-site wind to daily data and development of the 2005 ANN daily regression model using the measured 2005 daily power and ANN daily on-site wind.

Step 3:

- 3.1 Application of the ANN model to the 1999 NOAA hourly wind speed, wind direction, wet bulb, and dry bulb temp. for this site to derive 1999 ANN hourly on-site wind speed.
- 3.2 Conversion of the 1999 hourly ANN on-site wind to daily data and application of the coefficients of ANN daily regression model to the 1999 daily wind speed to predict the power production in 1999 and 1999 OSP.

© Energy Systems Laboratory, Texas A&M University Page 24

## ANN APPLICATION – Procedure

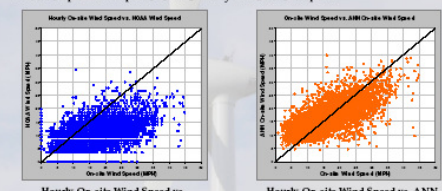


© Energy Systems Laboratory, Texas A&M University Page 25

## ANN APPLICATION – Indian Mesa Wind Farm

Step 1.1 Indian Mesa Wind Farm (Jul 2002 to Jan 2003) – Hourly Data

- Development of ANN Model:
  - 4 input variables (wind speed, wind direction, dry bulb and dew point temp.).
  - 6 nodes for the hidden layer.
- ANN improves the prediction of hourly on-site wind speed



© Energy Systems Laboratory, Texas A&M University Page 26

Figure 63: Slides presented at the Wind Stakeholders Conference Call (April 2007).

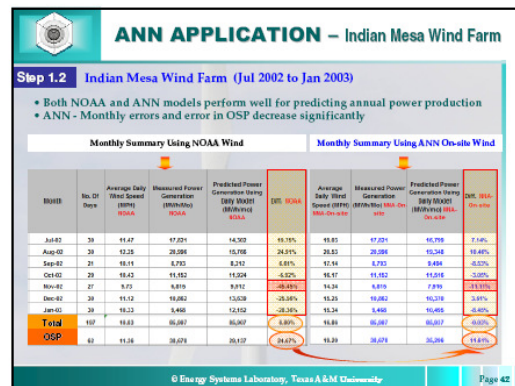
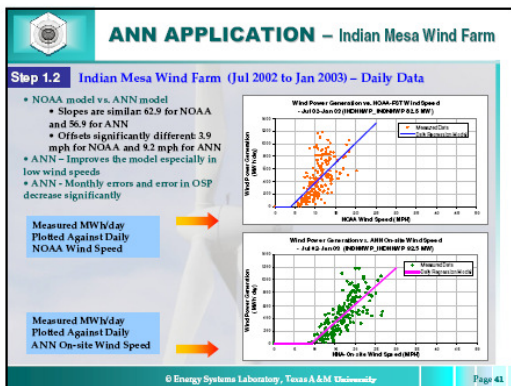
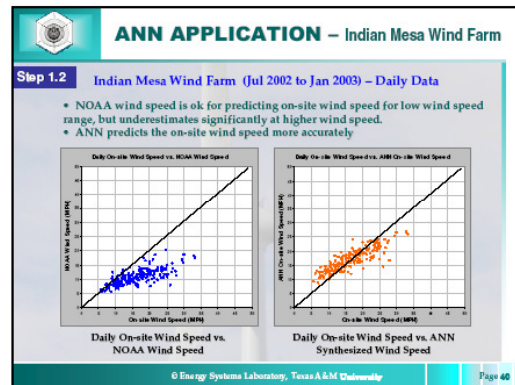
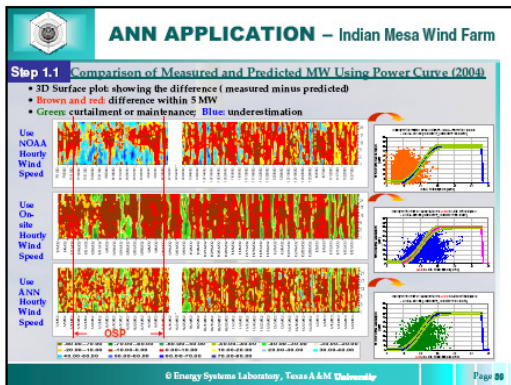
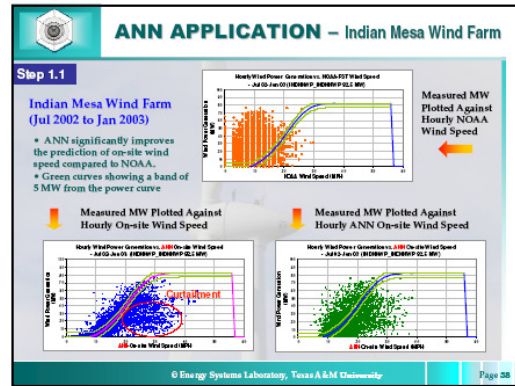
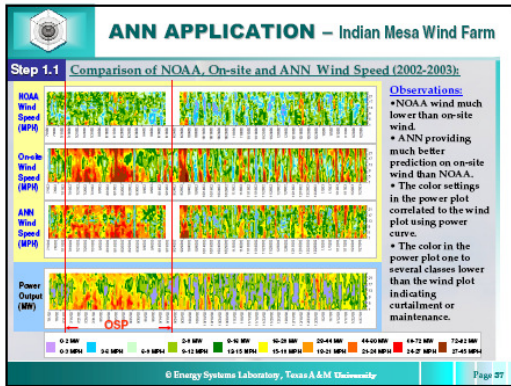


Figure 64: Slides presented at the Wind Stakeholders Conference Call (April 2007).



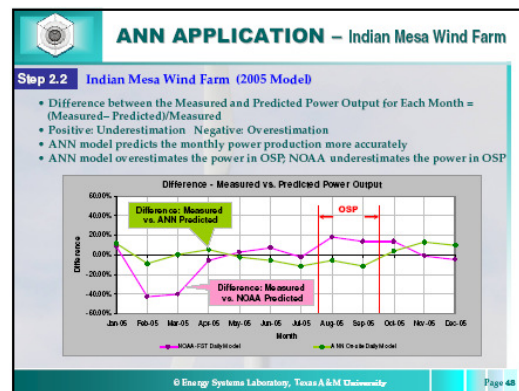
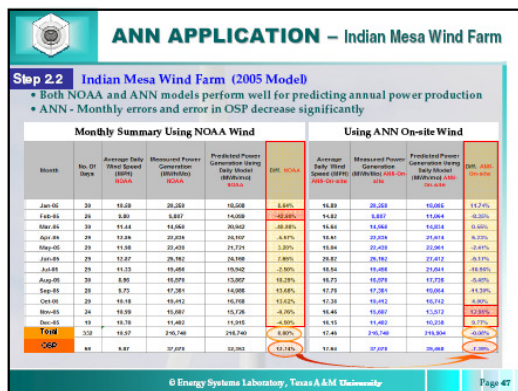
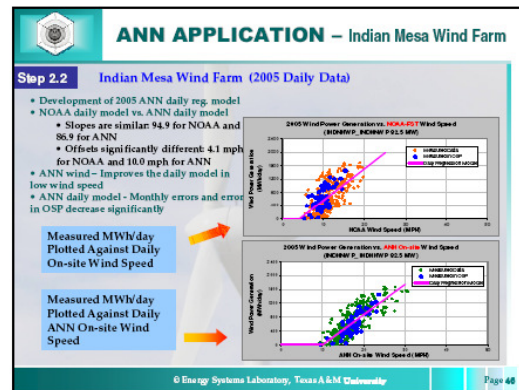
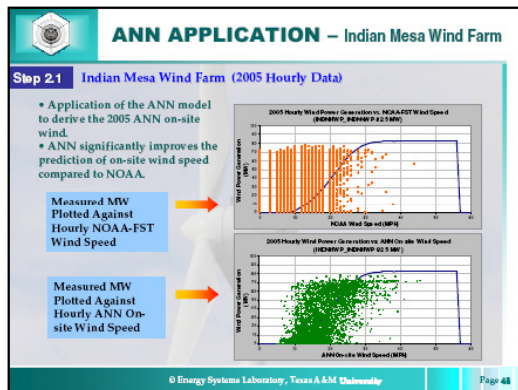
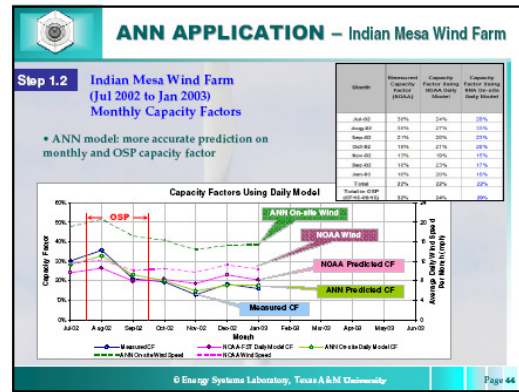
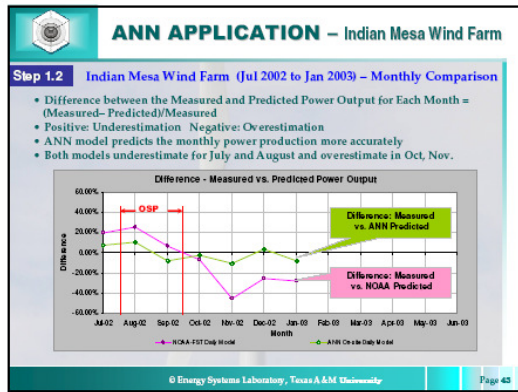


Figure 65: Slides presented at the Wind Stakeholders Conference Call (April 2007).

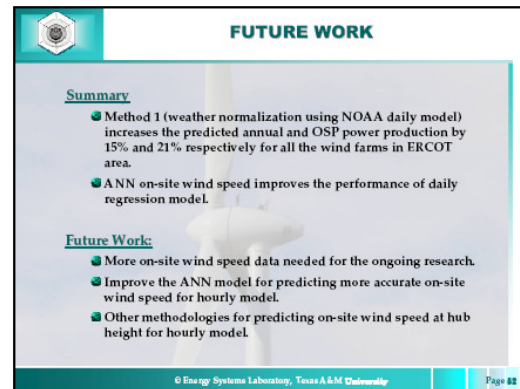
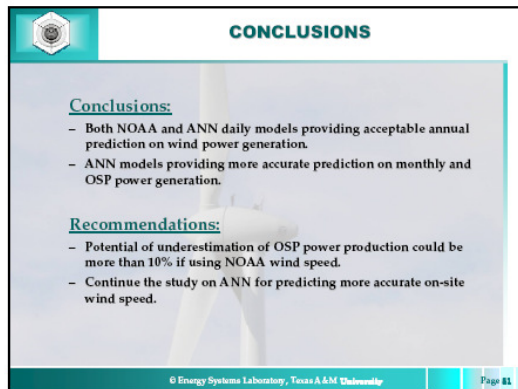
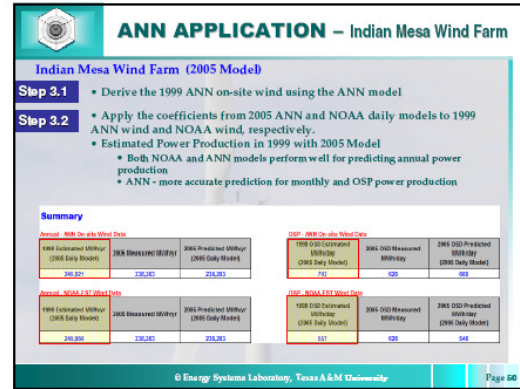
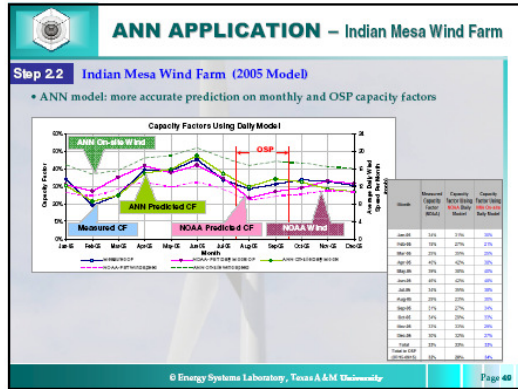


Figure 66: Slides presented at the Wind Stakeholders Conference Call (April 2007).

### 5.2.7.7 Presentation at the ASHRAE Conference in Long Beach, California, June 2007.


In June 2007, the Laboratory delivered a presentation on the impact of global warming on building energy use, which included a typical building in Houston, Texas. The following figures present the slides used in this presentation.

## Simulated Impacts of Global Warming on Building Thermal Loads Throughout the 21st Century

Presented at ASHRAE Seminar 48  
"Climate Change: Modeling the Weather and Its Potential Impacts on Building Performance"

Tuesday, 8:00 a.m., 26 June 2007  
Long Beach, CA

by  
Larry O. Degelman, P.E.  
Professor Emeritus of Architecture  
Texas A&M University  
ldegelman@suddenlink.net




## Outline

- Trends in global warming
- Models matched against global warming records
- Factors contributing to global warming
- Selection of a temperature prediction model for a case study
- Selection of a case study building and 6 cities
- Temperature plots for years 2007 and 2100
- Impacts on building air-conditioning loads
- CO-2 increases from added building a.c. loads
- Building contribution to greenhouse gases

## Nomenclature

- DCV – Demand Control Ventilation
- ECM – Energy Conservation Measures
- ERV – Energy Recovery Ventilator
- EUI – Energy Utilization Index (Annual energy use per unit floor area)
- HadCM3 – Hadley Climate Model (European)
- IPCC – Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change
- GFDL – Geophysical Fluid Dynamics Laboratory (NOAA)
- GISS – Goddard Institute for Space Studies (NASA)
- NCDC – National Climate Data Center
- NOAA – National Oceanic & Atmospheric Association.



## Global warming web sites

NOAA (National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration):

- <http://lwf.ncdc.noaa.gov/oa/climate/globalwarming.html>

NOAA's Geophysical Fluid Dynamics Laboratory:

- [http://www.gfdl.gov/~tk/climate\\_dynamics/climate\\_impact\\_webpage.html](http://www.gfdl.gov/~tk/climate_dynamics/climate_impact_webpage.html)


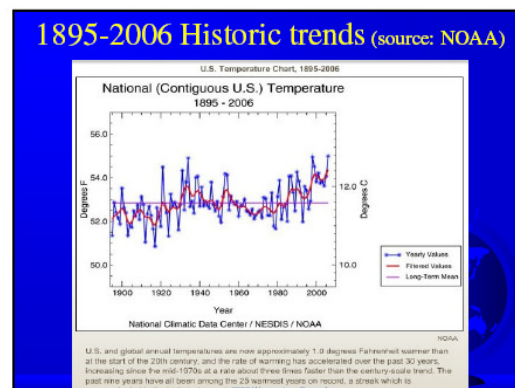
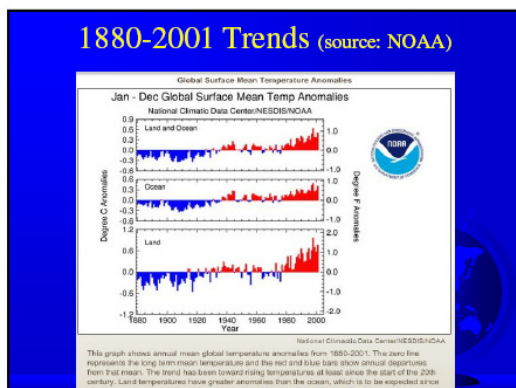



Figure 67: Slides presented at the ASHRAE Conference, Long Beach, CA (June 2007).



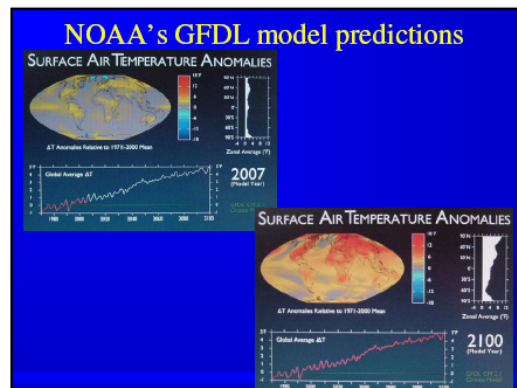
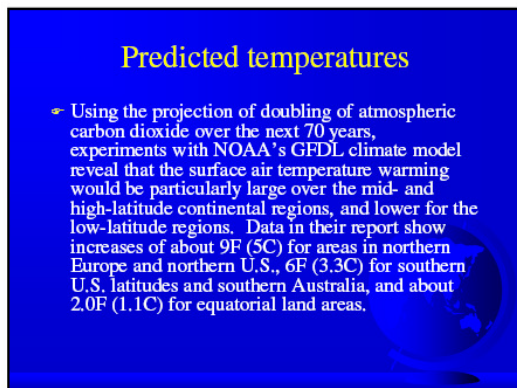
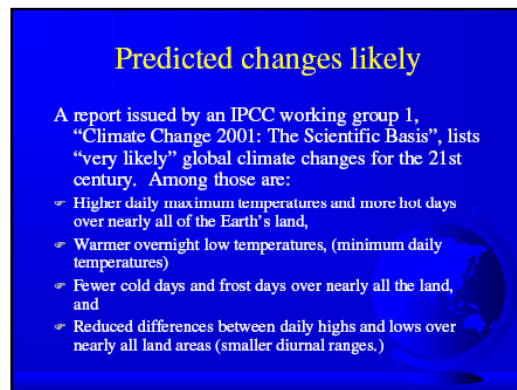
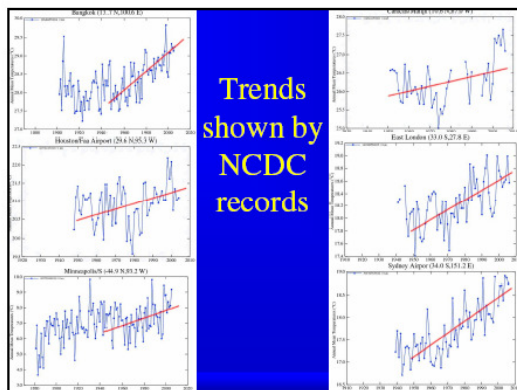
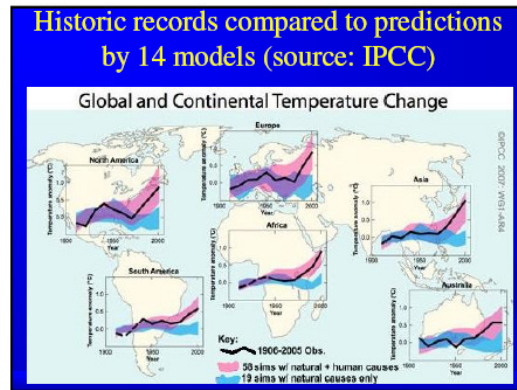
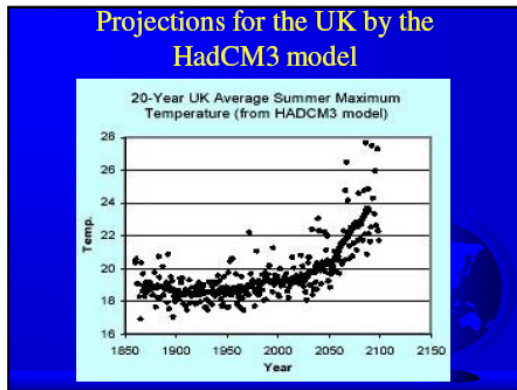
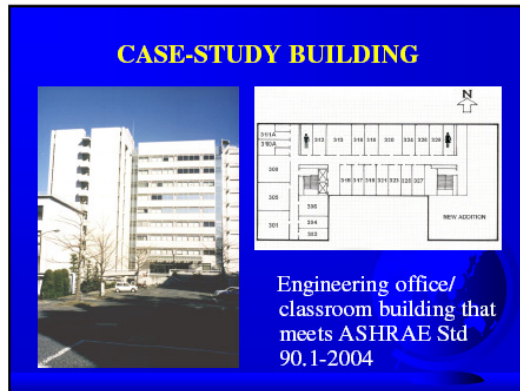
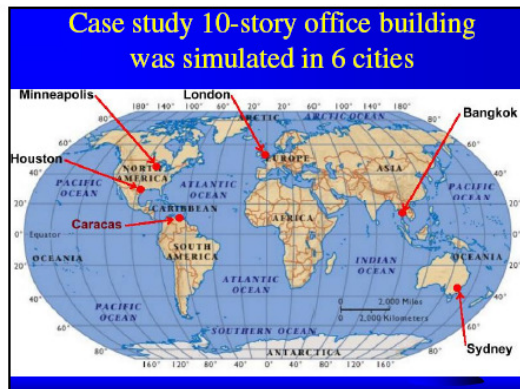


Figure 68: Slides presented at the ASHRAE Conference, Long Beach, CA (June 2007).



**Simulation steps:**

1. Simulate building as-is using today's climate data from ASHRAE 2005 HOF.
2. Simulate building using projected climate data for year 2100 from the GFDL model.
3. Simulate same as step 2 but adding occupancy sensors for lighting control and demand control ventilation and incorporating ERVs in place of standard exhaust fans.



**Latitude effects on average temperature increases predicted by the GFDL model**

- ✦ Higher latitude cities (London, Minneapolis), +9F by year 2100.
- ✦ Mid-latitude cities (Houston, Sydney), +6F by year 2100.
- ✦ Lower latitude cities (Bangkok, Caracas), +2F by year 2100.

**Relationships between high, low, and average temperature and diurnal range**

- ✦  $H - L = \text{MDR (mean diurnal range)}$  ..... (eq. 1)
- ✦  $H + L = 2 * T_{\text{ave}}$  ..... (eq. 2)
- ✦ Or
- ✦  $\Delta H - \Delta L = \Delta \text{MDR (mean diurnal range)}$  . (eq. 1A)
- ✦  $\Delta H + \Delta L = 2 * \Delta T_{\text{ave}}$  ..... (eq. 2A)

**Min-Max temperatures as a function of reduced diurnal swing (for  $\Delta T_{\text{ave}} = 6.7\text{F}$ )**

Change in diurnal swing ( $\Delta \text{MDR}$ )	Increase in daily max. temp. ( $\Delta H$ )	Increase in daily min. temp. ( $\Delta L$ )
-1.8 F	5.8 F	7.6 F
-3.6 F	4.9 F	8.5 F
-5.4 F	4.0 F	9.4 F

Figure 69: Slides presented at the ASHRAE Conference, Long Beach, CA (June 2007).

### Existing and future design temperatures for 6 case study cities

City Name	Lat. class	Lat. (deg.)	ASHRAE Design Temp. (°F)	sum. #	wint. #	MDR (°F)*	GRD. base (°F)	MDR (°F)*	Year 2100 design temp. (°F)			
									summer		winter	
									chg	val.	chg	val.
London	High	51.2N	77.2	26.4	17.6	9	-3.6	7	84.2	11	37.4	
Minn.	High	44.9N	87.8	-9.4	19.1	9	-3.6	7	94.8	11	1.6	
Houston	Mid	30N	94.9	31.5	18.2	6	-2.7	4.7	99.4	7.3	38.8	
Sydney	Mid	33.9S	83.4	46.3	12.1	6	-2.7	4.7	88.1	7.3	53.6	
Bangkok	Low	13.7N	95	68.5	16.7	2	-1.8	1.1	96.1	2.9	71.4	
Caracas	Low	10.6N	90.9	69.9	12.6	2	-1.8	1.1	92	2.9	72.8	

\* MDR = Mean Daily Range (°F)  
 # sum.=summer 1% design val.; wint.=winter 99% val (2005 ASHRAE HOF)

### Energy simulation tool w/ built-in weather data generator for annual prediction



### Data for Minneapolis



Year  
2007

Year  
2100

#### Climate Data Summary

U.S. State Name or Country Name: **MINNESOTA** City Name: **MINNEAPOLIS/ST. PAUL**

WMO or WBAN No.: **14302** Latitude: **44.9** Longitude: **93.2**

Time Zone: **90** Elevation: **82**

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	
Dry Bulb Ave.	12.4	18.3	31.1	46.4	58.2	68.7	73.8	70.5	63.4	48.8	33.3	18.3	Deg. F
Ave. 544 Dew	10.3	15.2	27.5	39.5	50.7	61.1	65.5	62.6	55.5	40.7	25.2	10.3	Deg. F
City Bulb Max	20.1	26.1	39.7	55.8	68.2	78.3	83.1	79.9	70.9	56.3	40.5	25.2	Deg. F
Max. Std. Dev	11.5	16.5	14.9	11.5	8.5	7.4	7	6.8	6.6	5.2	11.2	11.7	Deg. F
Dew Point Ave	4.1	9.1	21	33.6	45.9	56.1	61.2	58.5	51.3	39	25.3	10.6	Deg. F
DP Std. Dev	11	9.9	13.1	10.6	7.9	6.8	7.6	6.3	6.5	10.3	10.6	10.6	Deg. F
Solar Radiation	964	884	1130	1406	1811	1983	2011	1713	1289	885	540	438	Btu/hr/ft²
Wind Speed	10.5	10.3	11.4	11.9	10.7	10.1	9.2	9.2	9.6	10.3	10.5	10.3	Miles/hr

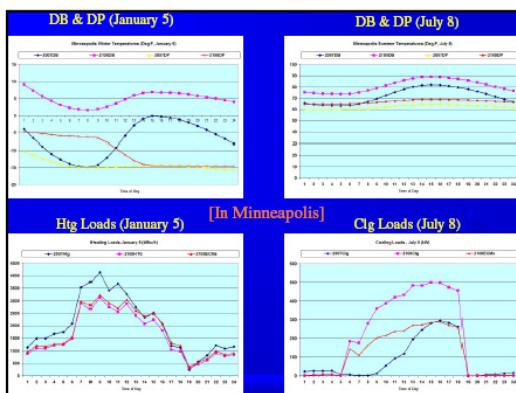
#### Climate Data Summary

U.S. State Name or Country Name: **MINNESOTA** City Name: **MINNEAPOLIS/ST. PAUL**

WMO or WBAN No.: **14302** Latitude: **44.9** Longitude: **93.2**

Time Zone: **90** Elevation: **82**

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	
Dry Bulb Ave.	12.1	18.1	31.0	46.3	58.1	68.6	73.7	70.4	63.3	48.7	33.2	18.2	Deg. F
Ave. 544 Dew	10.3	15.2	27.5	39.5	50.7	61.1	65.5	62.6	55.5	40.7	25.2	10.3	Deg. F
City Bulb Max	20.1	26.1	39.7	55.8	68.2	78.3	83.1	79.9	70.9	56.3	40.5	25.2	Deg. F
Max. Std. Dev	11.5	16.5	14.9	11.5	8.5	7.4	7	6.8	6.6	5.2	11.2	11.7	Deg. F
Dew Point Ave	4.1	9.1	21	33.6	45.9	56.1	61.2	58.5	51.3	39	25.3	10.6	Deg. F
DP Std. Dev	11	9.9	13.1	10.6	7.9	6.8	7.6	6.3	6.5	10.3	10.6	10.6	Deg. F
Solar Radiation	959	885	1135	1425	1800	1980	2010	1710	1290	890	540	438	Btu/hr/ft²
Wind Speed	10.5	10.3	11.4	11.9	10.7	10.1	9.2	9.2	9.6	10.3	10.5	10.3	Miles/hr



### Peak Cooling & Heating Loads

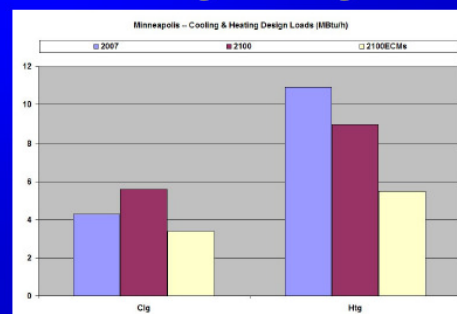


Figure 70: Slides presented at the ASHRAE Conference, Long Beach, CA (June 2007).



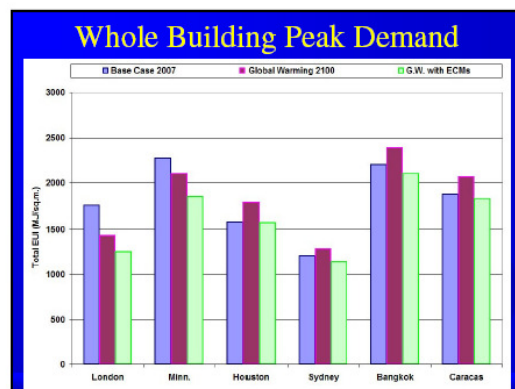
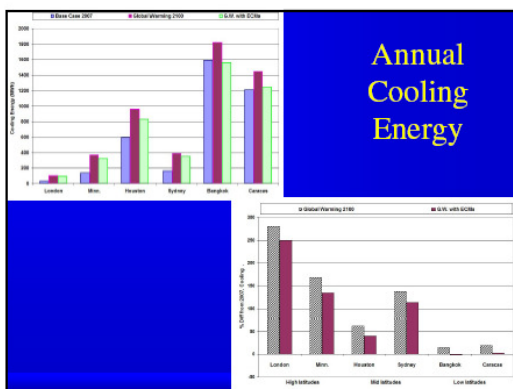
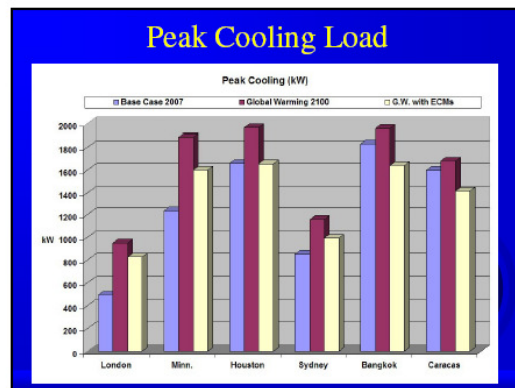
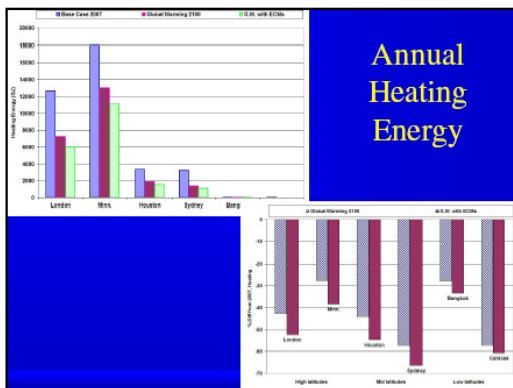
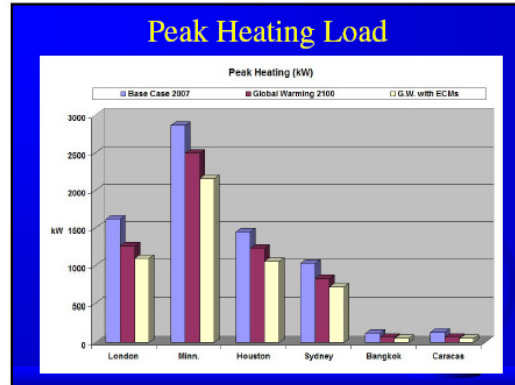
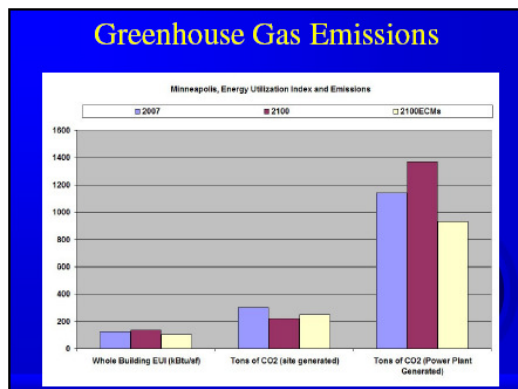
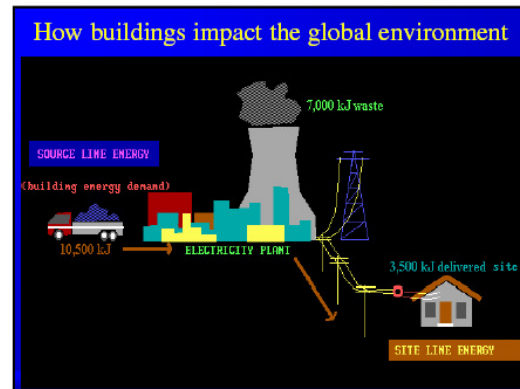
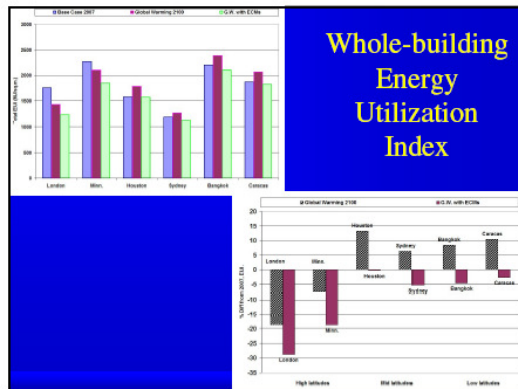


Figure 71: Slides presented at the ASHRAE Conference, Long Beach, CA (June 2007).



- ### Conclusions
1. Cooling loads have far greater variations due to latitude than from expected global warming over the next century.
  2. Global warming does cause increased cooling loads, the highest percentages being at high and middle latitudes.
  3. Significant cooling savings at low latitudes when using motion sensors and air-to-air heat exchangers. This easily counteracts the added loads from global warming.
- (cont.)

- ### Conclusions (cont.)
4. Global warming decreases heating loads, but further decreases are possible from occupancy sensors and heat exchangers.
  5. Only modest changes in EUI from global warming – due to offsetting effects of increased cooling and decreased heating.
  6. Energy increases due to global warming are easily offset by use of known energy conservation measures (ECMs) like occupancy sensors for lighting control and demand ventilation.

### Thank you!

Figure 72: Slides presented at the ASHRAE Conference, Long Beach, CA (June 2007).

5.2.7.8 Presentation About Wind Calculations at the ICEBO Conference, San Francisco, CA, October 2007.

In October 2007, the Laboratory presented a paper at the ICEBO Conference in San Francisco, CA on the calculation of emissions reductions from electricity generated by wind energy.

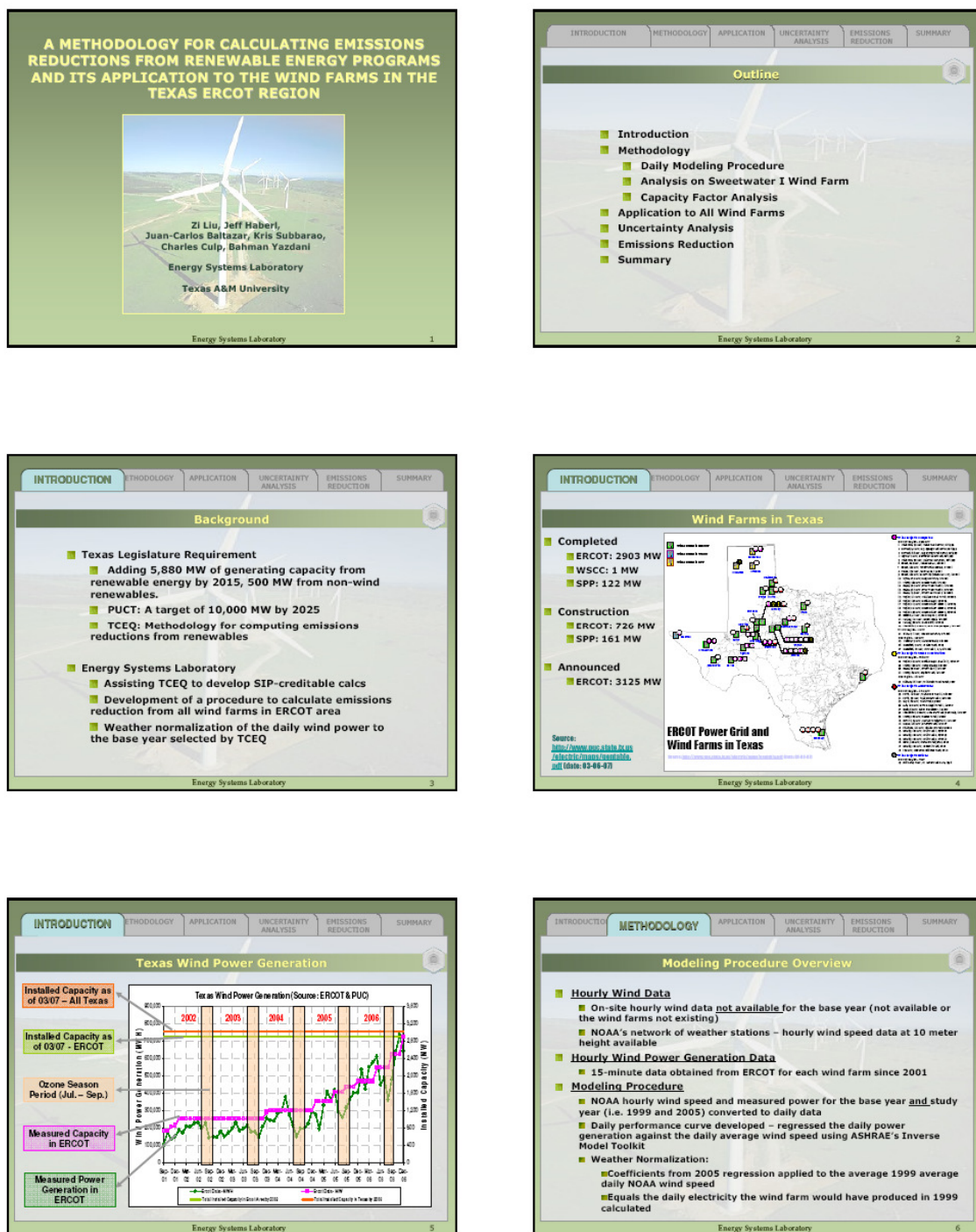


Figure 73: Slides presented at the ICEBO Conference about wind calculations, San Francisco, CA (October 2007).

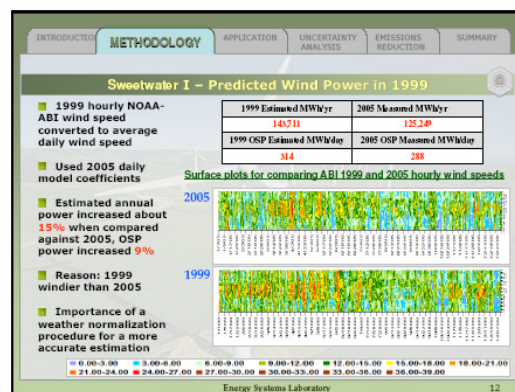
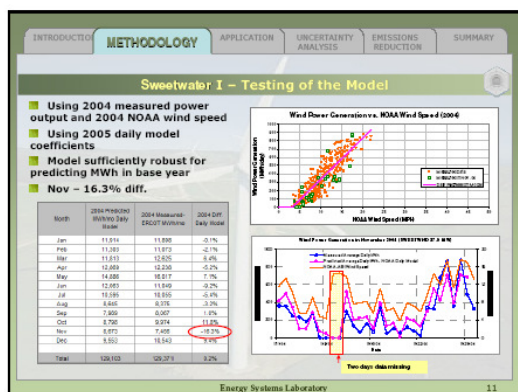
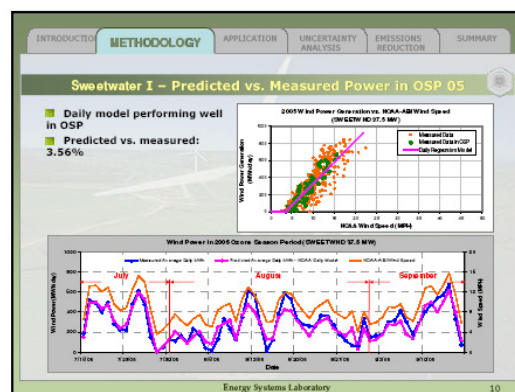
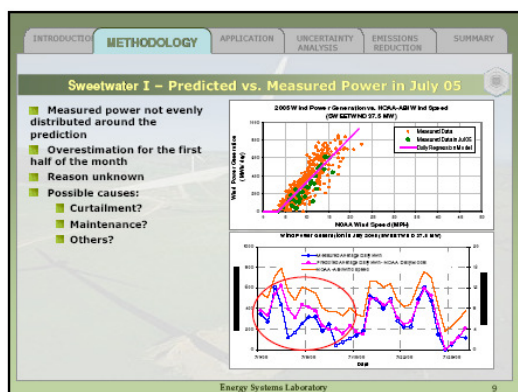
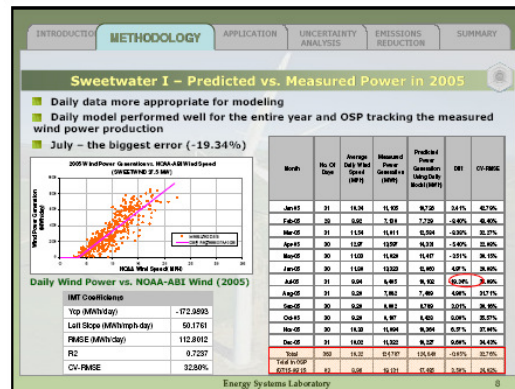
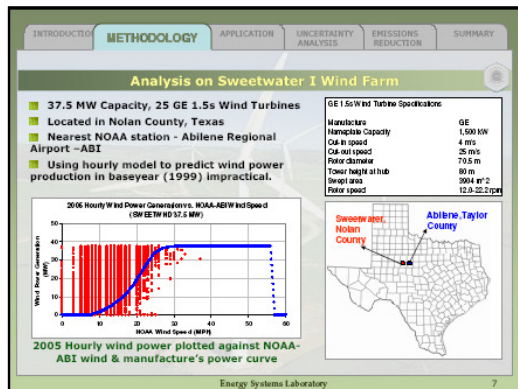


Figure 74: Slides presented at the ICEBO Conference about wind calculations, San Francisco, CA (October 2007).









### 5.2.7.9 Presentation About Weather Analysis at the ICEBO Conference, San Francisco, CA, October 2007.

In October 2007, the Laboratory presented a paper at the ICEBO Conference in San Francisco, CA on the procedures developed for compiling annual weather data files containing hourly data.

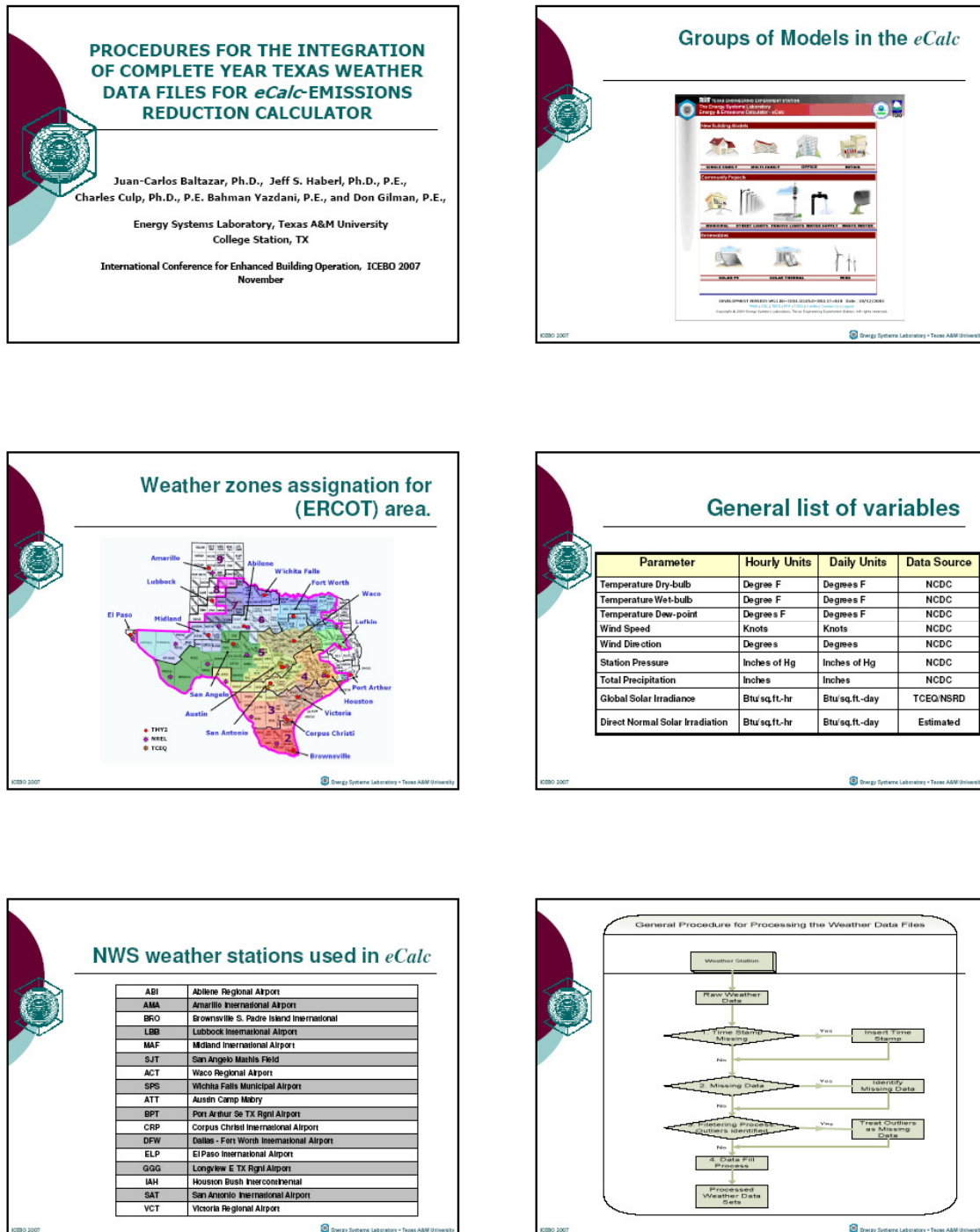
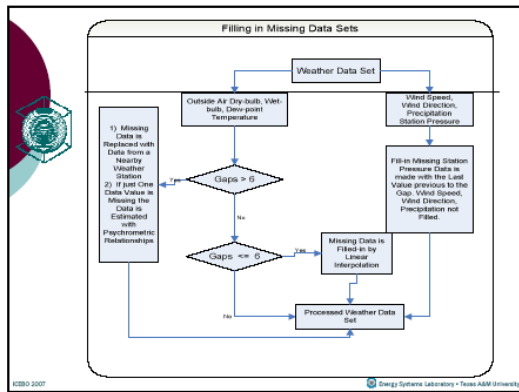


Figure 77: Slides presented at the ICEBO Conference about weather calculations, San Francisco, CA (October 2007).



### Direct-Normal Solar Radiation Calculation

To synthesize the direct-normal solar radiation,  $I_{DN}$

$$I_{DN} = I_b \cos(\theta)$$

where the angle of incidence for a horizontal surface can be evaluated by the expression:

$$\cos(\theta) = (\cos(\phi)\cos(\delta)\cos(h_w) + \sin(\phi)\sin(\delta))$$

where  $h_{\text{sr}}$  is the hour angle,  $\delta$  is the solar declination, and  $\phi$  is the local latitude.

### Direct-Normal Solar Radiation Calculation (continued)

The bean solar radiation component is obtained indirectly by the Erbs' correlation (Erbs et al., 1982) as follows:

$$I_b = (1 - (I_d / I)_{Erbn}) I$$

where:

$$\left( \frac{I_{\text{a}}}{I} \right)_{\text{Ext}} = \begin{cases} 1 - 0.09k_T & k_T \leq 0.22 \\ 0.165 & k_T > 0.80 \\ \begin{pmatrix} 0.9511 - 0.1604k_T + 4.388k_T^2 \\ -16.638k_T^3 + 12.336k_T^4 \end{pmatrix} & \text{Otherwise} \end{cases}$$

and  $k_T$ , the clearness index  $k_T = I/I_0$

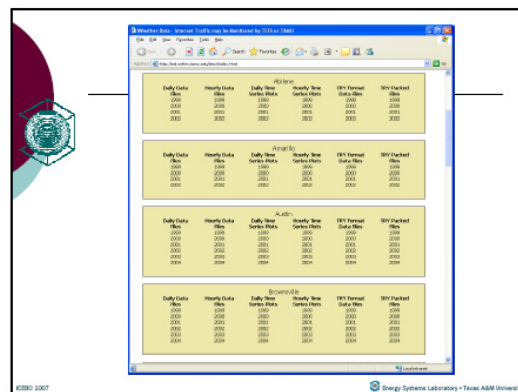
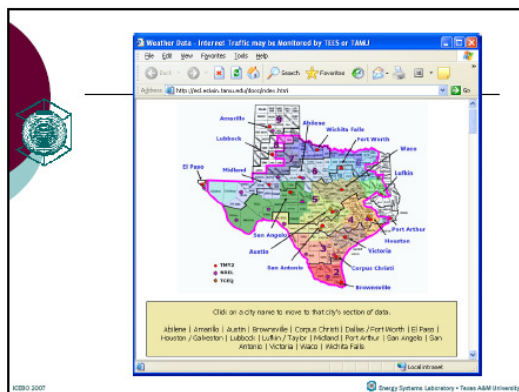
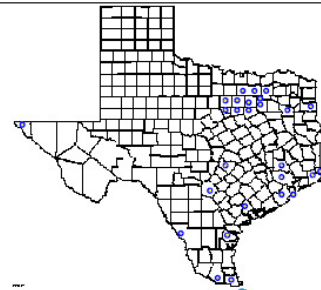
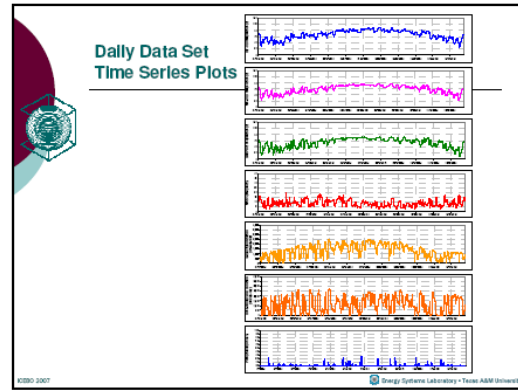
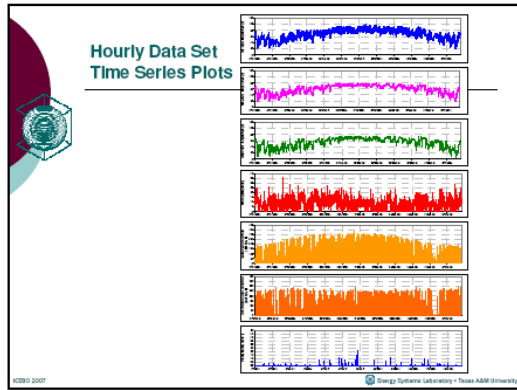


Figure 78: Slides presented at the ICEBO Conference about weather calculations, San Francisco, CA (October 2007).



### Hourly Data Extract in CSV Format

Date Time	Dry Bulb Temperature (°F)	Wet Bulb Temperature (°F)	Wind Speed (mph)	Global Solar Radiation (kWh/m²)	Diffuse Solar Radiation (kWh/m²)	Precipitation (in)
1/1/2004 00:00	61	52.7	55.1	0	0	0
1/1/2004 01:00	62.1	53	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 02:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 03:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 04:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 05:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 06:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 07:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 08:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 09:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 10:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 11:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 12:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 13:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 14:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 15:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 16:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 17:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 18:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0

ICEBO 2007

Energy Systems Laboratory • Texas A&M University

### Daily Data Extract in CSV Format

Date	Average Dry Bulb Temperature (°F)	Average Wet Bulb Temperature (°F)	Average Wind Speed (mph)	Total Global Solar Radiation (kWh/m²)	Total Diffuse Solar Radiation (kWh/m²)	Total Precipitation (in)
1/1/2004	61.1	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/2/2004	61.1	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/3/2004	61.1	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/4/2004	61.1	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/5/2004	61.1	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/6/2004	61.1	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/7/2004	61.1	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/8/2004	61.1	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/9/2004	61.1	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/10/2004	61.1	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/11/2004	61.1	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/12/2004	61.1	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/13/2004	61.1	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/14/2004	61.1	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/15/2004	61.1	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/16/2004	61.1	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/17/2004	61.1	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/18/2004	61.1	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/19/2004	61.1	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/20/2004	61.1	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/21/2004	61.1	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/22/2004	61.1	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/23/2004	61.1	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/24/2004	61.1	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/25/2004	61.1	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/26/2004	61.1	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/27/2004	61.1	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/28/2004	61.1	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/29/2004	61.1	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/30/2004	61.1	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/31/2004	61.1	52.7	10	0	0	0

ICEBO 2007

Energy Systems Laboratory • Texas A&M University

### Data Extract of a TRY Formatted File

Date Time	Dry Bulb Temperature (°F)	Wet Bulb Temperature (°F)	Wind Speed (mph)	Global Solar Radiation (kWh/m²)	Diffuse Solar Radiation (kWh/m²)	Precipitation (in)
1/1/2004 00:00	61	52.7	55.1	0	0	0
1/1/2004 01:00	62.1	53	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 02:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 03:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 04:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 05:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 06:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 07:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 08:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 09:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 10:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 11:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 12:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 13:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 14:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 15:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 16:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 17:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0
1/1/2004 18:00	61	52.7	10	0	0	0

ICEBO 2007

Energy Systems Laboratory • Texas A&M University

### Summary

In this paper, the procedures followed for integrating the weather data files required for the evaluation of the emissions reduction from energy efficiency or renewable energy projects have been presented. All weather files are included in the *eCalc* – the emissions calculator – engine.

ICEBO 2007

Energy Systems Laboratory • Texas A&M University

Figure 79: Slides presented at the ICEBO Conference about weather calculations, San Francisco, CA (October 2007).

## 5.2.7.10 Overview Presentation Delivered to the CATÉE Conference, San Antonio, TX, December 2009

In December 2007, the Laboratory gave a presentation at the CATÉE Conference in San Antonio, TX, regarding the impact of energy efficiency and renewable energy on the Texas Emissions Reduction Plan.

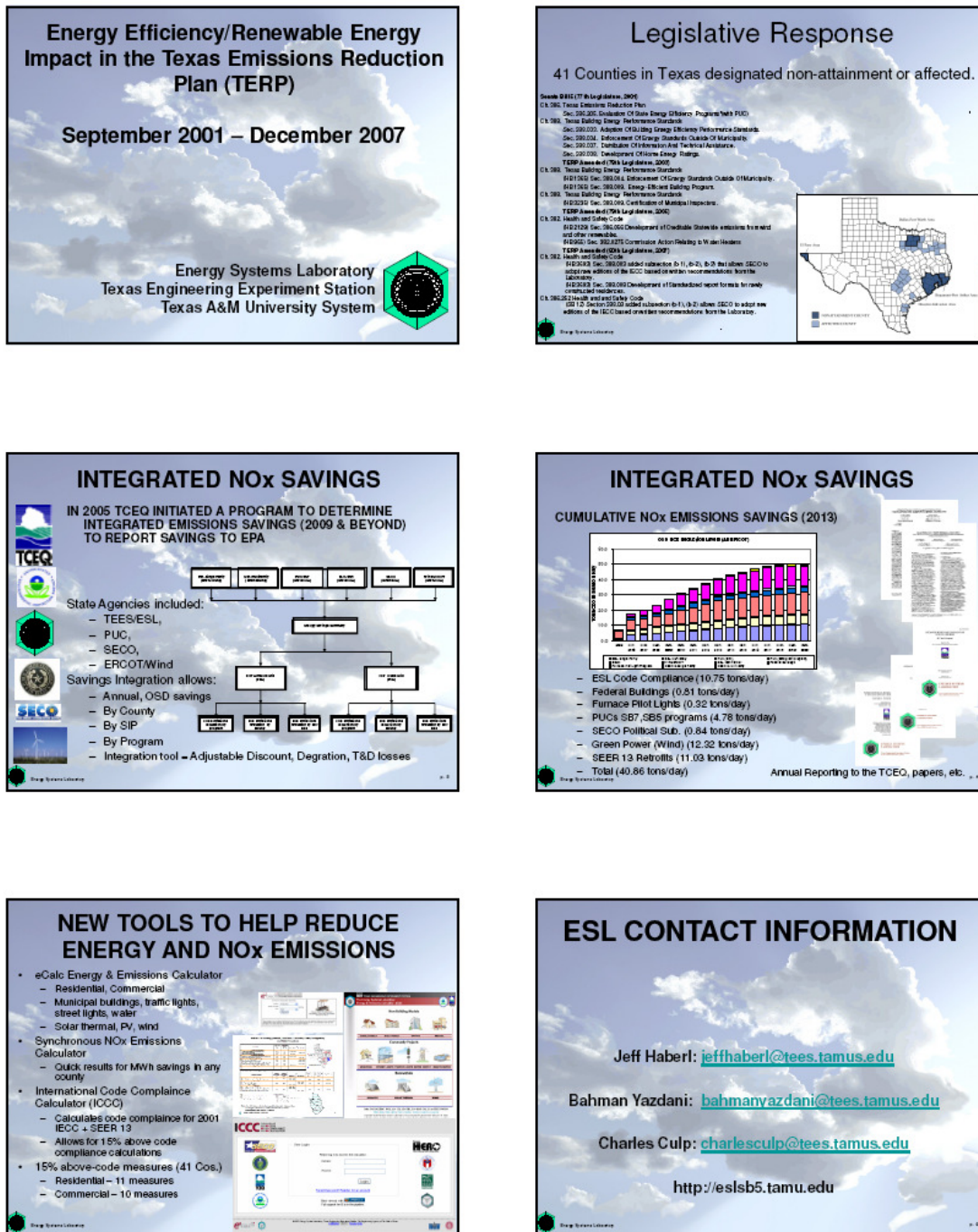


Figure 80: Slides presented at the CATÉE Conference about EE/RE, San Antonio, TX, (December 2007).



## 5.2.7.11 Commercial Building Presentation Delivered to the CATEE Conference, December 2009

In December 2008, the Laboratory gave a presentation at the CATEE Conference in San Antonio, TX, regarding 15% above code commercial buildings, .

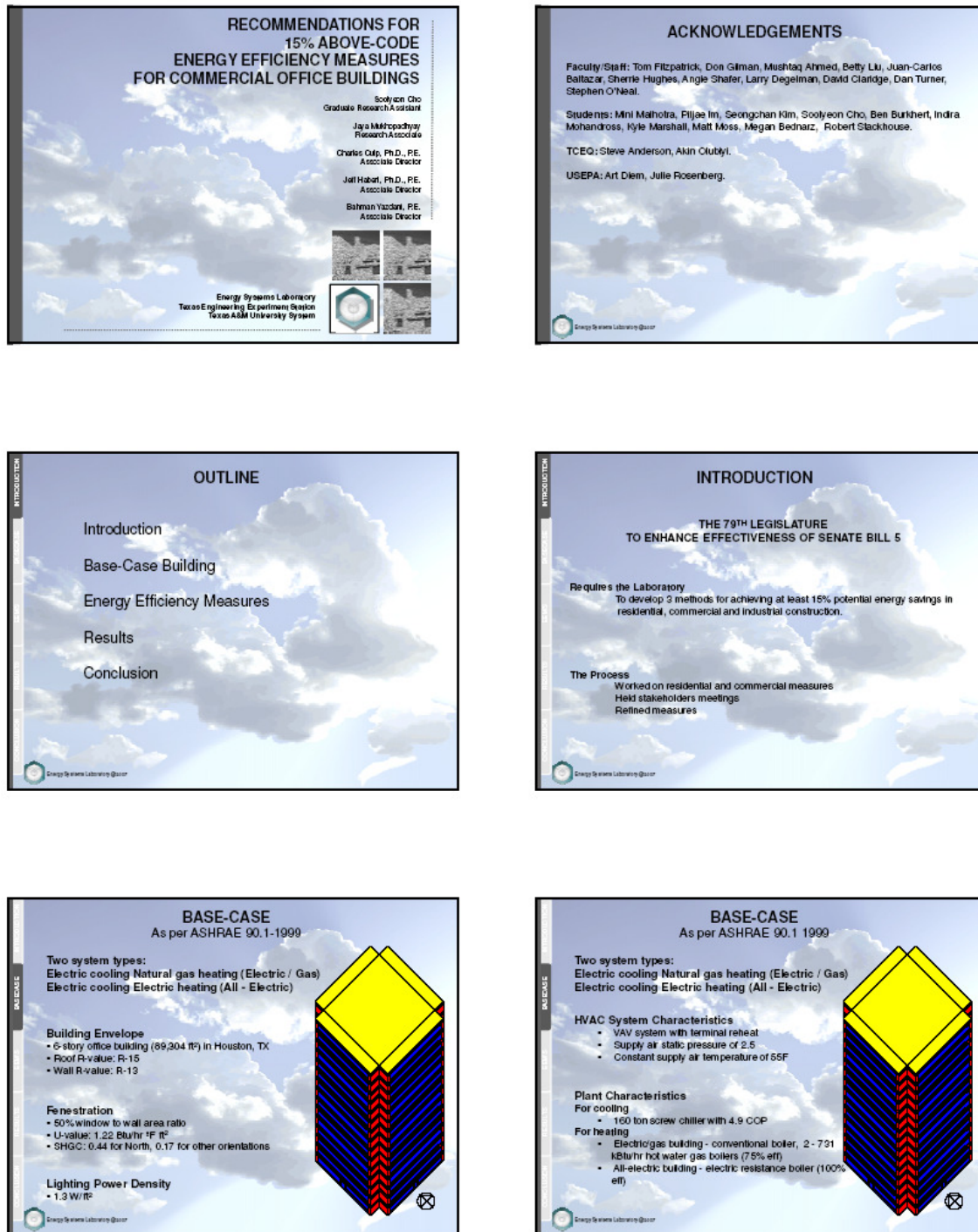


Figure 81: Slides presented at the CATEE Conference about 15% above code Commercial, San Antonio, TX, (December 2007).

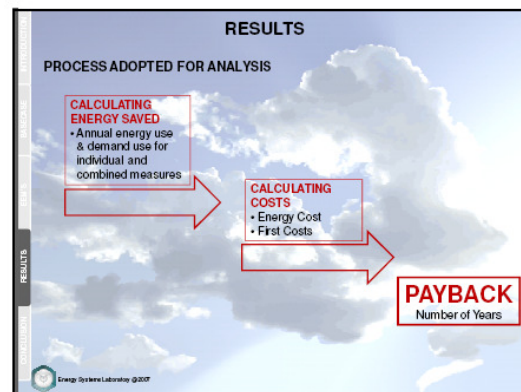
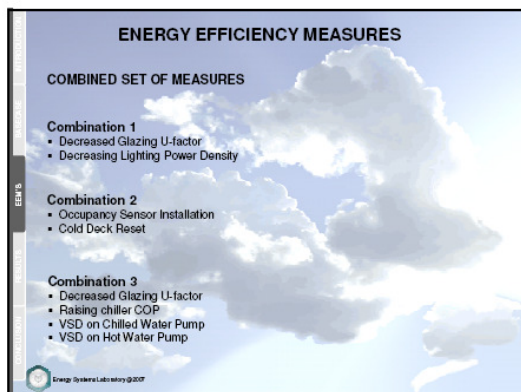
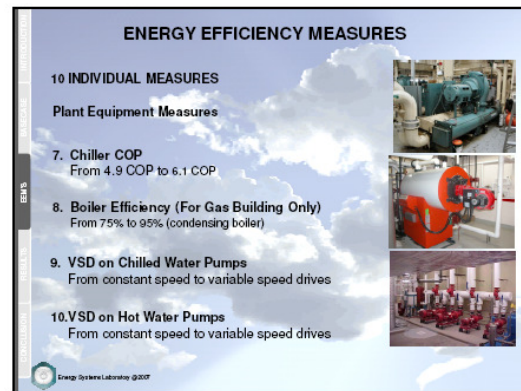
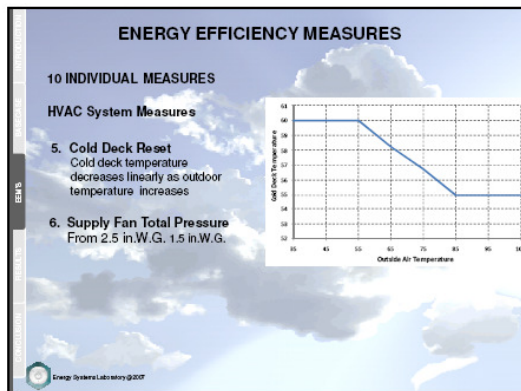
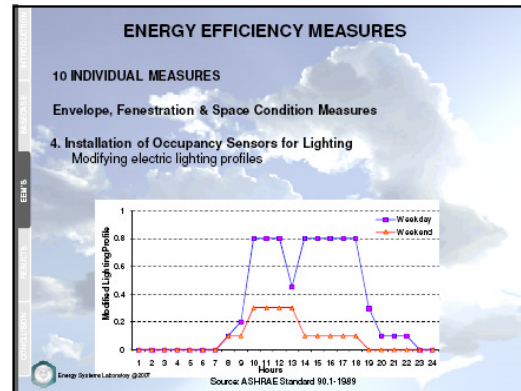
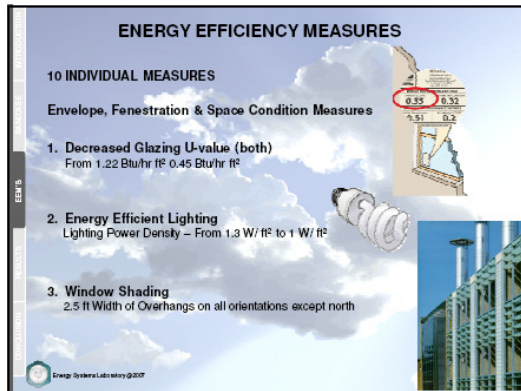


Figure 82: Slides presented at the CATEE Conference about 15% above code Commercial, San Antonio, TX, (December 2007).



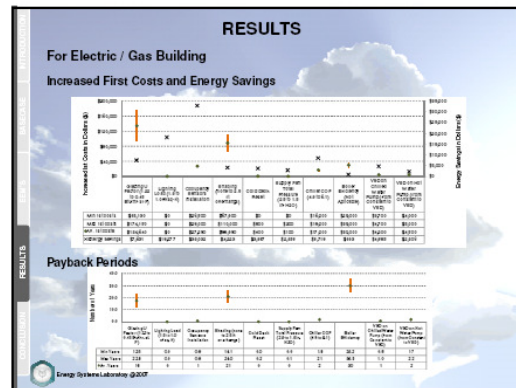
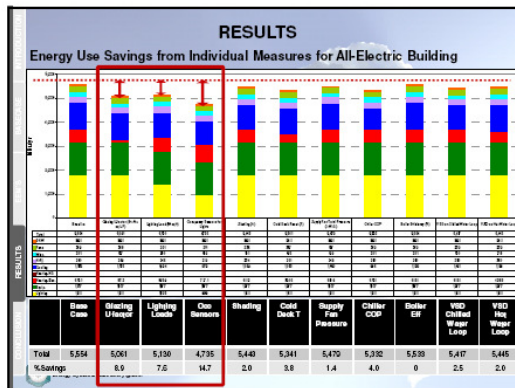
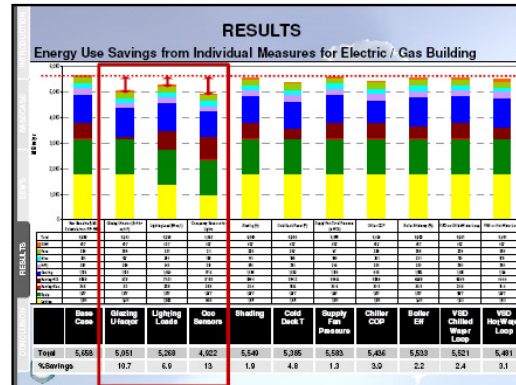
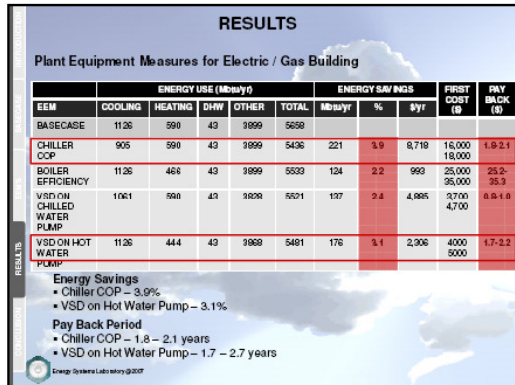
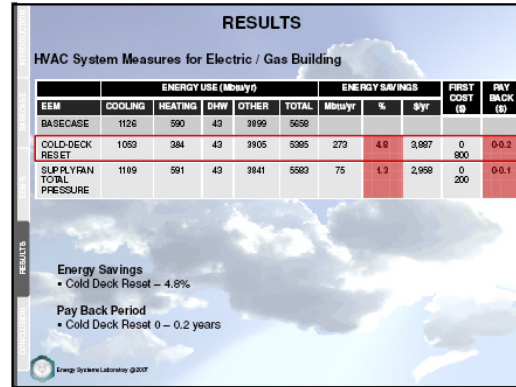
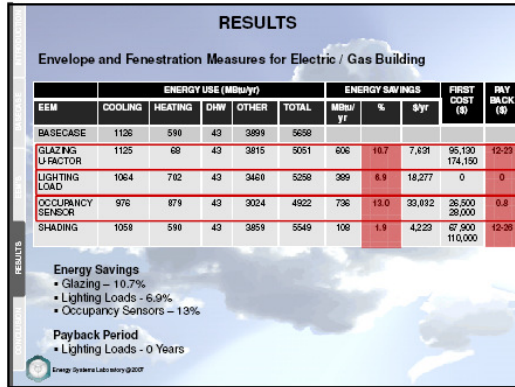


Figure 83: Slides presented at the CATEE Conference about 15% above code Commercial, San Antonio, TX, (December 2007).

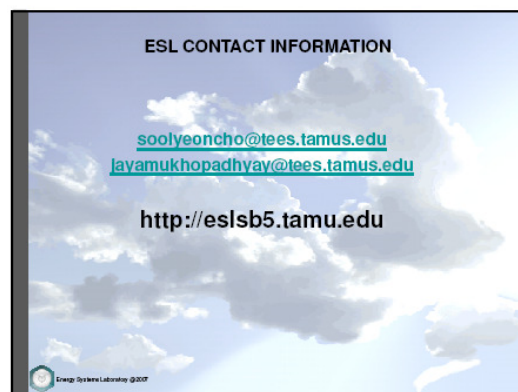
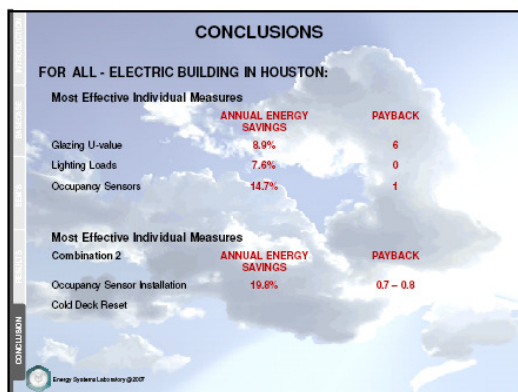
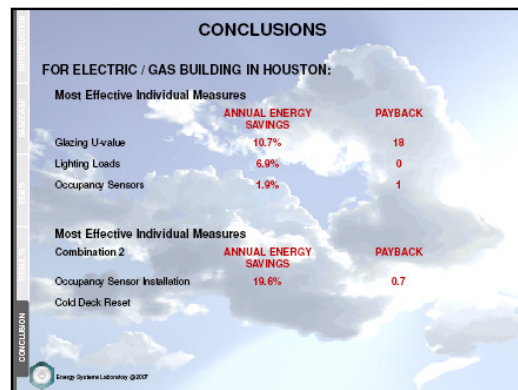
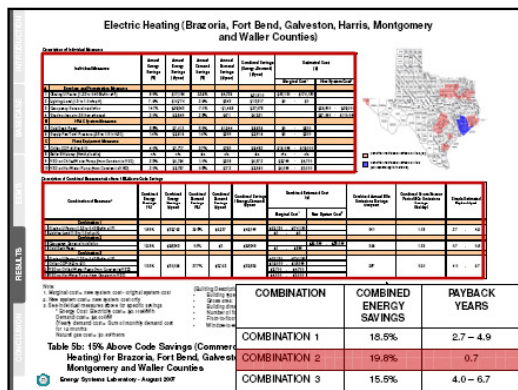
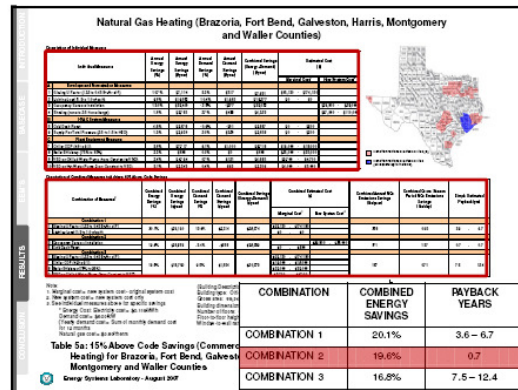
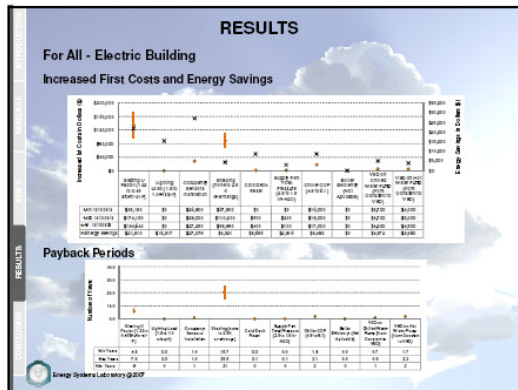


Figure 84: Slides presented at the CATEE Conference about 15% above code Commercial, San Antonio, TX, (December 2007).

## 5.2.7.12 15% above code Residential Presentation Delivered to the CATEE Conference, December 2009

In December 2007, the Laboratory gave a presentation at the CATEE Conference in San Antonio, TX, regarding 15% above code residential buildings.



Figure 85: Slides presented at the CATEE Conference about 15% above code residential, San Antonio, TX, (December 2007).



**BASE-CASE**  
As per IECC 2001 for Residential Buildings

Two system types:  
Electric cooling Natural gas heating (Electric / Gas)  
Electric cooling Electric heating (All - Electric)

**DHW System Characteristics**

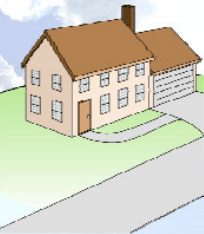
- Daily hot water use 70 gallons/day

**For Electric / Gas**

- 40 gallon storage
- Energy Factor ~ 0.54
- Pilot light

**For All-Electric**

- 50 gallon storage
- Energy Factor ~ 0.86



Energy Systems Laboratory ©2007

**ENERGY EFFICIENCY MEASURES**

**12 INDIVIDUAL MEASURES**

**DHW System Measures**

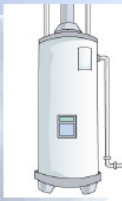
1. Tankless Domestic Water Heater (Electric/Gas & All-Electric)

- For Electric / Gas
  - No Pilot light
  - Energy Factor raised from 0.54 to 0.85
- For All-Electric
  - Energy Factor raised from 0.86 to 0.95

2. Solar Domestic Water Heater (Electric/Gas & All-Electric)

Solar DHW Characteristics	
Number of collector panels	2
Collector panel area	32 sq. ft.
Collector slope	30 deg.
Collector azimuth (South=0)	0 deg.
Number of glazing	1
Collector flow rate/area	11 lbf/hr-sq. ft.
Water set temperature	120 deg. F
Daily hot water usage	70 gal.

3. Removal of Standing Pilot Light from Gas DHW (Electric/Gas)



Energy Systems Laboratory ©2007

**ENERGY EFFICIENCY MEASURES**

**12 INDIVIDUAL MEASURES**

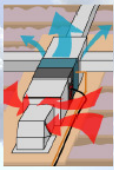
**Air Distribution System Measures**

4. Ducts in Conditioned Space (Electric/Gas & All-Electric)

- Moving ductwork and HVAC system within the thermal envelope

5. Improved Duct Sealing (Electric/Gas & All-Electric)

- Changing from 10% to 5%



Energy Systems Laboratory ©2007

**ENERGY EFFICIENCY MEASURES**

**12 INDIVIDUAL MEASURES**

**Envelope & Fenestration Measures**

6. Increased Air-Tightness

- Changing from 0.47 to 0.35

7. Addition of Window Shading

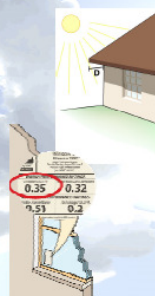
- Roof overhang of 4 ft

8. Window Shading and Re-distribution

- From 18% WPAR distributed 25% WPAR on each orientation to windows distributed 45% on the south, 25% on the north, 15% each on east and west orientations
- 4 ft roof overhang was also included on all four sides

9. Improved Window Performance

- 0.42 Btu/h-sq. ft.-°F
- SHGC 0.33



Energy Systems Laboratory ©2007

**ENERGY EFFICIENCY MEASURES**

**12 INDIVIDUAL MEASURES**

**HVAC System Measures**

10. Improved Air Conditioning Efficiency


From SEER 13 to SEER 15

11. Improved Furnace Efficiency

From 0.78 AFUE to 0.93 AFUE

12. Improved Efficiency of the Heat Pump

From 7.7 HSPF to 8.5 HSPF



Energy Systems Laboratory ©2007

**ENERGY EFFICIENCY MEASURES**

**COMBINED SET OF MEASURES**

**Combination 1**

- Tankless Water Heater (Without Standing Pilot Light)
- Relocate HVAC Unit Including Supply and Return Ducts in Conditioned Space

**Combination 2**

- Solar Domestic Hot Water System
- Improved Duct Sealing (5% Duct Leakage)
- Improved Air Conditioner (SEER 15)

**Combination 3**

- Removal of Pilot Light from DHW System
- Relocate HVAC Unit Including Supply and Return Air-Ducts in Conditioned Space
- Window Shading and Redistribution

Energy Systems Laboratory ©2007

Figure 86: Slides presented at the CATEE Conference about 15% above code residential, San Antonio, TX, (December 2007).

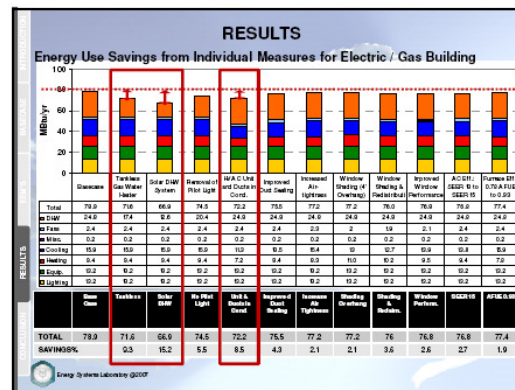
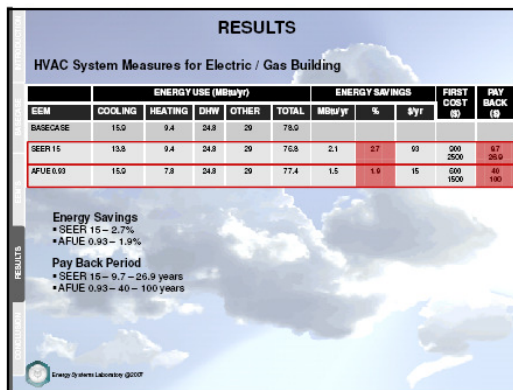
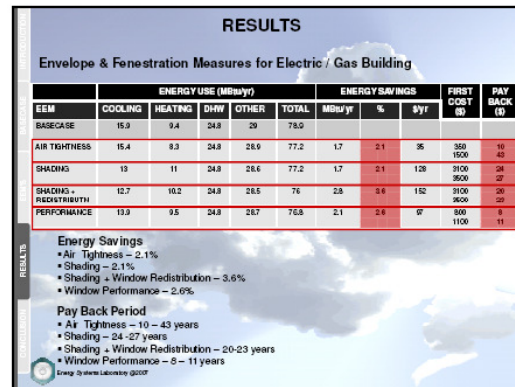
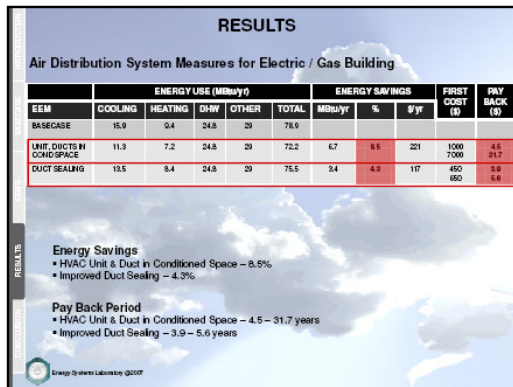
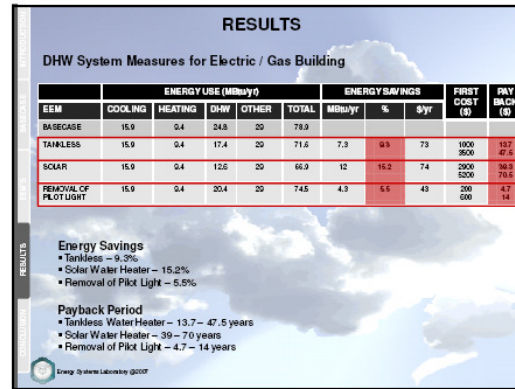
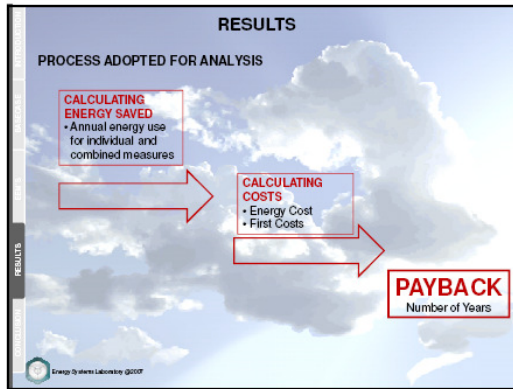


Figure 87: Slides presented at the CATEE Conference about 15% above code residential, San Antonio, TX, (December 2007).



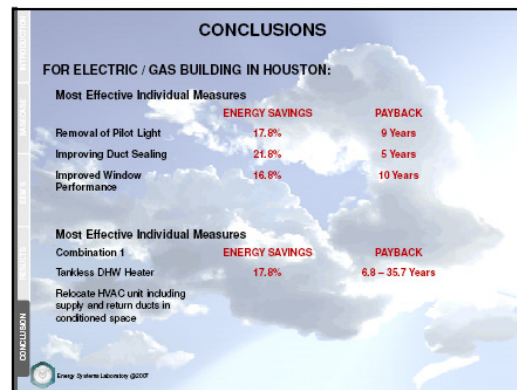
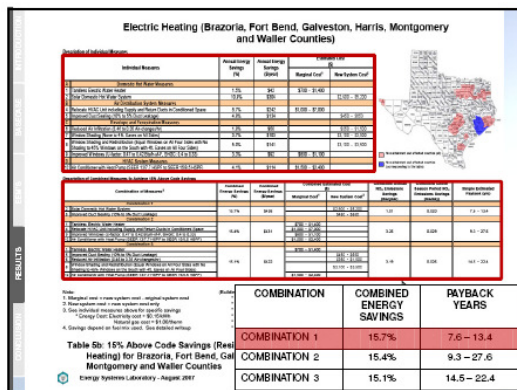
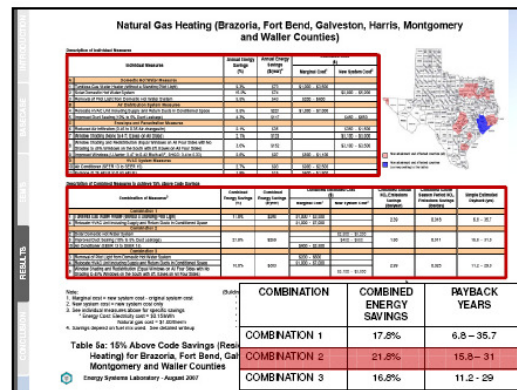
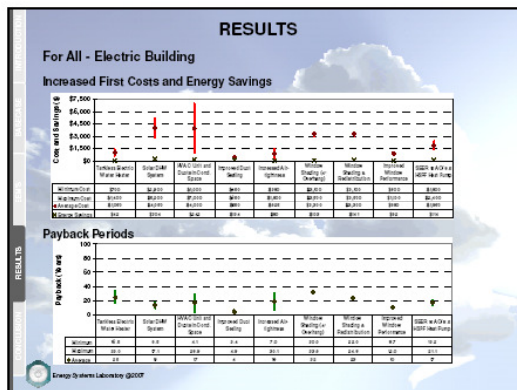
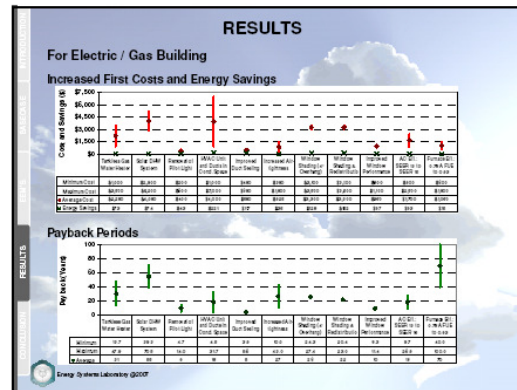
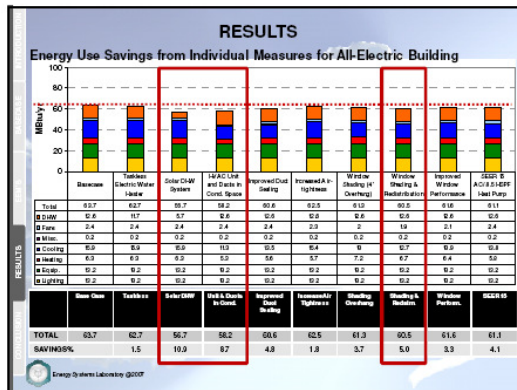


Figure 88: Slides presented at the CATEE Conference about 15% above code residential, San Antonio, TX, (December 2007).




Figure 89: Slides presented at the CATEE Conference about 15% above code residential, San Antonio, TX, (December 2007).

5.2.7.13 Presentation Regarding EE/RE and the TERP Delivered to the CATEE Conference, December 2009  
In December 2007, the Laboratory gave a presentation at the CATEE Conference in San Antonio, TX, regarding integration of EE/RE into the TERP.

## A METHODOLOGY FOR CALCULATING INTEGRATED NO<sub>x</sub> EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS FROM ENERGY EFFICIENCY AND RENEWABLE ENERGY (EE/RE) PROGRAMS ACROSS STATE AGENCIES IN TEXAS

Jeff S. Haberl, Ph.D., P.E.

Energy Systems Laboratory  
Texas Engineering Experiment Station  
Texas A&M University System



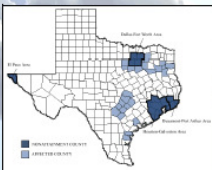
## Acknowledgements

- Faculty/Staff: David Claridge, Dan Turner, Malcolm Verdict, Larry Degelman, Sherry Hughes, Angie Shafer, Juan-Carlos Baltazar, Zi Liu, Jaya Mukhopadhyay, Seongchan Kim, Don Gilman, Charles Culp and Bahman Yazdani
- Students: Piljae Im, Mini Maholtra
- Jay Zarnekau (Frontier and Associates), Theresa Gross (PUC), Jess Totten (PUC), Glenn Jennings (SECO), Steve Anderson (TCEQ), Alfred Reyes (TCEQ), Akin Olubiyi (TCEQ), Warren Lasher (ERCOT), Dan Woodfin (ERCOT), and David Hitchcock (HARC), Art Diem (USEPA), and Julie Rosenberg (USEPA).

## Legislative Response

41 Counties in Texas designated non-attainment or affected.

Senate Bill 6 (77th Legislature, 2001)  
Ch. 355, Texas Emissions Reduction Plan  
Sec. 355.001, Evaluation Of State Energy Efficiency Programs (EES)  
Ch. 355, Texas Energy Efficiency Performance Standards  
Sec. 355.001, Adoption Of Building Energy Efficiency Performance Standards  
Sec. 355.004, Enforcement Of Energy Standards Outside Of Municipality  
Sec. 355.007, Evaluation Of Enforcement And Technical Assistance  
Sec. 355.008, Development Of Home Energy Strategic  
TCEQ needed (77th Legislature, 2001)  
Ch. 355, Texas Building Energy Performance Standards  
(SB 1369) Sec. 355.004, Enforcement Of Energy Standards Outside Of Municipality  
(SB 1369) Sec. 355.005, Energy Efficient Building Program  
Ch. 355, Texas Building Energy Performance Standards  
(SB 1369) Sec. 355.005, Certification Of Municipal Inspectors  
TCEQ needed (77th Legislature, 2001)  
Ch. 355, Health and Safety Code  
(SB 1369) Sec. 355.005, Development Of Certified Standards Inspectors Required And Other Inspectors  
(SB 1369) Sec. 355.007, Construction And Building To Water Heaters  
TCEQ needed (77th Legislature, 2001)  
Ch. 355, Health and Safety Code  
(SB 1369) Sec. 355.005, added subsection (b-1), (b-2), (b-3) that allows SECO to adopt new edition of the EEC based on various recommendations from the Laboratory  
(SB 1369) Sec. 355.005, Development Of Certified Standards Inspectors Required And Other Inspectors  
(SB 1369) Sec. 355.005, added subsection (b-1), (b-2) allows SECO to adopt new edition of the EEC based on various recommendations from the Laboratory



## INTEGRATED NO<sub>x</sub> SAVINGS

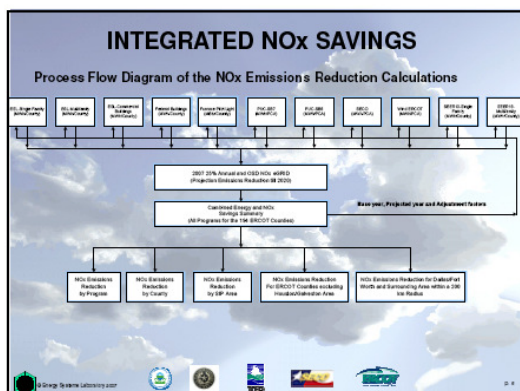
IN 2005 TCEQ INITIATED A PROGRAM TO  
DETERMINE INTEGRATED EMISSIONS SAVINGS  
(2009 & BEYOND) TO REPORT SAVINGS TO  
EPA

**State Agencies included:**

- TCEQ/ESL
- PUC,
- SECO,
- ERCOT/Wind

**Savings Integration allows:**

- Annual, OSD savings
- By County
- By SIP
- By Program
- Integration tool = Adjustable Discount, Degradation, T&D losses



## INTEGRATED NO<sub>x</sub> SAVINGS

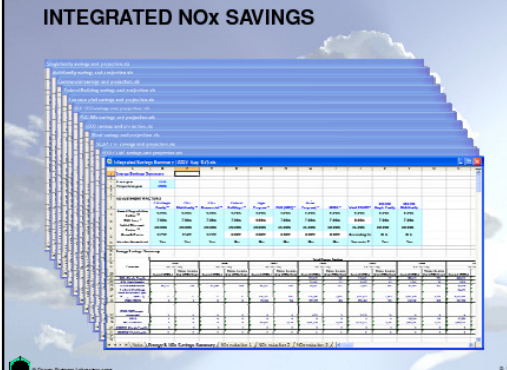


Figure 90: Slides presented at the CATEE Conference about EE/RE and the TERP, San Antonio, TX, (December 2007).



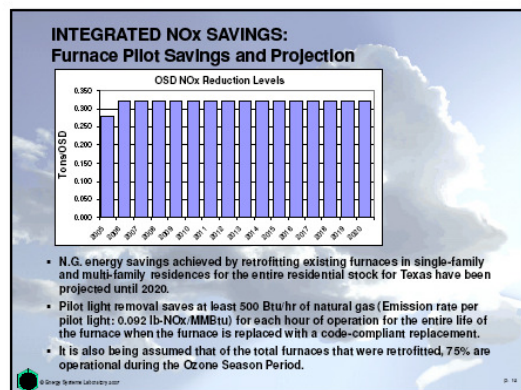
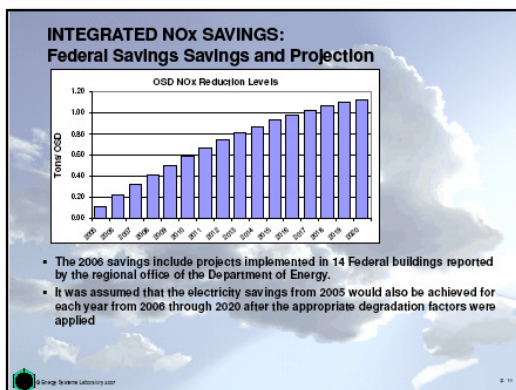
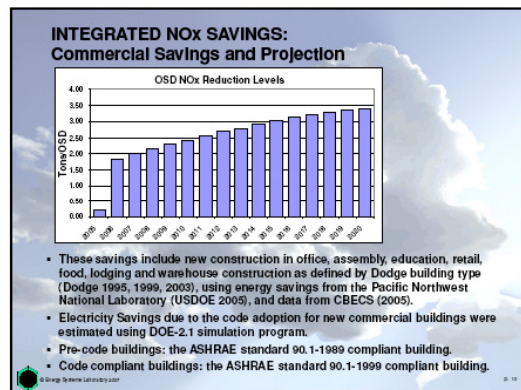
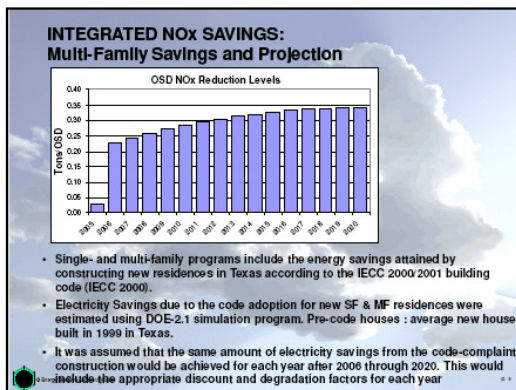
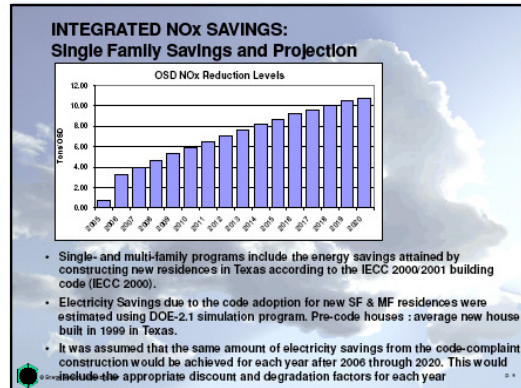
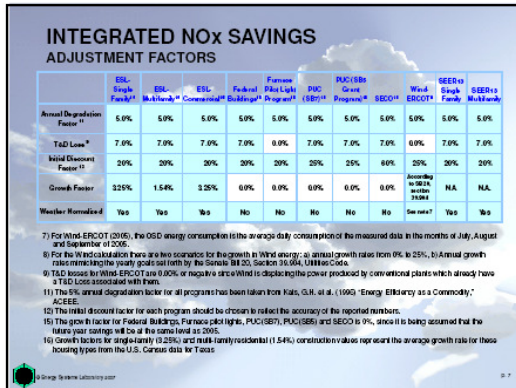


Figure 91: Slides presented at the CATEE Conference about EE/RE and the TERP, San Antonio, TX, (December 2007).

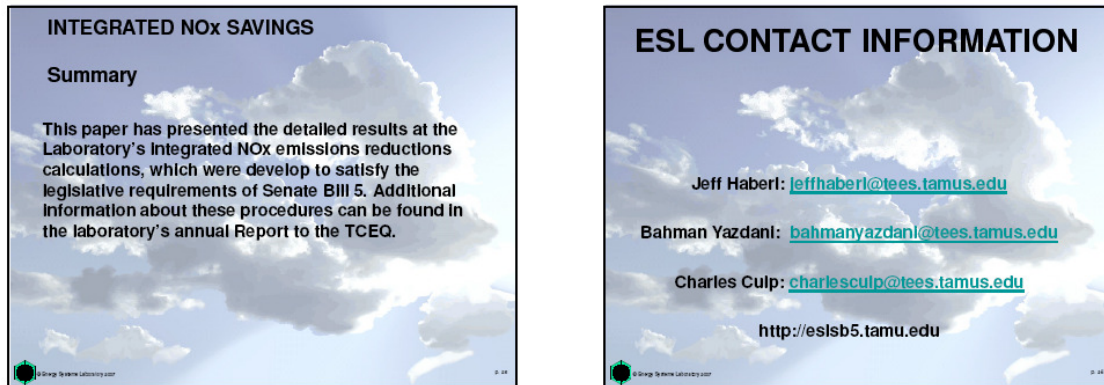


Figure 92: Slides presented at the CATEE Conference about EE/RE and the TERP, San Antonio, TX, (December 2007).



#### 5.2.8 Presented Two Papers at the 2007 ICEBO Conference in San Francisco, October 2007.

Two papers were prepared and presented at the 2007 ICEBO conference in San Francisco, California, in October 2007. Copies of these papers have been posted on the Laboratory's TERP web page. Titles and abstracts for each of the papers are as follows.

Liu, Z., Haberl, J., Baltazar-Cervantes, J.C., Subbarao, K., Culp, C., Yazdani, B. 2007. "A Methodology for Calculating Emissions Reductions From Renewable Energy Programs and its Application to the Wind Farms in the Texas ERCOT Region", *Proceedings of the 8<sup>th</sup> International Conference for Enhanced Building Operation*, San Francisco, CA, published on CD ROM (October).

This paper provides a detailed description of the methodology developed to calculate the emissions reductions from electricity provided by a wind farm. Details are presented from the Sweetwater I facility as well as an application of the procedure across all wind farms in Texas.

Baltazar-Cervantes, J.C., Haberl, J., Culp, C., Yazdani, B., Gilman, D. 2007. "Procedures for the Integration of Complete Year Texas Weather Data Files for eCalc Emissions Reduction Calculator", *Proceedings of the 8<sup>th</sup> International Conference for Enhanced Building Operation*, San Francisco, CA, published on CD ROM (October).

This paper describes the procedures that have been followed to assemble annual files of hourly weather data that are required to assess the emissions reductions due to the electricity savings from the implementation of energy efficiency and renewable energy.

#### 5.2.9 Presented Two Papers at the 2007 Hot and Humid Conference in San Antonio, Texas, December 2007.

Four papers were prepared and presented at the 2007 Hot and Humid conference in San Antonio, Texas, in December, 2007. Copies of these papers have been posted on the Laboratory's TERP web page. Titles and abstracts for each of the papers are as follows.

Baltazar-Cervantes, J.C., Im, P., Haberl, J., Liu, Z., Mukhopadhyay, Culp, C., J., Kim, S., Gilman, D., Yazdani, B. 2007. "A Methodology for Calculating Integrated Emissions Reductions From Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy (EE/RE) Programs Across State Agencies in Texas", *Proceedings of the 15.5 Symposium on Improving Building Systems in Hot and Humid Climates*, Texas A&M University, San Antonio, Texas, published on CD ROM (December).

This paper presents a summary of the integrated NO<sub>x</sub> emissions reduction calculation procedures developed by the Energy Systems Laboratory (ESL) to satisfy the reporting requirements for Senate Bill 5, including savings from Federal buildings, furnace pilot light upgrades, the TPUC programs, SECO programs, and electricity generated from wind energy.

Malhotra, M., Mukhopadhyay, J., Liu, Z., Culp, C., Haberl, J., Yazdani, B. 2007. "Recommendations for 15% Above Code Energy Efficiency Measures for Single-family Residences", *Proceedings of the 15.5 Symposium on Improving Building Systems in Hot and Humid Climates*, Texas A&M University, San Antonio, Texas, published on CD ROM (December).

This paper presents an overview of the recommendations for achieving 15% above code energy performance using a simulation model for a single-family residence. The recommendations include twelve measures: tankless water heaters, solar domestic water heating, gas water heaters with electronic ignition, ducts in conditioned spaces, improved duct sealing, increased air tightness, window shading and redistribution, improved window performance, and improved heating/cooling system efficiency.

Cho, S., Mukhopadhyay, J., Culp, C., Haberl, J., Yazdani, B. 2007. "Recommendations for 15% Above Code Energy Efficiency Measures for Commercial Buildings", *Proceedings of the 15.5 Symposium on Improving Building Systems in Hot and Humid Climates*, Texas A&M University, San Antonio, Texas, published on CD ROM (December).

This paper presents an overview of the recommendations for achieving 15% above code energy performance using a simulation model for a commercial office building. The recommendations include: improved glazing, decreased lighting power density, window shading, reduced static pressure, improved chiller performance, improved boiler efficiency, cold deck reset, VSDs on pumps and occupancy sensors.

Morgan, R., Gilman, D., Mukhopadhyay, J., Marshall, K., Stackhouse, R., Cordes, J., Liu, Z., Montgomery, C., Haberl, J., Culp, C., Yazdani, B. 2007, "Development of a Residential Code-compliant Calculator for the Texas Climate Vision Project", *Proceedings of the 15.5 Symposium on Improving Building Systems in Hot and Humid Climates*, Texas A&M University, San Antonio, Texas, published on CD ROM (December).

This paper reports on the progress of developing a web-based code-compliant calculator to assist the City of Austin with the design and construction of houses that are 20 to 40% above code. It provides an overview of the permitting process, and how the web-based software collects, calculates and certifies above-code compliance, including input from building inspectors regarding what actually was built.

## 6 CALCULATED NO<sub>x</sub> REDUCTION POTENTIAL FROM IMPLEMENTATION OF THE IECC / IRC

### 6.1 Calculated 2007 Electricity and Natural Gas Savings Due to the Implementation of the IECC / IRC to New Residential Construction (Single-family and Multi-family), and Commercial Buildings Using Code-traceable, Fuel-Neutral Simulation.

A complete reporting of the savings from the implementation of the IECC / IRC requires tracking and analyzing savings to new construction and construction activity to existing buildings that undergoes a building permit. Adoption of the IECC / IRC is expected to impact the following types of buildings:

- single-family residential
- multi-family residential
- commercial buildings
- industrial buildings
- renewables

Adoption of the IECC / IRC is also expected to impact construction activity in existing buildings that undergoes a building permit. Such activity would impact the following types of buildings:

- single-family residential
- multi-family residential
- commercial buildings
- industrial buildings
- renewables

The following sections report calculations of the energy savings associated only with new construction activity in new residences (i.e., single-family and multi-family), and commercial construction. Calculation of energy savings adoption of the IECC / IRC in industrial building and renewables is currently under development at the Laboratory, and will be reported in future reports.

#### 6.1.1 2007 Results for New Single-family Residential Construction.

In this section of the report, calculations are provided regarding the potential electricity reductions and associated emissions reductions from the implementation of the IECC / IRC to new single-family residences in the 41 non-attainment and affected counties as well as other counties in ERCOT region<sup>20</sup>. To calculate the NO<sub>x</sub> emissions reductions from the implementation of the IECC / IRC, a number of procedures were followed. First, new construction activity by county had to be determined; then energy savings attributable to the IECC / IRC had to be modeled using the code-traceable, DOE-2 simulation that the Laboratory has developed for the TERP; these estimates were then applied to the NAHB Builder's survey data to determine the appropriate number of housing types; then estimates of the NO<sub>x</sub> reduction potential from the electricity reductions in each county were calculated using the US EPA's 2007 eGRID database<sup>21</sup>.

In Table 30 and Table 31, the 1999 and IECC / IRC code-compliant building characteristics are shown for each county. The 1999 building characteristics reflect those published by the NAHB, ARI and GAMA for Texas. The IECC / IRC code-compliant characteristics are the minimum building code characteristics required by the IECC / IRC for each county for single-family residences (i.e., Type A.1)<sup>22</sup>. In Table 30 and Table 31, the rows are sorted first by the US EPA's non-attainment, affected designation, and other ERCOT Counties, then alphabetically. Next, in the third column, the NAHB survey classification is listed. The fourth column in Table 30 and Table 31 lists the window area for the

<sup>20</sup> The three new counties, Henderson, Hood and Hunt were added in the 2003 Legislative session are included in this.

<sup>21</sup> This preliminary analysis does not include actual power transfers on the grid, and assumes transmission and distribution losses of 7%. Counties were assigned to utility service districts as indicated.

<sup>22</sup> As modified by the 2001 Supplement.

average house as defined by the NAHB survey<sup>23</sup>. The fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, and ninth columns show the NAHB's average glazing U-value, Solar Heat Gain Coefficient (SHGC), roof insulation and wall insulation, respectively. In columns nine through thirteen of Table 30 and Table 31, the corresponding values from the IECC / IRC code-compliant house are listed for each county (i.e., percent area, glazing U-value, SHGC, roof and wall insulation R-value). For each county, the identical window percent area was used for the 1999 and code-compliant calculation (i.e., window-to-wall area).

The IECC / IRC SHGC is 0.4 for all non-attainment and affected counties since they all fall below the 3,500 HDD<sub>65</sub>, as required by the IECC / IRC. All the 1999 houses were assumed to have an air-conditioner efficiency<sup>24</sup> equal to a SEER 11, a furnace efficiency (AFUE) of 0.80, and a domestic water heater efficiency of 76%. All the IECC/IRC code-compliant houses were assumed to have an air-conditioner efficiency equal to a SEER 13<sup>25</sup>. The values shown in Table 30 and Table 31, represent the only changes that were made to the simulation to obtain the savings calculations. All other variables in the simulation remained the same for the 1999 and IECC / IRC code-compliant simulation. In cases where the 1999 values were more efficient than the IECC / IRC code-compliant simulation, the 1999 values were used in both simulations, since this indicates that the prevailing practice is already above code. For example, in Brazoria County, according to the NAHB, the roof insulation is R-27.08, which is already above the code-required insulation of R-19. Therefore, R-27.08 was used in both simulations.

In the code-traceable simulation results are shown for each county. In a similar fashion as Table 30 and Table 31, Table 32 and Table 33 is first divided into US EPA affected and then non-attainment classifications, followed by an alphabetical listing of counties. In the third column, the IECC / IRC climate zone is listed followed by the number of projected new housing units<sup>26</sup> in the fourth column. In the fifth column, the total simulated energy use is listed if all new construction had been built to pre-code specifications, and, in the sixth column, the total county-wide energy use for code-compliant construction is shown.

The values in the fifth and sixth columns come from the associated tables in the 2007 Volume III Appendix, which remain the same as the 2006 listing, 24 simulations were run for each county, which were then distributed according to the NAHB's survey data to account for 1 story, 2 story, slab-on-grade, crawlspace, and three different system types. In the seventh and eighth columns, the total pre-code and code-compliant peak OSD energy use is reported for the Ozone Season Day across all counties<sup>27</sup>. In a similar fashion as the annual pre-code and code-compliant energy use, these values are from the associated tables for each county in the Volume III Appendix to this report for the 1999 peak OSD results.

In the ninth and tenth columns, the total annual electricity and peak OSD savings are shown for each county, respectively. A 7% transmission and distribution loss is used in the 2007 report, which represents a fixed 1.07 multiplier for the electricity use. In the eleventh and twelfth columns, the total annual pre-code and code-compliant natural gas use is shown for those residences that had natural gas-fired furnaces and domestic water heaters. Similarly, in columns thirteen and fourteen, the simulated total peak OSD natural gas use on the peak Ozone Season Day (OSD) is shown for each county. Finally, in columns fifteen and sixteen, the total annual and peak OSD natural gas savings are shown for each county.

Table 34 and Table 35 the 2006 PCA assignments for each county are shown. These assignments are the same with the assignments used in the 2006 annual report. These assignments were expanded from the 2005 report because all ERCOT counties are shown in the 2006 report. In Table 36, the annual electricity savings are assigned to PCA provider(s) according to Table 34 and Table 35. The total electricity savings for each PCA, as shown in then entered into the bottom row of Table 37 and Table 39, which is the 2007 US EPA eGRID database for Texas. eGRID then proportions each MWh of electricity savings according to the 1999 measured data from the power plants assigned to that PCA. For each county in which there is a power plant the lbs-NOx/MWh are calculated and displayed as NOx reductions (lbs) in the column adjacent to the PCA column. Adding across the rows then totals the NOx reductions in each county from multiple PCAs that have power plants in that county. Counties that do not show NOx reductions

<sup>23</sup> This value represents the NAHB's reported number of window units times an average window size of 3 x 5 feet, which was determined by surveying local building suppliers. Additional information about the procedures used to determine these values can be found in the MS Thesis by Im (2003).

<sup>24</sup> The choice of a SEER 11 efficiency for the air conditioner was based on ARI sales numbers for Texas which show an average SEER 11 for houses built in 1999.

<sup>25</sup> Based on the regulation effective ....

<sup>26</sup> The number of projected new housing units uses the published values for the new housing units in 2006. A vacancy rate of 0% was assumed for 2007 calculations, based on information suggested by the Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University.

<sup>27</sup> In the 2005 report, the peak Ozone Season Day (OSD) was used to report peak savings. This is different than the peak day for 2004, which was August 19, 1999. This change was made at the request of the TCEQ. In the 2002 and 2003 reports, these dates represent the TMY2 non-coincident dates that were chosen by the DOE-2 simulation program as the peak date for the houses simulated in a specific county. Hence, the 2002 and 2003 dates did not correspond to the same calendar date.

represent counties that do not have power plants in eGRID's database. In Table 38 the PCA assignments for peak reductions are shown for each county; and in the peak OSD NOx reductions are shown calculated with eGRID.

Table 30: 1999 and IECC / IRC Code-compliant Building Characteristics used in the DOE-2 Simulation for Single-family Residential (1).

	County	Climate Zone	Division (East or West)	1999 Average					2000 IECC				
				Area %	Glazing U-value (Btu/hr-ft2-F)	SHGC	Roof Insulation (hr-ft2-F/Btu)	Wall Insulation (hr-ft2-F/Btu)	Area %	Glazing U-value (Btu/hr-ft2-F)	SHGC	Roof Insulation (hr-ft2-F/Btu)	Wall Insulation (hr-ft2-F/Btu)
Non-attainment	BRAZORIA	3	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.75	0.40	19.00	11.00
	CHAMBERS	4	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.75	0.40	26.00	13.00
	COLLIN	6	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00
	DALLAS	5	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00
	DENTON	6	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00
	EL PASO	6	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00
	FORT BEND	4	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.75	0.40	26.00	13.00
	GALVESTON	3	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.75	0.40	19.00	11.00
	HARDIN	4	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.75	0.40	26.00	13.00
	HARRIS	4	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.75	0.40	26.00	13.00
	JEFFERSON	4	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.75	0.40	26.00	13.00
	LIBERTY	4	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.75	0.40	26.00	13.00
	MONTGOMERY	4	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.75	0.40	26.00	13.00
	ORANGE	4	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.75	0.40	26.00	13.00
	TARRANT	5	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00
	WALLER	4	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.75	0.40	26.00	13.00
	BASTROP	4	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.52	0.40	30.00	13.00
	BEXAR	4	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.52	0.40	30.00	13.00
	CALDWELL	4	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.52	0.40	30.00	13.00
	Affected	COMAL	4	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.52	0.40	30.00
ELLIS		5	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00
GREGG		6	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.60	0.40	30.00	13.00
GUADALUPE		4	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.52	0.40	30.00	13.00
HARRISON		6	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.60	0.40	30.00	13.00
HAYS		5	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00
HENDERSON		5	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.65	0.40	30.00	13.00
HOOD		5	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00
HUNT		6	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00
JOHNSON		5	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00
KAUFMAN		6	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00
NUECES		3	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	14.18	13.8	0.75	0.40	19.00	11.00
PARKER		6	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00
ROCKWALL		6	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00
RUSK		5	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.65	0.40	30.00	13.00
SAN PATRICIO		3	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	14.18	13.8	0.75	0.40	19.00	11.00
SMITH		5	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.65	0.40	30.00	13.00
TRAVIS		5	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00
UPSHUR		6	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.60	0.40	30.00	13.00
VICTORIA		3	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	14.18	13.8	0.75	0.40	19.00	11.00
WILLIAMSON	5	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00	
WILSON	4	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.52	0.40	30.00	13.00	
ERCOT	ANDERSON	5	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.65	0.40	30.00	13.00
	ANDREWS	6	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00
	ANGELINA	5	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.65	0.40	30.00	13.00
	ARANSAS	3	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	14.18	13.8	0.75	0.40	19.00	11.00
	ARCHER	7	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.45	0.40	36.00	19.00
	ATASCOSA	3	West Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.60	0.40	30.00	13.00
	AUSTIN	4	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.75	0.40	26.00	13.00
	BANDERA	5	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00
	BAYLOR	7	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.45	0.40	36.00	19.00
	BEE	3	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	14.18	13.8	0.75	0.40	19.00	11.00
	BELL	5	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00
	BLANCO	5	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00
	BORDEN	7	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.45	0.40	36.00	19.00
	BOSQUE	5	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00
	BRAZOS	4	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.75	0.40	26.00	13.00
	BREWSTER	5	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00
	BRISCOE	8	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.41	0.40	38.00	19.00
	BROOKS	2	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.90	0.40	19.00	11.00
	BROWN	5	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00
	BURLESON	4	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.75	0.40	26.00	13.00
	BURNET	5	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00
	CALHOUN	3	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	14.18	13.8	0.75	0.40	19.00	11.00
	CALLAHAN	6	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00
	CAMERON	2	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.90	0.40	19.00	11.00
	CHEROKEE	5	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.65	0.40	30.00	13.00
	CHILDRESS	7	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.45	0.40	36.00	19.00
	CLAY	7	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.45	0.40	36.00	19.00
	COKE	6	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00
	COLEMAN	5	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00
	COLORADO	4	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.75	0.40	26.00	13.00
	COMANCHE	5	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00
	CONCHO	5	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00
	COOKE	6	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00
	CORYELL	5	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00
	COTTLE	7	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.45	0.40	36.00	19.00
	CRANE	5	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00
	CROCKETT	5	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00
	CROSBY	7	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.45	0.40	36.00	19.00
	CULBERSON	6	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00
	DAWSON	7	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.45	0.40	36.00	19.00
	DE WITT	3	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	14.18	13.8	0.75	0.40	19.00	11.00
	DELTA	6	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00
	DICKENS	7	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.45	0.40	36.00	19.00
	DIMMIT	3	West Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.60	0.40	30.00	13.00
	DUVAL	3	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	14.18	13.8	0.75	0.40	19.00	11.00
	EASTLAND	6	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00
	ECTOR	6	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00
	EDWARDS	5	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00
	ERATH	6	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00
	FALLS	5	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00
	FANNIN	6	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00
	FAYETTE	4	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.75	0.40	26.00	13.00
FISHER	6	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00	
FOARD	7	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.45	0.40	36.00	19.00	
FRANKLIN	6	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00	
FREESTONE	5	West Texas	20.6	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.6	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00	



Table 31: 1999 and IECC / IRC Code-compliant Building Characteristics used in the DOE-2 Simulation for Single-family Residential (2).

	County	Climate Zone	Division (East or West)		1999 Average					2000 IECC				
			Area %	Glazing U-value (Btu/hr-ft²-F)	SHGC	Roof Insulation (R-42-F/R-10-F)	Wall Insulation (R-42-F/R-10-F)	Area %	Glazing U-value (Btu/hr-ft²-F)	SHGC	Roof Insulation (R-42-F/R-10-F)	Wall Insulation (R-42-F/R-10-F)		
EROT	FRIO	3	West Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.60	0.40	30.00	13.00	
	GILLESPIE	5	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00	
	GLASSCOCK	6	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00	
	GOLIAD	3	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	14.18	13.8	0.75	0.40	19.00	11.00	
	GONZALES	4	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.52	0.40	30.00	13.00	
	GRAYSON	6	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00	
	GRIMES	4	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.75	0.40	26.00	13.00	
	HALL	8	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.41	0.40	38.00	19.00	
	HAMILTON	5	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00	
	HARDEMAN	7	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.45	0.40	38.00	19.00	
	HASKELL	6	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00	
	HIDALGO	2	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.90	0.40	19.00	11.00	
	HILL	5	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00	
	HOPKINS	6	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00	
	HOUSTON	5	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.65	0.40	30.00	13.00	
	HOWARD	6	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00	
	HUDSPETH	6	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00	
	IRION	5	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00	
	JACK	6	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00	
	JACKSON	3	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	14.18	13.8	0.75	0.40	19.00	11.00	
	JEFF DAVIS	6	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00	
	JIM HOGG	2	West Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.60	0.40	30.00	13.00	
	JIM WELLS	3	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	14.18	13.8	0.75	0.40	19.00	11.00	
	JONES	6	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00	
	KARNES	3	West Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.60	0.40	30.00	13.00	
	KENDALL	5	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00	
	KENEDY	2	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.90	0.40	19.00	11.00	
	KENT	7	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.45	0.40	38.00	19.00	
	KERR	5	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00	
	KIMBLE	5	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00	
	KING	7	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.45	0.40	38.00	19.00	
	KINNEY	4	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.52	0.40	30.00	13.00	
	KLEBERG	2	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.90	0.40	19.00	11.00	
	KNOX	7	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.45	0.40	38.00	19.00	
	LA SALLE	3	West Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.60	0.40	30.00	13.00	
	LAMAR	6	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.60	0.40	30.00	13.00	
	LAMPASAS	5	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00	
	LAVACA	4	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.75	0.40	26.00	13.00	
	LEE	4	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.52	0.40	30.00	13.00	
	LEON	5	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.65	0.40	30.00	13.00	
	LIMESTONE	5	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00	
	LIVE OAK	3	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	14.18	13.8	0.75	0.40	19.00	11.00	
	LLANO	5	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00	
	LOVINO	6	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00	
	MADISON	4	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.75	0.40	26.00	13.00	
	MARTIN	6	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00	
	MASON	5	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00	
	MATAGORDA	3	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	14.18	13.8	0.75	0.40	19.00	11.00	
	MAVERICK	3	West Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.60	0.40	30.00	13.00	
	MCCULLOCH	5	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00	
MCLENNAN	5	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00		
MCMULLEN	3	West Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.60	0.40	30.00	13.00		
MEDINA	4	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.52	0.40	30.00	13.00		
MENARD	5	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00		
MIDLAND	6	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00		
MILAM	4	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.52	0.40	30.00	13.00		
MILLS	5	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00		
MITCHELL	6	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00		
MONTAGUE	6	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00		
MOTLEY	7	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.45	0.40	38.00	19.00		
NACOGDOCHES	5	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.65	0.40	30.00	13.00		
NAVARRO	5	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00		
NOLAN	6	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00		
PALO PINTO	6	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00		
PECOS	5	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00		
PRESIDIO	5	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00		
RAINS	6	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00		
REAGAN	5	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00		
REAL	5	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00		
RED RIVER	6	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.60	0.40	30.00	13.00		
REEVES	6	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00		
REFUGIO	3	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	14.18	13.8	0.75	0.40	19.00	11.00		
ROBERTSON	4	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.75	0.40	26.00	13.00		
RUNNELS	5	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00		
SAN SABA	5	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00		
SCHLEICHER	5	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00		
SCURRY	7	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.45	0.40	38.00	19.00		
SHACKELFORD	6	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00		
SOMERVELL	5	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00		
STARR	2	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.90	0.40	19.00	11.00		
STEPHENS	6	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00		
STERLING	6	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00		
STONEWALL	7	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.45	0.40	38.00	19.00		
SUTTON	5	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00		
TAYLOR	6	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00		
TERRELL	5	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00		
THROCKMORTON	6	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00		
TITUS	6	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.60	0.40	30.00	13.00		
TOM GREEN	5	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00		
UPTON	5	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.50	0.40	38.00	13.00		
UVALDE	4	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.52	0.40	30.00	13.00		
VAL VERDE	4	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.52	0.40	30.00	13.00		
VAN ZANDT	6	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00		
WARD	6	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.46	0.40	38.00	16.00		
WASHINGTON	4	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.75	0.40	26.00	13.00		
WEBB	3	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	13.99	13.8	0.60	0.40	30.00	13.00		
WHARTON	3	East Texas	13.8	1.11	0.71	27.08	14.18	13.8	0.75	0.40	19.00	11.00		
WHITITA	7	West Texas	20.0	0.87	0.66	26.75	14.18	20.0	0.45	0.40	38.00	19.00		

Table 32: 2007 Annual and Peak-day Electricity Savings from Implementation of the IECC / IRC for Single-family Residences Using 1999 Base Year (1).

2007 Summary															
	County	Climate Zone	No. of Projected Units (2007)	Precode Total Annual Elec. Use (MWh/yr)	Code-compliant Total Annual Elec. Use (MWh/yr)	Precode OSD Elec. Use (MWh/day)	Code-compliant OSD Elec. Use (MWh/day)	Total Annual Elec. Savings (MWh/yr) w/ 7% of T&D Loss	Total OSD Elec. Savings (MWh/day) w/ 7% of T&D Loss	Precode Total NG Use (Therm/yr)	Code-compliant Total NG Use (Therm/yr)	Precode OSD NG Use (Therm/day)	Code-compliant OSD NG Use (Therm/day)	Total Annual NG Savings (Therm/yr)	Total OSD NG Savings (Therm/day)
Affected County	BASTROP	4	226	3,302	2,829	14.03	11.31	507	2.91	53,507	45,151	118.37	97.46	8,357	20.91
	BEXAR	4	9,219	122,684	106,853	508.83	415.92	16,939	99.40	2,529,134	2,162,617	5,351.11	4,420.73	366,517	930.38
	CALDWELL	4	84	1,197	1,023	5.12	4.13	187	1.06	21,697	18,482	47.99	39.51	3,215	8.48
	COMAL	4	2,477	32,963	28,710	136.71	111.75	4,551	26.71	679,538	581,061	1,437.76	1,187.78	98,477	249.98
	ELLIS	5	1,666	23,312	20,069	103.67	82.87	3,470	22.26	541,077	451,857	945.56	777.42	89,220	168.13
	GREGG	6	354	4,846	4,263	21.03	17.09	623	4.22	103,323	85,509	184.19	151.44	17,814	32.75
	GUADALUPE	4	1,406	18,711	16,296	77.60	63.43	2,583	15.16	385,721	329,823	816.10	674.21	55,898	141.89
	HARRISON	6	38	517	456	2.24	1.82	65	0.45	11,195	9,265	19.77	16.26	1,930	3.52
	HAYS	5	1,992	28,425	24,226	121.62	97.11	4,493	26.22	513,616	428,628	1,138.08	937.04	84,988	201.03
	HENDERSON	5	131	1,767	1,562	7.65	6.24	219	1.51	39,525	32,832	68.16	56.04	6,693	12.12
	HOOD	5	130	1,819	1,566	8.09	6.47	271	1.74	42,221	35,259	73.78	60.66	6,962	13.12
	HUNT	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	JOHNSON	5	1,086	15,196	13,082	67.58	54.02	2,262	14.51	352,707	294,548	616.37	506.77	58,159	109.60
	KAUFMAN	6	721	10,198	8,748	45.19	35.92	1,551	9.92	231,245	187,819	409.21	336.45	43,426	72.76
	NUECES	3	1,534	21,069	18,254	79.49	65.72	3,012	14.73	337,467	282,946	807.24	665.31	54,521	141.93
	PARKER	6	489	6,917	5,933	30.65	24.36	1,052	6.73	156,836	127,384	277.54	228.19	29,453	49.35
	ROCKWALL	6	1,190	16,832	14,439	74.59	59.29	2,560	16.37	381,667	309,993	675.40	555.30	71,674	120.09
	RUSK	5	8	101	90	0.41	0.34	11	0.06	2,458	2,100	4.42	3.68	357	0.74
	SAN PATRICIO	3	357	4,903	4,248	18.50	15.29	701	3.43	78,537	65,849	187.86	154.83	12,688	33.03
	SMITH	5	576	7,768	6,886	33.66	27.56	944	6.52	173,791	146,607	299.70	246.41	27,184	53.29
	TRAVIS	5	9,575	136,632	116,449	584.59	466.79	21,596	126.05	2,468,814	2,060,300	5,470.43	4,504.12	408,514	966.31
	UPSHUR	6	14	190	168	0.82	0.67	24	0.16	4,140	3,418	7.28	5.99	721	1.30
	VICTORIA	3	143	1,806	1,609	7.18	5.97	211	1.29	34,603	29,509	77.24	64.01	5,094	13.23
	WILLIAMSON	5	5,738	81,879	69,784	350.33	279.73	12,942	75.54	1,479,483	1,234,674	3,278.26	2,699.18	244,810	579.08
	WILSON	4	40	532	464	2.21	1.80	73	0.43	10,974	9,383	23.22	19.18	1,590	4.04
Nonattainment County	BRAZORIA	3	3,287	44,358	38,745	182.19	149.86	6,005	34.60	777,771	664,445	1,738.17	1,434.06	113,326	304.11
	CHAMBERS	4	368	4,951	4,319	19.87	16.28	676	3.84	86,664	72,780	197.42	163.37	13,884	34.05
	COLLIN	6	11,580	163,791	140,582	725.84	579.32	24,834	156.77	3,714,039	3,093,878	6,572.35	5,403.70	620,161	1,168.65
	DALLAS	5	9,941	139,103	119,752	618.57	494.46	20,705	132.80	3,228,598	2,696,225	5,642.12	4,638.87	532,373	1,003.25
	DENTON	6	3,157	44,654	38,306	197.88	157.28	6,792	43.44	1,012,541	822,394	1,791.79	1,473.18	190,147	318.60
	EL PASO	6	3,877	53,599	45,638	198.29	162.25	8,518	38.56	1,236,460	1,015,182	2,350.49	1,959.22	221,278	391.27
	FORT BEND	4	7,910	106,829	93,518	438.92	360.63	14,243	83.77	1,871,668	1,571,672	4,182.83	3,451.00	299,996	731.63
	GALVESTON	3	2,732	36,868	32,203	151.43	124.55	4,991	28.76	646,447	552,256	1,444.69	1,191.92	94,191	232.76
	HARDIN	4	129	1,737	1,515	6.97	5.71	238	1.35	30,380	25,513	69.20	57.27	4,867	11.94
	HARRIS	4	33,023	474,292	412,939	1,971	1,597	65,648	400.15	7,855,259	6,587,918	17,462.65	14,407.36	1,267,340	3,055.29
	JEFFERSON	4	540	7,276	6,343	29	24	998	5.85	127,170	106,797	289.69	239.72	20,373	49.96
	LIBERTY	4	293	3,962	3,466	16	13	530	3.11	69,330	58,217	154.94	127.83	11,112	27.11
	MONTGOMERY	4	7,417	100,170	87,869	411.56	338.16	13,355	78.55	1,755,014	1,473,716	3,922.13	3,235.91	281,298	696.22
	ORANGE	4	276	3,717	3,242	15	12	509	2.89	65,078	54,585	148.06	122.53	10,493	25.54
	TARRANT	5	13,507	189,001	162,709	840	672	28,133	180.44	4,386,749	3,663,405	7,666.04	6,302.91	723,343	1,363.13
	WALLER	4	90	1,215	1,064	4.99	4.10	162	0.95	21,296	17,882	47.59	39.27	3,413	8.33
	ANDERSON	5	18	227	203	0.92	0.76	25	0.17	5,530	4,725	9.95	8.29	804	1.67
	ANDREWS	6	40	539	462	1.97	1.60	83	0.39	15,599	12,903	25.12	21.09	2,696	4.04
	ANGELINA	5	128	1,615	1,446	6.57	5.44	180	1.21	39,322	33,603	70.76	58.92	5,718	11.84
	ARANSAS	3	213	2,925	2,535	11.04	9.12	418	2.05	46,858	39,288	112.09	92.38	7,570	19.71
	ARCHER	7	21	296	252	1.19	0.94	47	0.27	9,406	7,570	12.70	10.58	1,836	2.12
	ATASCOSA	3	119	1,582	1,378	6.56	5.37	218	1.26	32,700	28,053	69.07	57.06	4,647	12.01
	AUSTIN	4	39	527	461	2.16	1.78	70	0.41	9,228	7,749	20.62	17.02	1,479	3.61
	BANDERA	5	2	27	23	0.11	0.09	4	0.02	548	455	1.16	0.96	93	0.20
	BAYLOR	7	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
BEE	3	16	202	180	0.80	0.67	24	0.14	3,872	3,302	8.64	7.16	570	1.48	
ERCOT	BELL	5	2,514	34,730	29,649	146.05	115.45	5,437	32.75	875,785	742,666	1,511.47	1,257.76	133,120	253.71
	BLANCO	5	19	271	231	1.16	0.93	43	0.25	4,899	4,088	10.86	8.94	811	1.92
	BORDEN	7	19	252	221	0.85	0.71	34	0.15	8,587	6,863	11.36	9.60	1,724	1.76
	BOSQUE	5	8	111	94	0.46	0.37	17	0.10	2,787	2,363	4.81	4.00	424	0.81
	BRAZOS	4	882	11,912	10,428	48.94	40.21	1,588	9.34	208,699	175,248	466.40	384.80	33,451	81.60
	BREWSTER	5	7	95	82	0.36	0.29	14	0.07	2,908	2,499	4.24	3.54	409	0.71
	BRISCOE	8	7	91	79	0.30	0.25	12	0.05	4,336	3,368	4.71	4.01	968	0.71
	BROOKS	2	3	42	36	0.15	0.13	6	0.03	663	562	1.57	1.28	101	0.28
	BROWN	4	184	2,514	2,146	10.57	8.36	394	2.37	63,402	53,765	109.42	91.05	9,637	18.37
	BURLESON	4	14	189	166	0.78	0.64	25	0.15	3,313	2,782	7.40	6.11	531	1.30
	BURNET	5	796	11,359	9,681	48.60	38.81	1,795	10.48	205,240	171,279	454.77	374.44	33,961	80.33
	CALHOUN	3	96	1,212	1,080	4.82	4.01	142	0.87	23,230	19,810	51.85	42.97	3,420	8.88
	CALLAHAN	6	12	167	142	0.65	0.52	26	0.14	4,762	3,928	7.34	6.13	833	1.21
	CAMERON	2	2,852	39,533	34,152	147.02	121.26	5,758	27.56	630,527	534,300	1,492.02	1,228.15	96,227	263.87
	CHEROKEE	5	25	315	283	1.28	1.06	35	0.24	7,680	6,563	13.82	11.51	1,117	2.31
	CHILDRESS	7	3	40	35	0.13	0.11	5	0.02	1,356	1,084	1.79	1.52	272	0.28
	CLAY	7	4	56	48	0.23	0.18	9	0.05	1,792	1,442	2.42	2.02	350	0.40
	COKE	6	1	14	12	0.05	0.04	2	0.01	407	338	0.61	0.51	70	0.10
	COLEMAN	5	2	27	23	0.11	0.09	4	0.02	810	691	1.22	1.02	120	0.20
	COLORADO	4	9	122	106	0.50	0.41	16	0.10	2,130	1,788	4.76	3.93	341	0.83
	COMANCHE	5	1	14	12	0.06	0.05	2	0.01	348	295	0.60	0.50	53	0.10
	CONCHO	5	1	14	12	0.05	0.04	2	0.01	415	357	0.61	0.51	58	0.10
	COOKE	6	26	367	315	1.63	1.30	55	0.35	8,361	6,958	14.76	12.13	1,402	2.62
	CORYELL	5	267	3,689	3,149	15.51	12.26	577	3.48	93,013	78,875	160.53	133.58	14,138	26.95
	COTTE	7	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	CRANE	5	19	253	218	0.92	0.75	38	0.19	7,564	6,499	11.93	10.02		

Table 33: 2007 Annual and Peak-day Electricity Savings from Implementation of the IECC / IRC for Single-family Residences Using 1999 Base Year (2).

2007 Summary															
County	Climate Zone	No. of Projected Units (2007)	Precode Total Annual Elec. Use (MWh/yr)	Code-compliant Total Annual Elec. Use (MWh/yr)	Precode OSD Elec. Use (MWh/day)	Code-compliant OSD Elec. Use (MWh/day)	Total Annual Elec. Savings (MWh/yr) w/ 7% of T&D Loss	Total OSD Elec. Savings (MWh/day) w/ 7% of T&D Loss	Precode Total NG Use (Therm/yr)	Code-compliant Total NG Use (Therm/yr)	Precode OSD NG Use (Therm/day)	Code-compliant OSD NG Use (Therm/day)	Total Annual NG Savings (Therm/yr)	Total OSD NG Savings (Therm/day)	
ERCOT	GILLESPIE	5	76	1,084	924	4.64	3.71	171	1.00	19,596	16,353	43.42	35.75	3,243	7.67
	GLASSCOCK	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	GOLIAD	3	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	GONZALES	4	8	106	93	0.44	0.36	15	0.09	2,195	1,877	4.64	3.84	318	0.81
	GRAYSON	6	353	5,010	4,303	22.17	17.72	756	4.76	114,154	95,007	201.48	165.66	19,148	35.83
	GRIMES	4	38	513	449	2.11	1.73	68	0.40	8,992	7,550	20.09	16.58	1,441	3.52
	HALL	8	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	HAMILTON	5	2	28	24	0.12	0.09	4	0.03	697	591	1.20	1.00	106	0.20
	HARDEMAN	7	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	HASKELL	6	2	28	24	0.11	0.09	4	0.02	794	655	1.22	1.02	139	0.20
	HIDALGO	2	6,870	95,230	82,266	354.14	292.09	13,871	66.39	1,518,836	1,287,040	3,594.02	2,958.41	231,796	635.61
	HILL	5	28	387	330	1.63	1.29	61	0.36	9,754	8,272	16.83	14.01	1,483	2.83
	HOPKINS	6	14	198	170	0.88	0.70	30	0.19	4,490	3,740	7.95	6.53	750	1.41
	HOUSTON	5	88	79	0.36	0.30	10	0.07	2,150	1,838	3.87	3.22	313	0.65	
	HOWARD	6	2	27	23	0.10	0.08	4	0.02	780	645	1.26	1.05	135	0.20
	HUDSPETH	6	127	1,752	1,493	6.48	5.30	278	1.26	40,551	33,303	77.00	64.18	7,248	12.82
	IRION	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	JACK	6	4	56	47	0.22	0.17	9	0.05	1,587	1,309	2.45	2.04	278	0.40
	JACKSON	3	21	265	236	1.05	0.88	31	0.19	5,082	4,334	11.34	9.40	748	1.84
	JEFF DAVIS	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	JIM HOGG	2	0	16,444	16,123	67.62	63.85	343	4.03	215,577	173,161	379.61	312.11	42,416	67.50
	JIM WELLS	3	57	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	JONES	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	KARNES	3	8	105	91	0.43	0.35	15	0.08	2,117	1,807	4.71	3.91	310	0.60
	KENDALL	5	547	7,286	6,327	30.22	24.51	1,027	6.11	149,850	124,494	317.50	262.30	25,356	55.20
	KENEDY	2	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	KENT	7	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	KERR	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	KIMBLE	5	1	14	12	0.05	0.04	2	0.01	415	357	0.61	0.51	58	0.10
	KING	7	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	KINNEY	4	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	KLEBERG	2	40	549	475	2.07	1.71	79	0.38	8,798	7,435	21.05	17.35	1,363	3.70
	KNOX	7	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	LA SALLE	3	39	568	479	2.15	1.74	96	0.44	9,399	7,911	22.39	18.45	1,488	3.94
	LAMAR	6	62	842	743	3.64	2.97	106	0.72	18,276	15,098	32.26	26.52	3,178	5.74
	LAMPASAS	5	27	373	318	1.57	1.24	58	0.35	9,406	7,976	16.23	13.51	1,430	2.72
	LAVACA	4	15	189	169	0.75	0.63	22	0.14	3,620	3,028	8.10	6.71	593	1.39
	LEE	4	19	271	231	1.16	0.93	42	0.24	4,908	4,180	10.86	8.94	727	1.92
	LEON	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	LIMESTONE	5	3	41	35	0.17	0.14	6	0.04	1,045	886	1.80	1.50	159	0.30
	LIVE OAK	3	16	220	190	0.83	0.69	31	0.15	3,520	2,951	8.42	6.94	569	1.48
	LLANO	5	294	4,195	3,576	17.95	14.33	663	3.87	75,805	63,261	167.97	138.30	12,543	29.67
	LOVING	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	MADISON	4	12	162	142	0.67	0.55	22	0.13	2,839	2,384	6.35	5.24	455	1.11
	MARTIN	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	MASON	5	12	171	146	0.73	0.59	27	0.16	3,094	2,582	6.86	5.64	512	1.21
	MATAGORDA	3	107	1,351	1,204	5.37	4.47	158	0.96	25,892	22,080	57.79	47.89	3,811	9.90
	MAVERICK	3	168	2,448	2,064	9.27	7.49	411	1.90	40,487	34,076	96.43	79.48	6,410	16.95
	MCCULLOCH	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	MCLENNAN	5	958	13,234	11,298	55.66	43.99	2,072	12.48	333,732	283,005	575.97	479.29	50,727	96.68
	MCMLLEN	3	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	MEDINA	4	31	413	359	1.71	1.40	57	0.33	8,505	7,272	17.99	14.87	1,232	3.13
	MENARD	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	MIDLAND	6	470	6,337	5,429	23.17	18.84	972	4.63	183,289	151,606	295.20	247.77	31,683	47.43
	MILAM	4	11	156	133	0.65	0.52	25	0.14	2,856	2,430	6.34	5.23	426	1.11
MILLS	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	
MITCHELL	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	
MONTAGUE	6	1	14	12	0.06	0.05	2	0.01	322	268	0.57	0.47	54	0.10	
MOTTET	7	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	
NACOGDOCH	5	52	656	588	2.67	2.21	73	0.40	15,974	13,851	26.75	22.94	2,322	4.61	
NAVARRO	5	47	649	554	2.73	2.16	102	0.61	16,373	13,884	28.26	23.51	2,489	4.74	
NOLAN	6	1	14	12	0.05	0.04	2	0.01	397	327	0.61	0.51	69	0.10	
PALO PINTO	6	15	208	178	0.81	0.65	33	0.17	5,952	4,910	9.18	7.66	1,042	1.51	
PECOS	5	6	81	70	0.31	0.25	12	0.06	2,493	2,142	3.64	3.03	351	0.61	
PRESIDIO	5	32	434	374	1.65	1.34	65	0.34	13,295	11,423	19.40	16.17	1,872	3.23	
RAINS	6	2	28	24	0.13	0.10	4	0.03	641	534	1.14	0.93	107	0.20	
REAGAN	5	3	40	34	0.15	0.12	6	0.03	1,194	1,026	1.88	1.58	168	0.30	
REAL	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	
RED RIVER	6	3	41	36	0.18	0.14	5	0.03	884	731	1.56	1.28	154	0.28	
REEVES	6	2	27	23	0.10	0.08	4	0.02	780	645	1.26	1.05	135	0.20	
REFUGIO	3	7	88	79	0.35	0.29	10	0.06	1,694	1,445	3.78	3.13	249	0.65	
ROBERTSON	4	23	311	272	1.28	1.05	41	0.24	5,442	4,570	12.16	10.03	872	2.13	
RUNNELS	5	2	27	23	0.10	0.08	4	0.02	831	714	1.21	1.01	117	0.20	
SAN SABA	5	3	43	36	0.18	0.15	7	0.04	774	646	1.71	1.41	128	0.30	
SCHLEICHER	5	2	27	23	0.10	0.08	4	0.02	831	714	1.21	1.01	117	0.20	
SCURRY	7	10	133	116	0.45	0.37	18	0.08	4,520	3,612	5.98	5.05	907	0.93	
SHACKELFORD	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	
SOMERVILLE	5	70	979	843	4.36	3.48	146	0.94	22,734	18,986	39.73	32.66	3,749	7.06	
STARR	2	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	
STEPHENS	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	
STERLING	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	
STONEWALL	7	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	
SUTTON	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	
TAYLOR	6	321	4,459	3,802	17.31	13.88	702	3.67	127,372	105,080	196.41	164.02	22,292	32.40	
TERRELL	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	
THROCKMORTON	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	
TITUS	6	32	435	384	1.88	1.53	55	0.37	9,433	7,792	16.65	13.69	1,640	2.96	
TOM GREEN	5	369	5,009	4,310	17.95	14.33	748	3.92	153,303	131,176	222.49	186.45	21,865	37.40	
UPTON	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	
VALDE	4	37	492	429											

Table 34: 2007 Allocation of PCA for each of 41 Non-attainment and Affected Counties, and ERCOT Counties (1).

County	Elec. Utilities 1	PCA	1998 Annual net Generation (MWh)	Percentage	Elec. Utilities 2	PCA	1998 Annual net Generation (MWh)	Percentage
ANDERSON	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Trinity Valley EC			0%
ANDREWS	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Cap Rock EC			0%
ANGELINA	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Sam Houston EC			0%
ARANSAS	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	San Patricio EC			0%
ARCHER	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	98%	T-NMP	Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA	2,067,714	2%
ATASCOSA	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	54%	CPSB	San Antonio Public Service Bd/PCA	14,641,059	46%
AUSTIN	RELIANT(CENTER POINT)	Reliant Energy HL&P/PCA	74,386,176	100%	Bellville			0%
BANDERA*	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Smithville			0%
BASTROP	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Seymour			0%
BAYLOR	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	San Patricio EC			0%
BEE	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Bartlett EC			0%
BELL	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Bandera EC			0%
BEXAR	CPSB	San Antonio Public Service Bd/PCA	14,641,059	100%	Central Texas EC			0%
BLANCO*	Pedernales EC				Big Country EC			0%
BORDEN*	Lyntegar EC				United Coop Services			0%
BOSQUE	T-NMP	Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA	2,067,714	100%	FNMCP	Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA	2,067,714	3%
BRAZORIA	RELIANT(CENTER POINT)	Reliant Energy HL&P/PCA	74,386,176	97%	Colene Station			0%
BRAZOS*	BRYAN	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Rio Grande EC			0%
BREWSTER	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%
BRISCOE	XCEL(SPS)				Medina EC			0%
BROOKS	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	85%	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	15%
BROWN	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	BRYAN			0%
BURLESON	ENTERGY	Entergy Electric System/PCA	32,288,113	100%	Pedernales EC			0%
BURNET	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Luling			0%
CALDWELL	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Victoria EC			0%
CALHOUN	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Taylor EC			0%
CALLAHAN	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Mojo Valley EC			0%
CAMERON	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Entergy	Entergy Electric System/PCA	32,288,113	30%
CHAMBERS	RELIANT(CENTER POINT)	Reliant Energy HL&P/PCA	74,386,176	70%	CHEROKEE			0%
CHEROKEE	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	CHEROKEE COUNTY EC			0%
CHILDESS	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Greenbelt EC			0%
CLAY	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	98%	T-NMP	Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA	2,067,714	2%
COKE	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Concho Valley EC			0%
COLEMAN	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Coleman			0%
COLLIN	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	98%	T-NMP	Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA	2,067,714	2%
COLORADO	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Waimar			0%
COMAL	CPSB	San Antonio Public Service Bd/PCA	14,641,059	100%	New Braunfels			0%
COMANCHE	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	98%	T-NMP	Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA	2,067,714	2%
CONCHO	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Concho Valley EC			0%
COOKE	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Cooke County EC			0%
CORYELL	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	98%	T-NMP	Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA	2,067,714	2%
COTTLE	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	South Plains EC			0%
CRANE	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Flordada			0%
CROCKETT	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Rio Grande EC			0%
CROSBY*	XCEL(SPS)				Crosbyton			0%
CULBERSON	EPEC	El Paso Electric Co/PCA	306,682	100%	Rio Grande EC			0%
DALLAS	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Garland			0%
DAWSON	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Lyntegar EC			0%
DELTA	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Lamar County EC			0%
DENTON	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	98%	T-NMP	Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA	2,067,714	2%
DEWITT	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Yoakum			0%
DICKENS	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	South Plains EC			0%
DIMMIT	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Medina EC			0%
DUVAL	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Medina EC			0%
EASTLAND	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	85%	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	15%
ECTOR	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Goldsmith			0%
EDWARDS	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Rio Grande EC			0%
ELLIS	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Navarro County EC			0%
ERATH	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	98%	T-NMP	Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA	2,067,714	2%
FALLS	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Bellfalls EC			0%
FANNIN	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	98%	T-NMP	Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA	2,067,714	2%
FAYETTE*	La Grange				Schulenburg			0%
FISHER	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Big Country EC			0%
FOARD*	XCEL(SPS)				Flordada			0%
FORT BEND	RELIANT(CENTER POINT)	Reliant Energy HL&P/PCA	74,386,176	100%	FEC Electric			0%
FRANKLIN	SWEP/CO(AEP)	Southwestern Public Service Co/PCA			Navasota Valley EC			0%
FREESTONE	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Navasota Valley EC			0%
FRIO	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Medina EC			0%
GALVESTON	RELIANT(CENTER POINT)	Reliant Energy HL&P/PCA	74,386,176	97%	T-NMP	Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA	2,067,714	3%
GILLESPIE*	Fredericksburg				Pedernales EC			0%
GLASSCOCK	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Cap Rock EC			0%
GOLIAD	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Karnes EC			0%
GONZALES	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Gonzales			0%
GRAYSON	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	98%	T-NMP	Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA	2,067,714	2%
GRIMES	ENTERGY	Entergy Electric System/PCA	32,288,113	100%	Md-South EC			0%
GUADALUPE	CPSB	San Antonio Public Service Bd/PCA	14,641,059	100%	Sequin			0%
HALL	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Lighthouse EC			0%
HAMILTON	T-NMP	Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA	2,067,714	100%	United Coop Services			0%
HARDEMAN	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	South Plains EC			0%
HARRIS	RELIANT(CENTER POINT)	Reliant Energy HL&P/PCA	74,386,176	70%	ENTERGY	Entergy Electric System/PCA	32,288,113	30%
HASKELL	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Big Country EC			0%
HAYS	San Marcos	Lower Colorado River Authority/PCA			Pedernales EC			0%
HENDERSON	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Trinity Valley EC			0%
HIDALGO	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Mojo Valley EC			0%
HILL	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	98%	T-NMP	Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA	2,067,714	2%
HOOD	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	98%	T-NMP	Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA	2,067,714	2%
HOPKINS	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	SWEP/CO(AEP)			0%
HOUSTON	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Houston County EC			0%
HOWARD	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Cap Rock EC			0%
HUDSPETH	EPEC	El Paso Electric Co/PCA	306,682	100%	Rio Grande EC			0%
HUNT	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	98%	T-NMP	Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA	2,067,714	2%
IRION	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Cap Rock EC			0%
JACK	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	98%	T-NMP	Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA	2,067,714	2%
JACKSON	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Jackson EC			0%
JEFF DAVIS	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Rio Grande EC			0%
JIM HOGG	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Medina EC			0%
JIM WELLS	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Nueces EC			0%
JOHNSON	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	98%	T-NMP	Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA	2,067,714	2%
JONES	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Taylor EC			0%
KARNES	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Floresville			0%

Table 35: 2006 Allocation of PCA for each of 41 Non-attainment and Affected Counties, and ERCOT Counties (2).

County	Elec. Utilities 1	PCA	1998 Annual net Generation (MWh)	Percentage	Elec. Utilities 2	PCA	1998 Annual net Generation (MWh)	Percentage
KAUFMAN	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Trinity Valley EC			0%
KENDALL*	Boerne				Central Texas EC			
KENEDY*	Nueces EC				Magic Valley EC			
KENT	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	South Plains EC			0%
KERR*	Kerrville				Bandera EC			0%
KIMBLE	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Central Texas EC			0%
KING	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	South Plains EC			0%
KINNEY	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Rio Grande EC			0%
KLEBERG	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Nueces EC			0%
KNOX	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Tri-County EC			0%
LA SALLE	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Medina EC			0%
LAMAR	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	98%	T-NMP	Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA	2,067,714	2%
LAMPASAS	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Lampasas			0%
LAVACA*	Schulenburg				Yoakum			
LEE*	Giddings				Lexington			
LEON	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	75%	ENTERGY	Entergy Electric System/PCA	32,288,113	25%
LIMESTONE	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	75%	ENTERGY	Entergy Electric System/PCA	32,288,113	25%
LIVE OAK	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	San Patricio EC			0%
LLANO*	Llano				Pedernales EC			
LOVING	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%				0%
MADISON	ENTERGY	Entergy Electric System/PCA	32,288,113	100%	Houston County EC			0%
MARTIN	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Cap Rock EC			0%
MASON*	Mason				Cap Rock EC			
MATAGORDA	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	19%	RELIANT(CENTER POINT)	Reliant Energy HL&P/PCA	74,386,176	81%
MAVERICK	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Rio Grande EC			0%
MCCULLOCH	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Brady			0%
MCLENNAN	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	98%	T-NMP	Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA	2,067,714	2%
MCMLLEN	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Karnes EC			0%
MEDINA	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	54%	CP&B	San Antonio Public Service Bd/PCA	14,641,059	46%
MENARD	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Cap Rock EC			0%
MIDLAND	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Cap Rock EC			0%
MILAM	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	75%	ENTERGY	Entergy Electric System/PCA	32,288,113	25%
MILLS*	Goldswaithe				Cap Rock EC			
MITCHELL	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Cap Rock EC			0%
MONTAGUE	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	98%	T-NMP	Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA	2,067,714	2%
MONTGOMERY	ENTERGY	Entergy Electric System/PCA	32,288,113	30%	RELIANT(CENTER POINT)	Reliant Energy HL&P/PCA	74,386,176	70%
MOTLEY	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Lighthouse EC			0%
NACOGDOCHES	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Cherokee County EC			0%
NAVARRO	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Navarro County EC			0%
NOLAN	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	15%	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97,581,030	85%
NUECES	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Robstown			0%
PALO PINTO	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	98%	T-NMP	Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA	2,067,714	2%
PARKER	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Weatherford			0%
PECOS	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	15%	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97,581,030	85%
PRESDIO	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Rio Grande EC			0%
RAINS	T-NMP	Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA	2067714	100%	FEC Electric			0%
REAGAN	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Cap Rock EC			0%
REAL	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Bandera EC			0%
RED RIVER	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	SWEPCO(AEP)			0%
REEVES	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	15%	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97,581,030	85%
REFUGIO	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	San Patricio EC			0%
ROBERTSON	ENTERGY	Entergy Electric System/PCA	32,288,113	100%	Heame			0%
ROCKWALL	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	FEC Electric			0%
RUNNELS	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Coleman County EC			0%
RUSK	SWEPCO(AEP)	Southwestern Public Service Co/PCA		0%	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97,581,030	100%
SAN PATRICIO	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	San Patricio EC			0%
SAN SABA*	San Saba				Central Texas EC			
SCHLEICHER	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Pedernales EC			0%
SCURRY	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Cap Rock EC			0%
SHACKELFORD	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Fort Belknap EC			0%
SMITH	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	SWEPCO(AEP)			0%
SOMERVELL	T-NMP	Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA	2067714	100%	United Coop Services			0%
STARR	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Medina EC			0%
STEPHENS	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Comanche EC			0%
STERLING	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Cap Rock EC			0%
STONEWALL	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Big Country EC			0%
SUTTON	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Pedernales EC			0%
TARRANT	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Tri-County EC			0%
TAYLOR	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Taylor EC			0%
TERRELL	T-NMP	Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA	2067714	100%	Rio Grande EC			0%
THROCKMORTON	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Fort Belknap EC			0%
TITUS	SWEPCO(AEP)	Southwestern Public Service Co/PCA		0%	T-NMP	Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA	2,067,714	100%
TOM GREEN	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Concho Valley EC			0%
TRAVIS	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	97%	Austin Energy	Austin Energy/PCA	3,359,240	3%
UPTON	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	15%	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97,581,030	85%
UVALDE	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Bandera EC			0%
VAL VERDE	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Rio Grande EC			0%
VAN ZANDT	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	SWEPCO(AEP)			0%
VICTORIA	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Victoria EC			0%
WALLER	RELIANT(CENTER POINT)	Reliant Energy HL&P/PCA	74,386,176	100%	Hempstead			0%
WARD	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	98%	T-NMP	Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA	2,067,714	2%
WASHINGTON	ENTERGY	Entergy Electric System/PCA	32,288,113	100%	Bluebonnet EC			0%
WEBB	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Rio Grande EC			0%
WHARTON	RELIANT(CENTER POINT)	Reliant Energy HL&P/PCA	74,386,176	81%	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17162569	19%
WICHITA	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Electra			0%
WILBARGER	WTU(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Vernon			0%
WILLACY	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Magic Valley EC			0%
WILLIAMSON	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	97%	Austin Energy	Austin Energy/PCA	3,359,240	3%
WILSON	Floresville	San Antonio Public Service Bd/PCA		100%	Guadalupe Valley EC			
WINKLER	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	98%	T-NMP	Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA	2,067,714	2%
WISE	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	100%	Bridgeport			0%
YOUNG	ONCOR	TXU Electric/PCA	97581030	98%	T-NMP	Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA	2,067,714	2%
ZAPATA	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Medina EC			0%
ZAVALA	CPL(AEP)	American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	17,162,569	100%	Medina EC			0%



Table 36: 2007 Totalized Annual Electricity Savings from IECC / IRC by PCA for Single-family Residences Using 1999 Base Year.

<b>PCA</b>	<b>Total Electricity Savings by PCA (MWh)</b>
<b>American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA</b>	32,950.72
<b>Austin Energy/PCA</b>	1,192.30
<b>Brownsville Public Utils Board/PCA</b>	0.00
<b>Lower Colorado River Authority/PCA</b>	4,631.94
<b>Reliant Energy HL&amp;P/PCA</b>	82,244.81
<b>San Antonio Public Service Bd /PCA</b>	24,443.43
<b>South Texas Electric Coop Inc/PCA</b>	0.00
<b>Texas Municipal Power Pool/PCA</b>	0.00
<b>Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA</b>	1,431.04
<b>TXU Electric/PCA</b>	141,958.65
<b>El Paso Electric Co/PCA</b>	317.38
<b>Entergy Electric System/PCA</b>	24,799.04
<b>Total</b>	313,969.30

Table 37: 2007 Annual NOx Reductions from IECC / IRC by PCA for Single-family Residences by County Using 2007 eGRID.

Area	County	Electric Power - (ERCOT) (kWh)	NO <sub>x</sub> Reductions (lbs)	Austin Energy (kWh)	NO <sub>x</sub> Reductions (lbs)	Brennsville Public Utility Board (kWh)	NO <sub>x</sub> Reductions (lb/yr)	Lower Colorado Authority (lb/yr)	San Antonio Service NO <sub>x</sub> Reductions (lb/yr)	South Texas Crop INCPC (lb/yr)	Texas Capital Power NO <sub>x</sub> Reductions (lb/yr)	Texas New Power Co-PA NO <sub>x</sub> Reductions (lb/yr)	NO <sub>x</sub> Reductions (lbs)	Electricity (kWh)	Total NO <sub>x</sub> Reductions (lbs)	Total New Reductions (lbs)
Houston Galveston Area	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
Dallas Fort Worth Area	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
San Antonio Area	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
Austin Area	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
North Texas Area	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
Central Texas Area	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
South Texas Area	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	0.000818	121.26	121.26	121.26	121.26
	Adkins	0.00														

Table 38: 2007 Totalized OSD Electricity Savings from IECC / IRC by PCA for Single-family Residences.

<b>PCA</b>	<b>Total Electricity Savings by PCA (MWh)</b>
American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	162.35
Austin Energy/PCA	6.96
Brownsville Public Utils Board/PCA	0.00
Lower Colorado River Authority/PCA	27.04
Reliant Energy HL&P/PCA	492.19
San Antonio Public Service Bd /PCA	143.44
South Texas Electric Coop Inc/PCA	0.00
Texas Municipal Power Pool/PCA	0.00
Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA	8.85
TXU Electric/PCA	880.24
El Paso Electric Co/PCA	1.49
Entergy Electric System/PCA	150.06
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,872.61</b>



### 6.1.2 2007 Results for New Multi-family Residential Construction.

In this section of the report, calculations are provided regarding the potential electricity reductions and associated emissions reductions from the implementation of the IECC / IRC to new multi-family residences in all the counties in ERCOT region as well as the 41 non-attainment and affected counties. To calculate the NO<sub>x</sub> emissions reductions from the implementation of the IECC / IRC in multi-family residences, new construction activity by county had to be determined. Then, energy savings attributable to the IECC / IRC had to be modeled using the code-traceable, DOE-2 simulation that the Laboratory has developed for the TERP. Next, these estimates were applied to the NAHB's survey data to determine the appropriate number of housing types. In addition, estimates of the NO<sub>x</sub> reduction potential from the electricity reductions in each county were calculated using the US EPA's 2007 eGRID database<sup>28</sup>.

In Table 40 and Table 41, the 1999 and IECC / IRC code-compliant building characteristics for multi-family are shown for each county. The IECC / IRC code-compliant characteristics are the minimum building code characteristics required by the IECC / IRC for each county for multi-family residences (i.e., Type A.2). In Table 40 and Table 41, the rows are sorted first by the US EPA's non-attainment and affected designation, then alphabetically. Next, in the third column, the location of the TMY2 weather file is listed, followed by the NAHB survey classification. The fifth column in Table 40 and Table 41 lists the window area for the average house as defined by the NAHB survey<sup>29</sup>. The sixth, seventh, eighth and ninth columns show the NAHB's average glazing U-value, Solar Heat Gain Coefficient (SHGC), roof insulation and wall insulation, respectively. In columns ten through fourteen of Table 40 and Table 41, the corresponding values from the IECC / IRC code-compliant house are listed for each county (i.e., percent area, glazing U-value, SHGC, roof and wall insulation R-value). For each county the identical window percent area was used for the 1999 and code-compliant calculation (i.e., window-to-wall area).

The IECC / IRC SHGC is 0.4 for all non-attainment and affected counties since they all fall below the 3,500 HDD<sub>65</sub>, as required by the IECC / IRC. All houses were assumed to have an air conditioner efficiency<sup>30</sup> equal to a SEER 11, and a furnace efficiency (AFUE) or 0.80. The values shown in Table 40 and Table 41, represent the only changes that were made to the simulation to obtain the savings calculations. All other variables in the simulation remained the same for the 1999 and IECC / IRC code-compliant simulation. In cases where the 1999 values were more efficient than the IECC / IRC code-compliant simulation, the 1999 values were used in both simulations, since this indicates that the prevailing practice is already above code.

In Table 42 and Table 43, the code-traceable simulation results for multi-family are shown for each county. In a similar fashion as Table 40 and Table 41, this table is first divided into US EPA affected and then non-attainment classifications, followed by an alphabetical listing of counties. In the third column, the IECC / IRC climate zone is listed followed by the number of projected new housing units<sup>31</sup> in the fourth column. In the fifth column, the total simulated energy use is listed if all new construction had been built to pre-code specifications, and, in the sixth column, the total county-wide energy use for code-compliant construction is shown. In a similar fashion as the 2006 report, the values in the fifth and sixth columns come from the associated tables in the 2007 Volume III Appendix to the 2007 Volume II Technical report. As previously explained, in the 2007 report, 18 simulations were run for each county, which were then distributed according to the NAHB's survey data to account for 1, 2 or 3 story, and 3 fuel options (i.e., central air conditioning with electric resistance heating, heat pump heating, or a natural gas-fired furnace).

In the seventh and eighth columns, the total pre-code and code-compliant peak-day energy use is reported for peak OSD, Episode Day for the 2007 annual report across all counties. In a similar fashion as the annual pre-code and code-compliant energy use, these values are from the associated tables for each county in the Volume III Appendix to this report.

In the ninth and tenth columns, the total annual electricity and Ozone Season Day savings are shown for each county, respectively. In similar fashion as the 2006 report, a 7% transmission and distribution loss is used in the 2007 report, which represents a fixed 1.07 multiplier for the electricity use. In the eleventh and twelfth columns, the total annual pre-code and code-compliant natural gas use is shown for those residences that had natural gas-fired furnaces and domestic water heaters. Similarly, in columns thirteen and fourteen, the simulated total peak OSD natural gas use on

<sup>28</sup> This analysis assumes transmission and distribution losses of 7%. Counties were assigned to utility service districts as indicated in a fashion similar to the 2004 report.

<sup>29</sup> In a similar fashion as single-family, this value represents the NAHB's reported number of window units times an average window size of 3 x 5 feet, which was determined by surveying local building suppliers. Additional information about the procedures used to determine these values can be found in Im (2003).

<sup>30</sup> In a similar fashion as single-family, the choice of a SEER 11 efficiency for the air conditioner was based on ARI sales numbers for Texas which show an average SEER 11 for houses built in 1999.

<sup>31</sup> The number of projected new housing units uses the published values for the new housing units in 2006. A vacancy rate of 0% was assumed for 2006 calculations, based on information suggested by the Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University.



the OSD, is shown for each county. Finally, in columns fifteen and sixteen, the total annual and peak-day natural gas savings are shown for each county.

In Table 44, the annual electricity savings from Table 42 and Table 43 are assigned to PCA provider(s) in a similar fashion as the single-family residential assignments. The total electricity savings for each PCA, as shown in Table 44, are then entered into the bottom row of Table 45 and Table 47, the 2007 US EPA eGRID database for Texas. eGRID then proportions each MWh of electricity savings according to the 1999 measured data from the power plants assigned to that PCA. For each county in which there is a power plant, the lbs-NOx/MWh are calculated and displayed as NOx reductions (lbs) in the column adjacent to the PCA column. In a similar fashion as the single-family residences, adding across the rows then totals the NOx reductions in each county from multiple PCAs that have power plants in that county. Counties that do not show NOx reductions represent counties that do not have power plants in eGRID's database. In Table 45, the PCA assignments for peak OSD reductions are shown for each county, and, in Table 47, the peak OSD NOx reductions are shown calculated with the 2007 eGRID.

Table 40: 1999 and IECC / IRC Code-compliant Building Characteristics used in the DOE-2 Simulation for Multi-family Residential (1).

		Climate Zone	1999 Average					2000 IECC				
			Area %	Glazing U-value (Btu/hr-ft <sup>2</sup> -F)	SHGC	Roof Insulation (R-12 F/Ru)	Wall Insulation (R-12 F/Ru)	Area %	Glazing U-value (Btu/hr-ft <sup>2</sup> -F)	SHGC	Roof Insulation (R-12 F/Ru)	Wall Insulation (R-12 F/Ru)
Non-attainment	BRAZORIA	3	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	CHAMBERS	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
	COLLIN	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	DALLAS	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	DENTON	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	EL PASO	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	FORT BEND	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
	GALVESTON	3	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	HARDIN	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
	HARRIS	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
	JEFFERSON	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
	LIBERTY	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
	MONTGOMERY	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
	ORANGE	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
	TARRANT	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	WALLER	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
Affected	BASTROP	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
	BEXAR	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
	CALDWELL	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
	COMAL	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
	ELLIS	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	GREGG	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	GUADALUPE	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
	HARRISON	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	HAYS	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	HENDERSON	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	HOOD	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	HUNT	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	JOHNSON	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	KAUFMAN	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	KEESLER	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	PARKER	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	ROCKWALL	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	RUSK	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	SAN PATRICIO	3	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	SMITH	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	TRAVIS	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	UPSHUR	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	VICTORIA	3	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	WILLIAMSON	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	WILSON	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
	ANDERSON	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	ANDREWS	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	ANGELINA	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	ARANSAS	3	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	ARCHER	7	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	ATASCOSA	3	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	AUSTIN	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
	BANDERA	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	BAYLOR	7	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	BEE	3	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	BELL	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	BLANCO	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	BORDEN	7	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	BOSQUE	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	BRAZOS	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
	BREWSTER	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	BRISCOE	8	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	BROOKS	2	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	BROWN	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	BURLESON	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
	BURNET	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	CALHOUN	3	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	CALLAHAN	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	CAMERON	2	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	CHEROKEE	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	CHILDRESS	7	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	CULY	7	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	COKE	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
ERCOT	COLEMAN	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	COLORADO	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
	COMANCHE	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	CONCHO	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	COOKE	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	CORYELL	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	COTTLE	7	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	CRANE	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	CROCKETT	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	CROSBY	7	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	CULBERSON	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	DAWSON	7	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	DE WITT	3	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	DELTA	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	DICKENS	7	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	DIMMIT	3	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	DUVAL	3	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	EASTLAND	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	ECTOR	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	EDWARDS	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	ERATH	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	FALLS	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	FANNIN	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	FAYETTE	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
	FISHER	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	FOARD	7	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	FRANKLIN	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	FREESTONE	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00

Table 41: 1999 and IECC / IRC Code-compliant Building Characteristics used in the DOE-2 Simulation for Multi-family Residential (2).

		Climate Zone	1999 Average					2000 IECC				
			Area %	Glazing U-value (Btu/hr-ft <sup>2</sup> -F)	SHGC	Roof Insulation (R-12-F/Btu)	Wall Insulation (R-12-F/Btu)	Area %	Glazing U-value (Btu/hr-ft <sup>2</sup> -F)	SHGC	Roof Insulation (R-12-F/Btu)	Wall Insulation (R-12-F/Btu)
EROT	FRIO	3	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	GILLESPIE	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	GLASSCOCK	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	GOLIAD	3	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	GONZALES	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
	GRAYSON	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	GRIMES	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
	HALL	8	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	HAMILTON	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	HARDEMAN	7	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	HASKELL	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	HIDALGO	2	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	HILL	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	HOPKINS	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	HOUSTON	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	HOWARD	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	HUDSPETH	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	IRON	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	JACK	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	JACKSON	3	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	JEFF DAVIS	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	JIM HOGG	2	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	JIM WELLS	3	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	JONES	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	KARNES	3	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	KENDALL	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	KENEDY	2	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	KENT	7	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	KERR	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	KIMBLE	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	KING	7	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	KINNEY	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
	KLEBERG	2	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	KNOX	7	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	LA SALLE	3	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	LAMAR	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	LAMPASAS	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	LAVACA	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
	LEE	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
	LEON	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	LIMESTONE	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	LIVE OAK	3	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	LLANO	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	LOVING	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	MADISON	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
	MARTIN	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	MASON	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	MATAGORDA	3	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	MAVERICK	3	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	MCCULLOCH	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	MCLENNAN	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	MC MULLEN	3	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	MEDINA	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
	MENARD	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	MIDLAND	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	MILAM	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
	MILLS	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	MITCHELL	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	MONTAGUE	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	MOTLEY	7	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	NACOGDOCHES	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	NAVARRO	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	NOLAN	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	PALO PINTO	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	PECOS	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	PRESIDIO	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	RAINS	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	REAGAN	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	REAL	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	RED RIVER	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	REEVES	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	REFUGIO	3	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	ROBERTSON	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
	RUNNELS	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	SAN SABA	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	SCHLEICHER	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	SCURRY	7	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	SHACKELFORD	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	SOMERVELL	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	STARR	2	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	STEPHENS	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	STERLING	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	STONEWALL	7	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	SUTTON	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	TAYLOR	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	TERRELL	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	THROCKMORTON	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	TITUS	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	TOM GREEN	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	UPTON	5	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.70	0.40	19.00	11.00
	UVALDE	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
	VAL VERDE	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
	VAN ZANDT	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	WARD	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	WASHINGTON	4	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.85	0.40	19.00	11.00
	WEBB	3	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	WHARTON	3	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	WICHITA	7	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	WILBARGER	7	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	13.00
	WILLACY	2	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	any	0.40	19.00	11.00
	WINKLER	6	7.5%	0.75	0.61	36.08	21.41	7.5%	0.55	0.40	30.00	

Table 42: 2007 Annual and OSD Electricity and Natural Gas Savings from Implementation of the IECC / IRC for Multi-family Residences (1).

2006 Summary															
	County	Climate Zone	No. of Projected Units (2006)	Precode Total Annual Elec. Use (MWh/yr)	Code-compliant Total Annual Elec. Use (MWh/yr)	Precode OSD Elec. Use (MWh/day)	Code-compliant OSD Elec. Use (MWh/day)	Total Annual Elec. Savings (MWh/yr) w/ 7% of T&D Loss	Total OSD Elec. Savings (MWh/day) w/ 7% of T&D Loss	Precode Total NG Use (Therm/yr)	Code-compliant Total NG Use (Therm/yr)	Precode OSD NG Use (Therm/day)	Code-compliant OSD NG Use (Therm/day)	Total Annual NG Savings (Therm/yr)	Total OSD NG Savings (Therm/day)
Affected County	BASTROP	4	76	540	512	1.87	1.70	29.43	0.18	2,935	2,321	6.93	5.15	614.45	1.78
	BEXAR	4	5,792	40,550	38,703	137.33	125.53	1,976.11	12.83	228,276	181,479	534.43	398.90	46,797.41	135.53
	CALDWELL	4	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	COMAL	4	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	ELLIS	5	8	61	59	0.20	0.19	2.61	0.02	370	310	0.73	0.54	60.68	0.19
	GREGG	6	222	1,660	1,576	5.57	5.03	89.91	0.58	9,952	8,021	20.14	14.95	1,931.55	5.19
	GUADALUPE	4	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	HARRISON	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	HAYS	5	526	3,735	3,541	12.94	11.75	207.52	1.26	20,317	15,988	47.96	35.65	4,328.21	12.31
	HENDERSON	5	8	61	59	0.20	0.19	2.60	0.02	371	310	0.73	0.54	61.03	0.19
	HOOD	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	HUNT	6	10	76	73	0.26	0.23	4.11	0.03	463	377	0.91	0.67	86.06	0.23
	JOHNSON	5	60	458	440	1.53	1.39	19.55	0.15	2,778	2,322	5.44	4.04	458.08	1.40
	KAUFMAN	6	110	840	798	2.81	2.53	45.02	0.29	5,097	4,146	9.98	7.41	951.42	2.57
	NEUECES	3	1,171	8,521	8,013	28.66	26.16	544.20	2.68	43,718	34,013	107.14	79.74	9,704.85	27.40
	PARKER	6	184	1,405	1,335	4.70	4.24	75.39	0.49	8,517	6,934	16.69	12.39	1,583.48	4.31
	ROCKWALL	6	30	229	218	0.77	0.69	12.29	0.08	1,389	1,131	2.72	2.02	258.18	0.70
	RUSK	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	SAN PATRICK	3	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	SMITH	5	103	770	739	2.59	2.35	33.60	0.26	4,613	3,821	9.34	6.93	791.27	2.41
	TRAVIS	5	6,163	43,775	41,497	151.59	137.72	2,436.77	14.83	237,777	187,332	561.91	417.70	50,444.73	144.21
	UPSHUR	6	53	396	376	1.33	1.20	21.49	0.14	2,376	1,915	4.81	3.57	461.28	1.24
	VICTORIA	3	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	WILLIAMSON	5	1,716	12,191	11,556	42.23	38.36	679.89	4.14	66,206	52,155	156.46	116.30	14,050.25	40.15
	WILSON	4	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Nonattainment County	BRAZORIA	3	302	2,136	2,026	7.23	6.60	117.78	0.68	11,608	9,151	27.73	20.67	2,457.15	7.07
	CHAMBERS	4	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	COLLIN	6	2,746	20,989	20,145	70.22	63.64	902.39	7.04	127,112	106,165	249.13	184.87	20,946.92	64.26
	DALLAS	5	5,615	42,893	41,181	143.34	129.96	1,831.31	14.31	259,932	217,344	509.41	378.02	42,588.20	131.39
	DENTON	6	326	2,491	2,366	8.33	7.52	133.94	0.87	15,090	12,271	29.58	21.95	2,819.67	7.63
	EL PASO	6	263	1,899	1,811	5.76	5.28	93.37	0.51	11,733	9,520	25.08	18.93	2,212.85	6.15
	FORT BEND	4	886	6,269	5,945	21.23	19.38	346.55	1.98	34,056	28,847	81.37	60.63	7,208.73	20.73
	GALVESTON	3	309	19,328	18,329	65.43	59.73	1,065.91	6.11	105,012	82,784	250.89	186.96	22,228.27	63.93
	HARDIN	4	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	HARRIS	4	13,432	95,041	90,132	321.87	293.77	5,252.69	30.07	516,295	407,009	1,233.52	919.21	109,286.26	314.31
	JEFFERSON	4	1,036	7,375	6,988	24.95	22.74	414.29	2.37	40,372	31,996	96.18	71.94	8,375.95	24.24
	LIBERTY	4	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	MONTGOMERY	4	1,468	10,395	9,855	35.22	32.14	577.38	3.30	56,423	44,479	134.81	100.46	11,944.27	34.35
	ORANGE	4	12	85	81	0.29	0.26	4.80	0.03	468	371	1.11	0.83	97.02	0.28
	TARRANT	5	3,806	29,072	27,911	97.18	88.10	1,242.32	9.71	176,189	147,322	345.29	256.23	28,867.44	89.06
	WALLER	4	155	1,097	1,041	3.72	3.39	60.94	0.35	5,957	4,696	14.23	10.61	1,261.15	3.63
	ANDERSON	5	76	545	525	1.75	1.61	20.94	0.16	3,381	2,794	7.22	5.44	587	1.78
	ANDREWS	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	ANGELINA	5	57	409	394	1.32	1.21	15.70	0.12	2,536	2,095	5.41	4.08	441	1.33
	ARANSAS	3	16	116	109	0.39	0.36	7.44	0.04	597	465	1.46	1.09	133	0.37
	ARCHER	7	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	ATASCOSA	3	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	AUSTIN	4	5	35	34	0.12	0.11	1.96	0.01	192	152	0.46	0.34	41	0.12
	BANDERA	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	BAYLOR	7	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	BEE	3	2	14	13	0.05	0.04	0.71	0.00	79	63	0.19	0.14	16	0.05
	BELL	5	1,597	13,260	12,990	41.96	40.45	289.29	1.62	69,454	58,025	151.34	113.97	11,429	37.37
	BLANCO	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	BORDEN	7	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	BOSQUE	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	BRAZOS	4	665	4,705	4,462	15.94	14.54	260.05	1.49	25,561	20,150	61.07	45.51	5,411	15.56
	BREWSTER	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	BRISCOE	8	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	BROOKS	2	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	BROWN	5	60	498	488	1.58	1.52	10.87	0.06	2,609	2,180	5.69	4.28	429	1.40
	BURLESON	4	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	BURNET	5	24	170	162	0.59	0.54	9.49	0.06	926	730	2.19	1.63	196	0.56
ERCOT	CALHOUN	3	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	CALLAHAN	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	CAMERON	2	550	4,470	4,303	14.30	13.75	179.11	0.58	20,213	15,656	50.10	37.23	4,557	12.87
	CHEROKEE	5	8	57	55	0.18	0.17	2.20	0.02	356	294	0.76	0.57	62	0.19
	CHILDRESS	7	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	CLAY	7	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	COKE	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	COLEMAN	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	COLORADO	4	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	COMANCHE	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	CONCHO	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	COOKE	6	148	1,131	1,074	3.78	3.41	60.77	0.40	6,851	5,578	13.43	9.96	1,274	3.46
	CORYELL	5	164	1,362	1,334	4.31	4.15	29.71	0.17	7,132	5,959	15.54	11.70	1,174	3.84
	COTTE	7	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	CRANE	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	CROCKETT	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	CROSBY	7	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	CULBERSON	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	DAWSON	7	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	DE WITT	3	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	DELTA	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	DICKENS	7	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	DIMMIT	3	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	

Table 43: 2007 Annual and OSD Electricity and Natural Gas Savings from Implementation of the IECC / IRC for Multi-family Residences (2).

2006 Summary															
County	Climate Zone	No. of Projected Units (2006)	Precode Total Annual Elec. Use (MWh/yr)	Code-compliant Total Annual Elec. Use (MWh/yr)	Precode OSD Elec. Use (MWh/day)	Code-compliant OSD Elec. Use (MWh/day)	Total Annual Elec. Savings (MWh/yr) w/ 7% of T&D Loss	Total OSD Elec. Savings (MWh/yr) w/ 7% of T&D Loss	Precode Total NG Use (Therm/yr)	Code-compliant Total NG Use (Therm/yr)	Precode OSD NG Use (Therm/day)	Code-compliant OSD NG Use (Therm/day)	Total Annual NG Savings (Therm/yr)	Total OSD NG Savings (Therm/day)	
ERCOT	GILLESPIE	5	57	405	384	1.40	1.27	22.54	0.14	2,199	1,733	5.20	3.86	467	1.33
	GLASSCOCK	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	GOLIAD	3	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	GONZALES	4	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	GRAYSON	6	90	688	653	2.30	2.07	36.96	0.24	4,166	3,392	8.17	6.06	775	2.11
	GRIMES	4	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	HALL	8	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	HAMILTON	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	HARDEMAN	7	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	HASKELL	6	4	34	30	0.10	0.05	0.85	0.00	186	159	0.38	0.29	29	0.09
	HIDALGO	2	1,176	9,558	9,200	30.57	29.41	382.98	1.25	43,219	33,476	107.13	79.61	9,743	27.52
	HILL	5	38	316	309	1.00	0.96	6.88	0.04	1,653	1,381	3.60	2.71	272	0.89
	HOPKINS	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	HOUSTON	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	HOWARD	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	HUDSPETH	6	10	81	79	0.26	0.25	2.44	0.01	417	336	0.95	0.72	80	0.23
	IRON	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	JACK	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	JACKSON	3	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	JEFF DAVIS	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	JIM HOGG	2	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	JIM WELLS	3	2	13	14	0.05	0.04	0.93	0.00	75	58	0.18	0.14	17	0.05
	JONES	6	16	139	136	0.41	0.40	3.38	0.02	750	635	1.54	1.16	115	0.37
	KARNES	3	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	KENDALL	5	128	1,008	977	3.36	3.25	33.78	0.12	4,878	3,830	11.81	8.82	1,048	3.00
	KENEDY	2	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	KENT	7	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	KERR	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	KIMBLE	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	KING	7	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	KINNEY	4	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	KLEBERG	2	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	KNOX	7	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	LA SALLE	3	10	73	68	0.24	0.22	4.65	0.02	373	290	0.91	0.68	83	0.23
	LAMAR	6	19	145	139	0.49	0.44	6.24	0.05	880	735	1.72	1.28	145	0.44
	LAMPASAS	5	4	33	33	0.11	0.10	0.72	0.00	174	145	0.38	0.29	29	0.09
	LAVACA	4	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	LEE	4	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	LEON	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	LIMESTONE	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	LIVE OAK	3	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	LLANO	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	LOVING	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	MADISON	4	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	MARTIN	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	MASON	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	MATAGORDA	3	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	MAVERICK	3	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	MCCULLOCH	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	MCLENNAN	5	95	789	773	2.50	2.41	17.21	0.10	4,132	3,452	9.00	6.78	680	2.22
	MCMLLEN	3	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	MEDINA	4	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	MENARD	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	MIDLAND	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	MILAM	4	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	MILLS	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	MITCHELL	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	MONTAGUE	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	MOTLEY	7	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	NACOGDOCH	5	204	1,463	1,410	4.71	4.31	56.20	0.42	9,075	7,495	19.38	14.60	1,577	4.77
	NAVARRO	5	78	648	634	2.05	1.98	14.13	0.08	3,392	2,834	7.39	5.57	558	1.83
	NOLAN	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	PALO PINTO	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	PECOS	5	48	414	406	1.23	1.18	8.14	0.05	2,225	1,900	4.58	3.45	324	1.12
	PRESIDIO	5	2	17	17	0.05	0.05	0.34	0.00	93	79	0.19	0.14	14	0.05
	RAINS	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	REAGAN	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	REAL	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	RED RIVER	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	REEVES	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	REFUGIO	3	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	ROBERTSON	4	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	RUNNELS	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	SAN SABA	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	SCHLEICHER	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	SCURRY	7	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	SHACKELFORD	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	SOMERVILLE	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	STARR	2	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	STEPHENS	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	STERLING	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	STONEWALL	7	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	SUTTON	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	TAYLOR	6	16	139	136	0.41	0.40	3.38	0.02	750	635	1.54	1.16	115	0.37
	TERRELL	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	THROCKMOR	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	TITUS	6	14	107	103	0.36	0.32	4.60	0.04	648	541	1.27	0.94	107	0.33
	TOM GREEN	5	120	1,035	1,016	3.07	2.95	20.34	0.13	5,562	4,751	11.44	8.64	811	2.81
	UPTON	5	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	UVALDE	4	4	28	27	0.09	0.09	1.36	0.01	158	125	0.37	0.29	32	0.09
	VAL VERDE	4	128	896	855	3.03	2.77	43.67	0.28	5,045	4,011	11.81	8.82	1,034	3.00
	VAN ZANDT	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
	WARD	6	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
WASHINGTON	4	40	283	268	0.96	0.87	15.64	0.09	1,538	1,212	3.67	2.74	325	0.94	
WEBB	3	454	3,304	3,106	11.11	10.14	210.99	1.04	16,949	13,187	41.54	30.92	3,762	10.62	
WHARTON	3	18	127	121	0.43	0.39	6.36	0.04	0						



Table 44: 2007 Total Annual Electricity Savings from IECC / IRC by PCA for Multi-family Residences.

<b>PCA</b>	<b>Total Electricity Savings by PCA (MWh)</b>
<b>American Electric Power - West(ERCOT)/PCA</b>	1,441.11
<b>Austin Energy/PCA</b>	107.40
<b>Brownsville Public Utils Board/PCA</b>	0.00
<b>Lower Colorado River Authority/PCA</b>	219.45
<b>Reliant Energy HL&amp;P/PCA</b>	5,735.09
<b>San Antonio Public Service Bd /PCA</b>	1,990.64
<b>South Texas Electric Coop Inc/PCA</b>	0.00
<b>Texas Municipal Power Pool/PCA</b>	0.00
<b>Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA</b>	70.96
<b>TXU Electric/PCA</b>	8,035.02
<b>El Paso Electric Co/PCA</b>	5.48
<b>Entergy Electric System/PCA</b>	1,812.30
<b>Total</b>	19,417.44

Table 45: 2007 Annual NOx Reductions from IECC / IRC by PCA for Multi-family Residences by County using 2007 eGRID.

[illegible]

Table 46: 2007 Total OSD Electricity Savings from IECC / IRC by PCA for Multi-family Residences.

<b>PCA</b>	<b>Total Electricity Savings by PCA (MWh)</b>
<b>American Electric Power - West(ERCOT)/PCA</b>	6.28
<b>Austin Energy/PCA</b>	0.65
<b>Brownsville Public Utils Board/PCA</b>	0.00
<b>Lower Colorado River Authority/PCA</b>	1.33
<b>Reliant Energy HL&amp;P/PCA</b>	32.81
<b>San Antonio Public Service Bd /PCA</b>	12.71
<b>South Texas Electric Coop Inc/PCA</b>	0.00
<b>Texas Municipal Power Pool/PCA</b>	0.00
<b>Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA</b>	0.46
<b>TXU Electric/PCA</b>	55.90
<b>El Paso Electric Co/PCA</b>	0.03
<b>Entergy Electric System/PCA</b>	10.37
<b>Total</b>	120.54

Table 47: 2007 OSD NOx Reductions from IECC / IRC by PCA for Multi-family Residences by County using 2007 eGRID.

[illegible]

### 6.1.3 2007 Results for New Residential Construction (Single-family and Multi-family), using 1999 Base Year and 2007 eGRID.

In Table 48 and Table 49, the combined NOx emissions reductions are listed from single-family electricity savings, multi-family electricity savings, and natural gas savings (single-family and multi-family), which also show the 2007 annual and OSD electricity savings are shown for the combined single-family and multi-family savings.

Using the 2007 eGRID the total NOx reductions from electricity and natural gas savings from new construction in 2007 are calculated to be 265.42 tons NOx/year, which represents 217.18 tons NOx/year (81.8%) from single-family residential electricity savings, 13.39 tons NOx/year (5.0%) from multi-family residential electricity savings, and 34.85 tons NOx/year (13.1%) from natural gas savings from single-family and multi-family residential. On a peak Ozone Season Day (OSD), the NOx reductions in 2007 are calculated to be 1.43 tons of NOx/day, which represents 1.27 tons NOx/day (88.8%) from single-family residential electricity savings, 0.08 tons NOx/day (5.6%) from multi-family residential electricity savings, and 0.08 tons NOx/day (5.6%) from natural gas savings from single-family and multi-family residential.

Figure 93 through Figure 98 show the electricity and NOx reductions tabulated in Table 48 and Table 49. Figure 93 shows the annual electricity savings by county as a stacked bar chart, and Figure 94 shows the OSD electricity savings by county in a similar fashion. Figure 95 shows the spatial distribution of the electricity savings by county across the state.

Figure 96 shows the annual NOx reductions in a similar format at the electricity savings using a stacked bar chart with the ordering of the counties determined by Figure 93. Figure 97 shows the OSD NOx reductions, also as a stacked bar chart, and Figure 98 shows the spatial distribution of the NOx savings by county across the state.



Table 48: 2007 Annual and OSD NOx Reductions from Electricity and Natural Gas Savings Due to the IECC / IRC for Single-family and Multi-family Residences by County (Using 1999 Base year and 2007 eGRID) (1).

County	Electricity Savings and Resultant NOx Reductions (Single Family Houses)				Electricity Savings and Resultant NOx Reductions (Multi-Family Houses)				Total Electricity Savings and Resultant NOx Reductions (Single and Multi-Family Houses)				Total Natural Gas Savings and Resultant NOx Reductions (Single and Multi-Family Houses)				Total NOx Reductions	
	Total Annual Electricity Savings per County w/ % T&D Loss (MWh/County)	Annual NOx Reductions (Tons)	OSD Electricity Savings per County w/ % T&D Loss (MWh/County)	OSD NOx Reductions (Tons)	Total Annual Electricity Savings per County w/ % T&D Loss (MWh/County)	Annual NOx Reductions (Tons)	OSD Electricity Savings per County w/ % T&D Loss (MWh/County)	OSD NOx Reductions (Tons)	Total Annual Electricity Savings per County w/ % T&D Loss (MWh/County)	Annual NOx Reductions (Tons)	OSD Electricity Savings per County w/ % T&D Loss (MWh/County)	OSD NOx Reductions (Tons)	Total Annual N.G. Savings (Therm/County)	Annual NOx Reductions (Tons)	Total OSD N.G. Savings (Therm/County)	OSD NOx Reductions (Tons)	Annual NOx Reductions (Tons)	OSD NOx Reductions (Tons)
ADAMS	65,947.89	27.56	409.15	0.13	6,265.62	1.86	39.92	0.01	72,213.51	29.36	449.07	0.14	1,778,626.63	6.32	3,368.5867	0.0156	36.65	0.2137
ADAMS	26,152.82	8.59	188.44	0.07	1,240.35	0.47	7.71	0.00	27,393.17	8.56	196.15	0.07	752,210.77	2.66	1,452.1888	0.0067	12.55	0.0068
ADAMS	24,848.07	0.44	156.77	0.00	902.39	0.03	7.54	0.00	25,750.46	0.47	163.81	0.00	641,108.09	2.85	1,232.9100	0.0057	3.42	0.0046
ADAMS	26,785.44	3.06	133.82	0.00	1,891.31	0.17	14.32	0.00	28,676.75	3.23	148.14	0.00	616,946.73	4.44	1,114.4281	0.005	5.86	0.0071
ADAMS	16,953.24	14.03	88.40	0.08	1,076.11	1.19	13.03	0.01	18,029.35	15.13	101.43	0.09	413,314.18	1.80	1,085.9142	0.0086	18.03	0.0090
ADAMS	21,585.85	0.32	128.05	0.00	2,458.77	0.02	14.83	0.00	24,044.62	0.33	148.88	0.00	588,834.94	2.11	1,110.5233	0.0051	2.40	0.0071
ADAMS	6,762.54	0.10	43.48	0.00	103.84	0.01	0.87	0.00	6,866.38	0.11	44.35	0.00	139,368.39	0.80	323.2381	0.0015	0.90	0.0020
ADAMS	12,941.58	0.00	75.54	0.00	679.89	0.00	4.14	0.00	13,621.48	0.00	79.73	0.00	258,863.12	1.19	619.2333	0.0028	1.19	0.0028
ADAMS	8,514.39	0.00	38.56	0.00	93.57	0.00	0.51	0.00	8,607.95	0.00	39.07	0.00	229,490.63	1.03	397.4210	0.0018	1.03	0.0018
ADAMS	13,865.07	0.00	24.50	0.00	677.78	0.00	0.20	0.00	15,042.85	0.00	24.70	0.00	289,745.43	0.40	283.5284	0.0009	0.40	0.0009
ADAMS	4,951.59	14.31	26.78	0.02	1,065.91	0.05	1.11	0.00	6,017.50	15.32	27.89	0.02	116,414.88	0.54	219.6554	0.0015	15.32	0.0016
ADAMS	6,005.36	3.70	34.40	0.02	11,778.25	0.25	0.63	0.00	17,783.61	3.95	35.03	0.02	43,777.39	0.53	311.1800	0.0014	4.48	0.0016
ADAMS	4,587.12	0.00	28.73	0.00	4,651.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	9,238.51	0.00	28.73	0.00	28,937.60	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
ADAMS	2,959.19	0.00	15.37	0.00	12.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,971.44	0.00	15.37	0.00	120,798.88	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
ADAMS	4,462.70	0.75	28.22	0.04	207.52	0.04	7.20	0.00	4,670.22	0.79	35.42	0.04	86,316.22	0.41	213.3410	0.0010	1.21	0.0027
ADAMS	4,462.70	0.75	28.22	0.04	207.52	0.04	7.20	0.00	4,670.22	0.79	35.42	0.04	86,316.22	0.41	213.3410	0.0010	1.21	0.0027
ADAMS	14,242.77	28.37	83.77	0.13	348.55	1.92	1.88	0.01	14,591.33	30.25	85.65	0.14	307,254.33	1.41	752.5656	0.0026	31.70	0.1461
ADAMS	3,470.00	2.28	28.28	0.01	3,472.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	6,944.01	2.29	28.29	0.01	89,280.34	0.41	188.3199	0.0009	2.70	0.0066
ADAMS	2,281.00	0.00	14.31	0.00	1,935.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	4,216.00	0.00	14.46	0.00	56,811.88	0.27	111.0031	0.0003	0.27	0.0011
ADAMS	2,281.00	0.00	14.31	0.00	1,935.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	4,216.00	0.00	14.46	0.00	56,811.88	0.27	111.0031	0.0003	0.27	0.0011
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.32	0.03	45.02	0.25	0.29	0.00	1,556.20	4.60	0.51	0.03	44,377.39	0.23	73.3373	0.0001	4.83	0.0006
ADAMS	1,511.18	4.35	0.															

Table 49: 2007 Annual and OSD NOx Reductions from Electricity and Natural Gas Savings Due to the IECC / IRC for Single-family and Multi-family Residences by County (Using 1999 Base year and 2007 eGRID) (2).

County	Electricity Savings and Resultant NOx Reductions (Single Family Houses)				Electricity Savings and Resultant NOx Reductions (Multi-Family Houses)				Total Electricity Savings and Resultant NOx Reductions (Single and Multi-Family Houses)				Total Natural Gas Savings and Resultant NOx Reductions (Single and Multi-Family Houses)				Total NOx Reductions	
	Total Annual Electricity Savings per County w/ T&D Loss (MWh/County)	Annual NOx Reductions (Tons)	OSD Electricity Savings per County w/ T&D Loss (MWh/County)	OSD NOx Reductions (Tons)	Total Annual Electricity Savings per County w/ 7% T&D Loss (MWh/County)	Annual NOx Reductions (Tons)	OSD Electricity Savings per County w/ 7% T&D Loss (MWh/County)	OSD NOx Reductions (Tons)	Total Annual Electricity Savings per County w/ 7% T&D Loss (MWh/County)	Annual NOx Reductions (Tons)	OSD Electricity Savings per County w/ 7% T&D Loss (MWh/County)	OSD NOx Reductions (Tons)	Total Annual N.G. Savings (Therm/County)	Annual NOx Reductions (Tons)	Total OSD N.G. Savings (Therm/County)	OSD NOx Reductions (Tons)	Annual NOx Reductions (Tons)	OSD NOx Reductions (Tons)
CHEROKEE	35.16	2.41	0.24	0.01	2.20	0.14	0.00	0.00	37.37	2.55	0.2031	0.0108	1,178.88	0.01	2.5502	0.0000	2.55	0.0108
DIMMIT	17.15		0.08		0.00		0.00		17.15	0.00	0.0760	0.0000	287.10	0.00	0.7684	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
JALIS	18.46		0.10		0.00		0.00		18.46	0.00	0.1013	0.0000	588.10	0.00	1.0019	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
COLORADO	16.91		0.10		0.00		0.00		16.91	0.00	0.0983	0.0000	341.34	0.00	0.9802	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
FRIO	36.86	0.23	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	36.86	0.24	0.2150	0.0002	781.00	0.00	2.0184	0.0000	0.23	0.0002
MILAM	26.13	1.54	0.19	0.01	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.00	26.13	1.63	0.1852	0.0014	428.00	0.00	1.1011	0.0000	1.63	0.0014
JACKSON	35.98		0.19		0.00		0.00		35.98	0.00	0.1884	0.0000	748.00	0.00	1.9454	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
ANDERSON	25.32		0.17		20.84		0.16		46.25	0.00	0.3078	0.0000	1,391.40	0.01	3.4438	0.0000	0.01	0.0000
HILL	80.55		0.38		0.88		0.14		81.43	0.00	0.4052	0.0000	1,754.58	0.01	3.7150	0.0000	0.01	0.0000
CULBERTSON	4.57		0.02		0.00		0.00		4.57	0.00	0.0198	0.0000	114.14	0.00	0.2018	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
MASON	27.07		0.16		0.00		0.00		27.07	0.00	0.1580	0.0000	511.98	0.00	1.2110	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
PECOS	12.17	0.00	0.08	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	12.31	0.00	0.1171	0.0002	405.40	0.00	1.2582	0.0000	0.00	0.0002
PANOS	4.58		0.00		4.58		0.00		4.58	0.00	0.0271	0.0000	107.11	0.00	0.2018	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
JAVACA	21.80		0.14		0.00		0.00		21.80	0.00	0.1350	0.0000	592.52	0.00	1.3978	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
PALO PINTO	32.85	0.80	0.17	0.02	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	32.85	0.75	0.1713	0.0004	1,047.89	0.00	1.5138	0.0000	0.74	0.0004
KIMBLE	3.03		0.01		2.93		0.00		2.93	0.00	0.0100	0.0000	34.50	0.00	0.1000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
MADISON	21.81		0.13		0.00		0.00		21.81	0.00	0.1271	0.0000	495.11	0.00	1.1182	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
ANCHER	47.00		0.27		0.00		0.00		47.00	0.00	0.2683	0.0000	1,635.10	0.01	2.1102	0.0000	0.01	0.0000
REIDGRO	19.78		0.08		19.78		0.00		19.78	0.00	0.0811	0.0000	249.34	0.00	0.8478	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
LIMESTONE	6.49	0.09	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.49	0.01	0.0391	0.0000	158.85	0.00	0.3028	0.0000	0.01	0.0000
CLAY	3.95		0.00		0.00		0.00		3.95	0.00	0.0011	0.0000	349.40	0.00	0.4037	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
REB	20.68		0.14		24.31		0.21		44.99	0.00	0.1486	0.0000	588.10	0.00	1.2071	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
GONZALES	14.70		0.00		0.00		0.00		14.70	0.00	0.0883	0.0000	0.00	0.00	0.8074	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
BURLESON	25.17		0.15		0.00		0.00		25.17	0.00	0.1463	0.0000	530.97	0.00	1.2503	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
KARNES	15.03		0.08		15.03		0.00		15.03	0.00	0.0849	0.0000	389.97	0.00	0.8074	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
KLEBERG	78.58		0.50		0.00		0.00		78.58	0.00	0.5049	0.0000	2,708.00	0.01	3.7088	0.0000	0.01	0.0000
BREWSTER	14.20		0.00		14.20		0.00		14.20	0.00	0.0144	0.0000	499.47	0.00	0.2022	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
WINKLER	14.48		0.07		0.00		0.00		14.48	0.00	0.0689	0.0000	471.88	0.00	0.7084	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
FRANKLIN	4.58		0.05		0.00		0.00		4.58	0.00	0.0545	0.0000	214.22	0.00	0.4437	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
YOUNG	24.07	4.20	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00	0.00	24.07	4.44	0.1288	0.0004	760.35	0.00	1.1101	0.0000	4.44	0.0004
HOUSTON	8.85		0.07		0.00		0.00		8.85	0.00	0.0682	0.0000	910.71	0.00	0.6476	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
SEABURY	17.78		0.08		0.00		0.00		17.78	0.00	0.0787	0.0000	907.49	0.00	0.9252	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
ROQUE	17.20	0.12	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	17.30	0.13	0.1042	0.0012	420.14	0.00	0.8074	0.0000	0.13	0.0012
SOMANICHE	2.18		0.01		0.00		0.00		2.18	0.00	0.0130	0.0000	80.86	0.00	0.1089	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
BRISCOE	11.88		0.05		0.00		0.00		11.88	0.00	0.0487	0.0000	987.81	0.00	0.7884	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
CONCHO	4.00		0.00		4.00		0.00		4.00	0.00	0.0106	0.0000	84.58	0.00	0.1000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
ZAVALA	7.30		0.00		0.00		0.00		7.30	0.00	0.0340	0.0000	114.47	0.00	0.3000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
NOLAN	2.19	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.19	0.01	0.0114	0.0007	80.45	0.00	0.1000	0.0000	0.01	0.0007
BROOKS	6.68		0.00		6.68		0.00		6.68	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	161.25	0.00	0.2778	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
ROBERTSON	41.41	0.53	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	41.41	0.56	0.2406	0.0017	872.30	0.00	0.2380	0.0000	0.57	0.0017
LIVE OAK	31.42		0.15		0.00		0.00		31.42	0.00	0.1507	0.0000	568.87	0.00	1.4803	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
HAMILTON	1.52		0.00		0.00		0.00		1.52	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	100.86	0.00	0.2004	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
JONES	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.38	0.04	0.00	0.00	3.38	0.00	0.0151	0.0004	115.29	0.00	0.3744	0.0000	0.00	0.0004
REAGAN	6.80		0.00		6.80		0.00		6.80	0.00	0.0260	0.0000	188.17	0.00	0.3068	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
WARD	12.74		0.00		0.00		0.00		12.74	0.00	0.0100	0.0000	404.46	0.00	0.6000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
RED RIVER	5.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.11	0.00	0.0044	0.0000	153.78	0.00	0.2778	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
HASKELL	4.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.23	0.00	0.0066	0.0000	167.71	0.00	0.2954	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
NOWARD	4.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.14	0.00	0.0047	0.0000	129.46	0.00	0.2004	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
SAN SABA	6.77		0.04		0.00		0.00		6.77	0.00	0.0052	0.0000	127.48	0.00	0.3000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
JACK	8.70	1.48	0.05	0.01	0.00	0.08	0.00	0.00	8.70	1.54	0.0487	0.0008	277.78	0.00	0.4037	0.0000	1.54	0.0008
STEPHENS	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
BURNELL	4.08		0.00		0.00		0.00		4.08	0.00	0.0113	0.0000	118.98	0.00	0.2018	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
BELLEVUE	4.14		0.00		0.00		0.00		4.14	0.00	0.0097	0.0000	134.82	0.00	0.2018	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
DE WITT	8.85		0.00		8.85		0.00		8.85	0.00	0.0044	0.0000	213.70	0.00	0.2881	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
CHILDRESS	5.93		0.00		0.00		0.00		5.93	0.00	0.0059	0.0000	272.25	0.00	0.2778	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
CROSBY	24.80		0.11		0.00		0.00		24.80	0.00	0.1115	0.0000	1,270.49	0.01	1.2953	0.0000	0.01	0.0000
DANSON	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
MITCHELL	0.00	10.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.58	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.20	0.00	0.0594	0.0000	0.00	0.00	0.0000	0.58	0.0000
WILBARGER	8.85	0.59	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.85	0.59	0.0511	0.0000	349.83	0.00	0.4037	0.0000	0.59	0.0000
COLEMAN	4.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.22	0.00	0.0054	0.0001	110.50	0.00	0.2018	0.0000	0.00	0.0001
UPTON	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
DOKE	2.10	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00											

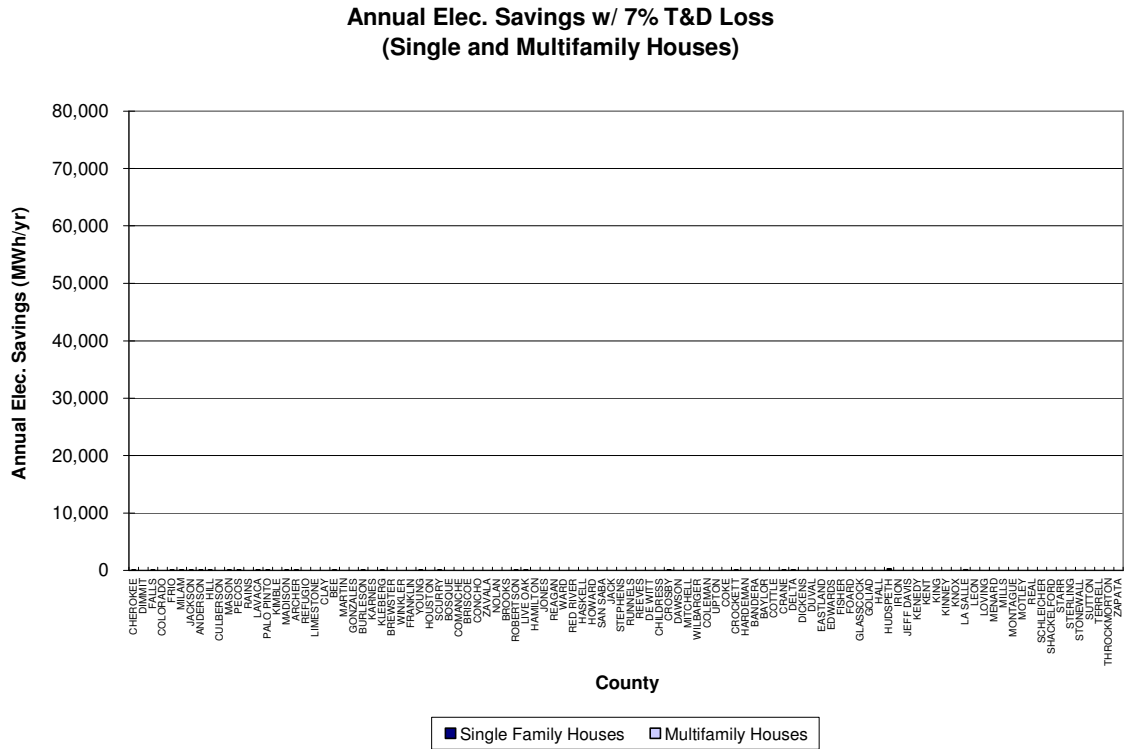
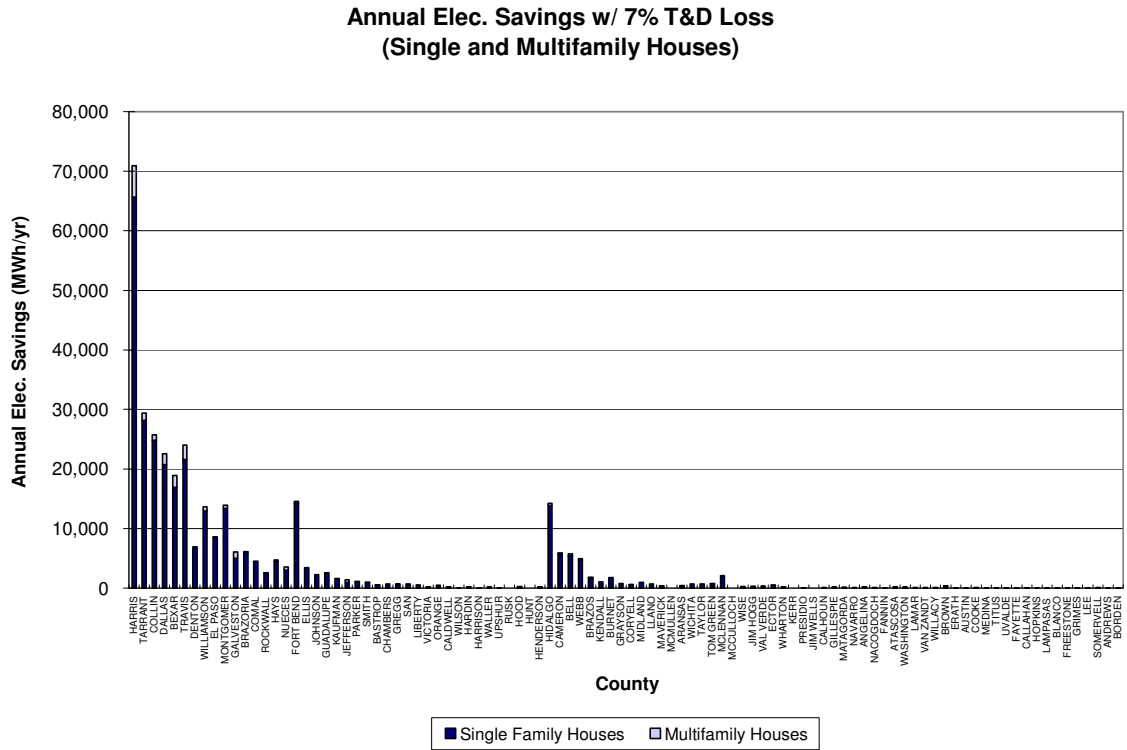


Figure 93: 2007 Annual Electricity Reductions from IECC / IRC by PCA for Single-family and Multi-family Residences by County.

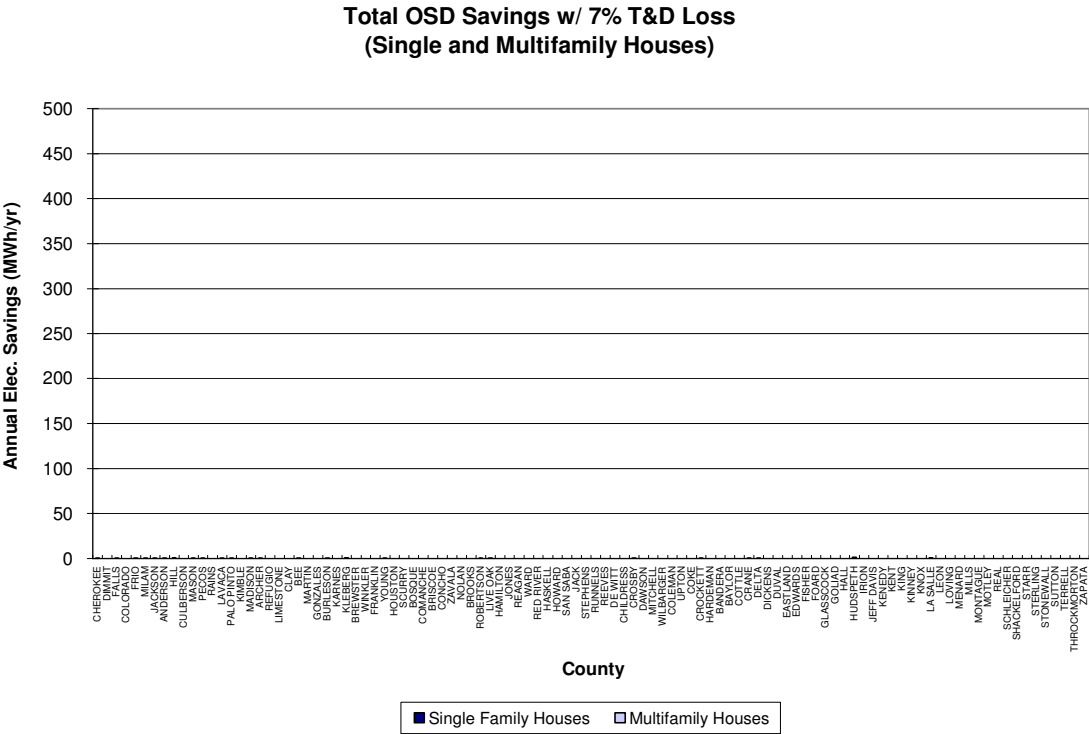
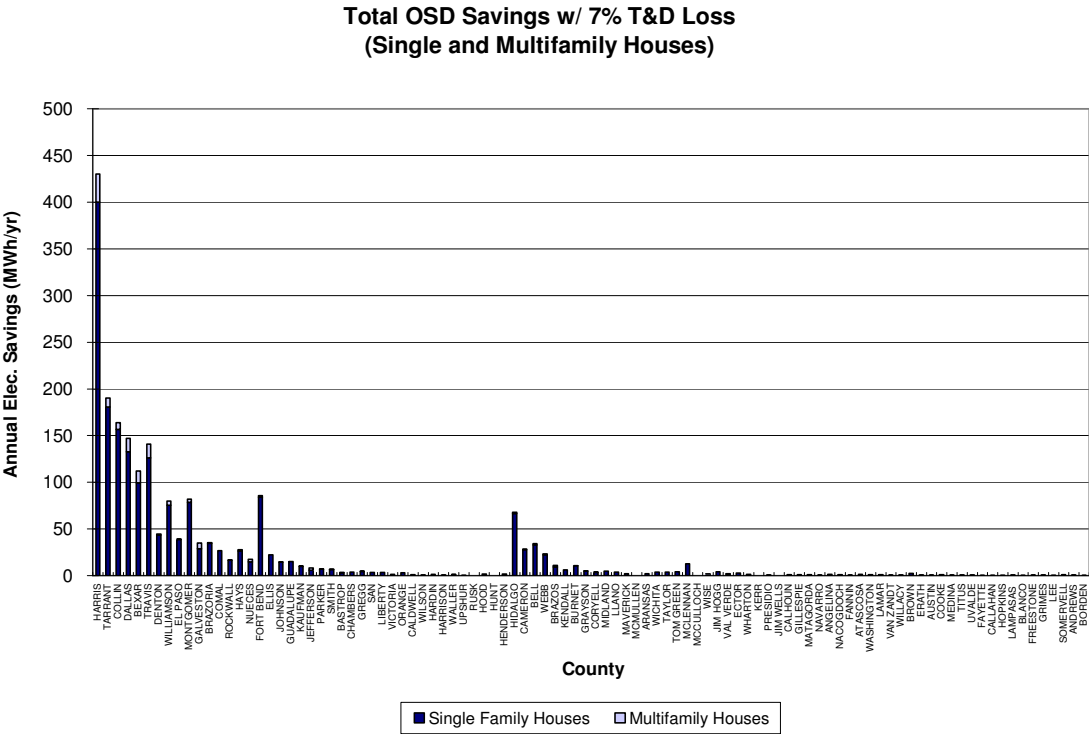


Figure 94: 2007 Annual Electricity Reductions from IECC / IRC by PCA for Single-family and Multi-family Residences by County.

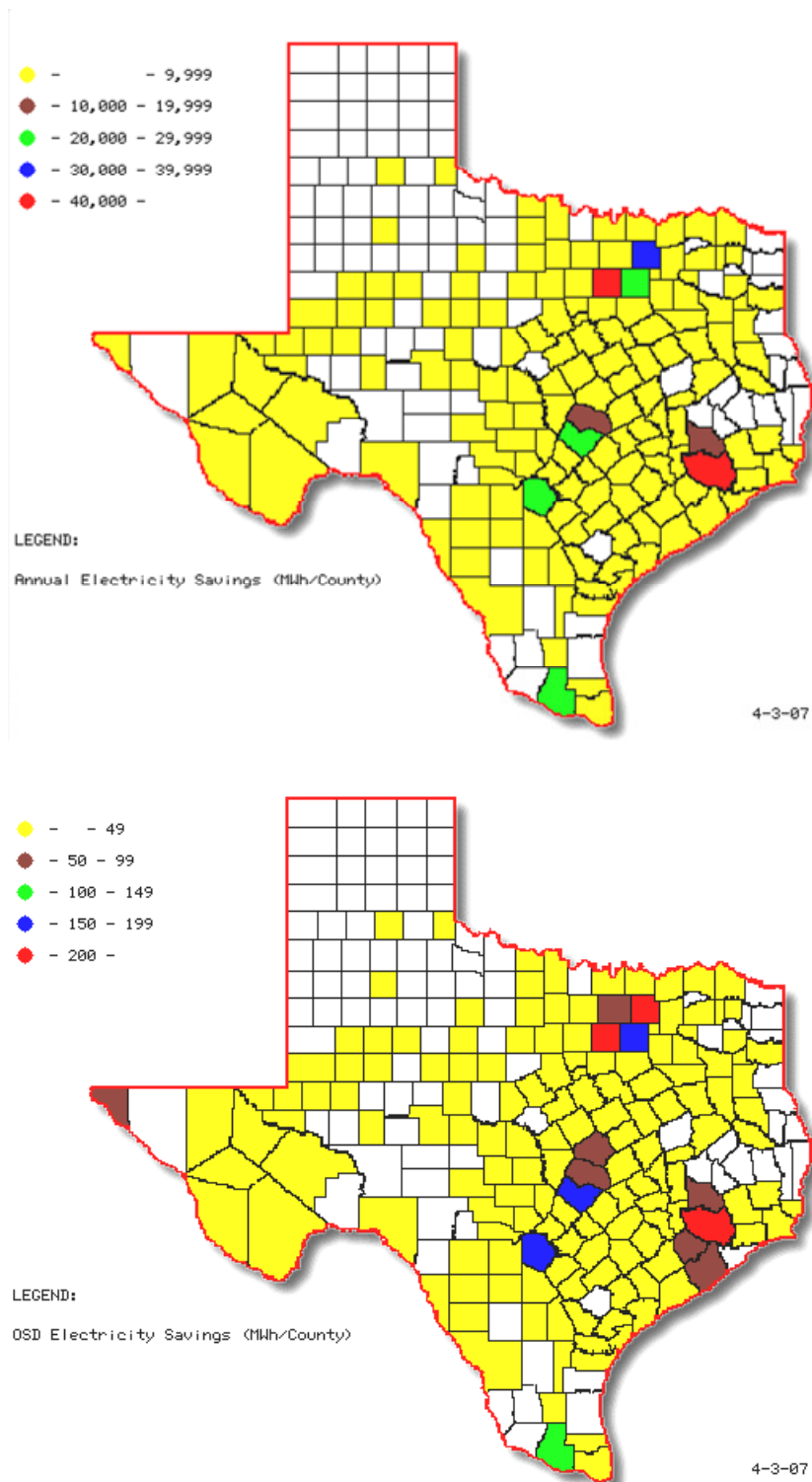


Figure 95: 2006 Annual and OSD Electricity Reductions from IECC / IRC by PCA for Single-family and Multi-family Residences by County.





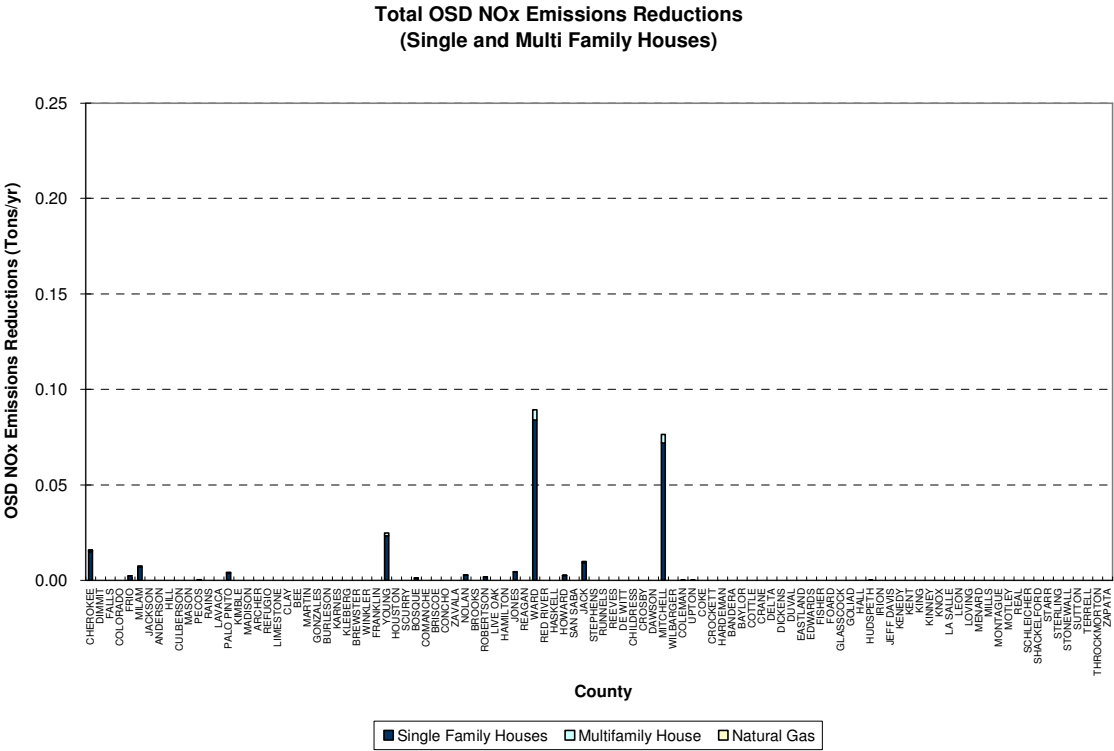
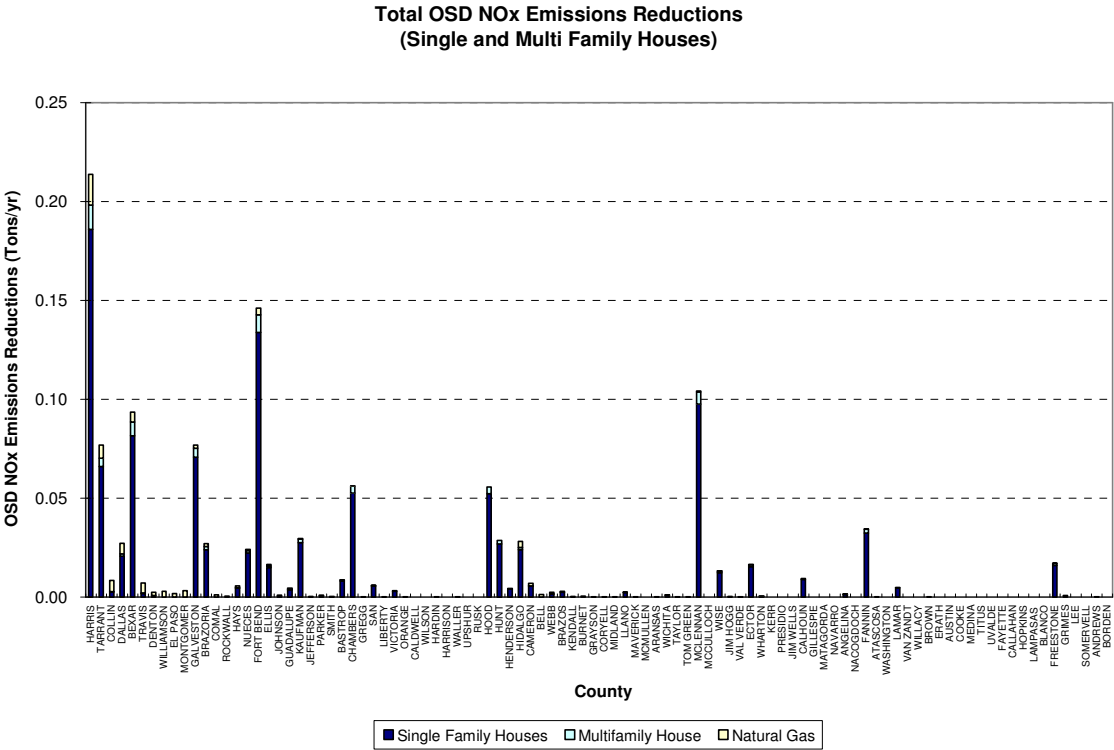


Figure 97: 2007 OSD NOx Reductions from Electricity and Natural Gas Savings Due to the IECC / IRC for Single-family and Multi-family Residences by County (using 1999 Base Year and 2007 eGRID).

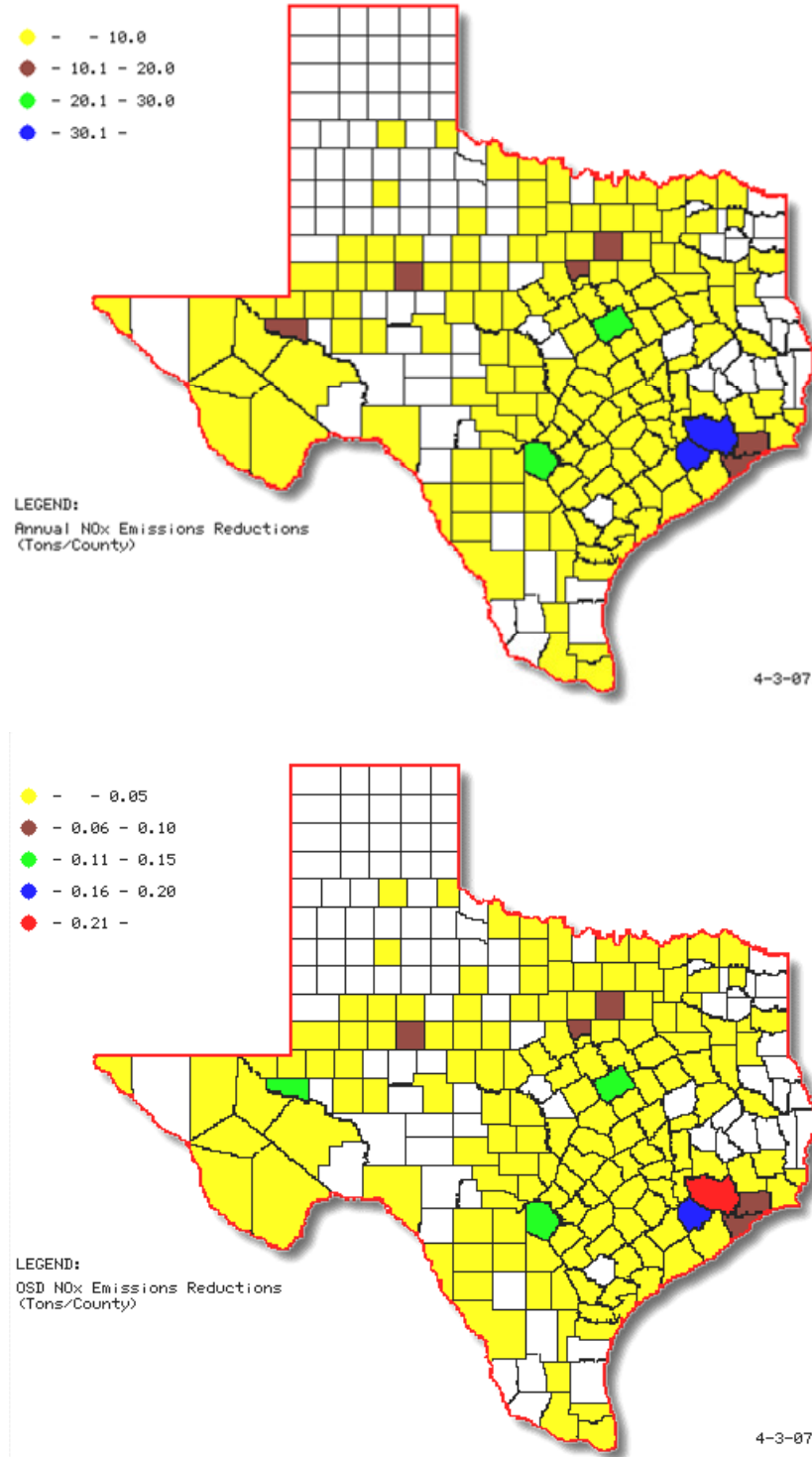


Figure 98: 2007 Annual and OSD NOx Reductions from Electricity and Natural Gas Savings Due to the IECC / IRC for Single-family and Multi-family Residences by County (Using 1999 Base year and 2007 eGRID).

#### 6.1.4 2007 Results for Commercial Construction.

This section reports on the calculated energy and emissions savings from new commercial construction in 2007 that was built to meet the new ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1999 energy code. Construction prior to September 2001 was assumed to comply to ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989, which was determined from a survey of engineers and architects reported in the Laboratory's 2006 Annual report to the TCEQ. To determine the energy and emissions savings from new commercial construction in all counties in ERCOT region as well as the 41 non-attainment and affected counties, data from two sources were merged into one analysis as shown in Figure 99. In this figure, the analysis is described that covers results shown in Figure 100 to Figure 105 and in Table 50 to Table 75.

Beginning in the upper left of Figure 99, the Dodge database of the square footage of new commercial construction in Texas (Dodge 2005) was merged with the energy savings calculations published by the Pacific Northwest National Laboratory (PNNL) in a report prepared for the U.S.D.O.E. (USDOE 2004). This allowed for the new construction to be tracked by county, and energy savings to be calculated by building type. In the next block in Figure 99 and Table 50, the merged categories from the Dodge and PNNL database can be seen. This resulted in 12 Dodge categories being merged into 7 PNNL energy use categories. In the 4<sup>th</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup> PNNL category, the Dodge "stores and restaurant" category had to be split into two categories to match the two PNNL categories for "retail" and "food." To accomplish this, information published in the 1999 and 2003 CBEC database (Table 51) by the U.S.D.O.E.'s Energy Information Agency (EIA) was used to determine the percentages used to split the Dodge conditioned area for each county as shown (i.e., 21.06% for food and 78.94% for retail). Table 52 shows the Dodge data for 1999 to 2003 prior to merging into the PNNL categories, which are shown by category in Figure 100 and Figure 101. Table 54 shows the Dodge data for 1999 to 2003 after merging into the required PNNL categories for the energy savings calculations, which were then used with the Dodge data from Table 54 for 2003 in the 2007 calculations. The square footage of all PNNL building types are shown for each county, followed by individual graphs of each building type in the lower seven graphs.

In the next step the PNNL energy savings, which represent buildings built to ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 versus Standard 90.1-1999, which are expressed per square foot, were then multiplied by the published square feet of new construction. For the 2007 results, the values for 2005 were assumed<sup>32</sup> for 2007, and Table 60 show the annual and OSD energy use calculated for new construction, by building type, for Standard 90.1-1989, and 90.1-1999. Table 66 shows the county-wide annual electricity and natural gas savings by building type<sup>33 34</sup>.

In order to calculate the Ozone Season Day electricity and natural gas savings, simulations were performed on a typical office building that simulated a 6-story, 90,000-sq. ft. office building in Central Texas. Figure 104 provides an image of the office building (3-story shown). Table 74 (building LOADS) and Table 75 (building SYSTEM and PLANT information) provide the input characteristics used to simulate the office building. The results of these simulations show about a 13% annual energy use reduction (Haberl et al. 2005). The simulations were also used to simulate the electricity and natural gas used during the Ozone Season Day (July 15 to Sept. 15) as shown in Figure 106, Figure 107, and Table 76. In the bottom row of Table 76, a ratio was calculated to allow for the conversion of annual savings to OSD savings. This ratio was then used in the remaining building types to accomplish this conversion.

In the next calculation step, electric utility providers were assigned to each county according to the published 1998 sales data from the Texas Public Utilities Commission as shown in Table 77. In the case where more than one utility was shown selling electricity in a county, a percentage of electricity use was allocated according to the PUCT's 1998 sales data. In the lower half of Table 77, the total electricity savings by utility provider is shown for 2005 for all estimated new commercial construction. Table 78 shows the calculated annual NOx emissions reductions from electricity using the 1999 eGRID table for Texas.

In a similar fashion as the annual calculations, electric utility providers were assigned to each county to calculate the OSD electricity savings by utility, as shown in Table 79. Table 80 shows the calculated NOx emissions reductions from electricity savings using the 1999 eGRID table for Texas. Table 81 shows the data transformation required to present the data in the bar charts that follow.

Table 82 shows the transformation of the annual and OSD county-wide electricity and natural gas savings, along with the associated 1999 NOx emissions reductions with 7% T&D losses. Figure 108 shows the data transformed which uses the 1999 eGRID and 7% T&D losses. In Figure 110 and Figure 111 the NOx emissions reductions from the electricity use savings are shown using the 2007 eGRID for Texas.

#### 6.1.5 2007 Results for New Commercial Construction using 2007 eGRID.

<sup>32</sup> This assumption is based on conversations with Texas State demographer's office.

<sup>33</sup> In this table (-) values are savings, (+) values are increased energy use.

<sup>34</sup> In a similar fashion as the preceding table, in this table (-) values are savings, (+) values are increased energy use.

Using the 2007 eGRID, the total NOx reductions from electricity and natural gas savings from new commercial construction in 2007 are calculated to be 56.67 tons NOx/year which represents 60.52 tons NOx/year from electricity savings and -3.85 tons NOx/year (i.e., an increase) from natural gas savings. On a peak Ozone Season Day (OSD), the NOx reductions in 2007 are calculated to be 0.45 tons of NOx/day which represents 0.38 tons NOx/day from electricity savings and 0.07 tons NOx/day from natural gas savings.

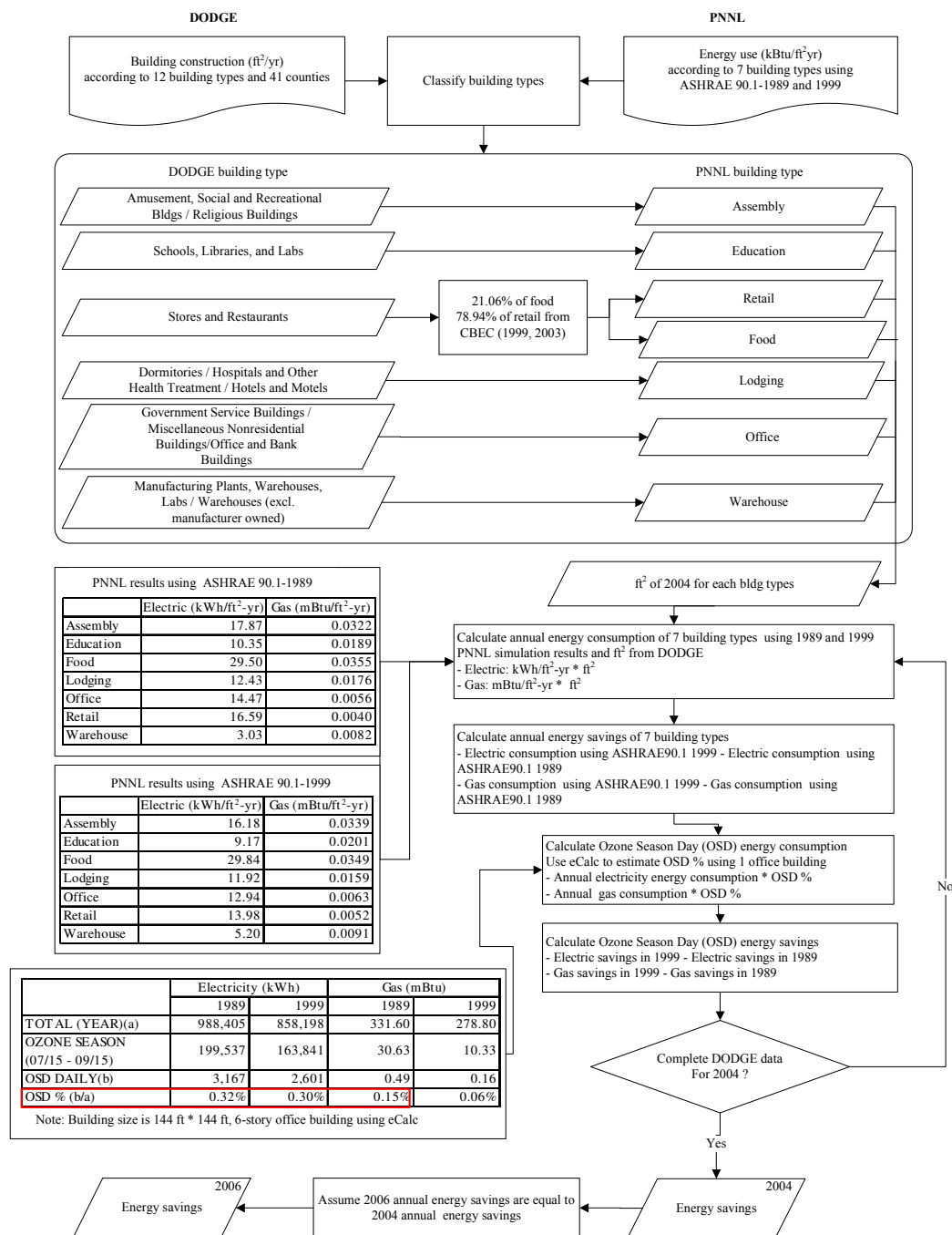


Figure 99: Analysis Method for Calculating the 2007 Energy and Emissions Savings from Commercial Buildings (Updated)



Table 50: Commercial Building Descriptions from USDOE (2004) Report and Dodge (2005).

No	PNNL Bldg Types	Dodge Bldg Types
1	Assembly	Amusement, Social and Recreational Bldgs
2		Religious Buildings
3	Education	Schools, Libraries, and Labs (nonmfg)
4	Retail	Stores and Restaurants
5	Food	Stores and Restaurants
6	Lodging	Dormitories
7		Hospitals and Other Health Treatment
8		Hotels and Motels
9	Office	Government Service Buildings
10		Miscellaneous Nonresidential Buildings
11		Office and Bank Buildings
12	Warehouse	Manufacturing Plants, Warehouses, Labs
13		Warehouses (excl. manufacturer owned)

Table 51: Floor Area from CBEC (1999, 2003) Database for Retail and Food Type Commercial Buildings.

		CBEC (1999)		CBEC (2003)	
		All (million square feet)	South (million square feet)	All (million square feet)	South (million square feet)
Food	Food Sales	994	392	1,255	487
	Food Service	1851	676	1,654	764
Retail	Retail (Other Than Mall)	4766	1566	4,317	1,844
	Enclosed and Strip Malls	5631	2513	6,875	3,251

	South		All	
	Food %	Retail %	Food %	Retail %
CBEC (1999) <sup>1</sup>	20.75	79.25	21.48	78.52
CBEC (2003) <sup>2</sup>	19.71	80.29	20.63	79.37
Average	20.23	79.77	21.06	78.94

Note1: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/cbecs/pdf/alltables.pdf>, page 4.

Note2: [http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/cbecs/cbecs2003/detailed\\_tables\\_2003/pdf2003/seta.pdf](http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/cbecs/cbecs2003/detailed_tables_2003/pdf2003/seta.pdf), Page 1.

Table 52: New Commercial Building Construction (sq. ft. x 1000) (Source: Dodge/McGraw-Hill 2007). Table shows Dodge (2005) data before merging into PNNL building types (sq. ft. x 1000) (Part 1).

County	Assembly	Education	Retail	Food	Lodging	Office	Warehouse
HARRIS	2304	4772	3819	1019	2657	3870	7754
TARRANT	1077	2284	2435	650	1465	1317	2740
COLLIN	767	1625	1887	503	812	1139	817
DALLAS	1585	3083	2236	597	1508	3522	5073
BEXAR	833	2786	1786	476	1880	1386	1414
TRAVIS	534	890	1096	292	1107	894	675
DENTON	414	1318	786	210	484	398	959
WILLIAMSON	189	649	496	132	200	219	193
EL PASO	324	822	378	101	330	508	1228
MONTGOMERY	249	675	578	154	277	454	290
GALVESTON	143	336	295	79	181	296	105
BRAZORIA	128	500	324	87	78	95	158
COMAL	38	220	108	29	71	78	42
ROCKWALL	34	203	123	33	20	34	47
HAYS	85	248	137	36	67	155	73
NUECES	149	221	103	27	237	178	181
FORT BEND	261	676	563	150	226	429	999
ELLIS	86	219	118	31	40	48	561
JOHNSON	16	220	84	22	7	13	105
GUADALUPE	27	181	89	24	48	84	183
KAUFMAN	43	282	63	17	12	32	174
JEFFERSON	112	150	210	56	313	131	61
PARKER	13	182	99	26	52	12	9
SMITH	114	163	125	33	173	174	210
BASTROP	16	150	46	12	128	17	18
CHAMBERS	10	48	7	2	0	19	0
GREGG	81	56	75	20	135	43	71
SAN PATRICIO	20	83	34	9	28	111	355
LIBERTY	5	178	14	4	6	16	2
VICTORIA	30	28	51	14	35	30	17
ORANGE	9	88	14	4	16	15	12
CALDWELL	1	36	7	2	3	1	7
WILSON	5	54	10	3	22	1	0
HARDIN	9	55	19	5	0	2	0
HARRISON	20	31	16	4	17	6	5
WALLER	27	101	4	1	0	3	117
UPSHUR	16	43	6	2	3	8	3
RUSK	1	12	21	6	2	5	5
HOOD	35	64	13	3	6	11	0
HUNT	31	151	26	7	25	33	20
HENDERSON	10	49	21	6	5	6	40
HIDALGO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CAMERON	127	621	268	72	342	271	475
BELL	110	365	125	33	462	230	167
WEBB	52	517	101	27	179	148	222
BRAZOS	163	319	115	31	228	205	59
KENDALL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BURNET	10	77	15	4	14	18	4
GRAYSON	37	162	62	17	50	24	130
CORYELL	13	35	19	5	12	4	7
MIDLAND	94	62	95	25	54	63	19
LLANO	0	20	0	0	47	4	0
MAVERICK	17	54	15	4	37	32	1
MC MULLEN	2	1	0	0	0	1	0
ARANSAS	5	2	35	9	9	19	0
WICHITA	88	75	75	20	247	84	42
TAYLOR	51	74	120	32	90	48	78
TOM GREEN	84	122	71	19	154	55	45
MCCLENNAN	105	393	147	39	180	136	179
MCCULLOCH	1	13	0	0	0	0	0
WISE	28	110	1	0	71	29	0
JIM HOGG	0	8	0	0	1	10	0
VAL VERDE	18	61	15	4	18	56	7
ECTOR	24	78	32	9	106	18	185
WHARTON	13	23	42	11	9	9	16
KERR	43	50	23	6	53	26	0
PRESIDIO	5	9	0	0	0	3	1
JIM WELLS	0	49	22	6	23	7	4
CALHOUN	0	11	17	5	1	20	0
GILLESPIE	11	8	19	5	10	4	8
MATAGORDA	5	32	6	2	11	8	8
NAVARRO	7	70	42	11	32	4	80
ANGELINA	56	89	76	20	49	35	11
NACOGDOCHES	30	165	27	7	38	19	19
FANNIN	10	35	5	1	7	4	8
ATASCOSA	20	36	20	5	15	4	4
WASHINGTON	26	31	28	8	10	11	21
LAMAR	7	52	9	2	4	9	3
VAN ZANDT	3	84	0	0	0	2	1
WILLACY	2	37	23	6	1	23	6
BROWN	9	23	12	3	19	16	10
ERATH	7	49	4	1	12	3	3
AUSTIN	1	57	11	0	7	1	291
COOKE	10	36	24	6	32	8	9
MEDINA	8	50	2	1	0	27	2
TITUS	16	97	26	7	0	8	0
UVALDE	12	27	28	7	4	6	7
FAYETTE	3	22	4	1	24	7	1
CALLAHAN	3	18	0	0	0	3	1
HOPKINS	8	25	15	4	8	3	18
LAMPASAS	2	10	12	3	7	4	0
BLANCO	0	23	0	0	0	0	0
FREESTONE	0	30	0	0	1	5	0
GRIMES	5	12	0	0	0	6	0
LEE	1	17	1	0	0	6	1
SOMERVELL	0	9	0	0	1	6	1
ANDREWS	2	15	0	0	8	0	0
BORDEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CHEROKEE	19	30	5	1	14	11	18
DIMMIT	0	7	0	0	0	16	0

Table 53: New Commercial Building Construction (sq. ft. x 1000) (Source: Dodge/McGraw-Hill 2007). Table shows Dodge (2005) data before merging into PNNL building types (sq. ft. x 1000) (Part 2).

County	Assembly	Education	Retail	Food	Lodging	Office	Warehouse
FALLS	3	13	0	0	0	6	0
COLORADO	0	30	0	0	7	14	0
FRIO	1	29	7	2	4	1	0
MILAM	3	39	10	3	0	19	0
JACKSON	2	22	1	0	0	1	0
ANDERSON	12	9	19	5	15	16	11
HILL	6	74	10	3	4	1	0
CULBERSON	0	4	0	0	0	1	0
MASON	0	3	0	0	0	5	0
PECOS	5	9	0	0	14	16	0
RAINS	2	21	0	0	0	3	0
LAVACA	15	4	0	0	2	4	0
PALO PINTO	6	37	21	6	4	4	2
KIMBLE	2	0	0	0	0	2	0
MADISON	1	19	0	0	0	1	0
ARCHER	1	11	0	0	3	0	1
REFUGIO	2	1	0	0	0	3	0
LIMESTONE	4	7	12	3	4	11	1
CLAY	1	5	0	0	0	8	0
BEE	13	33	4	1	14	13	0
MARTIN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GONZALES	1	12	3	1	5	3	0
BURLESON	1	13	1	0	3	9	0
KARNES	0	10	0	0	2	7	0
KLEBERG	7	48	41	11	10	7	1
BREWSTER	5	11	0	0	6	10	6
WINKLER	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
FRANKLIN	2	0	0	0	1	1	106
YOUNG	7	14	16	4	4	3	1
HOUSTON	3	8	26	7	10	3	0
SCURRY	0	0	2	1	1	1	6
BOSQUE	1	16	0	0	0	1	0
COMANCHE	2	9	0	0	18	0	0
BRISCOE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CONCHO	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
ZAVALA	0	16	0	0	4	4	1
NOLAN	6	17	10	3	8	0	0
BROOKS	0	0	0	0	0	9	0
ROBERTSON	2	4	0	0	2	0	2
LIVE OAK	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
HAMILTON	1	12	0	0	7	0	0
JONES	8	8	0	0	0	0	4
REAGAN	1	0	0	0	0	5	0
WARD	0	0	0	0	0	53	1
RED RIVER	3	27	0	0	0	1	0
HASKELL	0	0	9	2	0	14	0
HOWARD	7	16	2	0	8	4	0
SAN SABA	4	3	1	0	0	0	0
JACK	1	1	0	0	0	17	0
STEPHENS	0	6	0	0	1	0	0
RUNNELS	0	6	1	0	0	2	0
REEVES	5	2	0	0	4	47	0
DE WITT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CHILDRESS	5	3	0	0	2	2	5
CROSBY	2	1	0	0	2	0	0
DAWSON	0	7	0	0	0	16	0
MITCHELL	4	0	0	0	5	14	0
WILBARGER	3	7	9	2	11	17	1
COLEMAN	2	3	0	0	1	2	0
UPTON	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
COKE	3	3	0	0	0	0	1
CROCKETT	3	2	0	0	0	0	0
HARDEMAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BANDERA	2	40	0	0	4	5	0
BAYLOR	0	1	0	0	2	0	0
COTTLE	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
CRANE	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
DELTA	1	9	0	0	0	0	0
DICKENS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DUVAL	0	20	1	0	0	4	0
EASTLAND	7	4	20	5	1	4	0
EDWARDS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FISHER	0	3	0	0	2	0	0
FOARD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GLASSCOCK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GOLIAD	0	4	0	0	0	1	0
HALL	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
HUDSPETH	1	9	0	0	0	13	0
IRION	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
JEFF DAVIS	6	0	0	0	0	2	0
KENEDY	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
KENT	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
KING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KINNEY	0	3	0	0	0	23	0
KNOX	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
LA SALLE	0	2	1	0	2	1	0
LEON	7	7	0	0	0	0	0
LOVING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MENARD	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
MILLS	2	8	0	0	0	1	0
MONTAGUE	1	13	10	3	6	5	1
MOTLEY	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
REAL	0	1	0	0	4	1	0
SCHLEICHER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SHACKELFORD	2	4	0	0	2	0	0
STARR	9	172	3	1	6	9	0
STERLING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
STONEWALL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SUTTON	0	7	0	0	5	3	0
TERRELL	0	0	0	0	0	10	0
THROCKMORTON	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
ZAPATA	2	40	1	0	1	12	0
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>11436</b>	<b>29427</b>	<b>20371</b>	<b>5435</b>	<b>15606</b>	<b>18047</b>	<b>26644</b>

Table 54: New Commercial Building Construction (sq. ft. x 1000) (Source: Dodge/McGraw-Hill 2007). Table shows Dodge (2005) data merged into PNNL building types (sq. ft. x 1000) (Part 1)

(square feet in thousands)							
<i>Non-attainment Counties</i>	Assembly	Education	Retail	Food	Lodging	Office	Warehouse
BRAZORIA	128	500	324	87	78	95	158
CHAMBERS	10	48	7	2	0	19	0
COLLIN	767	1,625	1,887	503	812	1,139	817
DALLAS	1,585	3,083	2,236	597	1,508	3,522	5,073
DENTON	414	1,318	786	210	484	398	959
EL PASO	324	822	378	101	330	508	1,228
FORT BEND	261	676	563	150	226	429	599
GALVESTON	143	336	295	79	181	296	105
HARDIN	9	55	19	5	0	2	0
HARRIS	2,304	4,772	3,819	1,019	2,657	3,870	7,754
JEFFERSON	112	150	210	56	313	131	61
LIBERTY	5	178	14	4	6	16	2
MONTGOMERY	249	675	578	154	277	454	290
ORANGE	9	88	14	4	16	15	12
TARRANT	1,077	2,284	2,435	650	1,465	1,317	2,740
WALLER	27	101	4	1	0	3	117
TOTAL (NON-ATTAINMENT)	7,424	16,711	13,570	3,620	8,352	12,214	19,914

Stores and Restaurants							
							514
							0
							1,580
							2,004
							907
							537
							370
							426
							0
							4,778
							195
							9
							452
							104
							2,836
							22
							14,734

<i>Affected Counties</i>	Assembly	Education	Retail	Food	Lodging	Office	Warehouse
BASTROP	16	150	46	12	128	17	18
BEXAR	833	2,786	1,786	476	1,880	1,386	1,414
CALDWELL	1	36	7	2	3	1	7
COMAL	38	220	108	29	71	78	42
ELLIS	86	219	118	31	40	48	561
GREGG	81	56	75	20	135	43	71
GUADALUPE	27	181	89	24	48	84	183
HARRISON	20	31	16	4	17	6	5
HAYS	85	248	137	36	67	155	73
HENDERSON	10	49	21	6	5	6	40
HOOD	35	64	13	3	6	11	0
HUNT	31	151	26	7	25	33	20
JOHNSON	16	220	84	22	7	13	105
KAUFMAN	43	262	63	17	12	32	174
NUECES	149	221	103	27	237	178	181
PARKER	13	182	99	26	52	12	9
ROCKWALL	34	203	123	33	20	34	47
RUSK	1	12	21	6	2	5	5
SAN PATRICIO	20	83	34	9	28	111	355
SMITH	114	163	125	33	173	174	210
TRAVIS	534	890	1,096	292	1,107	894	675
UPSHUR	16	43	6	2	3	8	3
VICTORIA	30	28	51	14	35	30	17
WILLIAMSON	189	649	496	132	200	219	193
WILSON	5	54	10	3	22	1	0
TOTAL (AFFECTED)	2,426	7,201	4,752	1,268	4,322	3,577	4,410

Stores and Restaurants							
							29
							1,735
							4
							152
							87
							13
							387
							4
							405
							2
							0
							15
							193
							194
							103
							532
							152
							140
							161
							64
							1,436
							0
							15
							946
							74
							6,843

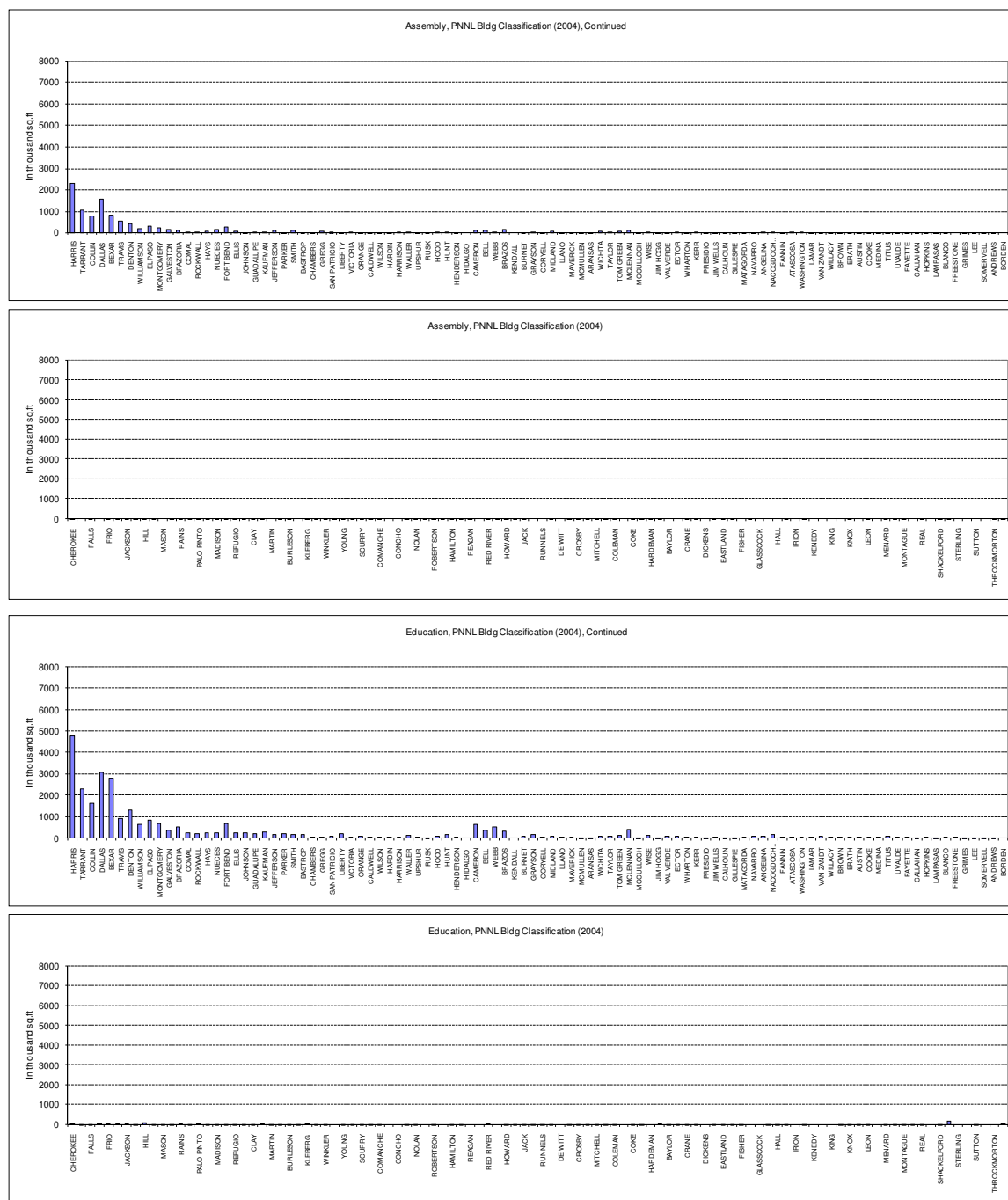
Table 55: New Commercial Building Construction (sq. ft. x 1000) (Source: Dodge/McGraw-Hill 2007). Table shows Dodge (2005) data merged into PNNL building types (sq. ft. x 1000) (Part 2).

ERCOT Counties	Assembly	Education	Retail	Food	Lodging	Office	Warehouse	Stores and Restaurants
ANDERSON	12	9	19	5	15	16	11	28
ANDREWS	2	15	0	0	8	0	0	0
ANGELINA	56	89	76	20	49	35	11	134
ARANSAS	5	2	35	9	9	19	0	160
ARCHER	1	11	0	0	3	0	1	0
ATASCOSA	20	36	20	5	15	4	4	3
AUSTIN	1	57	1	0	7	1	291	0
BANDERA	2	40	0	0	4	5	0	0
BASTROP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	29
BAYLOR	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0
BEE	13	33	4	1	14	13	0	0
BELL	110	365	125	33	462	230	167	510
BEXAR	833	2,786	1,786	476	1,880	1,386	1,414	1,735
BLANCO	0	23	0	0	0	0	0	0
BORDEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BOSQUE	1	16	0	0	0	1	0	0
BRAZORIA	128	500	324	87	78	95	158	514
BRAZOS	163	319	115	31	228	205	59	158
BREWSTER	5	11	0	0	6	10	6	0
BRISCOE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BROOKS	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	0
BROWN	9	23	12	3	19	16	10	105
BURLESON	1	13	1	0	3	9	0	0
BURNET	10	77	15	4	14	18	4	28
CALDWELL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
CALHOUN	0	11	17	5	1	20	0	155
CALLAHAN	3	18	0	0	0	3	1	0
CAMERON	127	621	268	72	342	271	475	512
CHAMBERS	10	48	7	2	0	19	0	0
CHEROKEE	19	30	5	1	14	11	18	6
CHILDRESS	5	3	0	0	2	2	5	0
CLAY	1	5	0	0	0	8	0	0
COKE	3	3	0	0	0	0	1	0
COLEMAN	2	3	0	0	1	2	0	0
COLLIN	767	1,625	1,887	503	812	1,139	817	1,580
COLORADO	0	30	0	0	7	14	0	0
COMAL	38	220	108	29	71	78	42	152
COMANCHE	2	9	0	0	18	0	0	0
CONCHO	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
COOKE	10	36	24	6	32	8	9	0
CORYELL	13	35	19	5	17	4	7	155
COTTLE	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
CRANE	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
CROCKETT	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
CROSBY	2	1	0	0	2	0	0	0
CULBERSON	0	4	0	0	0	1	0	0
DALLAS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,004
DAWSON	0	7	0	0	0	16	0	0
DE WITT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DELTA	1	9	0	0	0	0	0	0
DENTON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	907
DICKENS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DIMMIT	0	7	0	0	0	16	0	0
DUVAL	0	20	1	0	0	4	0	0
EASTLAND	7	4	20	5	1	4	0	0
ECTOR	24	78	32	9	106	18	185	26
EDWARDS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ELLIS	86	219	118	31	40	48	561	87
ERATH	7	49	4	1	12	3	3	15
FALLS	3	13	0	0	0	6	0	0
FANNIN	10	35	5	1	7	4	8	0
FAYETTE	3	22	4	1	24	7	1	0
FISHER	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	0
FOARD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FORT BEND	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	370
FRANKLIN	2	0	0	0	1	1	106	0
FREESTONE	0	30	0	0	1	5	0	0
FRIO	1	29	7	2	4	1	0	0
GALVESTON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	426
GILLESPIE	11	8	19	5	10	4	8	155
GLASSCOCK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GOLIAD	0	4	0	0	0	1	0	0
GONZALES	1	12	3	1	5	3	0	7
GRAYSON	37	162	62	17	50	24	130	103
GRIMES	5	12	0	0	0	6	0	0
GUADALUPE	27	181	89	24	48	84	183	387
HALL	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
HAMILTON	1	12	0	0	7	0	0	0
HARDEMAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HARRIS	2,304	4,772	3,819	1,019	2,657	3,870	7,754	4,778
HASKELL	0	0	9	2	0	14	0	0
HAYS	85	248	137	36	67	155	73	405
HENDERSON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
HIDALGO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	943
HILL	6	74	10	3	4	1	0	0
HOOD	35	64	13	3	6	11	0	0
HOPKINS	8	25	15	4	8	3	18	3
HOUSTON	3	8	26	7	10	3	0	0
HOWARD	7	16	2	0	8	4	0	6
HUDSPETH	1	9	0	0	0	13	0	0
HUNT	31	151	26	7	25	33	20	15
IRION	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
JACK	1	1	0	0	0	17	0	0
JACKSON	2	22	1	0	0	1	0	0
JEFF DAVIS	6	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
JIM HOGG	0	8	0	0	1	10	0	0
JIM WELLS	0	49	22	6	23	7	4	3
JOHNSON	16	220	84	22	7	13	105	193
JONES	8	8	0	0	0	0	4	0
KARNES	0	10	0	17	2	7	0	0
KAUFMAN	43	262	63	17	12	32	174	194
KENDALL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9
KENEDY	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0



Table 56: New Commercial Building Construction (sq. ft. x 1000) (Source: Dodge/McGraw-Hill 2007). Table shows Dodge (2005) data merged into PNNL building types (sq. ft. x 1000) (Part 3).

ERCOT Counties	Assembly	Education	Retail	Food	Lodging	Office	Warehouse	Stores and Restaurants
KENT	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
KERR	43	50	23	6	53	26	0	0
KIMBLE	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
KING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KINNEY	0	3	0	0	0	23	0	0
KLEBERG	7	48	41	11	10	7	1	160
KNOX	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
LA SALLE	0	2	1	0	2	1	0	0
LAMAR	7	52	9	2	4	9	3	10
LAMPASAS	2	10	12	3	7	4	0	2
LAVACA	15	4	0	0	2	4	0	0
LEE	1	17	1	0	0	6	1	12
LEON	7	7	0	0	0	0	0	0
LIMESTONE	4	7	12	3	4	11	1	0
LIVE OAK	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LLANO	0	20	0	0	47	4	0	0
LOVING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MADISON	1	19	0	0	0	1	0	0
MARTIN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASON	0	3	0	0	0	5	0	0
MATAGORDA	5	32	6	2	11	8	8	0
MAVERICK	17	54	15	4	37	32	1	30
MCCULLOCH	1	13	0	0	0	0	0	0
MCLENNAN	105	393	147	39	180	136	179	148
MCMULLEN	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
MEDINA	8	50	2	1	0	27	2	0
MENARD	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
MIDLAND	94	62	95	25	54	63	19	188
MILAM	3	39	10	3	0	19	0	100
MILLS	2	8	0	0	0	1	0	0
MITCHELL	4	0	0	0	5	14	0	0
MONTAGUE	1	13	10	3	6	5	1	100
MONTGOMERY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	452
MOTLEY	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
NACOGDOCHES	30	165	27	7	38	19	19	0
NAVARRO	7	70	42	11	32	4	80	215
NOLAN	6	17	10	3	8	0	0	100
NUECES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	103
PALO PINTO	6	37	21	6	4	4	2	203
PARKER	13	182	99	26	52	12	9	532
PECOS	5	9	0	0	14	16	0	0
PRESIDIO	5	9	0	0	0	3	1	0
RAINS	2	21	0	0	0	3	0	0
REAGAN	1	0	0	0	0	5	0	0
REAL	0	1	0	0	4	1	0	0
RED RIVER	3	27	0	0	0	1	0	0
REEVES	5	2	0	0	4	47	0	5
REFUGIO	2	1	0	0	0	3	0	0
ROBERTSON	2	4	0	0	2	0	2	0
ROCKWALL	34	203	123	33	20	34	47	152
RUNNELS	0	6	1	0	0	2	0	0
RUSK	1	12	21	6	2	5	5	140
SAN PATRICIO	20	83	34	9	28	111	355	161
SAN SABA	4	3	1	0	0	0	0	0
SCHLEICHER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SCURRY	0	0	2	1	1	1	6	0
SHACKELFORD	2	4	0	0	2	0	0	0
SMITH	114	163	125	33	173	174	210	64
SOMERVELL	0	9	0	0	1	6	1	0
STARR	9	172	3	1	6	9	0	0
STEPHENS	0	6	0	0	1	0	0	0
STERLING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
STONEWALL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SUTTON	0	7	0	0	5	3	0	0
TARRANT	1,077	2,284	2,435	650	1,465	1,317	2,740	2,836
TAYLOR	51	74	120	32	90	48	78	384
TERRELL	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	0
THROCKMORTON	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
TITUS	16	97	26	7	0	8	0	0
TOM GREEN	84	122	71	19	154	55	45	158
TRAVIS	534	890	1,096	292	1,107	894	675	1,436
UPTON	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
UVALDE	12	27	28	7	4	6	7	236
VAL VERDE	18	61	15	4	18	56	7	5
VAN ZANDT	3	84	0	0	0	2	1	0
VICTORIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15
WALLER	27	101	4	1	0	3	117	22
WARD	0	0	0	0	0	53	1	0
WASHINGTON	26	31	28	8	10	11	21	253
WEBB	52	517	101	27	179	148	222	33
WHARTON	13	23	42	11	9	9	16	29
WICHITA	88	75	75	20	247	84	42	103
WILBARGER	3	7	9	2	11	17	1	0
WILLACY	2	37	23	6	1	23	6	4
WILLIAMSON	189	649	496	132	200	219	193	946
WILSON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	74
WINKLER	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WISE	28	110	1	0	71	29	0	0
YOUNG	7	14	16	4	4	3	1	0
ZAPATA	2	40	1	0	1	12	0	0
ZAVALA	0	16	0	0	4	4	1	0
TOTAL (ERCOT COUNTIES)	7,997	21,378	14,943	3,986	11,682	11,987	17,973	26,415



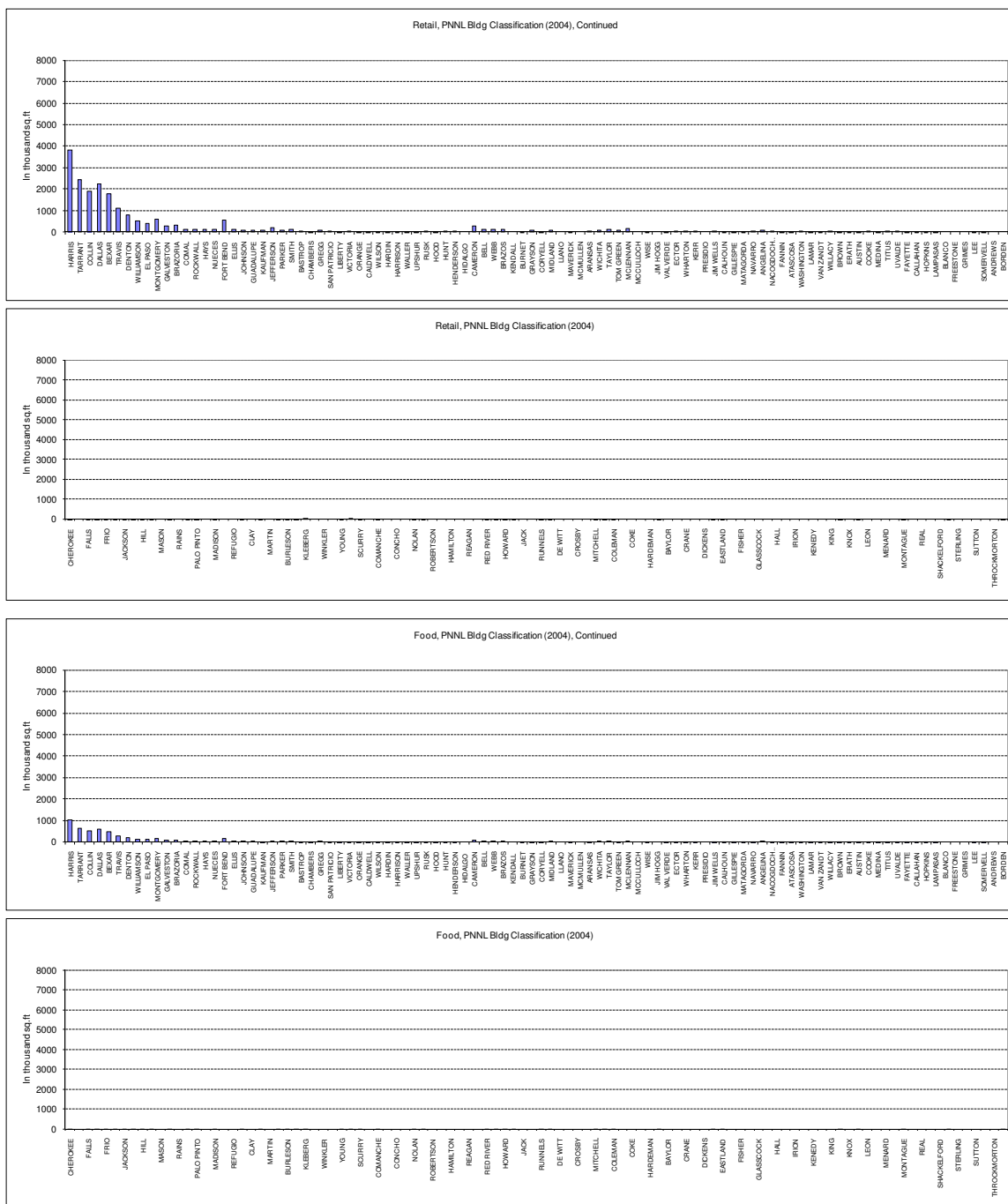


Figure 101: New Commercial Building Construction (sq. ft. x 1000), Part 2 (Dodge 2005).

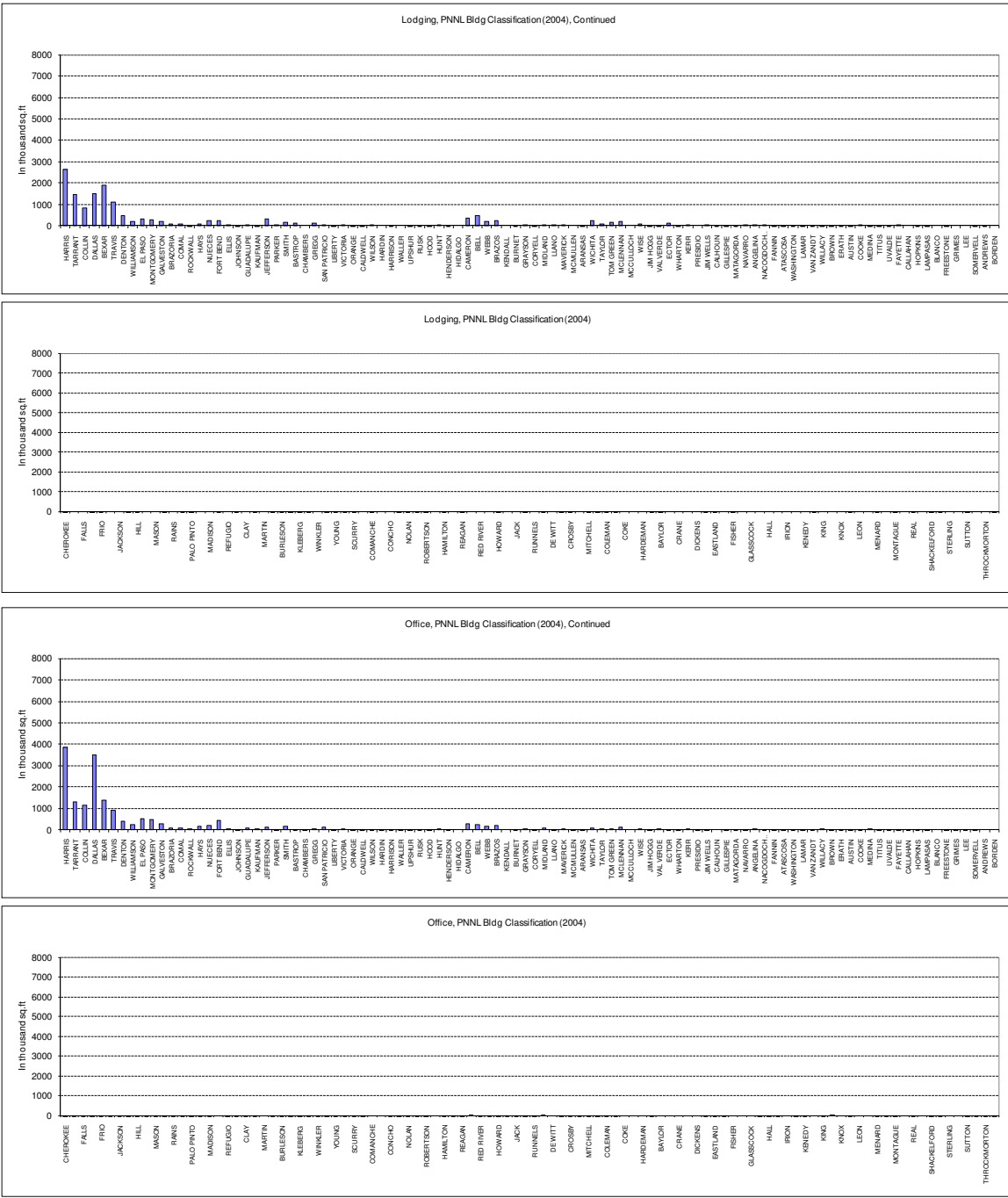


Figure 102: New Commercial Building Construction (sq. ft. x 1000), Part 3 (Dodge 2005).





Table 57: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 Energy Use for Assembly, Education, and Retail Building Types (USDOE 2004) (Part 1)

Non-attainment Counties	Assembly												Education												Retail																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
	In thousand sq.ft.	Electricity (kWh/yr), PNNL				Gas (mBtu/yr), PNNL				In thousand sq.ft.	Electricity (kWh/yr), PNNL				Gas (mBtu/yr), PNNL				In thousand sq.ft.	Electricity (kWh/yr), PNNL				Gas (mBtu/yr), PNNL				In thousand sq.ft.	Electricity (kWh/yr), PNNL				Gas (mBtu/yr), PNNL																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																								
		1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)		1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)		1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)		1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
Brazoria	128	2292178	7121.3	2074691	6601	4127	6	4346	333	3	500	3179293	17416	458791	14595	9431	15	10026	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324	3382074	18105	4534353	14458	1293	0	0	0	324

Table 58: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 Energy Use for Assembly, Education, and Retail Building Types (USDOE 2004). (Part 2)

ERCOT Counties	In thousand sq.ft	Assembly												Education												Retail															
		Electricity (kWh/y, PNNL)						Gas (mBtu/y, PNNL)						In thousand sq.ft	Electricity (kWh/y, PNNL)						Gas (mBtu/y, PNNL)						In thousand sq.ft	Electricity (kWh/y, PNNL)						Gas (mBtu/y, PNNL)							
		1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)		1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)		1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)				
ANDERSON	12	21082	709.3	16067	380	1	450	1	6442	261	6293	261	174	0	174	0	174	0	174	0	174	0	174	0	174	0	174	0	174	0	174	0	174	0	174	0	174	0	174	0	
ANDREWS	2	32284	108.6	26231	93	0	61	0	15	157247	529	139339	443	286	0	305	0	305	0	305	0	305	0	305	0	305	0	305	0	305	0	305	0	305	0	305	0	305	0	305	0
ANGELINA	56	99941	3282.2	904630	2876	1800	3	1696	1	89	91785	3695	815025	2993	1676	2	1782	1	76	126236	424	106342	339	359	0	76	126236	424	106342	339	359	0	76	126236	424	106342	339	359	0	76	126236
ARKANSAS	5	93510	314.6	94657	601	189	0	1777	0	2	19010	365	10585	54	25	0	25	0	25	576025	1939	68532	1594	137	0	25	576025	1939	68532	1594	137	0	25	576025	1939	68532	1594	137	0	25	576025
ARCHER	1	14205	47.8	12857	41	26	0	27	0	1	113922	383	100949	321	208	0	221	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ATASCOSA	20	351844	1184.2	318551	1014	634	1	667	0	39	316433	1267	332963	1061	686	1	725	0	20	324336	1091	273251	889	77	0	20	324336	1091	273251	889	77	0	20	324336	1091	273251	889	77	0	20	324336
AUSTIN	1	14567	50.3	13529	43	27	0	26	0	27	899401	1257	319513	1653	1099	2	1130	1	17	19562	65	16564	52	0	0	17	19562	65	16564	52	0	0	17	19562	65	16564	52	0	0	17	19562
BANDERA	2	29894	100.6	27057	86	54	0	57	0	45	414603	1585	367391	1169	755	1	803	0	0	525	2	642	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Bastrop	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
BAYLOR	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	13545	48	12003	38	25	0	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
BEE	10	227043	763.9	205501	654	499	1	430	0	35	377309	1135	298894	951	615	1	653	0	4	60701	204	51145	163	14	0	4	60701	204	51145	163	14	0	4	60701	204	51145	163	14	0	4	60701
BELL	110	167184	6636.0	176964	6583	2553	3	3741	12	382	878189	12729	336238	1693	6993	11	7528	3	125	207986	690	174433	555	459	0	125	207986	690	174433	555	459	0	125	207986	690	174433	555	459	0	125	207986
Brewer	830	1488069	52067.7	13468703	42859	25793	41	28206	11	2789	2884192	97041	2559765	81319	52547	811	55962	30	1785	23628159	99989	2496181	79452	7054	0	1785	23628159	99989	2496181	79452	7054	0	1785	23628159	99989	2496181	79452	7054	0	1785	23628159
BLANCO	0	3228	10.9	2922	9	6	0	6	0	23	234701	790	207972	662	428	0	455	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
BORDW	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
BOSQUE	1	16719	56.2	15132	48	30	0	30	0	10	16999	565	147979	471	304	0	323	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Brazoria	128	2292179	7712.3	2074691	6601	4127	6	4345	3	503	5176293	17410	4586791	14599	9431	15	10026	6	324	5382074	18109	4534355	14426	1281	0	324	5382074	18109	4534355	14426	1281	0	324	5382074	18109	4534355	14426	1281	0	324	5382074
BRADIS	163	2919519	8699.9	2638941	8397	5250	8	5627	3	319	3804654	11119	2968303	9316	6021	3	6401	0	115	1910886	6426	160915	5123	455	0	115	1910886	6426	160915	5123	455	0	115	1910886	6426	160915	5123	455	0	115	1910886
BREWSTER	5	81392	273.5	72576	234	146	0	154	0	11	114463	369	101465	323	209	0	222	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
BROCK	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
BROOKS	0	3191	10.7	2889	9	6	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
BROWN	9	152862	513.7	138195	440	275	0	283	0	23	240649	810	213240	679	438	1	0	0	12	201371	877	189808	540	46	0	12	201371	877	189808	540	46	0	12	201371	877	189808	540	46	0	12	201371
BURLESON	1	22341	75.2	20221	64	40	0	42	0	13	193779	450	118544	377	244	0	139	0	1	9297	31	7808	25	2	0	1	9297	31	7808	25	2	0	1	9297	31	7808	25	2	0	1	9297
BURNET	10	162402	613.7	165063	525	328	0	346	17	72	796889	286	796135	224	150	0	154	0	16	233556	853	213615	685	59	0	16	233556	853	213615	685	59	0	16	233556	853	213615	685	59	0	16	233556
Calwell	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
CALHOUN	0	760	2.6	688	2	1	0	1	0	11	109250	363	98303	308	199	0	212	0	17	288383	970	242960	773	89	0	17	288383	970	242960	773	89	0	17	288383	970	242960	773	89	0	17	288383
CALLAHAN	0	8015	198.7	45299	144	86	0	95	0	30	102721	416	109368	479	368	0	368	0	0	40169	14	33969	54	0	0	0	40169	14	33969	54	0	0	0	40169	14	33969	54	0	0	0	40169
CAMERON	127	2274861	7654.1	2659516	6552	4099	6	4312	3	621	6422381	21612	569195	18111	11703	18	12441	8	289	4451599	14979	3790716	11934	1080	0	289	4451599	14979	3790716	11934	1080	0	289	4451599	14979	3790716	11934	1080	0	289	4451599
Chambers	10	175808	581.5	158127	506	317	0	333	0	49	501233	1686	444143	1413	913	1	971	1	77	124302	419	104724	333	30	0	77	124302	419	104724	333	30	0	77	124302	419	104724	333	30	0	77	124302
CHARLES	19	276962	1189.4	2145492	697	2169	0	2071	0	29	307619	1087	272569	867	526	0	526	0	0	8611	286	71365	220	20	0	0	8611	286	71365	220	20	0	0	8611	286	71365	220	20	0	0	8611
CHILDESS	5	82779	278.5	74519	238	149	0	157	0	0	35063	119	31073	89	64	0	66	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
CLAY	1	10691	35.7	9079	29	18	0	19	0	5	51383	173	45331	145	84	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
CONE	3	60973	203.1	54643	174	109	0	112	0	13	13955	46	10883	114	61	0	61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
COLEMAN	2	31257	105.2	26292	90	59	0	59	0	0	30599	103	27114	89	56	0	56	0	0	4865	16	4099	13	1	0	0	4865	16	4099	13	1	0	0	4865	16	4099					

Table 59: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 Energy Use for Assembly, Education, and Retail Building Types (USDOE 2004). (Part 3)

ERCOT Counties	In thousand sq.ft.	Assembly										Education										Retail														
		Electricity (kWh/yr), PNNL					Gas (mBtu/yr), PNNL					Electricity (kWh/yr), PNNL					Gas (mBtu/yr), PNNL					Electricity (kWh/yr), PNNL					Gas (mBtu/yr), PNNL									
		1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)	1989 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)						
JAM WELLS	0	2652	13.3	2617	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Johnson	0	277394	333.3	251074	799	499	1	520	0	235	2280259	7673	2020792	6430	4155	0	4417	0	30	1306612	4699	1176023	3744	432	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
JONES	6	144631	486.6	130908	417	289	0	274	0	8	87407	294	77452	248	159	0	169	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
KARNES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Kaufman	43	777131	2614.8	703395	2238	1399	2	1472	1	262	2707317	9108	2386964	7633	4833	0	5244	3	83	1044375	3514	875881	2800	249	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
KENDALL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
KENDRY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
KENT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
KEPR	43	758912	2558.8	687810	2189	1389	2	1441	1	50	513000	1728	454577	1448	395	1	994	1	23	374653	1261	315643	1004	89	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
KIEBE	2	28976	91.2	28138	39	55	0	55	0	0	2763	0	2546	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
KING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
KINNEY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	31830	107	28203	80	58	0	62	0	0	7334	25	6179	20	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
KLEBERG	1	130040	447.8	120417	383	240	0	252	0	48	499942	1682	430009	1410	917	0	989	1	41	686211	2309	378123	1840	163	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
KNOX	1	15198	51.1	13756	44	27	0	29	0	1	12988	44	11509	37	24	0	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
LA SALLE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
LAMAR	7	181019	437.7	177596	375	234	0	247	0	82	634121	1797	472926	1506	379	1	1039	1	0	156888	526	137118	404	36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LAMPASAS	2	33414	112.4	30245	96	60	0	63	0	10	101810	342	90109	287	185	0	197	0	12	204514	688	172301	548	49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LAVACA	15	269364	906.3	243808	776	480	1	511	0	4	45384	153	40215	129	85	0	88	0	0	5020	17	4229	13	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
LEE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	127005	592	132802	490	316	0	139	0	0	15669	64	16063	51	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEON	7	125863	412.7	111024	332	221	0	233	0	13	69157	233	61281	185	126	0	134	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
LIMESTONE	4	64425	218.8	58312	188	119	0	122	0	7	69678	232	61389	185	126	0	134	0	12	191638	642	181454	514	46	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LIVE OAK	3	62051	208.8	56124	179	112	0	118	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
LLANO	0	8888	29.8	8045	0	14	0	17	0	25	211338	711	187270	586	383	1	469	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
LOVING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
MAHON	1	18465	62	16713	53	33	0	35	0	19	19157	645	18954	540	348	0	371	0	0	1831	6	1627	51	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MARTIN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
MASON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
MATAGORDA	3	62012	273.8	74259	228	148	0	155	0	32	331662	1116	232858	528	654	1	642	0	0	347532	311	78583	254	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAVERICK	17	297007	989.3	268827	863	532	1	563	0	54	508819	1876	458004	1267	1013	2	1077	1	13	236359	863	218979	687	61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MCALLISTER	0	8675	28.2	74968	28	157	0	157	0	0	131103	441	176172	570	229	0	254	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
MCLENNAN	105	197894	6200.8	169999	5372	3275	2	3275	2	3275	4071152	13269	3027112	11478	7417	11	7885	0	141	243895	8205	205558	6547	581	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MCMLLEN	2	36019	131.3	35317	112	73	0	74	0	23	6484	22	57564	18	112	0	113	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
MEDINA	8	145451	489.4	131651	419	282	0	276	0	50	513018	1728	454593	1440	935	1	994	1	2	34649	117	29119	93	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELAND	94	1671280	5623.1	1512680	4813	3009	5	3168	2	62	646748	2176	572900	1824	1178	2	1253	0	0	1570250	5283	1322922	4209	374	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MILAM	3	48533	163.8	44119	143	88	0	92	0	30	401493	1351	355726	1123	731	0	778	0	10	164344	550	13774	43	39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MILLS	3	29003	98.8	25022	84	54	0	54	0	0	82001	281	79448	251	161	0	178	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
MITCHELL	4	64548	217.2	54824	188	110	0	122	0	0	1577	5	1397	4	3	0	3	0	0	3475	12	2928	9	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MONTAGUE	2	22501	75.1	20386	65	43	0	43	0	13	13667	446	115786	389	288	0	253	0	10	162488	547	13689	436	39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MONTGOMERY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
MOTLEY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
MACKDOUGLAS	0	544114	1883.1	492888	1502	888	0	888	0	1	1087	37	1087	37	0	0	0	0	0	442178	1468	372537	1187	105	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NAVARRO	0	132448	448.0	119548	383	258	0	251	0	71	723517	2431	18271	583	1327	0	143	0	0	652021	2239	585753	1864	171	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NOLAN	6	94946	334.4	90058	28																															

Table 60: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 Energy Use for Food and Lodging Building Types (USDOE 2004) (Part 1).

Non-attainment Counties	Food								Lodging									
	In thousand sq.ft	Electricity (kWh/yr), PNNL				Gas (mBtu/yr), PNNL				In thousand sq.ft	Electricity (kWh/yr), PNNL				Gas (mBtu/yr), PNNL			
		1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)		1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)
Brazoria	87	2553080	8590	2582732	8218	3074	5	3021	2	78	974231	3278	934169	2972	1380	2	1250	1
Chambers	2	58965	198	59650	190	71	0	70	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Collin	503	14849279	49962	15021741	47797	17879	28	17571	11	812	10090496	33951	9675560	30787	14298	22	12942	8
Dallas	597	17601964	59224	17806396	56658	21193	33	20829	13	1508	18735445	63038	17965016	57163	26548	41	24030	15
Denton	210	6187117	20817	6258975	19915	7449	11	7321	5	484	6018403	20250	5770917	18362	8528	13	7719	5
El Paso	101	2973724	10005	3008261	9572	3580	6	3519	2	330	4102708	13804	3933998	12518	5813	9	5262	3
Fort Bend	150	4429554	14904	4481000	14258	5333	8	5242	3	226	2806490	9443	2691083	8563	3977	6	3600	2
Galveston	79	2320583	7808	2347534	7470	2794	4	2746	2	181	2252660	7579	2160028	6873	3192	5	2889	2
Hardin	5	150048	505	151791	483	181	0	178	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Harris	1019	30056916	101130	30406002	96748	36188	56	35567	22	2657	33018434	111095	31660666	100741	46786	72	42349	26
Jefferson	56	1656152	5572	1675387	5331	1994	3	1960	1	313	3884267	13069	3724541	11851	5504	8	4982	3
Liberty	4	107192	361	108437	345	129	0	127	0	6	72485	244	69505	221	103	0	93	0
Montgomery	154	4547540	15301	4600356	14638	5475	8	5381	3	277	3439739	11573	3298292	10495	4874	8	4412	3
Orange	4	113740	383	115061	366	137	0	135	0	16	197131	663	189025	601	279	0	253	0
Tarrant	650	19163326	64478	19385892	61684	23073	36	22676	14	1465	18204217	61250	17455632	55542	25795	40	23349	14
Waller	1	33609	113	33999	108	40	0	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total (Non-attainment)	3620	106802787	359352	108043213	343781	128590	198	126382	78	8352	103796706	349238	99528430	316688	147077	226	133130	82

Affected Counties	Food								Lodging									
	In thousand sq.ft	Electricity (kWh/yr), PNNL				Gas (mBtu/yr), PNNL				In thousand sq.ft	Electricity (kWh/yr), PNNL				Gas (mBtu/yr), PNNL			
		1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)		1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)
Bastrop	12	361909	1218	366113	1165	436	1	428	0	128	1588973	5346	1523632	4848	2252	3	2038	1
Bexar	476	14054629	47289	14217862	45240	16922	26	16631	10	1880	23367151	78622	22406258	71294	33111	51	29971	19
Caldwell	2	58332	196	59009	188	70	0	69	0	3	42332	142	40591	129	60	0	54	0
Comal	29	850197	2861	860072	2737	1024	2	1006	1	71	884643	2976	848265	2699	1254	2	1135	1
Ellis	31	925745	3115	936497	2980	1115	2	1095	1	40	499149	1679	478623	1523	707	1	640	0
Gregg	20	590677	1987	597537	1901	711	1	699	0	135	1671610	5624	1602871	5100	2369	4	2144	1
Guadalupe	24	699978	2355	708107	2253	843	1	828	1	48	602347	2027	577578	1838	854	1	773	0
Harrison	4	129557	436	131062	417	156	0	153	0	17	209998	707	201362	641	298	0	269	0
Hays	36	1076594	3622	1089098	3465	1296	2	1274	1	67	830557	2795	796403	2534	1177	2	1065	1
Henderson	6	163024	549	164917	525	196	0	193	0	5	64618	217	61960	197	92	0	83	0
Hood	3	100731	339	101901	324	121	0	119	0	6	80079	269	76786	244	113	0	103	0
Hunt	7	207306	698	209714	667	250	0	245	0	25	304599	1025	292073	929	432	1	391	0
Johnson	22	662507	2229	670202	2133	798	1	784	0	7	88094	296	84471	269	125	0	113	0
Kaufman	17	495419	1667	501173	1595	596	1	586	0	12	147757	497	141681	451	209	0	190	0
Nueces	27	807465	2717	816843	2599	972	1	955	1	237	2947851	9918	2826631	8994	4177	6	3781	2
Parker	26	777074	2615	786099	2501	936	1	920	1	52	646868	2176	620268	1974	917	1	830	1
Rockwall	33	967360	3255	978595	3114	1165	2	1145	1	20	245462	826	235368	749	348	1	315	0
Rusk	6	168407	567	170363	542	203	0	199	0	2	22179	75	21267	68	31	0	28	0
San Patricio	9	265023	892	268101	853	319	0	314	0	28	353933	1191	339378	1080	502	1	454	0
Smith	33	980389	3299	991775	3156	1180	2	1160	1	173	2145203	7218	2056989	6545	3040	5	2751	2
Travis	292	8622753	29012	8722900	27755	10382	16	10203	6	1107	13751995	46270	13186492	41958	19486	30	17638	11
Upshur	2	44401	149	44917	143	53	0	53	0	3	38007	128	36444	116	54	0	49	0
Victoria	14	402194	1353	406866	1295	484	1	476	0	35	428872	1443	411236	1309	608	1	550	0
Williamson	132	3905966	13142	3951331	12573	4703	7	4622	3	200	2481587	8350	2379540	7571	3516	5	3183	2
Wilson	3	82491	278	83449	266	99	0	98	0	22	267593	900	256589	816	379	1	343	0
Total (Affected)	1268	37400130	125838	37834501	120385	45030	69	44256	27	4322	53711455	180719	51502760	163876	76108	117	68890	43







Table 63: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 Energy Use for Office and Warehouse Building Types (USDOE 2004) (Part 1).

Non-attainment Counties	Office									Warehouse								
	In thousand sq.ft	Electricity (kWh/yr), PNNL				Gas (mBtu/yr), PNNL				In thousand sq.ft	Electricity (kWh/yr), PNNL				Gas (mBtu/yr), PNNL			
		1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)		1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)
Brazoria	95	1375942	4630	1229929	3913	533	1	601	0	158	477558	1607	820044	2609	1291	2	1437	1
Chambers	19	271457	913	242651	772	105	0	119	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Collin	1139	16485583	55468	14736160	46889	6389	10	7198	4	817	2473333	8322	4247113	13514	6689	10	7440	5
Dallas	3522	50977389	171520	45567752	144991	19757	30	22257	14	5073	15363048	51691	26380842	83941	41545	64	46212	29
Denton	398	5762835	19390	5151292	16391	2233	3	2516	2	959	2903772	9770	4986248	15866	7853	12	8735	5
El Paso	508	7350661	24732	6570621	20907	2849	4	3209	2	1228	3720499	12518	6388700	20328	10061	15	11191	7
Fort Bend	429	6215725	20914	5556123	17679	2409	4	2714	2	599	1813684	6102	3114390	9910	4905	8	5456	3
Galveston	296	4284414	14415	3829759	12186	1660	3	1871	1	105	319174	1074	548073	1744	863	1	960	1
Hardin	2	27641	93	24708	79	11	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Harris	3870	56022672	188496	50077639	159341	21712	33	24460	15	7754	23483006	79012	40324127	128307	63504	98	70637	44
Jefferson	131	1889093	6356	1688626	5373	732	1	825	1	61	183998	619	315954	1005	498	1	553	0
Liberty	16	233869	787	209052	665	91	0	102	0	2	7445	25	12784	41	20	0	22	0
Montgomery	454	6573447	22117	5875883	18696	2548	4	2870	2	290	876870	2950	1505728	4791	2371	4	2638	2
Orange	15	213303	718	190668	607	83	0	93	0	12	37144	125	63783	203	100	0	112	0
Tarrant	1317	19067840	64156	17044392	54233	7390	11	8325	5	2740	8297363	27918	14247916	45335	22438	35	24959	15
Waller	3	50225	169	44895	143	19	0	22	0	117	353143	1188	606403	1930	955	1	1062	1
Total (Non-attainment)	12214	176802097	594874	158040149	502866	68522	106	77194	48	19914	60310037	202921	103562105	329523	163093	251	181414	112

Affected Counties	Office									Warehouse								
	In thousand sq.ft	Electricity (kWh/yr), PNNL				Gas (mBtu/yr), PNNL				In thousand sq.ft	Electricity (kWh/yr), PNNL				Gas (mBtu/yr), PNNL			
		1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)		1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1999 (OSD)
Bastrop	17	245925	827	219828	699	95	0	107	0	18	53432	180	91751	292	144	0	161	0
Bexar	1386	20058223	67489	17929678	57050	7774	12	8758	5	1414	4282781	14410	7354230	23400	11582	18	12883	8
Caldwell	1	13739	46	12281	39	5	0	6	0	7	20691	70	35530	113	56	0	62	0
Comal	78	1134374	3817	1013997	3226	440	1	495	0	42	127029	427	218130	694	344	1	382	0
Ellis	48	692436	2330	618955	1969	268	0	302	0	561	1700475	5721	2919991	9291	4599	7	5115	3
Gregg	43	615726	2072	550386	1751	239	0	269	0	71	215447	725	369957	1177	583	1	648	0
Guadalupe	84	1221421	4110	1091806	3474	473	1	533	0	183	553222	1861	949972	3023	1496	2	1664	1
Harrison	6	93904	316	83939	267	36	0	41	0	5	15462	52	26550	84	42	0	47	0
Hays	155	2241334	7541	2003488	6375	869	1	979	1	73	221823	746	380905	1212	600	1	667	0
Henderson	6	90860	306	81218	258	35	0	40	0	40	121778	410	209112	665	329	1	366	0
Hood	11	156073	525	139510	444	60	0	68	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hunt	33	478524	1610	427744	1361	185	0	209	0	20	60229	203	103423	329	163	0	181	0
Johnson	13	192568	648	172133	548	75	0	84	0	105	318118	1070	546260	1738	860	1	957	1
Kaufman	32	466828	1571	417289	1328	181	0	204	0	174	526734	1772	904488	2878	1424	2	1584	1
Nueces	178	2578033	8674	2304456	7333	999	2	1126	1	181	549080	1847	942859	3000	1485	2	1652	1
Parker	12	167639	564	149849	477	65	0	73	0	9	26871	90	46141	147	73	0	81	0
Rockwall	34	485745	1634	434198	1382	188	0	212	0	47	142326	479	244398	778	385	1	428	0
Rusk	5	68658	231	61372	195	27	0	30	0	5	14538	49	24963	79	39	0	44	0
San Patricio	111	1602526	5392	1432468	4558	621	1	700	0	355	1076527	3622	1848572	5882	2911	4	3238	2
Smith	174	2517025	8469	2249922	7159	976	2	1099	1	210	637079	2144	1093967	3481	1723	3	1916	1
Travis	894	12939141	43535	11566061	36802	5015	8	5649	3	675	2045175	6881	3511896	11174	5531	9	6152	4
Upshur	8	109384	368	97776	311	42	0	48	0	3	8569	29	14714	47	23	0	26	0
Victoria	30	432988	1457	387040	1232	168	0	189	0	17	51622	174	88644	282	140	0	155	0
Williamson	219	3162838	10642	2827203	8996	1226	2	1381	1	193	585487	1970	1005376	3199	1583	2	1761	1
Wilson	1	9075	31	8112	26	4	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total (Affected)	3577	51774987	174204	46280710	147260	20066	31	22606	14	4410	13354494	44933	22931830	72966	36114	56	40171	25

Table 64: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 Energy Use for Office and Warehouse Building Types (USDOE 2004) (Part 2).

ERCOT Counties	In thousand sq ft	Office						Warehouse						
		Electricity (kWh/yr), PNNL			Gas (mBtu/yr), PNNL			Electricity (kWh/yr), PNNL			Gas (mBtu/yr), PNNL			
		1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	
ANDERSON	15	21387	724	191159	659	85	85	11	31814	107	54525	174	86	96
ANDREWS	5	117176	354	104741	333	43	0	51	0	0	0	0	0	0
ANGELINA	49	74186	238	629470	2003	272	0	301	0	11	34169	115	5873	103
ARANSAS	9	125847	423	112463	358	45	0	55	0	1	34169	115	5873	103
ARCHER	3	36502	128	33959	108	13	0	17	0	1	4053	14	8559	22
ATASCOSA	15	221355	144	157785	629	86	0	87	0	4	10929	37	18154	13
AUSTIN	7	89997	333	88492	282	38	0	43	0	29	882126	2968	1514753	4253
BANDERA	4	55441	187	49589	158	21	0	24	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bastrop	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BAYLOR	2	31487	100	28146	30	12	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	0
BELL	14	205148	593	183378	533	82	0	90	0	3	443	1	765	0
BELL	462	6694244	22504	5863862	19040	2584	4	2923	2	1677	506515	1704	869768	2768
Bexar	1880	27216179	91572	24359043	77409	10549	16	11883	7	1414	4282781	14410	7354230	23400
BLANCO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BORDEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BOSSQUE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Brazoria	76	1136790	3818	1014295	3227	443	0	499	0	159	477559	1607	820054	2609
BRAZOS	228	3293442	11081	2163590	6367	1275	2	1438	1	359	179130	6203	307595	979
BREWSTER	6	85482	288	76411	243	33	0	37	0	6	17383	58	25849	47
BROCK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BROCKS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BROWN	18	283343	943	250594	737	100	0	122	0	10	29625	100	50872	86
BURLESON	3	38762	130	34648	110	15	0	17	0	0	0	0	0	0
BURNET	14	199379	671	178221	557	77	0	87	0	4	11058	37	18888	60
Calwell	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CALHOUN	1	14441	42	12508	47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CALLAHAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CAMERON	342	4948472	16650	4423348	14075	1919	0	2161	0	473	1437879	4838	2468071	7560
Chambers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CHEROKEE	14	202030	682	181184	577	79	0	88	0	18	54160	182	93001	144
CHILDRESS	2	35117	118	31361	100	14	0	15	0	5	14182	48	24369	39
CLAY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
COKE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
COLEMAN	1	20244	68	18095	58	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Collier	812	1752599	39543	10505432	33427	4559	2	5131	3	81	247333	8322	4247113	13514
COLORADO	7	96622	325	86388	275	37	0	43	0	8	636	2	1090	3
Comal	71	1030303	3467	821020	2931	369	1	450	0	42	127029	427	218130	7440
COMANCHE	18	259170	874	232209	738	101	0	113	0	5	1136	4	2843	8
CONCHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
COOKE	32	459898	1544	410281	1305	178	0	200	0	9	28228	95	48472	154
CORYELL	17	238528	828	213573	680	93	0	104	0	2	21272	72	36525	118
COTTELL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CRANE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CROCKETT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CROSBY	2	24803	83	22171	71	10	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	0
CULBERSON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Culbreth	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DAWSON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DE WITT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DELTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Denton	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DICKENS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DIMMIT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DUNAV	0	1369	5	1221	4	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
EASTLAND	1	8843	2	7983	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ECTOR	108	153913	5188	1372925	4388	582	1	671	0	183	560329	1885	962170	3062
EDWARDS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elgin	40	581388	1852	519676	1634	228	0	264	0	56	1700475	5721	291880	4581
ERTH	12	176244	562	157362	501	68	0	77	0	3	772	26	13579	42
FALLS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FANNIN	7	98134	322	88237	281	38	0	42	0	0	0	0	0	0
FAYETTE	24	342550	1153	306159	874	133	0	150	0	0	0	0	0	0
FISHER	2	28881	98	25906	82	11	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	0
FOARD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fort Bend	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FRANKLIN	1	9132	31	8153	26	4	0	4	0	106	320143	1077	548738	1740
FREESTONE	1	723	23	6850	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FRIO	4	61227	208	54730	174	24	0	27	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gaveston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GALLUP	10	148413	503	133574	425	58	0	65	0	8	23629	79	40658	129
GLASSCOCK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GLAD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GONZALES	5	69503	232	61613	180	27	0	30	0	0	0	0	0	0
GRAYSON	50	720041	2424	643900	2049	275	0	315	0	135	392624	1321	674200	2140
GRIMES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Groesbeek	48	701566	2281	627117	1992	272	1	320	0	183	553222	1861	949972	3025
HALL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HAMILTON	7	10330	343	92419	294	40	0	45	0	0	0	0	0	0
HARDEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Harris	2657	58457218	125944	34376201	105381	14505	23	16791	10	7754	21483006	79612	40354127	128307
HASKELL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hays	67	967369	3253	864711	2751	372	1	422	0	73	221820	746	380905	1212
Hardeman	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HEDALGO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HILL	4	63750	214	56985	181	25	0	29	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hood	6	85589	314	83372	260	39	0	41	0	0	0	0	0	0
HOPKINS	8	118725	399	108127	338	48	0	53	0	18	54510	183	93001	286
HOUTSON	10	151577	508	135043	430	68	0	80	0	0	0	0	0	0
HOWARD	8	122968	414	109919	350	49	0	54	0	0	0	0	0	0
HULSPETH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hunt	25	354772	1189	317124	1009	137	0	155	0	25	69229	203	103423	338
IRION	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
JACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
JACKSON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
JEFF DAVIS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
JIM HOGG	1	13179	44	11776	37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
JIM WELLS	23	338718	1142	302774	982	131	0	148	0	4	11704	39	20098	14

Table 65: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 Energy Use for Office and Warehouse Building Types (USDOE 2004) (Part 3).

ERCOT Counties	In thousand sq.ft	Office						Warehouse						
		Electricity (kWh/yr, PNNL)			Gas (mBtu/yr, PNNL)			Electricity (kWh/yr, PNNL)			Gas (mBtu/yr, PNNL)			
		1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (OSD)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (Annual)	1989 (Annual)	1989 (OSD)	1999 (OSD)	
JIM WELLS	23	339718	1146	302774	963	131	0	11704	99	20098	64	22	0	
JOHNSON	7	102605	345	91717	292	40	0	105	318118	1070	945260	1738	860	1
JONES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11690	20	13757	83	31	0
KARNES	2	25897	190	2664	85	12	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	0
KELLER	10	172096	579	15883	489	67	0	174	526734	1772	904889	2878	1424	2
KENDALL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1984
KENEDY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KENT	2	34774	117	31084	92	12	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	0
KEPP	53	762921	2588	687592	2189	298	0	1182	0	1995	6	0	0	0
KIMBLE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KINNEY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KLEBERG	10	150034	595	134113	427	58	0	65	0	1	3602	12	6189	20
KNOX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LA SALLE	2	32670	110	29203	93	13	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	0
LAMAR	4	54536	183	48748	155	21	0	24	0	3	8392	28	14410	46
LAMPASAS	7	101394	381	90635	288	38	0	44	0	0	0	23	0	25
LAVACA	2	24084	81	21537	68	9	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1628	0	3135	10	0
LEON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	164	0	285	1	0
LIMESTONE	4	64508	218	97395	183	25	0	28	0	1	1881	0	0	0
LIVE OAK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LLANO	47	686384	2289	613529	1950	265	0	390	0	81	142	0	0	0
LOWING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MADISON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MARTIN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	412	1	713	2	1	0
MASON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MATAGORDA	11	152299	512	136078	433	59	0	68	0	2565	68	140	0	0
MAVERICK	37	538729	1813	481560	1532	209	0	239	0	2149	12	6	0	0
MCCULLOCH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MCLENNAN	183	2609648	8781	232711	7422	1011	0	1139	542810	1829	932199	2969	1469	1
MCMLLEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MELINA	0	2484	9	2229	10	1	0	1	0	2	5109	17	8765	28
MENARD	0	3393	11	2391	10	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MIDLAND	84	780638	2627	697798	2220	303	0	341	97231	184	99133	315	156	0
MILAM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MILLS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MITCHELL	5	74516	251	66609	212	29	0	33	0	0	0	0	0	0
MONTAGUE	0	87989	296	76906	250	34	0	38	0	1	2279	0	2914	12
Montgomery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MOTLEY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NACOGDOCHES	59	348098	1844	488954	1588	223	0	259	37119	129	26629	312	154	0
NAVARO	32	468191	1579	418910	1332	181	0	204	0	803	242103	813	415724	0
NOLAN	8	114550	385	102394	326	44	0	50	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nueces	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PALO PINTO	4	14645	184	4884	153	21	0	24	0	6814	22	11397	36	0
Parmer	52	783420	2535	673469	2143	292	0	329	0	28871	90	44141	147	73
PECOS	14	137732	685	137732	682	77	0	88	0	0	0	0	0	0
PRESIDIO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1641	0	2818	9	0
RAINS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REAGAN	0	3109	10	2777	10	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REAL	4	52724	177	47129	150	20	0	23	0	4	2090	7	3	4
RED RIVER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REDFORD	4	58392	196	52194	169	23	0	26	0	0	0	0	0	0
REFUGIO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ROBERTSON	2	28990	98	25914	82	11	0	13	0	533	10	0	18	0
Rochester	20	283993	962	259556	813	111	0	47	142329	479	245396	778	389	0
RUNNELS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Russ	2	25892	187	25991	82	11	0	13	0	533	10	0	0	0
San Antonio	28	412232	1387	35848	1172	160	0	180	0	353	1076527	3622	1848572	0
SAN SABA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SCAGUE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SCHLESIER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SCURRY	1	16789	56	1487	48	6	0	0	1	17705	65	30422	97	48
SHACKELFORD	2	32238	108	28817	92	12	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	0
Smith	113	2488924	8427	223441	7108	969	1	1061	0	210	637079	2144	1262920	0
SOMERVILLE	1	11083	37	9880	31	4	0	5	0	1	3543	12	6244	19
STARR	6	92001	310	82239	265	36	0	46	0	0	0	0	0	0
STEPHENS	0	16297	52	16382	373	51	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
STERLING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
STONERWALL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SUTTON	0	65679	221	58700	187	25	0	29	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tarrant	1463	2120289	71340	1895280	60306	82177	13	9297	8	2740	8297363	27918	14247916	0
TAYLOR	80	1296077	4263	1136997	3689	500	1	564	0	38	23631	794	42471	0
TERRELL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
THROCKMORTON	0	6719	18	5110	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TITUS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOM GREEN	154	2231819	7509	1994892	6348	880	1	974	1	45	13662	460	233003	0
Travis	1107	16017218	53862	14317488	45557	6208	10	6903	4	675	2045179	6881	351896	0
UPTON	0	271	796	0	22	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UVALDE	4	59705	201	83369	170	23	0	26	0	7	20209	68	34790	11
VAL VERDE	18	257703	867	230356	733	100	0	113	0	7	20588	68	33549	0
VAN ZANDT	0	6210	21	5551	18	2	0	0	1	1781	2	0	0	0
Victoria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Waller	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	117	35343	1188	695403	1930	1
WARD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	164	0	260	0
WASHINGTON	10	142119	478	127034	404	55	0	62	0	211	64713	218	11122	34
WEBB	179	2596262	8724	2917678	7375	1000	2	1152	1	222	673109	2283	1198241	0
WHARTON	0	131167	441	112442	373	51	0	16	48053	183	83378	285	131	0
WICHITA	247	3572820	12021	3193500	10161	1385	2	1560	1	42	126190	420	216288	0
WILBARGER	11	160139	538	160139	538	73	0	73	0	439	142	24	439	0
WILLACY	1	16269	55	14543	48	6	0	0	0	19183	65	32944	105	52
Williamson	200	2890363	8729	2583633	8221	1120	2	1262	1	180	585487	1870	1005376	0
Wise	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WINKLER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WISE	71	1034823	3480	925009	2943	401	1	453	0	0	250	11	439	0
YOUNG	4	148842	511	112442	373	51	0	16	48053	183	83378	285	131	0
ZAPATA	1	20023	67	17899	57	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ZAVALA	4	58613	201	83369	170	23	0	26	0	7	20588	68	33549	0
ZIEGL	11682	168020296	568932	151146261	480598	65034	101	72869	44	17979	5443027	183144	93460727	0

Table 66: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 Annual Electricity and Natural Gas Savings (USDOE 2004). A decrease in energy use is negative (i.e., savings); a positive value represents an energy use increase (+). (Part 1)

Counties	Assembly		Education		Retail		Food		Lodging		Office		Warehouse		Total		Total*1.07 (T&D loss) for eGrid	
	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	MWh/yr	Therm/yr
<b>Non-attainment Counties</b> (square feet in thousands)																		
Brazoria	-217487	218	-589502	595	-847719	396	29652	-53	-40062	-131	-146013	67	342486	145	-1468644	1238	1571	-13243
Chambers	-16681	17	-57083	58	-19579	9	685	-1	0	0	-28807	13	0	0	-121464	96	130	-1023
Collin	-1299841	1303	-1915731	1934	-4930522	2302	172462	-307	-414936	-1356	-1749423	809	1773780	751	-8364211	5436	8950	-58161
Dallas	-2687509	2694	-3634352	3669	-5844518	2728	204432	-364	-770430	-2518	-5409637	2500	11017794	4667	-7124219	13377	7623	-143134
Denton	-702303	704	-1553507	1568	-2054357	959	71858	-128	-247486	-809	-611543	283	2082475	882	-3014861	3459	3226	-37015
El Paso	-550216	552	-968635	978	-987389	461	34537	-61	-168709	-551	-780040	361	2668201	1130	-752251	2868	805	-30690
Fort Bend	-442316	443	-796502	804	-1470780	687	51446	-92	-115407	-377	-659603	305	1300705	551	-2132456	2321	2282	-24836
Galveston	-242784	243	-395919	400	-770521	360	26952	-48	-92633	-303	-454655	210	228899	97	-1700661	959	1820	-10263
Hardin	-15359	15	-65367	66	-49822	23	1743	-3	0	0	-2933	1	0	0	-131738	103	141	-1101
Harris	-3906295	3916	-5626111	5679	-9980033	4659	349086	-621	-1357767	-4437	-5945034	2748	16841121	7134	-9625033	19077	10299	-204126
Jefferson	-190593	191	-176404	178	-549905	257	19235	-34	-159727	-522	-200467	93	131956	56	-1125905	218	1205	-2335
Liberty	-8325	8	-210238	212	-35592	17	1245	-2	-2981	-10	-24818	11	5339	2	-275369	239	295	-2557
Montgomery	-422239	423	-795633	803	-1509955	705	52816	-94	-141447	-462	-697563	322	628858	266	-2885165	1964	3087	-21013
Orange	-15543	16	-103800	105	-37766	18	1321	-2	-8106	-26	-22635	10	26639	11	-159891	131	171	-1401
Tarrant	-1825962	1831	-2693023	2718	-6362949	2970	222566	-396	-748585	-2446	-2023448	935	5950554	2521	-7480847	8133	8005	-87020
Waller	-45450	46	-118670	120	-11159	5	390	-1	0	0	-5330	2	253260	107	73042	280	-78	-2992
<b>Total</b> (Non-attainment)	-12588902	12620	-19700477	19886	-35462565	16555	1240426	-2208	-4268276	-13948	-18761948	8672	43252069	18321	-46289673	59898	49530	-640910
<b>Affected Counties</b> (square feet in thousands)																		
Bastrop	-26304	26	-177180	179	-120168	56	4203	-7	-65341	-214	-26097	12	38319	16	-372567	69	399	-734
Bexar	-1411905	1415	-3284602	3316	-4666668	2179	163233	-291	-960892	-3140	-2128546	984	3071448	1301	-9217932	5764	9863	-61673
Caldwell	-2170	2	-42983	43	-19368	9	677	-1	-1741	-6	-1458	1	14839	6	-52204	55	56	-585
Comal	-64074	64	-258969	261	-282298	132	9874	-18	-36378	-119	-120378	56	91101	39	-661121	415	707	-4443
Ellis	-145626	146	-258008	260	-307382	143	10752	-19	-20526	-67	-73480	34	1219516	517	-425246	1014	-455	-10852
Gregg	-136518	137	-66103	67	-196127	92	6860	-12	-68739	-225	-65340	30	154510	65	-371456	154	397	-1647
Guadalupe	-45489	46	-212901	215	-232419	109	8130	-14	-24769	-81	-129615	60	396750	168	-240314	502	257	-5367
Harrison	-34301	34	-36919	37	-43018	20	1505	-3	-8635	-28	-9965	5	11089	5	-120245	70	129	-751
Hays	-143360	144	-292001	295	-357470	167	12504	-22	-34154	-112	-237847	110	159083	67	-893244	649	956	-6942
Henderson	-16682	17	-57837	58	-54130	25	1893	-3	-2657	-9	-9642	4	87334	37	-51720	130	55	-1389
Hood	-59557	60	-75068	76	-33447	16	1170	-2	-3293	-11	-16562	8	0	0	-186756	146	200	-1561
Hunt	-52874	53	-178007	180	-68833	32	2408	-4	-12526	-41	-50780	23	43194	18	-317418	261	340	-2797
Johnson	-26320	26	-259715	262	-219977	103	7894	-14	-3623	-12	-20435	9	228142	97	-294233	472	315	-5048
Kaufman	-73736	74	-308323	311	-164498	77	5754	-10	-6076	-20	-49539	23	377754	160	-218664	615	234	-6578
Nueces	-252331	253	-259965	262	-268109	125	9378	-17	-121220	-396	-273577	126	393779	167	-772045	521	826	-5574
Parker	-22623	23	-214647	217	-258018	120	9025	-16	-26600	-87	-17790	8	19271	8	-511381	273	547	-2923
Rockwall	-57754	58	-239596	242	-321200	150	11235	-20	-10094	-33	-51546	24	102071	43	-566884	464	607	-4962
Rusk	-1953	2	-14373	15	-55917	26	1956	-3	-912	-3	-7286	3	10426	4	-68059	44	73	-470
San Patricio	-33260	33	-98049	99	-87998	41	3078	-5	-14554	-48	-170057	79	772045	327	371204	526	-397	-5628
Smith	-193754	194	-191854	194	-325526	152	11386	-20	-88214	-288	-267103	123	456889	194	-598175	548	640	-5867
Travis	-905207	907	-1049159	1059	-2863080	1337	100146	-178	-565503	-1848	-1373080	635	1466722	621	-5189162	2533	5552	-27101
Upshur	-27701	28	-51031	52	-14743	7	516	-1	-1563	-5	-11608	5	6145	3	-99985	88	107	-943
Victoria	-50299	50	-33261	34	-133544	62	4671	-8	-17636	-58	-45948	21	37022	16	-238995	117	256	-1255
Williamson	-321127	322	-765141	772	-1296928	605	45365	-81	-102047	-333	-336365	155	419889	178	-2355625	1618	2521	-17318
Wilson	-8555	9	-63549	64	-27390	13	958	-2	-11004	-36	-963	0	0	0	-110503	48	118	-517
<b>Total</b> (Affected)	-4113478	4124	-8489240	8569	-12418258	5797	434372	-773	-2208695	-7217	-5494276	2540	9577336	4057	-22712240	17096	24302	-182924



Table 67: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 Annual Electricity and Natural Gas Savings (USDOE 2004). A decrease in energy use is negative (i.e., savings); a positive value represents an energy use increase (+). (Part 2)

Counties	Assembly		Education		Retail		Food		Lodging		Office		Warehouse		Total		Total*1.07 (T&D loss) for eGrid	
	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	MWh/yr	Therms/yr
(square feet in thousands)																		
ANDERSON	-20002	20	-10872	11	-49798	23	1742	-3	-7550	-25	-22694	10	22816	10	-86358	47	92	-499
ANDREWS	-3063	3	-17908	18	0	0	0	0	-4137	-14	-12435	6	0	0	-37543	13	40	-143
ANGELINA	58531	85	-194759	198	-198813	83	8954	-12	-24862	-81	-74728	39	24504	10	-495525	245	495	-2821
ARANSAS	-8872	9	2169	2	-90729	42	3174	-6	-4443	-15	-13395	0	559	0	-115836	40	124	-425
ARCHER	-1348	1	-12974	13	0	0	0	0	-1342	-4	-4033	2	2907	1	-16790	13	18	-141
ATASCOSA	-33393	33	-42870	43	-51085	24	1787	-3	-7812	-28	-23480	11	7845	-2	-149009	86	159	-821
AUSTIN	-14118	1	66782	67	-3859	1	197	0	-3495	-11	-10935	5	632687	268	847474	331	588	-3947
BANDERA	-2636	3	-47219	48	-83	0	3	0	-1957	-6	-5893	0	0	0	-57975	47	65	-501
Bastrop	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BAYLOR	0	0	-1543	2	0	0	0	0	-1112	-4	-3341	2	0	0	-5996	-1	6	6
BEE	-21542	22	-38414	39	-9591	4	334	-1	-7243	-24	-21770	10	317	0	-97879	51	105	-543
BELL	-187220	188	-430848	435	-326149	152	11408	-20	-236346	-772	-710382	328	363253	154	-1516284	464	1622	-4969
Beauregard	-1411905	1415	-3284602	3316	-4666668	2173	163233	-291	-960892	-3140	-2888136	1335	3071448	1301	-9977522	6115	10676	-55423
BLANCO	-306	0	-26728	27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-27035	27	29	-292
BORDEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BOSQUE	-1586	2	-19018	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-20695	21	22	-222
Brasoria	-217487	218	-589502	595	-847719	396	29652	-53	-40062	-131	-120413	56	342486	145	-1443045	1226	1544	-13117
BRAZOS	-276639	27	-376354	380	-300981	141	10528	-19	-116278	-380	-349495	162	128495	54	-1280748	615	1310	-6580
BREWSTER	-7712	8	-13038	0	0	0	0	0	-3518	-10	-9971	4	12469	0	-20370	21	22	-219
BRISCOE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BROOKS	-303	0	0	0	-1241	1	43	0	-83	0	-250	0	0	0	-1834	1	2	-7
BROWN	-14487	15	-27409	28	-31709	15	1109	-2	-8698	-32	-29760	14	21246	8	-90894	45	97	-486
BURBLES	-2120	21	-15235	15	-1460	1	51	0	-1369	-4	-4113	0	0	0	-24246	16	26	-186
BURNET	-17307	17	-80754	82	-39636	19	1397	-2	-7039	-23	-21158	10	7930	3	-166867	115	178	-1233
Calwell	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CALHOUN	-72	0	-12442	13	-45423	21	1589	-3	-510	-2	-1533	1	392	0	-57998	30	62	-323
CALLAHAN	-4758	5	-20645	21	-833	0	22	0	0	0	0	0	2718	0	-32396	27	25	-388
CAMERON	-215844	216	-731527	738	-701214	327	24527	-44	-174710	-571	-525124	243	1031192	437	-1292699	1347	1383	-14414
Chambers	-16681	17	-57083	58	-18579	9	685	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	-92658	82	99	-880
CHEROKEE	-32977	33	-35033	35	-13406	6	669	-1	-7156	-23	-21329	10	39841	16	-70771	77	76	-822
CHILDRESS	-7854	8	-3984	4	0	0	0	0	-1240	-4	-3727	2	10178	0	-6636	14	7	-145
CLAY	-952	1	-5852	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-6803	7	7	-73
COKE	-5728	6	-3857	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1230	1	-8365	10	8	-109
COLEMAN	-2969	3	-3489	4	-769	0	27	0	-715	-2	-2148	1	0	0	-10033	5	11	-58
Collin	-1299841	1303	-1915731	1994	-4930522	2302	172465	-397	-414936	-1359	-1247166	576	1773780	751	-7861954	5203	8412	-55677
COLORADO	0	0	-35520	36	-1046	0	37	0	-3411	-11	-10263	6	456	0	-49738	30	53	-322
Comal	-64074	64	-258967	261	-282298	132	8874	-18	-36378	-119	-109340	51	91101	39	-650003	410	699	-4388
COMANCHE	-2966	3	-10711	11	-693	0	24	0	-9172	-30	-27467	13	853	0	-50923	-3	54	30
CONCHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
COOKE	-17470	18	-63004	43	-62768	29	2196	-4	-16205	-53	-48707	23	20244	9	-185714	64	177	-690
CORYELL	-22234	22	-41293	42	-50177	23	1755	-3	-8436	-28	-25355	12	15256	8	-130484	75	140	-801
COTTE	0	0	-1792	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1792	2	2	-19
CRANE	-2383	2	-1608	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-3999	4	4	-43
CROCKETT	-5079	5	-1902	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-6980	7	7	-75
CROSBY	-3027	3	-834	1	0	0	0	0	-876	-3	-2632	0	0	0	-7169	2	8	-22
CULBERSON	-577	1	-4992	5	-487	0	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-5953	6	6	-61
Dallas	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DAWSON	-675	1	-7824	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-8599	9	9	-93
DE WITT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DELTA	-1298	1	-10354	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-11662	12	12	-126
Denton	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DICKENS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DIAMIT	0	0	-9529	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-8628	9	9	-93
DUVAL	-361	0	-24987	24	-2054	1	72	0	-48	0	-145	0	0	0	-26622	25	28	-272
EASTLAND	-12110	12	-4439	4	-51803	24	1915	-3	-316	-1	-949	0	0	0	-67804	37	73	-386
ECTOR	-39893	40	-92180	93	-84318	39	2949	-5	-54227	-177	-162989	76	401847	170	-28800	235	31	-2520
EDWARDS	-269	0	-549	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-802	1	1	-8
Els	-145694	146	-259008	260	-307282	143	10752	-19	-20526	-57	-61694	29	1219516	517	-437039	1009	468	-10794
ERATH	-11206	11	-57370	58	-9900	5	346	-1	-6215	-20	-18681	6	5545	2	-97481	64	104	-683
FALLS	-5670	6	-15193	15	-1078	1	38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-21903	21	23	-230
FANNIN	-16653	17	-41757	42	-13977	7	489	-1	-3486	-11	-10477	5	17043	7	-68818	65	74	-697
FAYETTE	-5655	6	-26953	26	-11729	5	410	-1	-12092	-40	-36346	17	2103	1	-89320	15	99	-155
FISHER	0	0	-4004	4	0	0	0	0	-1023	-3	-3075	1	0	0	-8100	2	9	-23
FOARD	-301	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-301	0	0	-3
Fort Bend	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FRANKLIN	-2659	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	-322	-1	-968	0	229594	97	225676	99	241	-1062

Table 68: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 Annual Electricity and Natural Gas Savings (USDOE 2004). A decrease in energy use is negative (i.e., savings); a positive value represents an energy use increase (+). (Part 3)

Counties	Assembly		Education		Retail		Food		Lodging		Office		Warehouse		Total		Total*1.07 (T&D loss) for eGrid
	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	
FREESTONE	0	0	-35972	35	0	0	0	0	-259	-7	-770	0	139	0	-36774	36	-36
FRIO	-1554	2	-33202	34	-18124	9	534	-1	-2182	-7	-5497	0	0	0	-51312	-39	69
Galveston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GILLESPIE	-19179	19	-9752	10	-49375	23	1727	-3	-5276	-17	-15657	7	16943	7	-80769	46	86
GLASSCOCK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GOLIAD	0	0	-5151	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-5151	5	55
GONZALES	-2508	3	-13888	14	-6936	3	243	0	-2434	-9	-7314	3	0	0	-32837	15	35
GRAYSON	-62045	62	-191137	193	-163121	76	5706	-10	-25432	-83	-76441	35	281575	119	-230896	393	247
GRAMES	-7734	8	-13827	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-21652	22	234
Guadalupe	-45489	46	-212901	215	-232419	109	8130	-14	-24789	-81	-74449	34	396750	165	-185148	478	198
HALL	0	0	-634	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-634	1	7
HAMILTON	-1154	1	-13767	14	0	0	0	0	-3650	-12	-10972	0	0	0	-29542	8	32
HAUDEMAN	-808	1	-159	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-808	1	9
Harris	-399295	3919	-5626111	5679	-9980033	4659	349086	-621	-1357767	-4437	-4081017	1886	16841121	7134	-7761016	18216	8304
HASKELL	-289	0	0	0	-22502	11	787	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	-22004	9	24
Hays	-143380	144	-292001	295	-357470	167	12504	-22	-34154	-112	-102655	47	159083	67	-159083	586	811
Henderson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HIDALGO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HILL	-10643	11	-87079	88	-27285	13	954	-2	-2251	-7	-6765	3	0	0	-133068	105	142
Hood	-59557	60	-75068	76	-33447	16	1170	-2	-3293	-11	-9898	5	0	0	-180052	143	193
HOPKINS	-12704	13	-59382	60	-39989	19	1399	-2	-4182	-14	-12569	5	39043	17	-58443	27	63
HOUSTON	-4687	5	-9649	10	-67912	32	2375	-4	-5334	-17	-16002	7	654	0	-100593	32	108
HOWARD	-11357	11	-19050	19	-4587	2	160	0	-4342	-14	-13049	6	0	0	-52223	24	56
HUDSPETH	-1103	1	-10233	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-11336	11	12
Hurt	-52974	53	-17850	18	-68833	32	2408	-4	-12558	-41	-37648	17	43184	18	-304280	255	326
IRION	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
JACK	-2163	2	-1120	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-3293	3	4
JACKSON	-3131	3	-25769	26	-2056	1	72	0	0	0	0	0	893	0	-29988	30	32
JEFF DAVIS	-10753	11	-162	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-10922	11	12
JIM HOGG	-726	1	-9743	10	0	0	0	0	-465	-2	-1398	1	0	0	-12330	10	13
JIM WELLS	-375	0	-57567	58	-58156	27	2034	-4	-11959	-39	-35944	17	8394	4	-153573	63	164
Johnson	-26320	26	-259715	262	-219977	103	7694	-14	-3823	-12	-10888	5	228142	97	-284687	467	305
JONES	-13723	14	-9224	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8551	3	-15426	27	17
KARNES	0	0	-11592	12	-428	0	15	0	-1052	-3	-3163	1	0	0	-16219	10	17
Kaufman	-73738	74	-308323	311	-164498	77	5754	-10	-6076	-20	-18263	8	377754	160	-187387	600	201
KENDALL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KENERDY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KENT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1228	-4	-3690	2	0	0	-4918	-2	5
KERR	-72102	72	-58423	59	-50011	26	2064	-4	-27158	-89	-81628	38	833	0	-295425	104	316
KIMBLE	-2740	3	-317	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-3087	3	3
KING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KINNEY	0	0	-3623	4	-1155	1	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-4740	4	5
KLEBERG	-12623	13	-56330	57	-100884	50	3781	-7	-5297	-17	-15921	7	2584	1	-192497	105	206
KNOX	-1442	1	-14719	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-2921	3	3
LA SALLE	0	0	-2158	2	-1569	1	55	0	-1153	-4	-3467	2	0	0	-8332	1	9
LAMAR	-12344	12	-60828	61	-23765	11	831	-1	-1925	-3	-5787	3	8018	3	-97801	82	105
LAMPASAS	-3171	3	-11580	12	-32213	15	1127	-2	-3580	-12	-10760	5	0	0	-60176	21	64
LAVACA	-25599	26	-5169	5	-791	0	28	0	-851	-3	-2557	1	0	0	-34897	30	37
LEE	-1495	1	-18765	20	-3003	1	105	0	0	0	0	0	13989	5	-22885	23	24
LEON	-11639	12	-7876	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	119	0	-19395	20	21
LIMESTONE	-6113	6	-7890	8	-30185	14	1056	-2	-2267	-7	-6814	3	1349	1	-50863	23	54
LIVE OAK	-5883	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-5883	6	6
LLANO	-843	1	-24065	24	0	0	0	0	-24233	-79	-72936	34	80	0	-121951	-20	130
LOVING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MADISON	-1752	2	-21817	22	-304	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	288	0	-23565	24	25
MARTIN	0	0	-528	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-528	1	4
MASON	0	0	-3273	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-3273	3	4
MATAGORDA	-7781	8	-37772	38	-14925	7	522	-1	-5375	-18	-16155	7	18400	8	-63086	50	68
MAVERICK	-28181	28	-63310	64	-40377	19	1412	-3	-19020	-62	-57169	26	1541	1	-205104	73	219
MCULLOCH	-908	1	-14931	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-15839	16	17
MCLENNAN	-177683	179	-463644	468	-384302	179	13442	-24	-92136	-301	-276932	128	389390	165	-991994	793	1061
MCMLLEN	-3702	4	-740	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-4442	4	5
MEDINA	-13601	14	-58425	59	-5457	3	191	0	-86	0	-254	0	3661	2	-74183	76	79
MENARD	-575	1	-1398	1	0	0	0	0	118	3	-355	0	0	0	-2445	2	3
MIDLAND	-158572	159	-73659	74	-247327	115	8651	-19	-27561	-90	-82840	38	41402	18	-539901	299	578
MILAM	-4614	5	-65724	46	-25752	12	901	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	-75189	61	80
MILLS	-2780	3	-8441	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-12222	12	13
MITCHELL	-6124	6	-182	0	-547	0	19	0	-2631	-9	-7968	4	0	0	-17371	2	19
MONTAGUE	-2135	2	-14881	15	-25593	12	895	-2	-3105	-10	-9302	4	1634	1	-52516	22	56
Montgomery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MOTLEY	0	0	-750	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-750	1	1

Table 69: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 Annual Electricity and Natural Gas Savings (USDOE 2004). A decrease in energy use is negative (i.e., savings); a positive value represents an energy use increase (+). (Part 4)

Counties	Assembly		Education		Retail		Food		Lodging		Office		Warehouse		Total	Total*1.07 (T&D loss) for eGrid
	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr
NACOGDOCHES	-51627	52	-152871	198	-59447	33	2435	mBtu/yr	-15348	-53	-28154	27	-40983	17	-343333	257
NAVARRO	-12575	13	-82944	84	-109550	51	3530	-7	-16530	-54	-49684	24	173620	74	-93784	183
NOLAN	-9440	9	-20285	20	-28859	13	939	-2	-4044	-13	-12156	6	0	0	-71844	33
Nueces	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PALO PINTO	-10530	11	-44031	44	-54764	26	1915	-3	-1929	-8	-5799	0	4743	0	-110363	75
Parker	-22623	23	-214647	217	-258018	120	9025	-16	-26600	-87	-79952	37	19271	8	-573543	302
PECOS	-7899	8	-10502	11	-1284	1	45	0	-6981	-20	-20983	10	0	0	-47604	6
PRESIDIO	-8911	9	-10569	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1177	0	-17479	19
RAINS	-2754	3	-25309	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-28090	28
REAGAN	-1442	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	-110	0	-320	0	0	0	-1881	1
REAL	-764	1	-472	1	0	0	0	0	-1861	-6	-5595	3	873	0	-8024	-2
RED RIVER	-5546	6	32329	33	353	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	38183	38
REEVES	-8283	8	-2272	2	-1284	1	45	0	-2062	-7	-6196	3	0	0	-20051	7
REFUGIO	-3078	3	-1500	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-4578	5
ROBERTSON	-3230	3	5282	5	0	0	0	0	-1024	-3	-3076	1	3829	2	-8783	8
Rockwall	-57754	58	-236592	243	-321200	153	11235	-20	-10994	-38	-30263	14	102071	43	-545677	454
RUNNELS	0	0	-7100	7	-2007	-1	70	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-9037	8
Rusk	-1953	2	-14373	15	-56917	28	1956	-3	-912	-3	-2741	1	10426	4	-63515	42
San Patricio	-33260	33	-88049	99	-87998	41	3078	-5	-14554	-48	-43745	20	772045	327	497515	468
SAN SABA	-7238	7	-3172	3	-1903	1	66	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-12241	11
SCHLEICHER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SCURRY	-458	0	-148	0	-5291	2	185	0	-592	-2	-1779	1	12697	5	4614	7
SHACKELFORD	-3043	3	-4607	5	0	0	0	0	-1138	-4	-3421	2	0	0	-12208	6
Smith	-197344	194	-191824	194	-325526	153	11395	-20	-88214	-288	-205143	122	456889	194	-595210	547
SOMERVILLE	-548	1	-19149	10	-529	0	18	0	390	-1	-1173	1	2524	1	10241	11
STARR	-15972	16	-202914	205	-8305	4	291	-1	-3248	-11	-9783	0	0	0	-239912	218
STEPHENS	0	0	-7057	7	0	0	0	0	-586	-2	-1781	1	0	0	-9404	6
STERLING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
STONEWALL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SUTTON	0	0	-7818	8	0	0	0	0	-2319	-8	-6969	3	0	0	-17107	4
Tarrant	-1825862	1801	-2983023	2718	-6362949	2970	222586	-396	-748585	-2446	-2250007	1040	5950554	2521	-7707495	8237
TAYLOR	-86188	88	-87288	88	-313461	146	10864	-20	-45777	-150	-137581	64	169134	72	-680178	287
TERRELL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
THROCKMORTON	-1730	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1730	2
TITUS	-27780	28	-114853	118	-87137	31	2348	-4	-202	-1	-608	0	0	0	-208038	170
TOM GREEN	-142021	142	-143598	145	-185912	87	6033	-12	-78796	-257	-236837	106	97981	42	-682881	295
Trawis	-905207	907	-1049155	1059	-2863060	1337	100146	-178	-565503	-1848	-1699721	786	1466722	621	-5515802	2684
UPTON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-279	-1	-830	0	0	0	-1118	-1
UVALDE	-19889	20	-38419	33	-73090	34	2557	0	-2108	-7	-6330	3	14492	6	-116795	84
VAL VERDE	-31093	31	-71395	72	-38661	18	1352	-2	-9098	-30	-27347	13	14763	6	-161483	108
VAN ZANDT	-5073	5	-99380	100	-815	0	29	0	-219	-1	-659	0	1281	1	-104836	106
Victoria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Waller	-45480	46	-118676	120	-11159	5	390	-1	0	0	0	0	253260	107	78371	277
WARD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1111	0	1111	0
WASHINGTON	-43538	44	-35092	36	-74114	35	2532	-5	-5017	-16	-15081	7	46410	20	-124840	120
WEBB	-88559	89	-609683	615	-262758	123	9191	-16	-91542	-299	-275146	127	482722	204	-835775	843
WHARTON	-22054	23	-26556	27	-109623	51	3834	-7	-4831	-15	-13913	6	34662	15	-138154	99
WICHITA	-149541	150	-89200	89	-197203	92	8985	-12	-126135	-412	-378121	175	90498	38	-842893	120
WILBARGER	-5309	5	-8104	8	-22537	11	788	-1	-5656	-18	-17001	8	3112	1	-54607	13
WILLACY	-2816	3	-43630	44	-61222	29	2141	-4	-574	-2	-1726	1	13759	6	-94069	76
Williamson	-321127	323	-785141	772	-1299628	625	45365	-81	-102047	-333	-306719	142	419889	178	-2326709	1605
Wilson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WINKLER	-2221	2	-401	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-2622	3
WISE	-46868	47	-129593	131	-3826	2	134	0	-36535	-119	-109814	51	183	0	-326312	111
YOUNG	-11887	12	-17095	17	-41238	19	1442	3	-2219	-7	-6869	3	2381	1	-75069	42
ZAPATA	-3749	4	-47523	48	-2054	1	72	0	-707	-2	-2125	1	0	0	-56096	51
ZAVALA	-721	1	-18539	19	0	0	0	0	-2105	-7	-6326	3	1599	1	-26092	16
Total	-19561449	13595	-25202532	25440	-39049908	18290	1365905	-2432	-5669950	-19506	-17943769	8294	39037049	16535	-61324651	60154

Table 70: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 OSD Electricity and Natural Gas Savings (USDOE 2004). A decrease in energy use is negative (i.e., savings); a positive value represents an energy use increase (+). (Part 1)

Counties	Assembly		Education		Retail		Food		Lodging		Office		Warehouse		Total		Total*1.07 (T&D loss) for eGrid	
	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	MWh/yr	Therm/yr
<b>Non-attainment Counties</b>																		
(square feet in thousands)																		
Brazoria	-1111	-4	-2822	-8	-3681	-1	-372	-3	-306	-1	-716	0	1002	-1	-8005	-19	9	200
Chambers	-85	0	-273	-1	-85	0	-9	0	0	0	-141	0	0	0	-593	-1	1	14
Collin	-6639	-22	-9170	-27	-21409	-5	-2165	-17	-3164	-14	-8579	-5	5192	-6	-45934	-96	49	1030
Dallas	-13728	-45	-17396	-51	-25378	-8	-2566	-20	-5875	-26	-26529	-17	32250	-35	-59221	-201	63	2151
Denton	-3587	-12	-7436	-22	-8920	-2	-902	-7	-1887	-8	-2999	-2	6096	-7	-19636	-60	21	642
El Paso	-2810	-9	-4636	-14	-4287	-1	-434	-3	-1287	-6	-3825	-2	7810	-9	-9470	-44	10	472
Fort Bend	-2259	-7	-3812	-11	-6386	-2	-646	-5	-880	-4	-3235	-2	3807	-4	-13411	-35	14	379
Galveston	-1240	-4	-1895	-6	-3346	-1	-338	-3	-706	-3	-2230	-1	670	-1	-9085	-18	10	197
Hardin	-78	0	-313	-1	-216	0	-22	0	0	0	-14	0	0	0	-644	-1	1	15
Harris	-19953	-66	-26930	-79	-43334	-11	-4382	-34	-10354	-46	-29154	-18	49295	-54	-84812	-309	91	3301
Jefferson	-974	-3	-844	-2	-2388	-1	-241	-2	-1218	-5	-983	-1	386	0	-6262	-15	7	156
Liberty	-43	0	-1006	-3	-155	0	-16	0	-23	0	-122	0	16	0	-1348	-3	1	37
Montgomery	-2157	-7	-3808	-11	-6556	-2	-663	-5	-1079	-5	-3421	-2	1841	-2	-15843	-34	17	365
Orange	-79	0	-497	-1	-164	0	-17	0	-62	0	-111	0	78	0	-852	-2	1	25
Tarrant	-9327	-31	-12890	-38	-27629	-7	-2794	-22	-5709	-25	-9923	-6	17418	-19	-50853	-148	54	1584
Waller	-232	-1	-568	-2	-48	0	-5	0	0	0	-26	0	741	-1	-138	-3	0	36
Total (Non-attainment)	-64303	-212	-94297	-278	-153982	-39	-15571	-120	-32549	-144	-92008	-58	126602	-139	-326109	-991	349	10604
<b>Affected Counties</b>																		
(square feet in thousands)																		
Bastrop	-134	0	-848	-3	-522	0	-53	0	-498	-2	-128	0	112	0	-2071	-6	2	63
Bexar	-7212	-24	-15722	-46	-20263	-5	-2049	-16	-7328	-32	-10438	-7	8990	-10	-54022	-140	58	1499
Caldwell	-11	0	-206	-1	-84	0	-9	0	-13	0	-7	0	43	0	-286	-1	0	9
Comal	-327	-1	-1240	-4	-1226	0	-124	-1	-277	-1	-590	0	267	0	-3518	-8	4	85
Ellis	-744	-2	-1235	-4	-1335	0	-135	-1	-157	-1	-360	0	3570	-4	-396	-12	0	132
Gregg	-697	-2	-316	-1	-852	0	-86	-1	-524	-2	-320	0	452	0	-2344	-7	3	76
Guadalupe	-232	-1	-1019	-3	-1009	0	-102	-1	-189	-1	-636	0	1161	-1	-2026	-7	2	78
Harrison	-175	-1	-177	-1	-187	0	-19	0	-66	0	-49	0	32	0	-640	-2	1	18
Hays	-732	-2	-1398	-4	-1552	0	-157	-1	-260	-1	-1166	-1	466	-1	-4800	-11	5	113
Henderson	-85	0	-277	-1	-235	0	-24	0	-20	0	-47	0	256	0	-433	-2	0	19
Hood	-304	-1	-359	-1	-145	0	-15	0	-25	0	-81	0	0	0	-930	-2	1	25
Hunt	-270	-1	-852	-3	-299	0	-30	0	-96	0	-249	0	126	0	-1669	-4	2	47
Johnson	-134	0	-1243	-4	-955	0	-97	-1	-28	0	-100	0	668	-1	-1889	-6	2	64
Kaufman	-377	-1	-1476	-4	-714	0	-72	-1	-46	0	-243	0	1106	-1	-1822	-8	2	85
Nueces	-1289	-4	-1244	-4	-1164	0	-118	-1	-924	-4	-1342	-1	1153	-1	-4929	-15	5	164
Parker	-116	0	-1027	-3	-1120	0	-113	-1	-203	-1	-87	0	56	0	-2610	-6	3	60
Rockwall	-295	-1	-1147	-3	-1395	0	-141	-1	-77	0	-253	0	299	0	-3009	-7	3	71
Rusk	-10	0	-69	0	-243	0	-25	0	-7	0	-36	0	31	0	-358	-1	0	6
San Patricio	-170	-1	-469	-1	-382	0	-39	0	-111	0	-834	-1	2260	-2	255	-6	0	62
Smith	-990	-3	-918	-3	-1413	0	-143	-1	-673	-3	-1310	-1	1337	-1	-4110	-13	4	136
Travis	-4624	-15	-5022	-15	-12432	-3	-1257	-10	-4312	-19	-6734	-4	4293	-5	-30087	-71	32	760
Upshur	-141	0	-244	-1	-64	0	-6	0	-12	0	-57	0	18	0	-507	-1	1	15
Victoria	-257	-1	-159	0	-580	0	-59	0	-134	-1	-225	0	108	0	-1306	-3	1	30
Williamson	-1640	-5	-3662	-11	-5631	-1	-569	-4	-778	-3	-1646	-1	1229	-1	-12699	-28	14	298
Wilson	-44	0	-304	-1	-119	0	-12	0	-84	0	-5	0	0	0	-567	-2	1	16
Total (Affected)	-21011	-69	-40634	-120	-53921	-14	-5453	-42	-16843	-75	-26944	-17	28034	-31	-136773	-367	146	3931

Table 71: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 OSD Electricity and Natural Gas Savings (USDOE 2004). A decrease in energy use is negative (i.e., savings); a positive value represents an energy use increase (+). (Part 2)

Counties	Assembly		Education		Retail		Food		Lodging		Office		Warehouse		Total		Total*1.07 (T&D loss) for eGrid	
	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	MWh/yr	Therm/yr
(square feet in thousands)																		
ANDERSON	-102	0	-52	0	-216	0	-22	0	-58	0	-111	0	67	0	-494	-1	1	12
ANDREWS	-16	0	-86	0	0	0	0	0	-32	0	-61	0	0	0	-194	0	0	5
ANGELINA	-484	-2	-501	-1	-863	0	-87	-1	-190	-1	-366	0	72	0	-2421	-5	3	55
ARANSAS	-45	0	-10	0	-394	0	-40	0	-34	0	-65	0	2	0	-567	-1	1	8
ARCHER	-7	0	-62	0	0	0	0	0	-10	0	-20	0	9	0	-90	0	0	3
ATASCOSA	-171	-1	-205	-1	-222	0	-22	0	-60	0	-115	0	23	0	-772	-2	1	19
AUSTIN	-7	0	-320	-1	-13	0	-1	0	-27	0	-82	0	1852	-2	1432	-3	-2	34
BANDERA	-14	0	-226	-1	0	0	0	0	-15	0	-29	0	0	0	-285	-1	0	9
Bastrop	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BAYLOR	0	0	-7	0	0	0	0	0	-8	0	-16	0	0	0	-32	0	0	1
BEE	-110	0	-184	-1	-42	0	-4	0	-55	0	-107	0	1	0	-501	-1	1	14
BELL	-956	-3	-2062	-6	-1416	0	-143	-1	-1802	-8	-3484	-2	1063	-1	-8801	-22	9	236
Bexar	-7212	-24	-15722	-46	-20263	-5	-2049	-16	-7328	-32	-14163	-9	8990	-10	-57747	-142	62	1524
BLANCO	-2	0	-128	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-130	0	0	4
BORDEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BOSQUE	-9	0	-51	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-99	0	0	3
Brazoria	-1111	-4	-2822	-8	-3681	-1	-372	-3	-306	-1	-591	0	1002	-1	-7879	-19	8	195
BRAZOS	-1413	-5	-1801	-5	-1307	0	-132	-1	-887	-4	-1714	-1	376	0	-6878	-17	7	179
BREWSTER	-39	0	-62	0	0	0	0	0	-23	0	-44	0	36	0	-133	0	0	5
BRISCOE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BROOKS	-2	0	0	0	-5	0	-1	0	-1	0	-1	0	0	0	-9	0	0	0
BROWN	-74	0	-131	0	-138	0	-14	0	-75	0	-146	0	62	0	-516	-1	1	14
BURLESON	-11	0	-73	0	-6	0	-1	0	-10	0	-20	0	0	0	-121	0	0	3
BURNET	-88	0	-434	-1	-173	0	-18	0	-54	0	-104	0	23	0	-848	-2	1	22
Caldwell	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CALHOUN	0	0	-60	0	-197	0	-20	0	-4	0	-8	0	1	0	-287	0	0	4
CALLAHAN	-24	0	-99	0	-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	-118	0	0	4
CAMERON	-1103	-4	-3591	-10	-3045	-1	-308	-2	-1332	-8	-2575	-2	3018	-3	-8846	-28	8	299
Chambers	-85	0	-273	0	-85	0	-9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-452	-1	0	13
CHEROKEE	-168	-1	-168	0	-58	0	-6	0	-55	0	-105	0	114	0	-447	-2	0	17
CHILDRESS	-40	0	-19	0	0	0	0	0	-9	0	-18	0	30	0	-57	0	0	3
CLAY	-5	0	-28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-33	0	0	1
COKE	-29	0	-19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	-44	0	0	2
COLEMAN	-15	0	-17	0	-3	0	0	0	-5	0	-11	0	0	0	-51	0	0	1
Collin	-6639	-22	-9170	-27	-21409	-5	-2165	-17	-3164	-14	-6116	-4	5192	-6	-43471	-95	47	1013
COLORADO	0	0	-170	-1	-5	0	0	0	-26	0	-50	0	1	0	-250	-1	0	7
Comal	-327	-1	-1240	-4	-1226	0	-124	-1	-277	-1	-536	0	267	0	-3464	-8	4	84
COMANCHE	-15	0	-51	0	-3	0	0	0	-70	0	-135	0	2	0	-272	-1	0	6
CONCHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
COOKE	-89	0	-208	-1	-273	0	-28	0	-124	-1	-239	0	59	0	-898	-2	1	21
CORYELL	-114	0	-198	-1	-218	0	-22	0	-64	0	-124	0	45	0	-695	-2	1	17
COTTLER	0	0	-9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-9	0	0	0
CRANE	-12	0	-8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-20	0	0	1
CROCKETT	-26	0	-9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-35	0	0	1
CROSBY	-15	0	-3	0	0	0	0	0	-7	0	-13	0	0	0	-38	0	0	1
CULBERSON	-3	0	-23	0	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-29	0	0	1
Dallas	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DAWSON	-3	0	-38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-41	0	0	1
DE WITT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DELTA	-7	0	-50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-56	0	0	2
Denton	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DICKENS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DIMMIT	0	0	-41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-41	0	0	0
DUVAL	-2	0	-115	0	-9	0	-1	0	0	0	-1	0	0	0	-128	0	0	4
EASTLAND	-62	0	-21	0	-225	0	-23	0	-2	0	-5	0	0	0	-338	-1	0	5
ECTOR	-204	-1	-441	-1	-366	0	-37	0	-414	-2	-799	-1	1176	-1	-1085	-6	1	64
EDWARDS	-1	0	-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-4	0	0	0
Ellis	-744	-2	-1235	-4	-1335	0	-135	-1	-157	-1	-303	0	3570	-4	-338	-12	0	131
ERATH	-57	0	-275	-1	-43	0	-4	0	-47	0	-92	0	16	0	-502	-1	1	14
FALLS	-29	0	-73	0	-5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-107	0	0	3
FANNIN	-85	0	-200	-1	-61	0	-6	0	-27	0	-51	0	50	0	-380	-1	0	12
FAYETTE	-29	0	-125	0	-51	0	-5	0	-92	0	-178	0	6	0	-474	-1	1	11
FISHER	0	0	-19	0	0	0	0	0	-8	0	-15	0	0	0	-42	0	0	1
FOARD	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-2	0	0	0
Fort Bend	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FRANKLIN	-13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-2	0	-5	0	672	-1	651	-1	-1	9

Table 72: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 OSD Electricity and Natural Gas Savings (USDOE 2004). A decrease in energy use is negative (i.e., savings); a positive value represents an energy use increase (+). (Part 3)

Counties (square feet in thousands)	Assembly		Education		Retail		Food		Lodging		Office		Warehouse		Total		Total*1.07 (T&D loss) for eGrid	
	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	MWh/yr	Therm/yr
FREESTONE	0	0	-172	-1	0	0	0	0	-2	0	-4	0	0	0	-177	-1	0	6
FRIIO	-8	0	-161	0	-79	0	-8	0	-16	0	-32	0	0	0	-304	-1	0	7
Galveston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GILLESPIE	-98	0	-47	0	-214	0	-22	0	-40	0	-78	0	50	0	-445	-1	0	10
GLASSCOCK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GOLIAD	0	0	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	0	0	1
GONZALES	-13	0	66	0	-30	0	-3	0	-19	0	-36	0	0	0	-167	0	0	4
GRAYSON	-317	-1	-915	-3	-708	0	-72	-1	-194	-1	-375	0	824	-1	-1756	-6	2	69
GRIMES	-40	0	66	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-106	0	0	4
Guadalupe	-232	-1	-1019	-3	-1009	0	-102	-1	-189	-1	-365	0	1161	-1	-1755	-7	2	77
HALL	0	0	-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-3	0	0	0
HAMILTON	-6	0	66	0	0	0	0	0	-28	0	-54	0	0	0	-153	0	0	4
HARDEMAN	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-4	0	0	0
Harris	-19953	-66	-26930	-79	-43344	-11	-4382	-34	-10354	-46	-20013	-13	49295	-54	-75671	-303	81	3240
HASKELL	0	0	0	0	0	0	-98	0	-10	0	0	0	0	0	-109	0	0	1
Hays	-732	-2	-1398	-4	-1552	0	-157	-1	-280	-1	-503	0	466	-1	-4137	-15	4	108
Henderson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HIDALGO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HILL	-54	0	-417	-1	-118	0	-12	0	-17	0	-33	0	0	0	-652	-2	1	17
Hood	-304	-1	-359	-1	-145	0	-15	0	-25	0	-49	0	0	0	-897	-2	1	25
HOPKINS	-65	0	-141	0	-174	0	-18	0	-32	0	-62	0	114	0	-376	-1	0	12
HOUSTON	-24	0	-46	0	-295	0	-30	0	-41	0	-79	0	2	0	-512	-1	1	8
HOWARD	-58	0	91	0	-20	0	-2	0	-33	0	-64	0	0	0	-268	-1	0	7
HUDSPETH	-8	0	49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-55	0	0	2
Hunt	-270	-1	-852	-3	-298	0	-30	0	-90	0	-185	0	126	0	-1605	-4	2	47
IRION	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
JACK	-11	0	-5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-16	0	0	1
JACKSON	-16	0	-123	0	-9	0	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	-147	0	0	5
JEFF DAVIS	-55	0	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-56	0	0	2
JIM HOGG	-4	0	-47	0	0	0	0	0	-4	0	-7	0	0	0	-61	0	0	2
JIM WELLS	-2	0	-276	-1	-253	0	-26	0	-91	0	-176	0	25	0	-798	-2	1	17
Johnson	-134	0	-1243	-4	-955	0	-97	-1	-28	0	-53	0	668	-1	-1843	-6	2	64
JONES	-70	0	-48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	0	-94	0	0	4
KARNES	0	0	55	0	-2	0	0	0	-8	0	-16	0	0	0	-61	0	0	1
Kaufman	-377	-1	-1476	-4	-714	0	-72	-1	-46	0	-90	0	1106	-1	-1669	-5	2	84
KENDALL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KENEDY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KENT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-9	0	-18	0	0	0	-27	0	0	1
KERR	-368	-1	-280	-1	-256	0	-26	0	-207	-1	-400	0	2	0	-1535	-3	2	37
KIMBLE	-14	0	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-16	0	0	1
KING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KINNEY	0	0	-17	0	-5	0	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-23	0	0	1
KLEBERG	-64	0	-273	-1	-468	0	-47	0	-40	0	-78	0	8	0	-965	-2	1	19
KNOX	-7	0	-7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-14	0	0	0
LA SALLE	0	0	-11	0	-7	0	-1	0	-9	0	-17	0	0	0	-44	0	0	1
LAMAR	-63	0	-291	-1	-103	0	-10	0	-15	0	-28	0	18	0	-493	-1	1	14
LAMPASAS	-16	0	-55	0	-140	0	-14	0	-27	0	-53	0	0	0	-306	-1	0	6
LAVACA	-131	0	25	0	-3	0	0	0	-6	0	-13	0	0	0	-178	-1	0	6
LEE	-8	0	95	0	-13	0	-1	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	-113	0	0	3
LEON	-59	0	-38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-97	0	0	3
LIMESTONE	-31	0	38	0	-131	0	-13	0	-17	0	-33	0	4	0	-260	0	0	5
LIVE OAK	-30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-30	0	0	1
LLANO	-4	0	-115	0	0	0	0	0	-185	-1	-357	0	0	0	-661	-1	1	15
LOVING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MADISON	-9	0	-104	0	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	-114	0	0	4
MARTIN	0	0	-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-3	0	0	0
MASON	0	0	-16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-16	0	0	0
MATAGORDA	-40	0	-181	-1	-65	0	-7	0	-41	0	-79	0	54	0	-358	-1	0	11
MAVERICK	-144	0	-303	-1	-175	0	-18	0	-145	-1	-280	0	5	0	-1061	-2	1	25
MCCULLOCH	-5	0	-71	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-76	0	0	2
MCLENNAN	-908	-3	-2219	-7	-1669	0	-169	-1	-703	-3	-1358	-1	1139	-1	-5885	-16	6	176
MCMLLEN	-19	0	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-22	0	0	1
MEDINA	-70	0	-280	-1	-24	0	-2	0	-1	0	-1	0	11	0	-367	-1	0	12
MENARD	-3	0	-7	0	0	0	0	0	-1	0	-2	0	0	0	-12	0	0	0
MIDLAND	-810	-3	-363	-1	-1074	0	-109	-1	-210	-1	-406	0	121	0	-2840	-6	3	66
MILAM	-24	0	-219	-1	-112	0	-11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-366	-1	0	9
MILLS	-14	0	-45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-59	0	0	2
MITCHELL	-31	0	-1	0	-2	0	0	0	-20	0	-39	0	0	0	-94	0	0	2
MONTAGUE	-11	0	-71	0	-111	0	-11	0	-24	0	-46	0	5	0	-269	-1	0	5
Montgomery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MOTLEY	0	0	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-4	0	0	0



Table 73: Calculated ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 and 1999 OSD Electricity and Natural Gas Savings (USDOE 2004). A decrease in energy use is negative (i.e., savings); a positive value represents an energy use increase (+). (Part 4)

Counties	Assembly		Education		Retail		Food		Lodging		Office		Warehouse		Total		Total*1.07 (T&D loss) for eGrid	
	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	kWh/yr	mBtu/yr	MWh/yr	Therm/yr
(square feet in thousands)																		
NACOGDOCHES	-264	-1	-928	-3	-302	0	-31	0	-148	-1	-285	0	120	0	-1838	-5	2	52
NAVARRO	-64	0	-397	-1	-476	0	-48	0	-126	-1	-244	0	508	-1	-846	-3	1	34
NOLAN	-48	0	-97	0	-117	0	-12	0	-31	0	-60	0	0	0	-364	-1	0	8
Nueces	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PALO PINTO	-54	0	-211	-1	-238	0	-24	0	-15	0	-28	0	14	0	-556	-1	1	12
Parker	-116	0	-1027	-3	-1120	0	-113	-1	-203	-1	-392	0	56	0	-2915	-6	3	62
PECOS	-40	0	-50	0	-6	0	-1	0	-53	0	-103	0	0	0	-253	-1	0	6
PRESIDIO	-41	0	-51	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	-88	0	0	3
RAINS	-14	0	-121	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-135	0	0	4
REAGAN	-7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1	0	-2	0	0	0	-10	0	0	0
REAL	-4	0	-3	0	0	0	0	0	-14	0	-27	0	3	0	-46	0	0	1
RED RIVER	-28	0	-155	0	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-185	-1	0	6
REEVES	-42	0	-11	0	-6	0	-1	0	-16	0	-30	0	0	0	-105	0	0	3
REFUGIO	-16	0	-7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-23	0	0	1
ROBERTSON	-16	0	-25	0	0	0	0	0	-8	0	-15	0	11	0	-53	0	0	2
Rockwall	-295	-1	-1147	-3	-1395	0	-141	-1	-77	0	-149	0	299	0	-2905	-7	3	70
RUNNELS	0	0	-34	0	-9	0	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-44	0	0	1
Rusk	-10	0	-69	0	-243	0	-25	0	-7	0	-13	0	31	0	-336	-1	0	6
San Patricio	-170	-1	-469	-1	-382	0	-39	0	-111	0	-215	0	2260	-2	874	-5	-1	58
SAN SABA	-37	0	-15	0	-8	0	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-61	0	0	2
SCHLEICHER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SCURRY	-2	0	-1	0	-23	0	-2	0	-5	0	-9	0	37	0	-4	0	0	1
SHACKELFORD	-16	0	-22	0	0	0	0	0	-9	0	-17	0	0	0	-63	0	0	2
Smith	-990	-3	-918	-3	-1413	0	-143	-1	-673	-3	-1300	-1	1337	-1	-4100	-13	4	136
SOMERVELL	-3	0	-49	0	-2	0	-3	0	-49	0	-6	0	7	0	-55	0	0	2
STARR	-82	0	-971	-3	-36	0	-4	0	-25	0	-48	0	0	0	-1165	-3	1	35
STEPHENS	0	0	-34	0	0	0	0	0	-4	0	-9	0	0	0	-47	0	0	1
STERLING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
STONEWALL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SUTTON	0	0	-37	0	0	0	0	0	-18	0	-34	0	0	0	-89	0	0	2
Tarrant	-9327	-31	-12890	-38	-27629	-7	-2794	-22	-5709	-25	-11034	-7	17418	-19	-51964	-149	56	1592
TAYLOR	-440	-1	-418	-1	-1361	0	-138	-1	-349	-2	-675	0	495	-1	-2885	-7	3	71
TERRELL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
THROCKMORTON	-9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-9	0	0	0
TITUS	-142	0	-549	-2	-292	0	-29	0	-2	0	-3	0	0	0	-1016	-2	1	26
TOM GREEN	-725	-2	-687	-2	-807	0	-82	-1	-601	-3	-1161	-1	287	0	-3777	-9	4	96
Travis	-4624	-15	-5022	-15	-12432	-3	-1257	-10	-4312	-19	-8335	-5	4293	-5	-31689	-72	34	770
UPTON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-2	0	-4	0	0	0	-6	0	0	0
UVALDE	-102	0	-155	0	-317	0	-32	0	-16	0	-31	0	42	0	-611	-1	1	13
VAL VERDE	-159	-1	-342	-1	-168	0	-17	0	-69	0	-134	0	43	0	-846	-2	1	23
VAN ZANDT	-26	0	-476	-1	-4	0	0	0	-2	0	-3	0	4	0	-507	-2	1	16
Victoria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Waller	-232	-1	-568	-2	-48	0	-5	0	0	0	0	0	741	-1	-112	-3	0	35
WARD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	0	0	0
WASHINGTON	-222	-1	-173	-1	-322	0	-33	0	-38	0	-74	0	136	0	-726	-2	1	21
WEBB	-452	-1	-2918	-9	-1141	0	-115	-1	-698	-3	-1349	-1	1413	-2	-5261	-17	6	180
WHARTON	-113	0	-127	0	-476	0	-48	0	-35	0	-68	0	102	0	-766	-2	1	17
WICHITA	-764	-3	-422	-1	-856	0	-87	-1	-962	-4	-1859	-1	265	0	-4685	-10	5	111
WILBARGER	-27	0	-39	0	-98	0	-10	0	-43	0	-83	0	9	0	-291	-1	0	6
WILLACY	-14	0	-209	-1	-266	0	-27	0	-4	0	-8	0	40	0	-489	-1	1	11
Williamson	-1640	-5	-3662	-11	-5631	-1	-569	-4	-778	-3	-1504	-1	1229	-1	-12557	-28	13	297
Wilson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WINKLER	-11	0	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-13	0	0	0
WISE	-239	-1	-620	-2	-17	0	-2	0	-279	-1	-539	0	1	0	-1695	-4	2	45
YOUNG	-60	0	-82	0	-179	0	-18	0	-17	0	-33	0	7	0	-381	-1	0	8
ZAPATA	-19	0	-227	-1	-9	0	-1	0	-5	0	-10	0	0	0	-272	-1	0	8
ZAVALA	-4	0	-89	0	0	0	0	0	-16	0	-31	0	5	0	-135	0	0	4
Total	-69271	-229	-120633	-356	-169559	-43	-17146	-132	-45526	-202	-87996	-55	114264	-126	-395866	-1143	424	12226

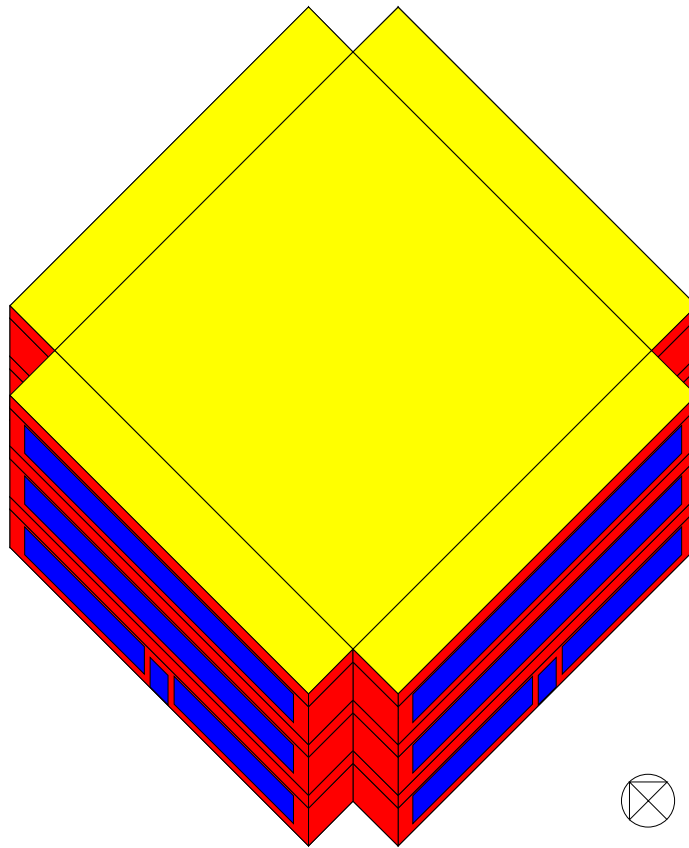


Figure 104: Typical Office Building Used for Annual to OSD calculation (3-story shown).

Table 74: Office/Retail Simulation Input Parameters (LOADS).

NAME	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT	STATUS	COMMENT
<b>LOADS</b>				
<b>b01</b>	Quick or thermal mode (Q or T)	Quick (Q)	Fixed	Q simulates the building as massless, T will include thermal mass
<b>b02</b>	Location	Bastrop (BAS)	User Defined	41 counties linked to 9 TRY packed weather files according to climate zone
<b>b03</b>	Azimuth of building (degree)	0	User Defined	Orientation of the building
<b>b04</b>	Length of building (ft)	122	User Defined	
<b>b05</b>	Width of building (ft)	122	User Defined	
<b>b06</b>	Floor to ceiling height (ft)	9	User Defined	
<b>b07</b>	Door height (ft)	7	Fixed	
<b>b08</b>	Door width (ft)	6	Fixed	
<b>b09</b>	Run year	2000	User Defined	
<b>b10</b>	Floor to floor height (ft)	13	User Defined	This defines the plenum height in conjunction with b06
<b>b11</b>	Number of floor	6	User Defined	
<b>b12</b>	Perimeter depth (ft)	15	Fixed	Used for thermal zoning
<b>b13</b>		Void		
<b>b14</b>	Underground floor mode	No (N)	User Defined	This allows the user to activate/deactivate underground floors
<b>b15</b>	Front wall: Attached to another building?	No (N)	User Defined	These 4 parameters are used to attach buildings to the different orientations of the model for the retail scenario
<b>b16</b>	Right wall: Attached to another building?	No (N)	User Defined	
<b>b17</b>	Back wall: Attached to another building?	No (N)	User Defined	
<b>b18</b>	Left wall: Attached to another building?	No (N)	User Defined	
<b>b19</b>	Building type	Office (O)	User Defined	Allows the user to switch between Office and Retail
<b>b20</b>	Code compliance	Code ( C )	User Defined	Allows user to run user defined model or either of ASHRAE 90.1 1989 or 1999
<b>c01</b>	Roof absorptance	0.45	User Defined	c01 and c03 are used to determine "roof color"
<b>c02</b>	Roof roughness	1	Fixed	This is used to calculate the outside film coefficient for heat transfer calculations, DOE-2 allows values from 1 to 6 increasing in smoothness
<b>c03</b>	Roof outside emissivity	0.89	User Defined	c01 and c03 are used to determine "roof color"
<b>c04</b>	Roof insulation R-value (hr-sq.ft-F/Btu)	R-15	User Defined	
<b>c05</b>	Wall absorptance	0.57	User Defined	c05 and c07 are used to define "wall color"
<b>c06</b>	Wall roughness	2	Fixed	This is used to calculate the outside film coefficient for heat transfer calculations, DOE-2 allows values from 1 to 6 increasing in smoothness
<b>c07</b>	Wall outside emissivity	0.9	User Defined	c05 and c07 are used to define "wall color"
<b>c08</b>	Wall insulation R-value (hr-sq.ft-F/Btu)	R-13	User Defined	
<b>c09</b>	Ground reflectance	0.24	Fixed	This defines the fraction of sunlight reflected from the ground
<b>c10</b>		Void		
<b>c11</b>	U-Factor of glazing (Btu/hr-sq.ft-F)	1.22	User Defined	
<b>c12</b>	Solar Heat Gain Coefficient (SHGC)	0.17	User Defined	
<b>c13</b>	Number of pane of glazing	1	Fixed	
<b>c14</b>	Frame absorptance of glazing	0.7	Fixed	
<b>c15</b>	Frame type - A,B,C,D,E	Aluminum w/o thermal break (A)	User Defined	Allows user to select from 5 different frame types
<b>c16</b>		Void		
<b>c17</b>	Floor weight (lb/sq.ft)	70	User Defined	This corresponds to medium construction, user has a choice of light, medium or heavy construction
<b>c18</b>	Slab-on-grade floor insulation R-value (Exterior insulation, horizontal) (hr-sq.ft-F/Btu)	R-0 (A)	User Defined	User can choose from 9 insulation R-values and insulation depths
<b>c19</b>	Slab-on-grade floor R-value (hr-sq.ft-F/Btu)	0.88	Fixed	
<b>c20</b>	Below-grade wall insulation R-value (hr-sq.ft-F/Btu) (Exterior insulation, vertical, basement wall = 8 ft)	R-0 (A)	User Defined	User can choose from 9 insulation R-values
<b>c21</b>	Below-grade wall R-value (concrete wall) (hr-sq.ft-F/Btu)	0.88	Fixed	
<b>c22</b>		Void		
<b>c23</b>	Floor R-value	1.67	Fixed	
<b>c24</b>		Void		
<b>c25</b>	Ceiling R-value (hr-sq.ft-F/Btu)	1.89	Fixed	
<b>c26</b>	Interior wall R-value (hr-sq.ft-F/Btu)	2.01	Fixed	
<b>c27</b>	Percent window-front (%)	50	User Defined	
<b>c28</b>	Percent window-right (%)	50	User Defined	
<b>c29</b>	Percent window-back (%)	50	User Defined	
<b>c30</b>	Percent window-left (%)	50	User Defined	
<b>sp01</b>		void		
<b>sp02</b>		void		
<b>sp03</b>	Area per person (ft <sup>2</sup> /person) for office	275	User Defined	
<b>sp04</b>	Lighting load (W/ft <sup>2</sup> ) for office	1.3	User Defined	
<b>sp05</b>	Equipment load (W/ft <sup>2</sup> ) for office	0.75	User Defined	
<b>sp06</b>	Area per person (ft <sup>2</sup> /person) for retail	300	User Defined	
<b>sp07</b>	Lighting load (W/ft <sup>2</sup> ) for retail	1.9	User Defined	
<b>sp08</b>	Equipment load (W/ft <sup>2</sup> ) for retail	0.25	User Defined	
<b>s01</b>	Front Shade (S)	0	User Defined	
<b>s02</b>	Back Shade (N)	0	User Defined	
<b>s03</b>	Left Shade (W)	0	User Defined	
<b>s04</b>	Right Shade (E)	0	User Defined	

Table 75: Office/Retail Simulation Input Parameters (SYSTEMS and PLANT).

NAME	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT	STATUS	COMMENT
<b>SYSTEM</b>				
sy01	Mode of system	Variable air volume (2)	User Defined	User can choose from Packaged single zone, variable air volume or packaged variable volume system
sy02	Cooling Capacity of cooling system (Btu/hr)	0	Fixed	DOE-2 is autosizing the system
sy03	Heating Capacity of heating system (Btu/hr)	0	Fixed	DOE-2 is autosizing the system
sy04	Seasonal Energy Efficiency Ratio (SEER) for PVAVS and PSZ	10	User Defined	
sy05	ANNUAL FUEL UTILIZATION EFFICIENCY (AFUE) for PSZ	0.8	User Defined	
sy06	**Spare parameter for systems other than VAVS**HEATING SEASONAL PERFORMANCE FACTOR (HSPF)	6.8	User Defined	Unused, since heatpump systems are not included in the office/retail scenario
sy07	**Spare parameter for Pilot light	0	Fixed	Unused
sy08	**Spare parameter for Pilot light	0	Fixed	Unused
sy09	**Spare parameter for Pilot light	0	Fixed	Unused
sy10			Void	
sy11	Exterior lighting (kW)	0	Fixed	
sy12			Void	
sy13	Fan control type	Variable frequency drives (1)	User Defined	User can choose from 4 different type of fan control
sy14	Economizer type	None (1)	User Defined	
sy15	Economizer drybulb limit (F) (use when economizer type(sy14) = dry bulb(2))	65	Fixed	This corresponds to the temperature above which the outside air dampers return to the minimum position
sy16	User input for numbers of fans	Autosized (A)	Fixed	Autosized by DOE-2
sy17	Number of Fans	6	Fixed	equal to the number of floors
sy18	Supply fan total pressure (in W.G)	5.5	Fixed	
sy19	Supply fan efficiency	0.54	Fixed	
sy20	Return fan total pressure (in W.G)	2	Fixed	
sy21	Return fan efficiency	0.51	Fixed	
sy22	Supply motor efficiency	0.5	Fixed	
sy23	Return motor efficiency	0.5	Fixed	
sy24	User input for DHW gallon/hr-person	Autosized (A)	Fixed	The size of DHW depends on the gallons per hour per person requirements of ASHRAE 90.1
sy25	Maximum DHW gallon/h-person (maximum hourly, to be used with occupancy schedule)	0.4	Fixed	
<b>PLANT</b>				
p01	Chiller type	Electric Centrifugal (1)	Fixed	
p02	Number of chillers	1	Fixed	
p03	Chillers size (MBtu/h)	-999	Fixed	Chiller is being autosized by DOE-2
p04	Condenser type	water-cooled (W)	Fixed	
p05	COP	5	User Defined	
p06	Switch for a chiller sizing	Autosized (A)	Fixed	Chiller is being autosized by DOE-2
p07	Cooling tower type	Open tower (O)		
p08			Void	
p09	Gpm/hp	38.2	Fixed	Value from ASHRAE 90.1 1999 for axial fan cooling towers
p10	Cooling tower capacity control	Two-speed fan (1)	Fixed	
p11	Boiler type	Gas fired-hotwater boiler (1)	User Defined	User can choose from gas fired or electric boilers
p12	Number of boilers	1	Fixed	
p13	Boiler size (MBtu/h)	-999	Fixed	Boiler is being autosized by DOE-2
p14	Boiler fuel type	Gas (G)	Fixed	Depends on the value of p10
p15	Boilers efficiency (Et,Ec,AFUE) (%)	80	User Defined	
p16	Switch for a boiler sizing	Autosized (A)	Fixed	Boiler is being autosized by DOE-2
p17			Void	
p18	DHW heater type	Gas water heater (1)	User Defined	User can choose from gas fired or electric water heaters
p19	Number of DHW heater	1	Fixed	
p20	DHW size (MBtu/h)	-999	Fixed	Water heater is being autosized by DOE-2
p21	DHW fuel type	Gas (G)	Fixed	Depends on the value of p18
p22	DHW heater Efficiency (Et,Ec,Energy factor) (%)	54	User Defined	
p23	Switch for a DHW heater sizing	Autosized (A)	Fixed	Water heater is being autosized by DOE-2
p24	DHW Storage Capacity (gal)	75	Fixed	

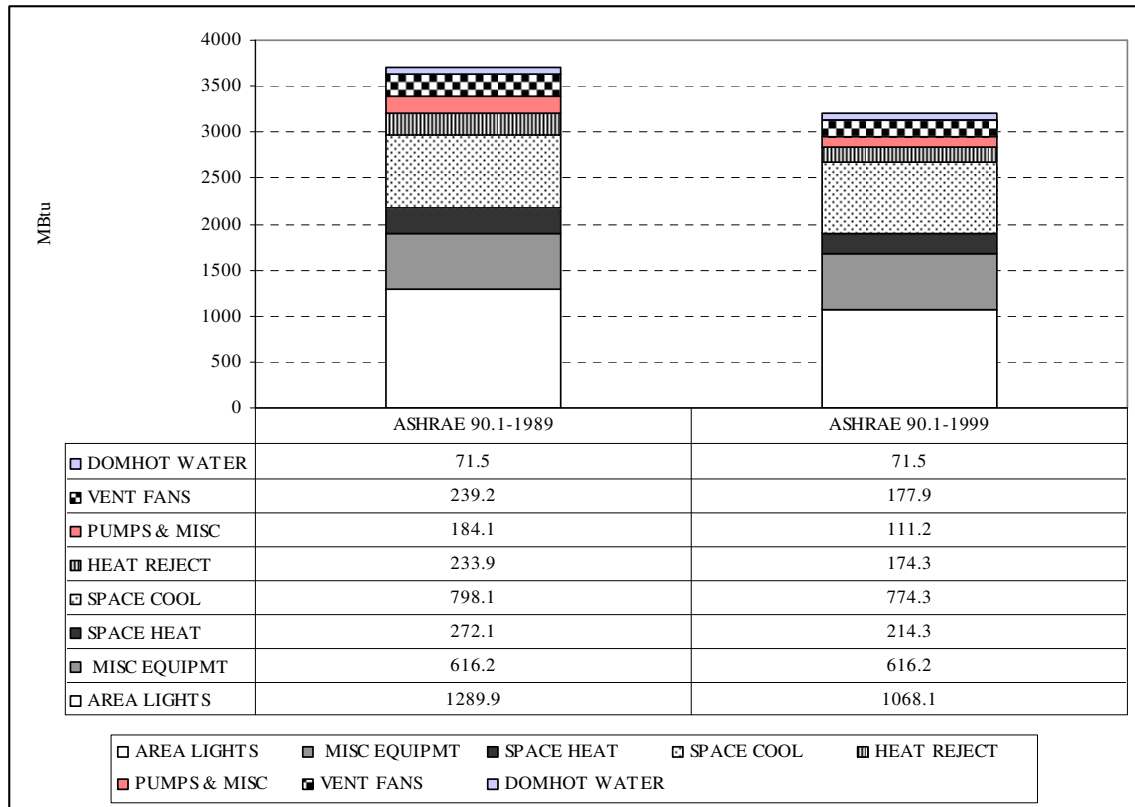


Figure 105: Comparison of Annual Energy Use ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989 vs 90.1-1999.

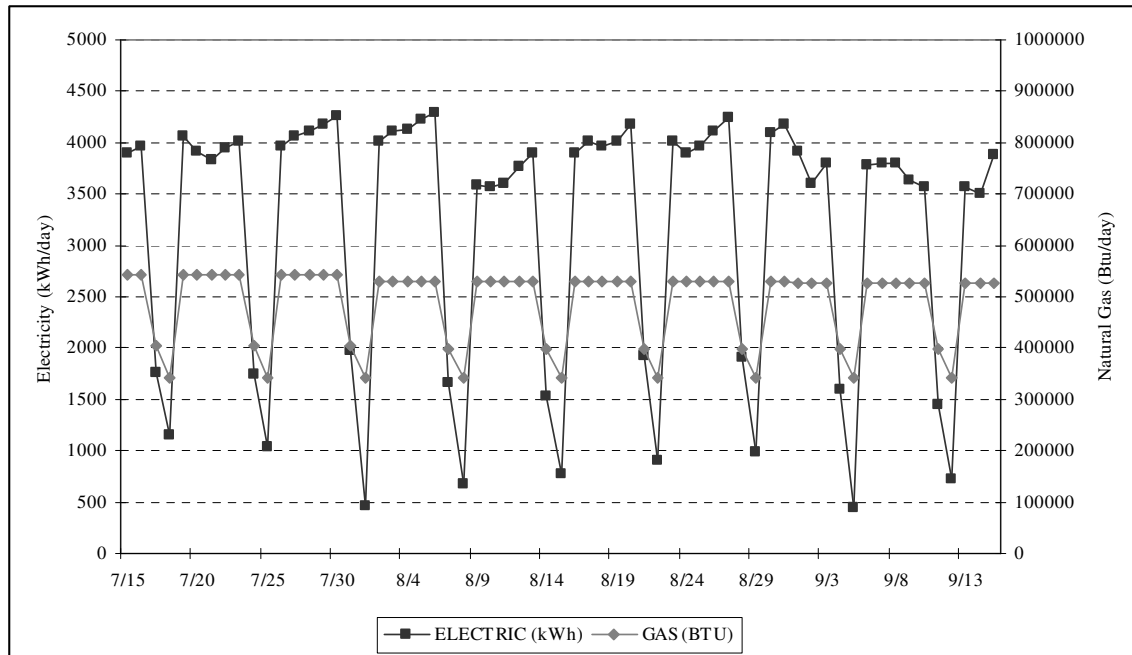


Figure 106: Simulated Electricity and Natural Gas for Building Built to 90.1-1989 Standard for OSD (07/15 – 09/15).

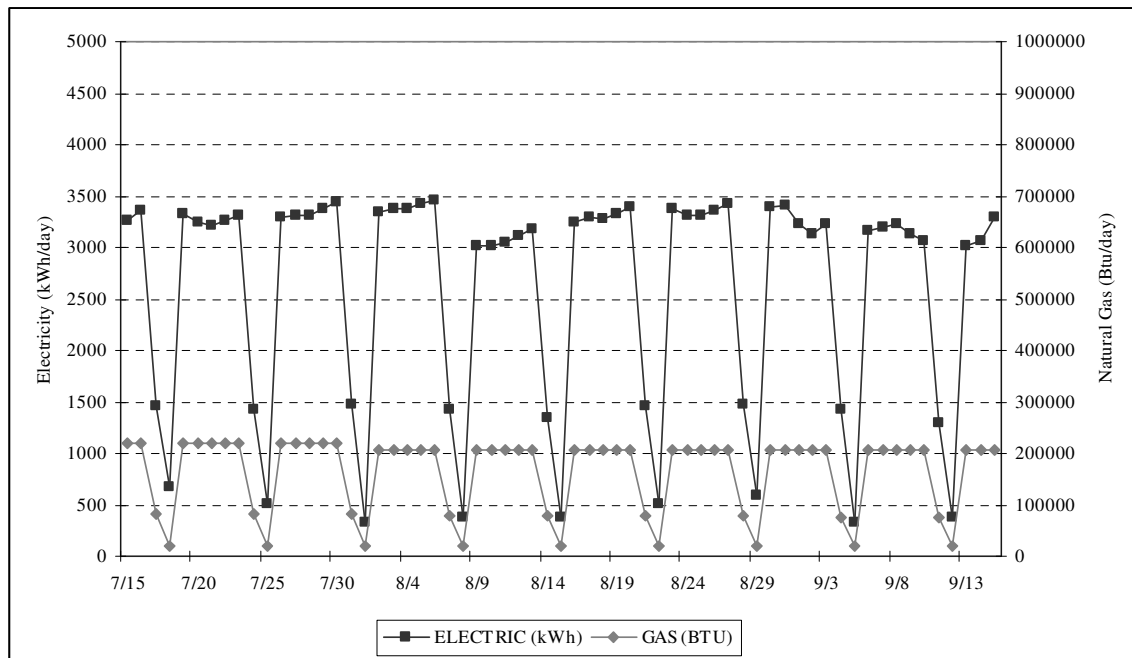


Figure 107: Simulated Electricity and Natural Gas for Building Built to 90.1-1989 Standard for OSD (07/15 – 09/15).



Table 76: Simulated Electricity and Natural Gas for Building Built to 90.1-1989 Standard for Annual and OSD (07/15 – 09/15).

	Electricity (kW)		Gas (Btu)	
	1989	1999	1989	1999
TOTAL (YEAR) (a)	988,405	858,198	331,600,000	278,800,000
OSD (07/15 - 09/15)	199,537	163,841	30,633,205	10,332,355
OSD PER DAY (b)	3167	2601	486241	164006
OSD % (b/a)	0.32%	0.30%	0.15%	0.06%

Table 77: Totalized Annual Electricity Savings from 90.1-1999 by PCA for Commercial Buildings.

PCA	Total Electricity Savings by PCA (MWh)
American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA	6,940.30
Austin Energy/PCA	294.14
Brownsville Public Utils Board/PCA	0.00
Lower Colorado River Authority/PCA	1,038.36
Reliant Energy HL&P/PCA	15,232.42
San Antonio Public Service Bd /PCA	11,156.39
South Texas Electric Coop Inc/PCA	0.00
Texas Municipal Power Pool/PCA	0.00
Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA	795.59
TXU Electric/PCA	47,154.21
El Paso Electric Co/PCA	39.54
Entergy Electric System/PCA	4,568.53
Total	87,219.47

Table 78: 2007 Annual NOx Reductions from IECC / IRC by PCA for Commercial Buildings by County using 2007 eGRID

Area	County	PC	Electric Power (ERCOT) (billion kWh)	American Electric Power (EPCOR)		Brownsleeve Public Utilities		Lower Colorado River Authority		Reliant Energy		South Texas Electric Coop		Texas Municipal Power		Texas-New Mexico Power		TXU		Total Nox Reductions (Tons)	Total Nox Reductions (Tons)
				Nox Reductions (billion lbs)	Nox Reductions (billion lbs)	Nox Reductions (billion lbs)	Nox Reductions (billion lbs)	Nox Reductions (billion lbs)	Nox Reductions (billion lbs)	Nox Reductions (billion lbs)	Nox Reductions (billion lbs)	Nox Reductions (billion lbs)	Nox Reductions (billion lbs)	Nox Reductions (billion lbs)	Nox Reductions (billion lbs)	Nox Reductions (billion lbs)	Nox Reductions (billion lbs)	Nox Reductions (billion lbs)			
Houston-Galveston Area	Beaumont	0.008511	11.290679	0.01080720	9.730376	0.00652189	0.00944232	4.09552200	0.00444533	996.877489	0.01487734	166.797451	0.00628213	0.00	0.004817	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
	Chambers	0.00217622	151.296291	0.02695891	7.926661	0.01062737	0.00967193	9.42433156	0.16484422	215.438914	0.03741274	148.055545	0.01055652	0.00	0.009532	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
	East Bend	0.002047	25.662138	0.00255163	0.00255163	0.00255163	0.002047	25.662138	0.00255163	0.00255163	0.00255163	0.00255163	0.00255163	0.00255163	0.00255163	0.00255163	0.00255163	0.00255163	0.00255163	0.00255163	
	Galveston	0.0035574	234.975319	0.01171055	12.289574	0.02504111	0.01535589	15.940348	0.2495874	3801.81978	0.05671075	831.05225	0.02414307	0.00	0.019273	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
	Harris	0.00826733	473.765545	0.08455948	2.761268	0.05041466	0.02847170	29.56379957	0.5174117	7881.433283	0.01314257	631.42567	0.04722863	0.00	0.023681	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
	Montgomery	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
	Waller	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
	Wharton	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
	Orange	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
	Beaumont Port Arthur Area	Orange	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Dallas Fort Worth Area	Dallas	0.00203914	14.152293	0.00371634	1.09311148	0.00150930	0.00595953	6.17261533	0.024816	37.78911991	0.00071703	7.799999	0.01918653	0.00	0.007669	0.00	0.004084	0.00	0.004084	0.00	0.00
	Collins	0.0045947	35.057721	0.00463993	1.57772229	0.00330290	0.0071421	6.03907699	0.020896	31.76907338	0.00096106	7.59817493	0.00702816	0.00	0.006217	0.00	0.00756253	0.00	0.00756253	0.00	0.00
	Denton	0.0001396	3.2889896	0.00072802	0.00672252	0.00034982	0.00139694	1.45059789	0.000584	1.81771959	0.00016871	1.88510107	0.00454374	0.00	0.001812	0.00	0.00185693	0.00	0.00185693	0.00	0.00
	Tarrant	0.00411138	27.1266393	0.00411138	0.00411138	0.00411138	0.00411138	27.1266393	0.00411138	27.1266393	0.00411138	27.1266393	0.00411138	0.00	0.00411138	0.00	0.00411138	0.00	0.00411138	0.00	0.00
	Johnson	0.00028606	1.98533076	0.00028606	0.1547709	0.00021267	0.00043297	0.87564381	0.0003534	3.83119351	0.00091329	1.1374343	0.00274283	0.00	0.00109787	0.00	0.00112645	0.00	0.00112645	0.00	0.00
	Wichita	0.00029543	43.90018	0.00037349	1.874252	0.00047162	0.00116529	10.6072307	0.0007165	11.756038	0.00091144	10.689315	0.00611375	0.00	0.0013175	0.00	0.00125411	0.00	0.00125411	0.00	0.00
	Rockwall	0.00029543	43.90018	0.00037349	1.874252	0.00047162	0.00116529	10.6072307	0.0007165	11.756038	0.00091144	10.689315	0.00611375	0.00	0.0013175	0.00	0.00125411	0.00	0.00125411	0.00	0.00
	Rockwall	0.00029543	43.90018	0.00037349	1.874252	0.00047162	0.00116529	10.6072307	0.0007165	11.756038	0.00091144	10.689315	0.00611375	0.00	0.0013175	0.00	0.00125411	0.00	0.00125411	0.00	0.00
	Rockwall	0.00029543	43.90018	0.00037349	1.874252	0.00047162	0.00116529	10.6072307	0.0007165	11.756038	0.00091144	10.689315	0.00611375	0.00	0.0013175	0.00	0.00125411	0.00	0.00125411	0.00	0.00
	Rockwall	0.00029543	43.90018	0.00037349	1.874252	0.00047162	0.00116529	10.6072307	0.0007165	11.756038	0.00091144	10.689315	0.00611375	0.00	0.0013175	0.00	0.00125411	0.00	0.00125411	0.00	0.00
El Paso Area	El Paso	0.00081996	6.993141	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00081996	6.993141	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549
	Hood	0.0128271	86.941861	0.01254039	3.761283	0.00652189	0.02091748	21.119821	0.0547399	83.411828	0.01050544	20.137772	0.01745854	0.00	0.002322	0.00	0.00121111	0.00	0.00121111	0.00	0.00
	Hood	0.00618756	42.9434916	0.00402374	1.835552	0.00456783	0.00103344	10.72814586	0.00270471	41.1994903	0.00257172	9.94671272	0.00881466	0.00	0.0036347	0.00	0.00148117	0.00	0.00148117	0.00	0.00
	El Paso	0.00081996	6.993141	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00081996	6.993141	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549
	El Paso	0.00081996	6.993141	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00081996	6.993141	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549
	El Paso	0.00081996	6.993141	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00081996	6.993141	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549
	El Paso	0.00081996	6.993141	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00081996	6.993141	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549
	El Paso	0.00081996	6.993141	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00081996	6.993141	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549
	El Paso	0.00081996	6.993141	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00081996	6.993141	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549
	El Paso	0.00081996	6.993141	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00081996	6.993141	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549	0.00020549
San Antonio Area	Comal	0.00341371	231.90136	0.06172584	15.2291498	0.02467754	0.00966342	94.1411	0.0011418	17.3930064	1.143571794	12758.136	0.04687384	0.00	0.00468696	0.00	0.00051958	0.00	0.00051958	0.00	0.00
	Comal	0.00341371	231.90136	0.06172584	15.2291498	0.02467754	0.00966342	94.1411	0.0011418	17.3930064	1.143571794	12758.136	0.04687384	0.00	0.00468696	0.00	0.00051958	0.00	0.00051958	0.00	0.00
	Comal	0.00341371	231.90136	0.06172584	15.2291498	0.02467754	0.00966342	94.1411	0.0011418	17.3930064	1.143571794	12758.136	0.04687384	0.00	0.00468696	0.00	0.00051958	0.00	0.00051958	0.00	0.00
	Comal	0.00341371	231.90136	0.06172584	15.2291498	0.02467754	0.00966342	94.1411	0.0011418	17.3930064	1.143571794	12758.136	0.04687384	0.00	0.00468696	0.00	0.00051958	0.00	0.00051958	0.00	0.00
	Comal	0.00341371	231.90136	0.06172584	15.2291498	0.02467754	0.00966342	94.1411	0.0011418	17.3930064	1.143571794	12758.136	0.04687384	0.00	0.00468696	0.00	0.00051958	0.00	0.00051958	0.00	0.00
	Comal	0.00341371	231.90136	0.06172584	15.2291498	0.02467754	0.00966342	94.1411	0.0011418	17.3930064	1.143571794	12758.136	0.04687384	0.00	0.00468696	0.00	0.00051958	0.00	0.00051958	0.00	0.00
	Comal	0.00341371	231.90136	0.06172584	15.2291498	0.02467754	0.00966342	94.1411	0.0011418	17.3930064	1.143571794	12758.136	0.04687384	0.00	0.00468696	0.00	0.00051958	0.00	0.00051958	0.00	0.00
	Comal	0.00341371	231.90136	0.06172584	15.2291498	0.02467754	0.00966342	94.1411	0.0011418	17.3930064	1.143571794	12758.136	0.04687384	0.00	0.00468696	0.00	0.00051958	0.00	0.00051958	0.00	0.00
	Comal	0.00341371	231.90136	0.06172584	15.2291498	0.02467754	0.00966342	94.1411	0.0011418	17.3930064	1.143571794	12758.136	0.04687384	0.00	0.00468696	0.00	0.00051958	0.00	0.00051958	0.00	0.00
	Comal	0.00341371	231.90136	0.06172584	15.2291498	0.02467754	0.00966342	94.1411	0.0011418	17.3930064	1.143571794	12758.136	0.04687384	0.00	0.00468696	0.00	0.00051958	0.00	0.00051958	0.00	0.00
Austin Area	Comal	0.00341371	231.90136	0.06172584	15.2291498	0.02467754	0.00966342	94.1411	0.0011418	17.3930064	1.143571794	12758.136	0.04687384	0.00	0.00468696	0.00	0.00051958	0.00	0.00051958	0.00	0.00
	Comal	0.00341371	231.90136	0.06172584	15.2291498	0.02467754	0.00966342	94.1411	0.0011418	17.3930064	1.143571794	12758.136	0.04687384	0.00	0.00468696	0.00	0.00051958	0.00	0.00051958	0.00	0.00
	Comal	0.00341371	231.90136	0.06172584	15.2291498	0.02467754	0.00966342	94.1411	0.0011418	17.3930064	1.143571794	12758.136	0.04687384	0.00	0.00468696	0.00	0.00051958	0.00	0.00051958	0.00	0.00
	Comal	0.00341371	231.90136	0.06172584	15.2291498	0.02467754	0.00966342	94.1411	0.0011418	17.3930064	1.143571794	12758.136	0.04687384	0.00	0.00468696	0.00	0.00051958	0.00	0.00051958	0.00	0.00
	Comal	0.00341371	231.90136	0.06172584	15.2291498	0.02467754	0.00966342	94.1411	0.001												

Table 79: 2007 Totalized OSD Electricity Savings from IECC / IRC by PCA for Commercial Buildings (w/7% T&D).

<b>PCA</b>	<b>Total Electricity Savings by PCA (MWh)</b>
<b>American Electric Power - West (ERCOT)/PCA</b>	42.63
<b>Austin Energy/PCA</b>	1.66
<b>Brownsville Public Utils Board/PCA</b>	0.00
<b>Lower Colorado River Authority/PCA</b>	5.58
<b>Reliant Energy HL&amp;P/PCA</b>	111.08
<b>San Antonio Public Service Bd /PCA</b>	65.44
<b>South Texas Electric Coop Inc/PCA</b>	0.00
<b>Texas Municipal Power Pool/PCA</b>	0.00
<b>Texas-New Mexico Power Co/PCA</b>	4.25
<b>TXU Electric/PCA</b>	301.65
<b>El Paso Electric Co/PCA</b>	0.20
<b>Entergy Electric System/PCA</b>	35.36
<b>Total</b>	567.85

Table 80: 2007 OSD NOx Reductions with the IECC / IRC by PCA for Commercial Buildings by County using 2007 eGRID (w/7% T&D).

Area	County	American Electric Power (ERCOT) PCA	NOx Reductions (Tons)	Austin Energy PCA	NOx Reductions (Tons)	Brownsville Public Utilities Board (PCA)	NOx Reductions (Tons)	Lower Colorado River Authority (PCA)	NOx Reductions (Tons)	Reliant Energy (ERCOT) PCA	NOx Reductions (Tons)	San Antonio Public Service Co (PCA)	NOx Reductions (Tons)	South Texas Electric Coop (PCA)	NOx Reductions (Tons)	Texas Municipal Power Pool (PCA)	NOx Reductions (Tons)	Texas-New Mexico Power Co (PCA)	NOx Reductions (Tons)	TXU Electric (PCA)	NOx Reductions (Tons)	Total NOx Reductions (Tons)	Total NOx Reductions (Tons)
Houston-Galveston Area	Brazoria	0.00957217	0.0490825	0.01180671	0.0195872	0.00709474	0.00426338	0.02371285	0.0710015	0.80786808	0.01614391	1.05618318	0.008781035	0.0051795	0.0051795	0.0051795	0.0051795	0.0051795	0.0051795	0.0051795	0.0051795	0.0051795	0.0051795
	Chattahoochee	0.0218814	0.0328515	0.02710415	0.04494417	0.01416038	0.00312556	0.00508026	0.054845	0.02377458	0.00427458	0.00427458	0.00427458	0.00427458	0.00427458	0.00427458	0.00427458	0.00427458	0.00427458	0.00427458	0.00427458	0.00427458	0.00427458
	Fort Bend	0.0056951	0.07442135	0.00889735	0.11444556	0.04113315	0.003228475	0.0250957	0.021271	0.00115358	0.00501193	0.00501193	0.00501193	0.00501193	0.00501193	0.00501193	0.00501193	0.00501193	0.00501193	0.00501193	0.00501193	0.00501193	0.00501193
	Galveston	0.00275559	0.1747214	0.00383544	0.05622038	0.02035134	0.012791501	0.07131735	0.2014565	22.172784	0.04581251	2.97246172	0.01828368	0.01828368	0.01828368	0.01828368	0.01828368	0.01828368	0.01828368	0.01828368	0.01828368	0.01828368	0.01828368
	Harris	0.0739057	2.2805105	0.0952270	0.15898433	0.05713423	0.032264145	0.178984007	0.5863172	65.1314140	0.1332069	8.71869558	0.05351883	0.05351883	0.05351883	0.05351883	0.05351883	0.05351883	0.05351883	0.05351883	0.05351883	0.05351883	0.05351883
	Liberty	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
	Montgomery	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
	Waller	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
	Waller	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
	Waller	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
Bastrop-Port Arthur Area	Bastrop	0.00176365	0.07318992	0.00315138	0.00522772	0.001302333	0.005050143	0.02815631	0.0020850	0.231891434	0.00064031	0.03529248	0.01056397	0.01056397	0.01056397	0.01056397	0.01056397	0.01056397	0.01056397	0.01056397	0.01056397	0.01056397	0.01056397
	Calves	0.00544550	0.215104	0.005305879	0.008801423	0.003726366	0.008787286	0.04882486	0.0024131	0.268055029	0.000782361	0.051186178	0.000910387	0.000910387	0.000910387	0.000910387	0.000910387	0.000910387	0.000910387	0.000910387	0.000910387	0.000910387	0.000910387
	Calves	0.00085772	0.02710325	0.001170921	0.001945001	0.000495532	0.00142487	0.010458369	0.00071503	0.067247585	0.000252291	0.014543534	0.000025882	0.000025882	0.000025882	0.000025882	0.000025882	0.000025882	0.000025882	0.000025882	0.000025882	0.000025882	0.000025882
	Calves	0.01517221	0.4663781	0.01517221	0.030524783	0.011500736	0.03002170	0.14491131	0.006071	0.74141001	0.00241361	0.14683907	0.02181886	0.02181886	0.02181886	0.02181886	0.02181886	0.02181886	0.02181886	0.02181886	0.02181886	0.02181886	0.02181886
	Calves	0.00330287	0.14933004	0.00330287	0.00860778	0.002586391	0.005848933	0.032098971	0.0015312	0.107086032	0.000504723	0.03002786	0.00499048	0.00499048	0.00499048	0.00499048	0.00499048	0.00499048	0.00499048	0.00499048	0.00499048	0.00499048	0.00499048
	Calves	0.00037143	0.01437255	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143
	Calves	0.00037143	0.01437255	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143
	Calves	0.00037143	0.01437255	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143
	Calves	0.00037143	0.01437255	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143
	Calves	0.00037143	0.01437255	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143	0.00037143
Dallas-Fort Worth Area	Dallas	0.00047593	0.02023068	0.00087618	0.001454306	0.00055111	0.00140431	0.007842779	0.000586	0.065317038	0.001687076	0.01111053	0.0043636	0.0043636	0.0043636	0.0043636	0.0043636	0.0043636	0.0043636	0.0043636	0.0043636	0.0043636	0.0043636
	Dallas	0.00005271	0.00501214	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271
	Dallas	0.00005271	0.00501214	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271
	Dallas	0.00005271	0.00501214	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271
	Dallas	0.00005271	0.00501214	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271
	Dallas	0.00005271	0.00501214	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271
	Dallas	0.00005271	0.00501214	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271
	Dallas	0.00005271	0.00501214	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271
	Dallas	0.00005271	0.00501214	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271
	Dallas	0.00005271	0.00501214	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271	0.00005271
El Paso Area	El Paso	0.00112811	0.02705982	0.004924148	0.009020213	0.00229958	0.004924148	0.009020213	0.00229958	0.004924148	0.009020213	0.00229958	0.004924148	0.009020213	0.00229958	0.004924148	0.009020213	0.00229958	0.004924148	0.009020213	0.00229958	0.004924148	0.009020213
	El Paso	0.00112811	0.02705982	0.004924148	0.009020213	0.00229958	0.004924148	0.009020213	0.00229958	0.004924148	0.009020213	0.00229958	0.004924148	0.009020213	0.00229958	0.004924148	0.0090202						

Table 81: 2007 Annual and OSD NOx Reductions from IECC / IRC by PCA for Commercial Buildings by County using 2007 eGRID (w/7% T&D) (1).

County	Electricity Savings and Resultant NOx Reductions (Office)				Total Natural Gas Savings and Resultant NOx Reductions (Office)				Total NOx Reductions	
	Total Annual Electricity Savings per County w/ 7% T&D Loss (MWh/County)	Annual NOx Reductions (Tons)	OSD Electricity Savings per County w/ 7% T&D Loss (MWh/County)	OSD NOx Reductions (Tons)	Total Annual N.G. Savings (Therm/County)	Annual NOx Reductions (Tons)	Total OSD N.G. Savings (Therm/County)	OSD NOx Reductions (Tons)	Annual NOx Reductions (Tons)	OSD NOx Reductions (Tons)
HARRIS	10,298.79	6.04	90.75	0.05	(204,126.40)	(0.94)	3,301,258	0.0152	5.11	0.0025
TARRANT	8,004.51	2.72	54.41	0.02	(87,019.94)	(0.40)	1,594,3654	0.0073	2.32	0.0296
COLLIN	8,949.71	0.13	49.15	0.00	(58,160.84)	(0.27)	1,029,7451	0.0047	(0.14)	0.0055
DALLAS	7,622.91	0.99	63.37	0.01	(143,133.95)	(0.66)	2,151,2208	0.0099	0.34	0.0168
BEXAR	9,863.19	6.62	57.80	0.04	(61,672.55)	(0.28)	1,498,7534	0.0069	6.33	0.0431
TRAVIS	5,552.40	0.08	32.19	0.00	(27,101.00)	(0.12)	759,6976	0.0035	(0.04)	0.0040
DENTON	3,225.90	0.03	21.01	0.00	(37,014.85)	(0.17)	641,5569	0.0030	(0.14)	0.0032
WILLIAMSON	2,520.52	0.00	13.59	0.00	(17,317.63)	(0.08)	298,3179	0.0014	(0.08)	0.0014
EL PASO	804.91	0.00	10.13	0.00	(30,690.16)	(0.14)	471,6854	0.0022	(0.14)	0.0022
MONTGOMERY	3,087.13	0.00	16.95	0.00	(21,013.40)	(0.10)	364,7824	0.0017	(0.10)	0.0017
GALVESTON	1,819.71	3.35	9.72	0.02	(10,263.07)	(0.05)	197,0388	0.0009	3.30	0.0198
BRAZORIA	1,571.45	0.86	8.57	0.01	(13,243.20)	(0.06)	200,1609	0.0009	0.80	0.0072
COMAL	707.40	0.00	3.76	0.00	(4,442.66)	(0.02)	84,5238	0.0004	(0.02)	0.0004
ROCKWALL	606.57	0.00	3.22	0.00	(4,962.36)	(0.02)	70,9270	0.0003	(0.02)	0.0003
HAYS	955.77	0.20	5.14	0.00	(6,942.16)	(0.03)	112,8519	0.0005	0.17	0.0017
NUECES	826.09	1.01	5.27	0.01	(5,574.36)	(0.03)	164,1283	0.0008	0.99	0.0069
FORT BEND	2,281.73	6.24	14.35	0.03	(24,036.30)	(0.11)	379,1040	0.0017	6.12	0.0555
ELLIS	(455.01)	0.73	0.42	0.01	(10,852.28)	(0.05)	131,8507	0.0006	0.68	0.0056
JOHNSON	314.83	0.02	2.02	0.00	(5,048.08)	(0.02)	64,4031	0.0003	(0.01)	0.0004
GUADALUPE	257.14	0.18	2.17	0.00	(5,366.69)	(0.02)	78,4319	0.0004	0.14	0.0013
KAUFMAN	233.97	1.42	1.95	0.01	(6,577.77)	(0.03)	84,6429	0.0004	1.39	0.0097
JEFFERSON	1,204.72	0.00	6.70	0.00	(2,334.83)	(0.01)	156,3817	0.0007	(0.01)	0.0007
PARKER	547.18	0.01	2.79	0.00	(2,923.16)	(0.01)	59,7842	0.0003	(0.00)	0.0005
SMITH	640.05	0.00	4.40	0.00	(5,867.01)	(0.03)	136,0357	0.0006	(0.03)	0.0006
BASTROP	398.65	0.36	2.22	0.00	(734.10)	(0.00)	63,1031	0.0003	0.36	0.0024
CHAMBERS	129.97	1.93	0.63	0.01	(1,022.69)	(0.00)	13,5306	0.0001	1.92	0.0134
GREGG	397.46	0.00	2.51	0.00	(1,847.32)	(0.01)	76,3831	0.0004	(0.01)	0.0004
SAN PATRICK	(397.19)	0.22	(0.27)	0.00	(5,627.99)	(0.03)	62,4801	0.0003	0.20	0.0018
LIBERTY	294.64	0.00	1.44	0.00	(2,556.80)	(0.01)	37,0702	0.0002	(0.01)	0.0002
VICTORIA	255.72	0.14	1.40	0.00	(1,255.28)	(0.01)	29,6872	0.0001	0.14	0.0010
ORANGE	171.08	0.00	0.91	0.00	(1,400.56)	(0.01)	24,9033	0.0001	(0.01)	0.0001
CALDWELL	55.86	0.00	0.31	0.00	(584.97)	(0.00)	9,0068	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
WILSON	118.24	0.00	0.61	0.00	(516.72)	(0.00)	16,4758	0.0001	(0.00)	0.0001
HARDIN	140.95	0.00	0.89	0.00	(1,100.94)	(0.01)	15,1428	0.0001	(0.01)	0.0001
HARRISON	128.68	0.00	0.88	0.00	(750.51)	(0.00)	17,6722	0.0001	(0.00)	0.0001
WALLER	178.19	0.00	0.15	0.00	(2,991.78)	(0.01)	35,5690	0.0002	(0.01)	0.0002
UPSHUR	106.98	0.00	0.54	0.00	(942.75)	(0.00)	14,5831	0.0001	(0.00)	0.0001
RUSK	72.82	0.15	0.38	0.00	(469.64)	(0.00)	6,1384	0.0000	0.15	0.0000
HOOD	199.83	2.80	0.99	0.02	(1,561.19)	(0.01)	25,4444	0.0001	2.80	0.0178
HUNT	339.64	1.38	1.79	0.01	(2,796.69)	(0.01)	47,4485	0.0002	1.37	0.0093
HENDERSON	55.34	0.18	0.46	0.00	(1,388.54)	(0.01)	18,6386	0.0001	0.18	0.0014
HIDALGO	0.00	0.84	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.84	0.0066
CAMERON	1,383.19	0.22	9.46	0.00	(14,413.75)	(0.07)	299,1724	0.0014	0.15	0.0029
BELL	1,622.42		9.42		(4,969.43)	(0.02)	235,9629	0.0011	(0.02)	0.0011
WEBB	894.28	0.09	5.63	0.00	(9,020.24)	(0.04)	179,5390	0.0008	0.05	0.0012
BRAZOS	1,370.40	0.11	7.36	0.00	(6,580.23)	(0.03)	179,2775	0.0008	0.08	0.0016
KENDALL	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
BURNET	178.55		0.91		(1,233.18)	(0.01)	22,2760	0.0001	(0.01)	0.0001
GRAYSON	247.06		1.88		(4,201.07)	(0.02)	69,3291	0.0003	(0.02)	0.0003
CORYELL	139.62		0.74		(801.29)	(0.00)	17,0765	0.0001	(0.00)	0.0001
MIDLAND	577.69		3.04		(3,200.79)	(0.01)	65,7640	0.0003	(0.01)	0.0003
LLANO	130.45	0.10	0.71	0.00	217.80	0.00	14,9553	0.0001	0.10	0.0007
MAVERICK	219.46		1.14		(765.55)	(0.00)	25,4120	0.0001	(0.00)	0.0001
MCJULLEN	4.75		0.02		(47.70)	(0.00)	0.7804	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
ARANSAS	123.94		0.63		(424.53)	(0.00)	8,3514	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
WICHITA	901.81	0.05	5.01	0.00	(1,285.29)	(0.01)	111,0229	0.0005	0.04	0.0008
TAYLOR	524.49	0.00	3.09	0.00	(3,070.37)	(0.01)	70,7090	0.0003	(0.01)	0.0003
TOM GREEN	730.47	0.01	4.04	0.00	(2,739.46)	(0.01)	95,9469	0.0004	(0.01)	0.0004
MCLENNAN	1,061.40	5.49	6.30	0.03	(8,489.66)	(0.04)	176,4540	0.0008	5.45	0.0338
MCCULLOCH	16.95		0.08		(171.01)	(0.00)	2,4209	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
WISE	349.16	0.63	1.81	0.00	(1,185.45)	(0.01)	45,0721	0.0002	0.63	0.0044
JIM HOGG	13.20		0.07		(103.68)	(0.00)	1,8182	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
VAL VERDE	172.79		0.90		(1,156.08)	(0.01)	22,9625	0.0001	(0.01)	0.0001
ECTOR	30.82	0.79	1.16	0.01	(2,519.76)	(0.01)	63,9875	0.0003	0.78	0.0055
WHARTON	147.82	0.01	0.82	0.00	(1,062.96)	(0.00)	16,5950	0.0001	0.01	0.0002
KERR	316.10		1.64		(1,117.78)	(0.01)	37,2239	0.0002	(0.01)	0.0002
PRESIDIO	18.70	0.00	0.09	0.00	(206.23)	(0.00)	3,0986	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
JIM WELLS	164.32		0.85		(675.21)	(0.00)	17,3589	0.0001	(0.00)	0.0001
CALHOUN	62.05	0.37	0.31	0.00	(323.31)	(0.00)	4,3228	0.0000	0.37	0.0025
GILLESPIE	86.42		0.48		(495.54)	(0.00)	10,3212	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
MATAGORDA	67.50		0.38		(331.40)	(0.00)	10,9400	0.0001	(0.00)	0.0001
NAVARRO	100.35		0.91		(1,099.49)	(0.01)	33,6536	0.0002	(0.01)	0.0002
ANGELINA	499.18	0.07	2.59	0.00	(2,820.55)	(0.01)	54,7996	0.0003	0.06	0.0007
NACOGDOCHES	373.81		1.97		(2,747.13)	(0.01)	52,3093	0.0002	(0.01)	0.0002
FANNIN	73.64	1.58	0.41	0.01	(697.32)	(0.00)	12,1822	0.0001	1.58	0.0110
ATASCOSA	159.44		0.83		(920.91)	(0.00)	18,8314	0.0001	(0.00)	0.0001
WASHINGTON	133.58		0.78		(1,287.16)	(0.01)	20,7840	0.0001	(0.01)	0.0001
LAMAR	104.65	0.21	0.53	0.00	(880.85)	(0.00)	13,6586	0.0001	0.21	0.0018
VAN ZANDT	112.17		0.54		(1,132.72)	(0.01)	16,1220	0.0001	(0.01)	0.0001
WILLACY	100.65		0.52		(817.28)	(0.00)	10,7807	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
BROWN	97.26		0.55		(486.01)	(0.00)	13,5714	0.0001	(0.00)	0.0001
ERATH	104.30		0.54		(682.89)	(0.00)	14,2245	0.0001	(0.00)	0.0001
AUSTIN	(585.80)		(1.53)		(3,546.74)	(0.02)	33,8702	0.0002	(0.02)	0.0002
COOKE	177.31		0.96		(689.61)	(0.00)	20,8299	0.0001	(0.00)	0.0001
MEDINA	79.38		0.39		(617.52)	(0.00)	11,7518	0.0001	(0.00)	0.0001
TITUS	222.57	1.27	1.09	0.00	(1,822.64)	(0.01)	25,6599	0.0001	1.27	0.0001
UVALDE	124.97		0.65		(903.17)	(0.00)	13,4700	0.0001	(0.00)	0.0001
FAYETTE	95.57	0.00	0.51	0.00	(158.86)	(0.00)	11,1575	0.0001	(0.00)	0.0001
CALLAHAN	24.33		0.13		(289.08)	(0.00)	4,1038	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
HOPKINS	62.53		0.40		(720.39)	(0.00)	11,9440	0.0001	(0.00)	0.0001
LAMPASAS	64.30		0.33		(226.57)	(0.00)	5,5165	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
BLANCO	28.93		0.14		(291.98)	(0.00)	4,0955	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
FREESTONE	39.35	0.82	0.19	0.01	(382.32)	(0.00)	5,5469	0.0000	0.82	0.0054
GRIMES	23.20	0.00	0.11	0.00	(233.60)	(0.00)	3,5067	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
LEE	24.47		0.12		(248.63)	(0.00)	3,4494	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
SOMERVELL	10.96		0.06		(121.36)	(0.00)	1,9248	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
ANDREWS	40.17	0.01	0.21	0.00	(143.12)	(0.00)	5,1658	0.0000	0.00	0.0001
BORDEN	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000

Table 82: 2007 Annual and OSD NOx Reductions from IECC / IRC by PCA for Commercial Buildings by County using 2007 eGRID (w/7% T&amp;D) (2).

County	Electricity Savings and Resultant NOx Reductions (Office)				Total Natural Gas Savings and Resultant NOx Reductions (Office)				Total NOx Reductions	
	Total Annual Electricity Savings per County w/ 7% T&D Loss (MWh/County)	Annual NOx Reductions (Tons)	OSD Electricity Savings per County w/ 7% T&D Loss (MWh/County)	OSD NOx Reductions (Tons)	Total Annual N.G. Savings (Therm/County)	Annual NOx Reductions (Tons)	Total OSD N.G. Savings (Therm/County)	OSD NOx Reductions (Tons)	Annual NOx Reductions (Tons)	OSD NOx Reductions (Tons)
CHEROKEE	75.72	0.78	0.48	0.01	(822.34)	(0.00)	16.5969	0.0001	0.78	0.0001
DIMMIT	9.23		0.04		(63.16)	(0.00)	1.3041	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
FALLS	23.44		0.11		(229.58)	(0.00)	3.3721	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
COLORADO	53.23		0.27		(321.67)	(0.00)	7.0064	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
FRIIO	65.60	0.06	0.33	0.00	(414.67)	(0.00)	7.2266	0.0000	0.05	0.0006
MILAM	80.45	0.50	0.39	0.00	(654.82)	(0.00)	6.9810	0.0000	0.50	0.0024
JACKSON	32.09		0.19		(324.82)	(0.00)	4.5895	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
ANDERSON	92.40		0.53		(489.19)	(0.00)	11.8992	0.0001	(0.00)	0.0001
HILL	142.36		0.70		(1,127.55)	(0.01)	17.4211	0.0001	(0.01)	0.0001
CULBERSON	6.37		0.03		(61.31)	(0.00)	0.8995	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
MASON	3.50		0.02		(35.38)	(0.00)	0.4951	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
PECOS	50.94	0.01	0.27	0.00	(63.40)	(0.00)	6.2914	0.0000	0.01	0.0001
RAINS	30.05		0.14		(303.08)	(0.00)	4.3255	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
LAVACA	37.34		0.19		(316.30)	(0.00)	5.8065	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
PALO PINTO	118.12	0.19	0.59	0.00	(806.32)	(0.00)	12.2982	0.0001	0.19	0.0012
KIMBLE	3.27		0.02		(32.81)	(0.00)	0.5427	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
MADISON	25.21		0.12		(257.10)	(0.00)	3.6390	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
ARCHER	17.98		0.10		(140.79)	(0.00)	2.9225	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
REFUGIO	4.90		0.02		(49.22)	(0.00)	0.7626	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
LIMESTONE	54.42	0.06	0.28	0.00	(242.00)	(0.00)	4.8363	0.0000	0.06	0.0000
CLAY	7.28		0.04		(73.41)	(0.00)	1.0564	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
BEE	184.72		0.54		(542.23)	(0.00)	13.5032	0.0001	(0.00)	0.0001
MARTIN	0.57		0.00		(5.71)	(0.00)	0.0798	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
GONZALES	35.14		0.18		(158.01)	(0.00)	4.0062	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
BURLESON	25.94		0.13		(166.10)	(0.00)	3.3862	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
KARNES	17.35		0.09		(105.89)	(0.00)	2.2573	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
KLEBERG	205.97		1.03		(1,123.47)	(0.01)	16.6036	0.0001	(0.01)	0.0001
BREWSTER	21.80		0.14		(219.38)	(0.00)	5.1468	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
WINKLER	2.87		0.01		(28.19)	(0.00)	0.4617	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
FRANKLIN	(241.47)		(0.70)		(1,062.32)	(0.00)	8.5213	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
YOUNG	80.32	1.40	0.41	0.01	(454.54)	(0.00)	7.7763	0.0000	1.39	0.0079
HOUSTON	107.62		0.55		(344.20)	(0.00)	8.0446	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
SCURRY	(4.94)		0.00		(75.06)	(0.00)	1.0685	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
BOSQUE	22.05	0.04	0.11	0.00	(222.43)	(0.00)	3.1612	0.0000	0.03	0.0004
COMANCHE	53.74		0.29		30.08	0.00	6.4405	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
BRISCOE	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
CONCHO	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
ZAVALA	27.92		0.14		(172.91)	(0.00)	3.9570	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
NOLAN	76.87	0.13	0.39	0.00	(355.33)	(0.00)	7.9234	0.0000	0.12	0.0009
BROOKS	1.96		0.01		(6.94)	(0.00)	0.1526	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
ROBERTSON	9.40	0.19	0.06	0.00	(88.48)	(0.00)	1.9850	0.0000	0.19	0.0006
LIVE OAK	6.30		0.03		(63.11)	(0.00)	1.0625	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
HAMILTON	31.47		0.15		(317.70)	(0.00)	3.9768	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
JONES	16.51	0.18	0.10	0.00	(292.11)	(0.00)	4.2967	0.0000	0.18	0.0012
REAGAN	2.01		0.01		(13.26)	(0.00)	0.3109	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
WARD	(1.19)	4.15	(0.00)	0.03	(5.04)	(0.00)	0.0382	0.0000	4.15	0.0284
RED RIVER	40.87	0.00	0.20	0.00	(409.98)	(0.00)	5.9021	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
HASKELL	23.54	0.00	0.12	0.00	(100.50)	(0.00)	1.1324	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
HOWARD	55.88	0.12	0.29	0.00	(280.18)	(0.00)	7.1505	0.0000	0.12	0.0009
SAN SABA	10.10		0.07		(130.10)	(0.00)	1.8775	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
JACK	3.51	0.47	0.02	0.00	(35.30)	(0.00)	0.5599	0.0000	0.47	0.0031
STEPHENS	10.06		0.05		(64.44)	(0.00)	1.3366	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
RUINNELS	9.67		0.05		(85.37)	(0.00)	1.1696	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
REEVES	21.45		0.11		(77.51)	(0.00)	2.6505	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
DE WITT	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
CHILDRESS	7.10		0.06		(148.59)	(0.00)	2.9432	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
CROSBY	7.67		0.04		(75.71)	(0.00)	1.0459	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
DAWSON	9.20		0.04		(92.85)	(0.00)	1.3196	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
MITCHELL	18.59	3.34	0.10	0.02	(17.13)	(0.00)	2.3714	0.0000	3.34	0.0243
WILBARGER	58.43	0.13	0.31	0.00	(141.37)	(0.00)	5.9603	0.0000	0.13	0.0000
COLEMAN	10.76	0.01	0.06	0.00	(58.40)	(0.00)	1.4283	0.0000	0.01	0.0000
UPTON	1.20	0.01	0.01	0.00	5.61	0.00	0.1285	0.0000	0.01	0.0000
COKE	8.95	0.00	0.05	0.00	(108.79)	(0.00)	1.8613	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
CROCKETT	7.47		0.04	0.00	(75.01)	(0.00)	1.2645	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
HARDEN	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	(8.66)	(0.00)	0.1458	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
BANDERA	62.03		0.30		(501.42)	(0.00)	8.5550	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
BAYLOR	6.42		0.03		5.68	0.00	0.7453	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
COTTLE	1.92		0.01		(19.40)	(0.00)	0.2715	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
CRANE	4.27		0.02		(42.91)	(0.00)	0.6732	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
DELTA	12.47		0.06		(125.75)	(0.00)	1.7995	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
DICKENS	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
DUVAL	28.49		0.14		(271.94)	(0.00)	3.6267	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
EASTLAND	72.55		0.38		(385.74)	(0.00)	5.4903	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
EDWARDS	0.87		0.00		(8.72)	(0.00)	0.1299	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
FISHER	8.67		0.04		(22.68)	(0.00)	1.0766	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
FOARD	0.32		0.00		(3.23)	(0.00)	0.0543	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
GLASSCOCK	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
SOLIDAD	5.51		0.03		(55.44)	(0.00)	0.7787	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
HALL	0.68		0.00		(6.85)	(0.00)	0.0958	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
HUDSPETH	12.13		0.06		(122.36)	(0.00)	1.7459	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
IRION	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
JEFF DAVIS	11.89		0.06		(117.17)	(0.00)	1.9674	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
KENEDY	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
KENT	5.28		0.03		24.68	0.00	0.5656	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
KING	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
KINNEY	5.07		0.02		(44.15)	(0.00)	0.6924	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
KNOX	3.13		0.02		(31.44)	(0.00)	0.4840	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
LA SALLE	8.92		0.05		(7.34)	(0.00)	0.9389	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
LEON	20.75		0.10		(210.45)	(0.00)	3.2963	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
LOVING	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
MENARD	2.62		0.01		(18.88)	(0.00)	0.3694	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
MILLS	13.98		0.06		(131.88)	(0.00)	1.9992	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
MONTAGUE	56.19		0.29		(239.42)	(0.00)	5.5501	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
MOTLEY	0.80		0.00		(8.10)	(0.00)	0.1134	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
REAL	8.59		0.05		17.98	0.00	1.1277	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
SCHLEICHER	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
SHACKELFORD	13.06		0.07		(59.51)	(0.00)	1.7701	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
STARR	256.71		1.25		(2,333.60)	(0.01)	35.4507	0.0002	(0.01)	0.0002
STERLING	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
STONEWALL	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
SUTTON	18.30		0.10		(37.84)	(0.00)	2.2499	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
TERRELL	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
THROCKMORTON	1.85		0.01		(18.56)	(0.00)	0.3125	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
ZAPATA	60.01		0.29		(548.18)	(0.00)	6.2846	0.0000	(0.00)	0.0000
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>90,227.41</b>	<b>62.23</b>	<b>590.76</b>	<b>0.39</b>	<b>(938,844.21)</b>	<b>(4.32)</b>	<b>17,124.56</b>	<b>0.08</b>	<b>57.91</b>	<b>0.47</b>



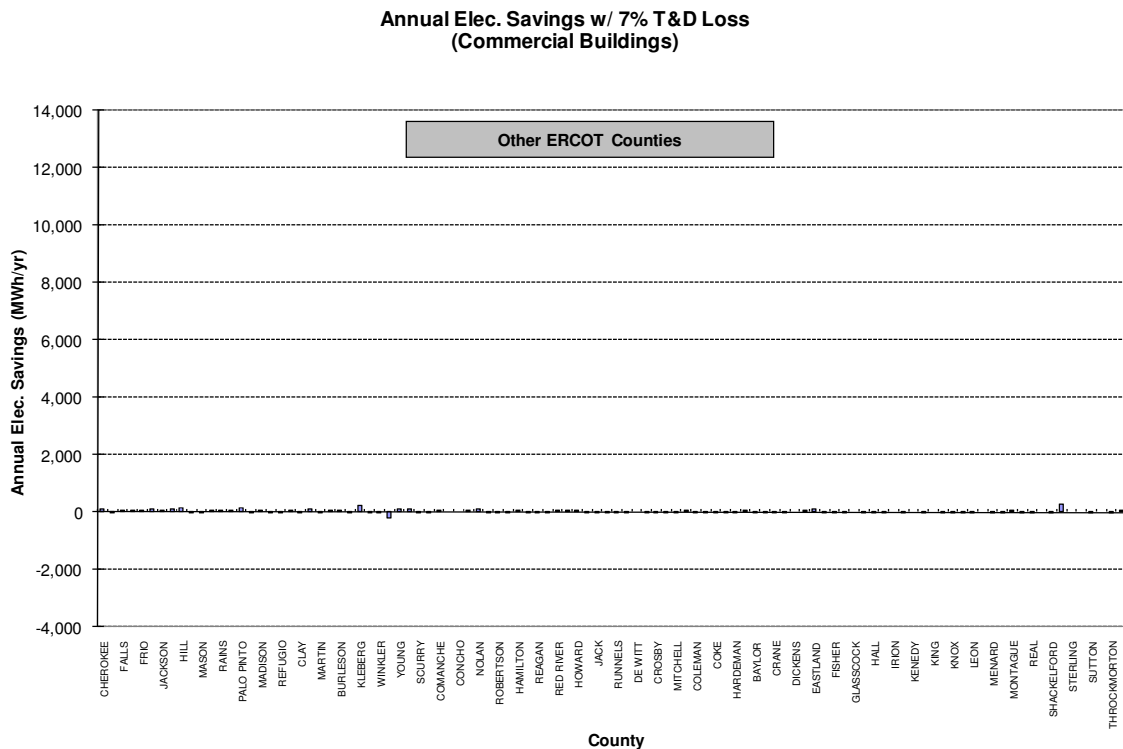
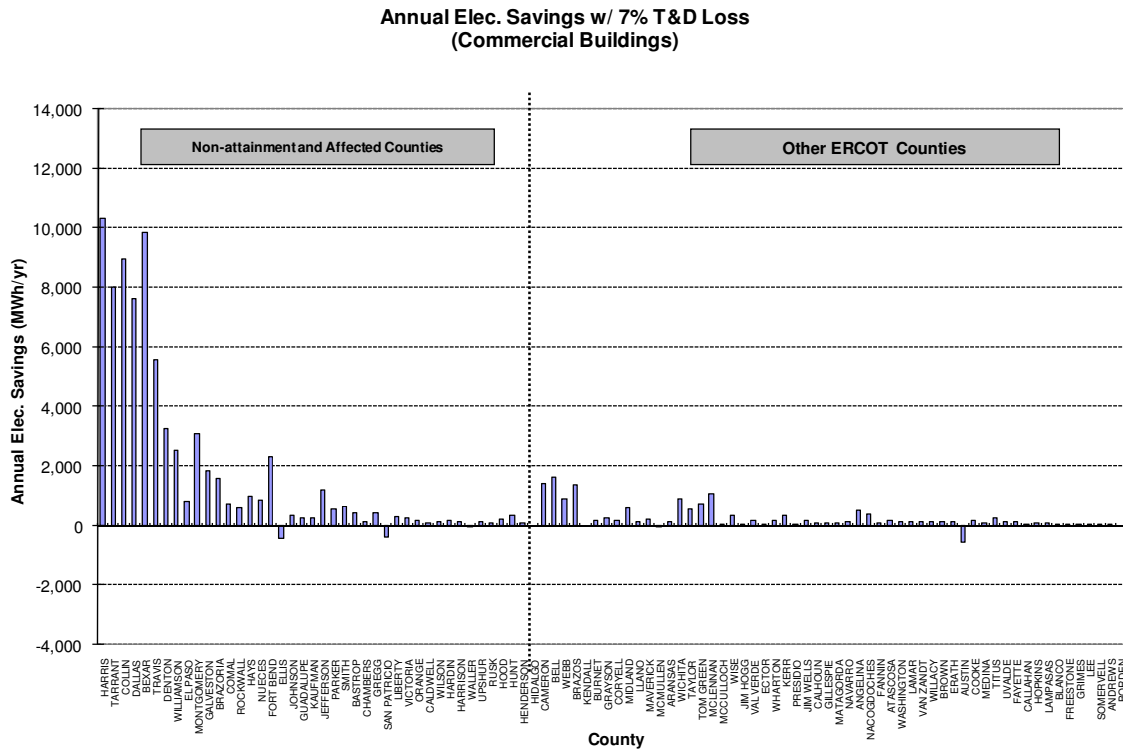


Figure 108: 2007 Annual Electricity Reductions from IECC / IRC by PCA for Commercial Buildings with 7% T&D losses.

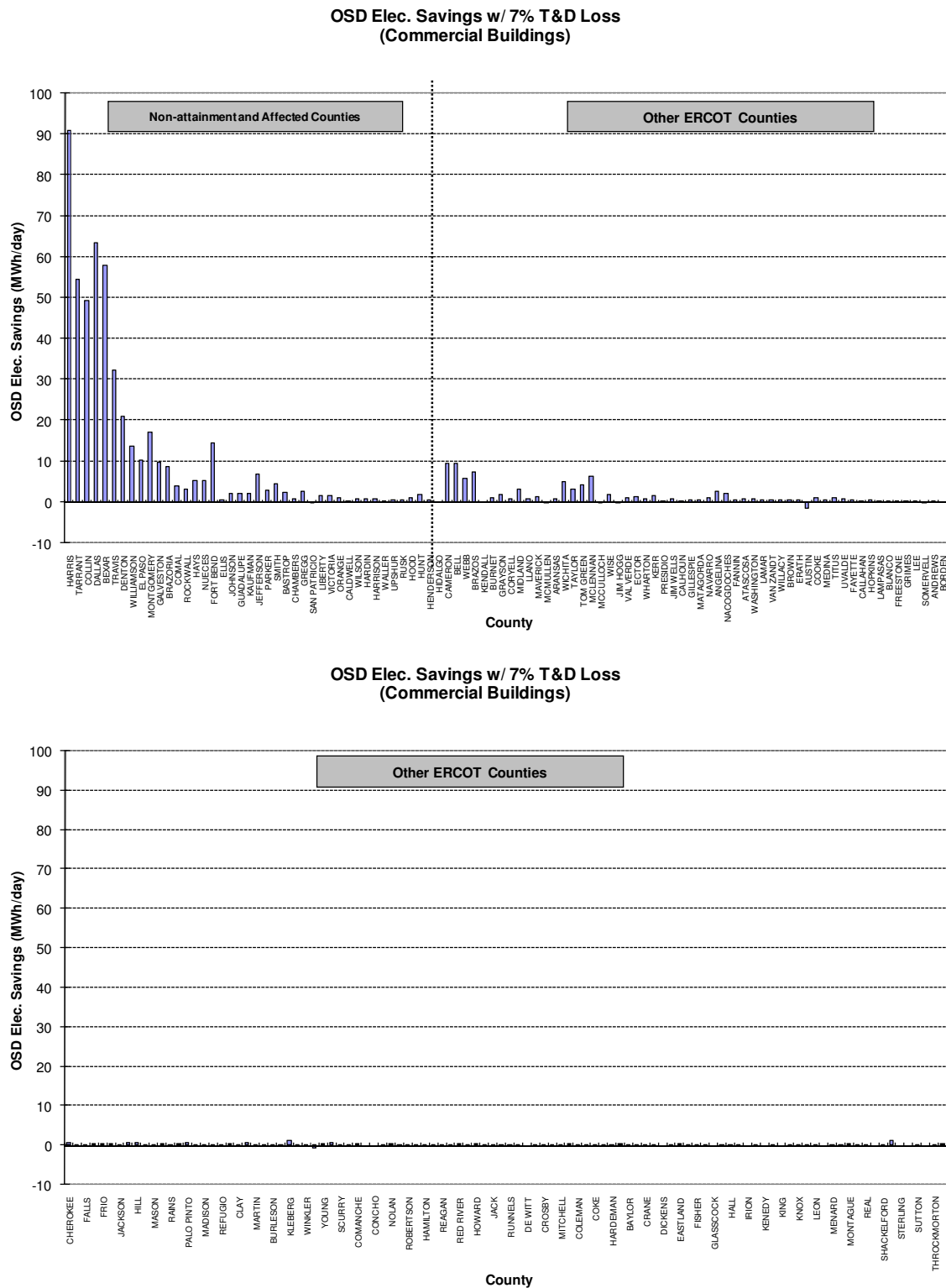


Figure 109: 2007 OSD Electricity Reductions from IECC / IRC by PCA for Commercial Buildings with 7% T&D losses.

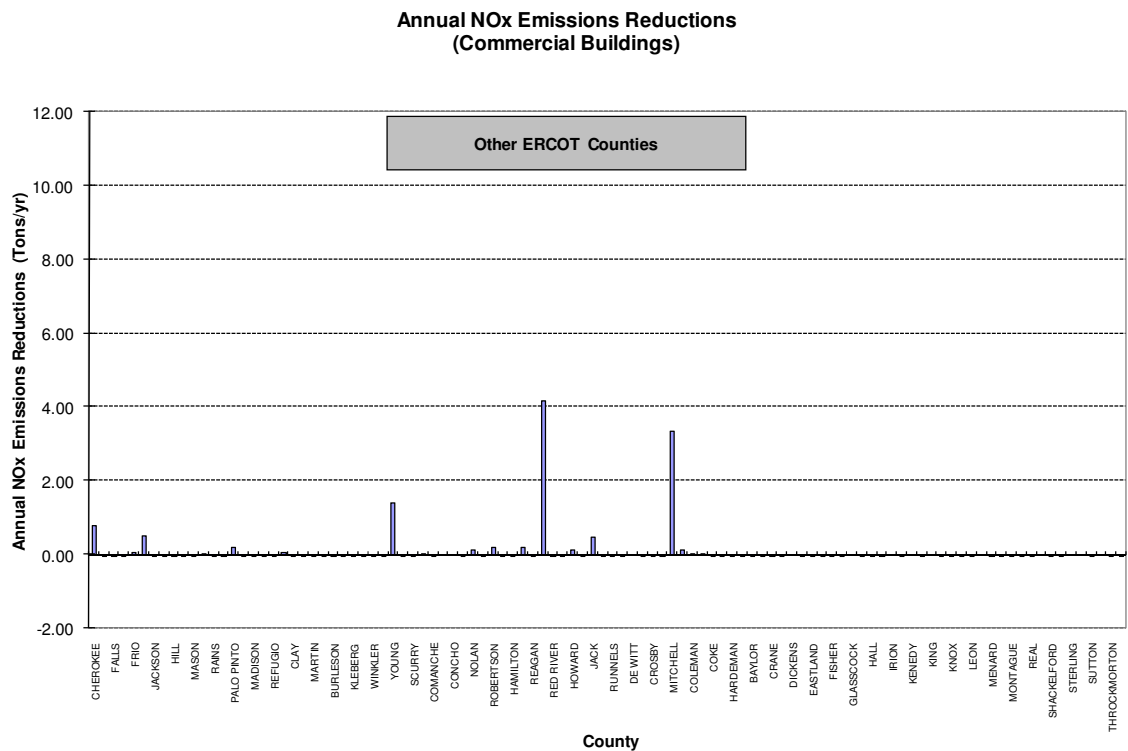
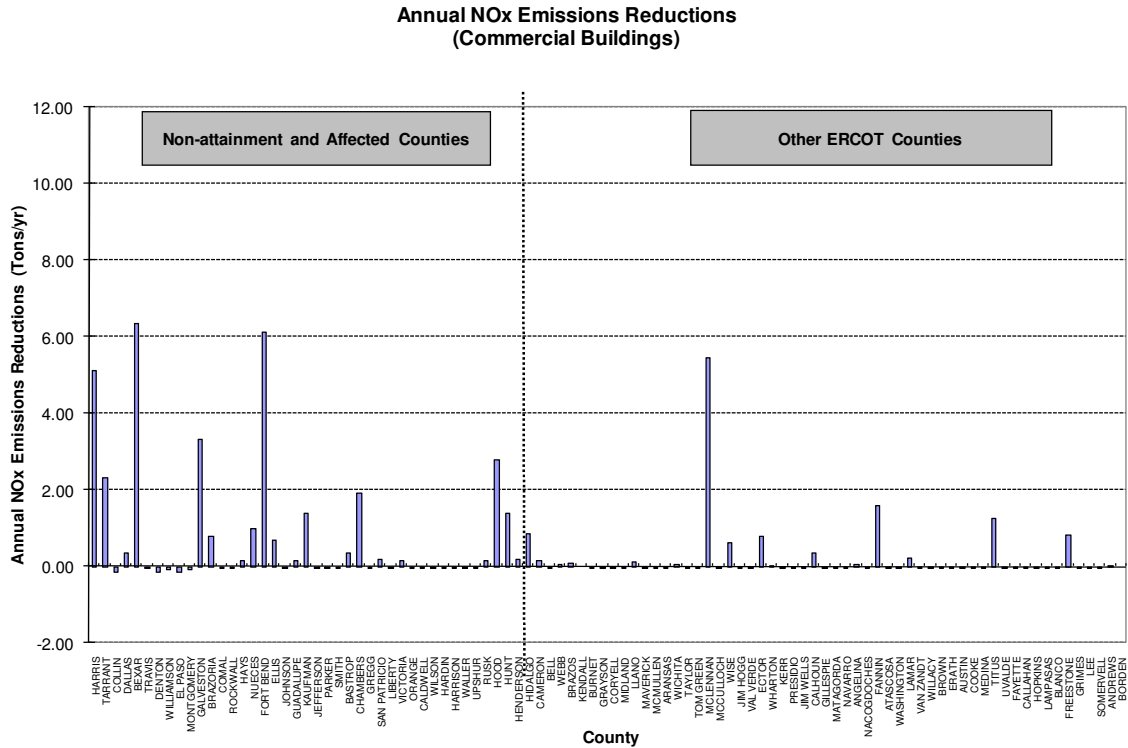


Figure 110: 2007 Annual NOx Reductions from Electricity Savings from the IECC / IRC by PCA for Commercial Buildings by County using 2007 eGRID with 7% T&D losses.

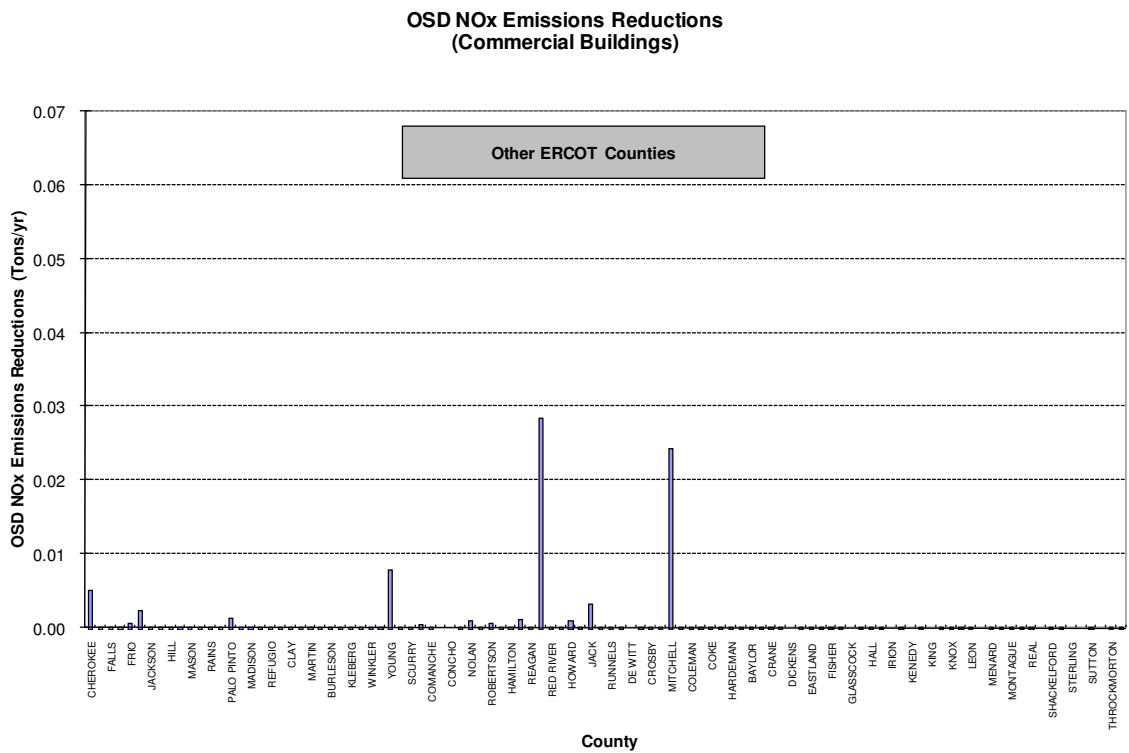
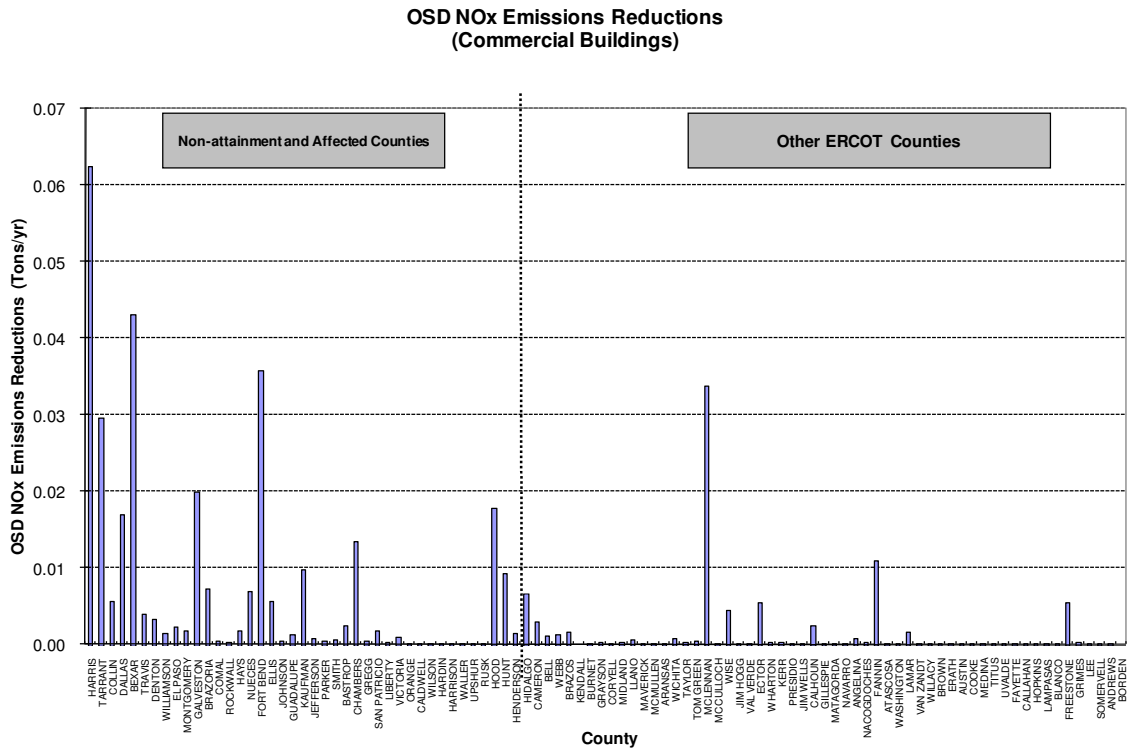


Figure 111: 2007 Annual NOx Reductions from Electricity Savings from the IECC / IRC by PCA for Commercial Buildings by County using 2007 eGRID with 7% T&D losses.

6.1.6 2007 Results for New Residential Construction (Single-family and Multi-family), and Commercial Construction.

6.1.7 2007 Results for New Residential (Single-family and Multi-family), and Commercial Construction using 2007 eGRID.

As shown in Table 84, and Figure 112 through Figure 117 the total annual electricity savings in 2007 were calculated to be 435,751 MWh/yr<sup>35</sup> which includes 325,483MWh/yr (i.e., 74.7%) for single-family residential, 20,041 MWh/yr (i.e., 4.6%) for multi-family residential, and 90,227 MWh/yr (i.e., 20.7%) for new commercial buildings. Natural gas savings were calculated to be 663,897 MBtu (6,638,914 therms) for new residential and commercial construction.

Using the 2007 eGRID, the total NOx reductions from electricity and natural gas savings from new residential (single-family and multi-family) and commercial construction in 2007 were calculated to be 323.34 tons NOx/year which represents 292.80 tons NOx/year from electricity savings and 30.54 tons NOx/year from natural gas savings. On a peak Ozone Season Day (OSD), the NOx reductions in 2007 are calculated to be 1.90 tons of NOx/day which represents 1.74 tons NOx/day from electricity savings and 0.16 tons NOx/day from natural gas savings.

County	Electricity Savings and Resultant NOx Reductions (Single Family Homes)				Electricity Savings and Resultant NOx Reductions (Multifamily Homes)				Electricity Savings and Resultant NOx Reductions (Commercial Buildings)				Total Electricity Savings and Resultant NOx Reductions (SF, MF and Commercial Buildings)				Total Natural Gas Savings and Resultant NOx Reductions (SF, MF and Commercial Buildings)				Total NOx Reductions		
	Total Annual Electricity Savings per County as % To 1982 Levels	Annual NOx Reductions (Tons)	OSD Electricity Savings per County as % To 1982 Levels	OSD NOx Reductions (Tons)	Total Annual Electricity Savings per County as % To 1982 Levels	Annual NOx Reductions (Tons)	OSD Electricity Savings per County as % To 1982 Levels	OSD NOx Reductions (Tons)	Total Annual Electricity Savings per County as % To 1982 Levels	Annual NOx Reductions (Tons)	OSD Electricity Savings per County as % To 1982 Levels	OSD NOx Reductions (Tons)	Total Annual Electricity Savings per County as % To 1982 Levels	Annual NOx Reductions (Tons)	OSD Electricity Savings per County as % To 1982 Levels	OSD NOx Reductions (Tons)	Total Annual N.G. Savings (Therms/County)	Annual NOx Reductions (Tons)	Total OS N.G. Savings (Therms/County)	OS NOx Reductions (Tons)	Annual NOx Reductions (Tons)	OS NOx Reductions (Tons)	
ADAMS	26,647.40	27.35	450.73	0.27	5,220.00	0.04	36.37	0.01	50,293.79	0.34	39.73	0.01	49,336.77	0.34	39.73	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.34	6,435.00	0.34	49.89	0.34	49.89
ARMSTRONG	31,230.20	31.23	529.23	0.27	5,290.00	0.04	36.37	0.01	51,050.43	0.34	40.70	0.01	50,180.73	0.34	40.70	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.34	6,435.00	0.34	50.19	0.34	50.19
BARRETT	28,849.67	28.85	469.17	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BEAVER	30,170.00	30.17	483.00	0.26	5,270.00	0.03	37.00	0.01	49,440.00	0.33	39.00	0.01	48,570.00	0.33	39.00	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.33	0.33	49.33
BELLEVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BENTON	31,706.00	31.71	494.00	0.27	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	50,975.00	0.34	40.70	0.01	50,068.00	0.34	40.70	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.34	6,435.00	0.34	50.06	0.34	50.06
BILLINGS	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58	30.93	486.58	0.26	5,269.00	0.03	37.49	0.01	49,146.73	0.33	38.85	0.01	48,758.88	0.33	38.85	0.01	1,170,220.00	0.33	6,435.00	0.33	49.18	0.33	49.18
BONAVILLE	30,929.58</																						

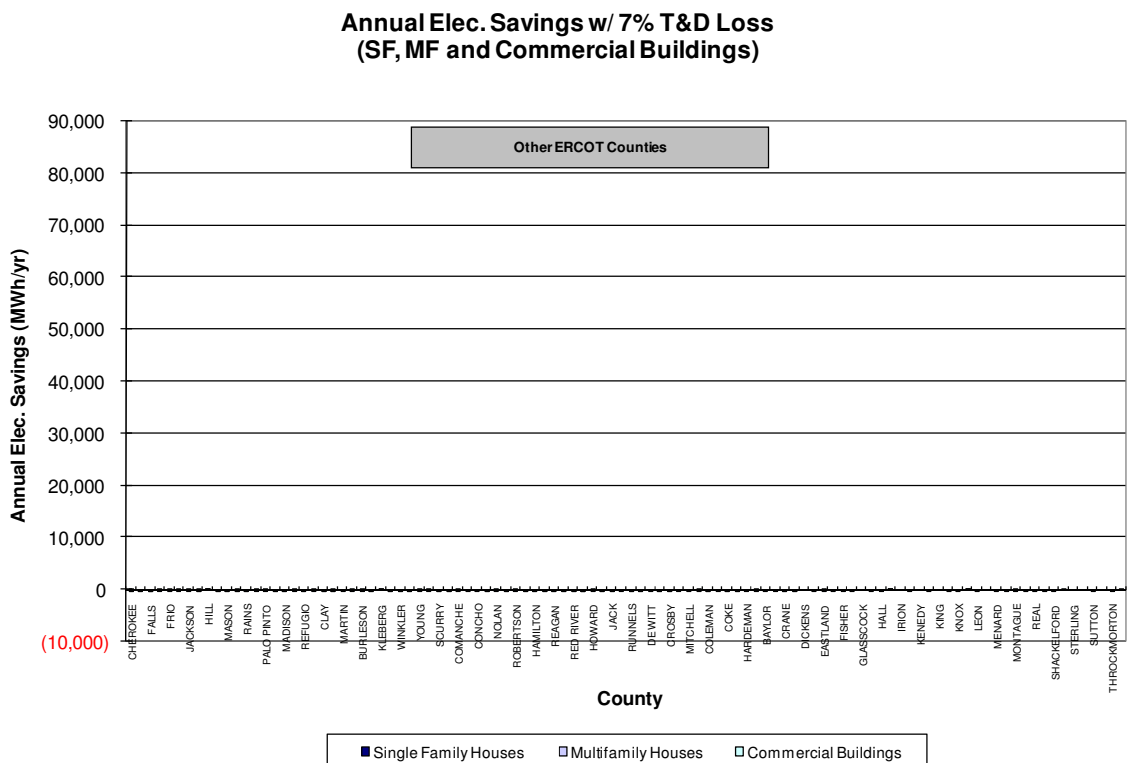
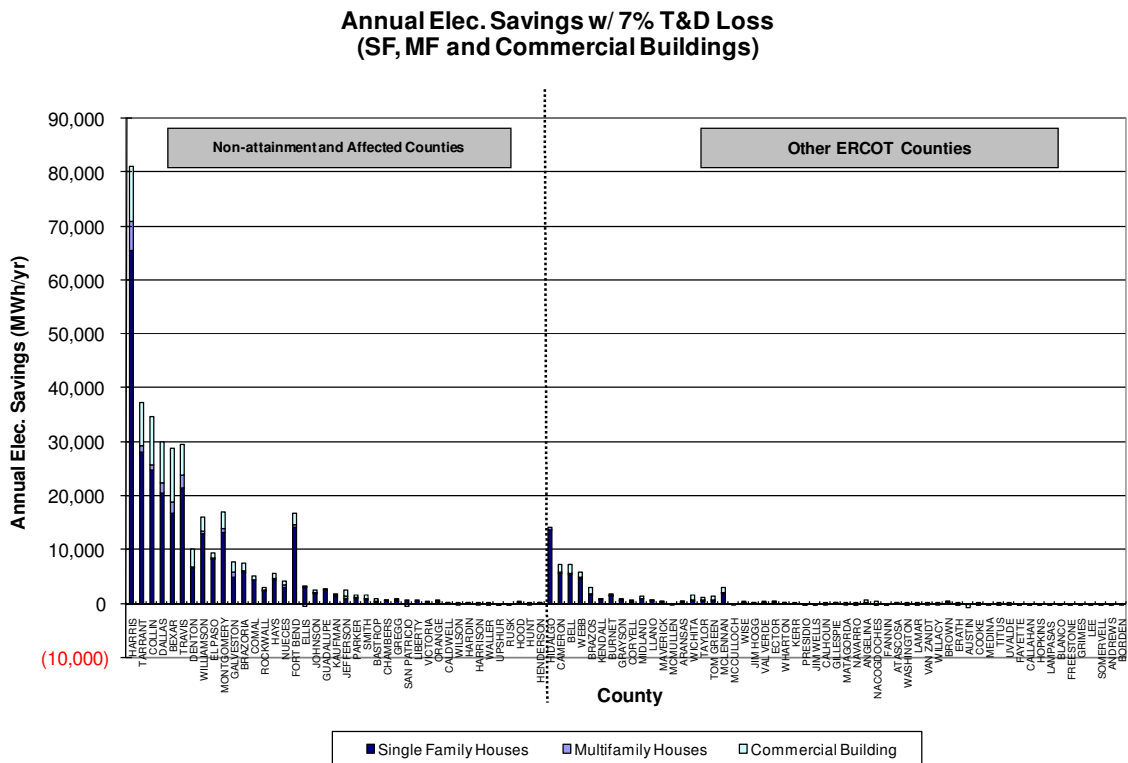
Table 83: 2007 Annual and OSD NOx Reductions from Electricity and Natural Gas Savings Due to the IECC / IRC for Single-family and Multi-family Residences and for Commercial Buildings by County (using 2007 eGRID) (Part 1).

<sup>35</sup> In 2005, it is estimated that there were 128,804 single family residences and 29,972 multi-family residences, which totaled about 350 million sq. ft., and 122 million sq. ft. of commercial building construction.

Electricity Savings and Resultant NOx Reductions (Single Family Homes)				Electricity Savings and Resultant NOx Reductions (Multifamily Homes)				Electricity Savings and Resultant NOx Reductions (Commercial Buildings)				Total Electricity Savings and Resultant NOx Reductions (SF, MF and Commercial Buildings)				Total Natural Gas Savings and Resultant NOx Reductions (SF, MF and Commercial Buildings)				Total NOx Reductions			
County	Total Annual Electricity Savings per County w/ 7% T&E Loss (MW/County)	Annual Net Reduction (Tons)	OSD Electricity Savings per County w/ 7% T&E Loss (MW/County)	OSD Net Reduction (Tons)	Total Annual Electricity Savings per County w/ 7% T&E Loss (MW/County)	Annual Net Reduction (Tons)	OSD Electricity Savings per County w/ 7% T&E Loss (MW/County)	OSD Net Reduction (Tons)	Total Annual Electricity Savings per County w/ 7% T&E Loss (MW/County)	Annual Net Reduction (Tons)	OSD Electricity Savings per County w/ 7% T&E Loss (MW/County)	OSD Net Reduction (Tons)	Total Annual Electricity Savings per County w/ 7% T&E Loss (MW/County)	Annual Net Reduction (Tons)	OSD Electricity Savings per County w/ 7% T&E Loss (MW/County)	OSD Net Reduction (Tons)	Total Annual Natural Gas Savings (Therms/County)	Annual Net Reduction (Tons)	Total OSD Natural Gas Savings (Therms/County)	Annual Net Reduction (Tons)	Annual Net Reduction (Tons)	OSD Net Reduction (Tons)	
ALBANY	17.95	2.41	0.00	0.00	17.95	2.41	0.00	0.00	17.95	2.41	0.00	0.00	17.95	2.41	0.00	0.00	258.34	1.80	0.00	1.80	1.80	0.00	0.00
ALLEGANY	11.91	0.84	0.00	0.00	11.91	0.84	0.00	0.00	11.91	0.84	0.00	0.00	11.91	0.84	0.00	0.00	175.34	1.20	0.00	1.20	1.20	0.00	0.00
ARLICK	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ARMONK	36.80	2.23	0.21	0.00	37.01	2.23	0.21	0.00	37.01	2.23	0.21	0.00	37.01	2.23	0.21	0.00	258.34	2.00	0.20	2.20	2.20	0.00	0.00
ARMONK	27.13	1.74	0.14	0.00	27.27	1.74	0.14	0.00	27.27	1.74	0.14	0.00	27.27	1.74	0.14	0.00	229.16	1.60	0.16	1.76	1.76	0.00	0.00
ARMONK	20.00	1.20	0.00	0.00	20.00	1.20	0.00	0.00	20.00	1.20	0.00	0.00	20.00	1.20	0.00	0.00	452.31	3.00	0.00	3.00	3.00	0.00	0.00
ARMONK	10.00	0.60	0.00	0.00	10.00	0.60	0.00	0.00	10.00	0.60	0.00	0.00	10.00	0.60	0.00	0.00	285.23	1.50	0.00	1.50	1.50	0.00	0.00
ARMONK	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ARMONK	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ARMONK	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ARMONK	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ARMONK	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ARMONK	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ARMONK	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ARMONK	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ARMONK	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ARMONK	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00																			

Table 84: 2007 Annual and OSD NOx Reductions from Electricity and Natural Gas Savings Due to the IECC / IRC for Single-family and Multi-family Residences and for Commercial Buildings by County (using 2007 eGRID) (Part 2).





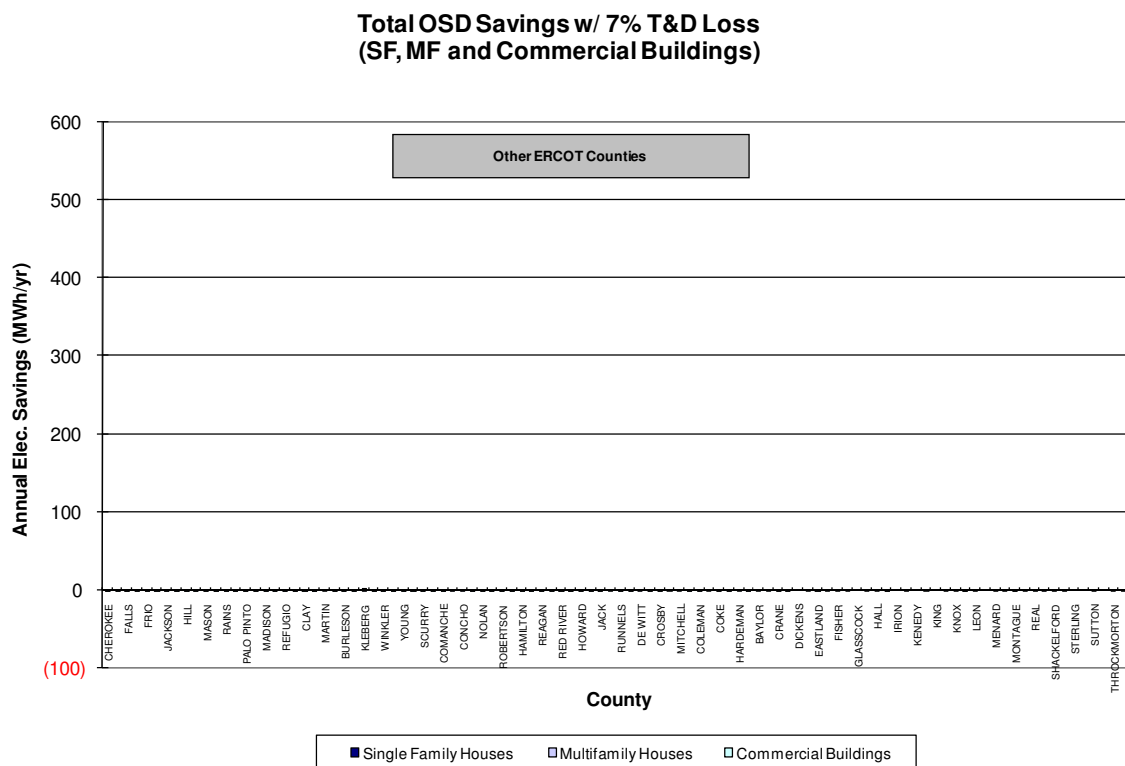
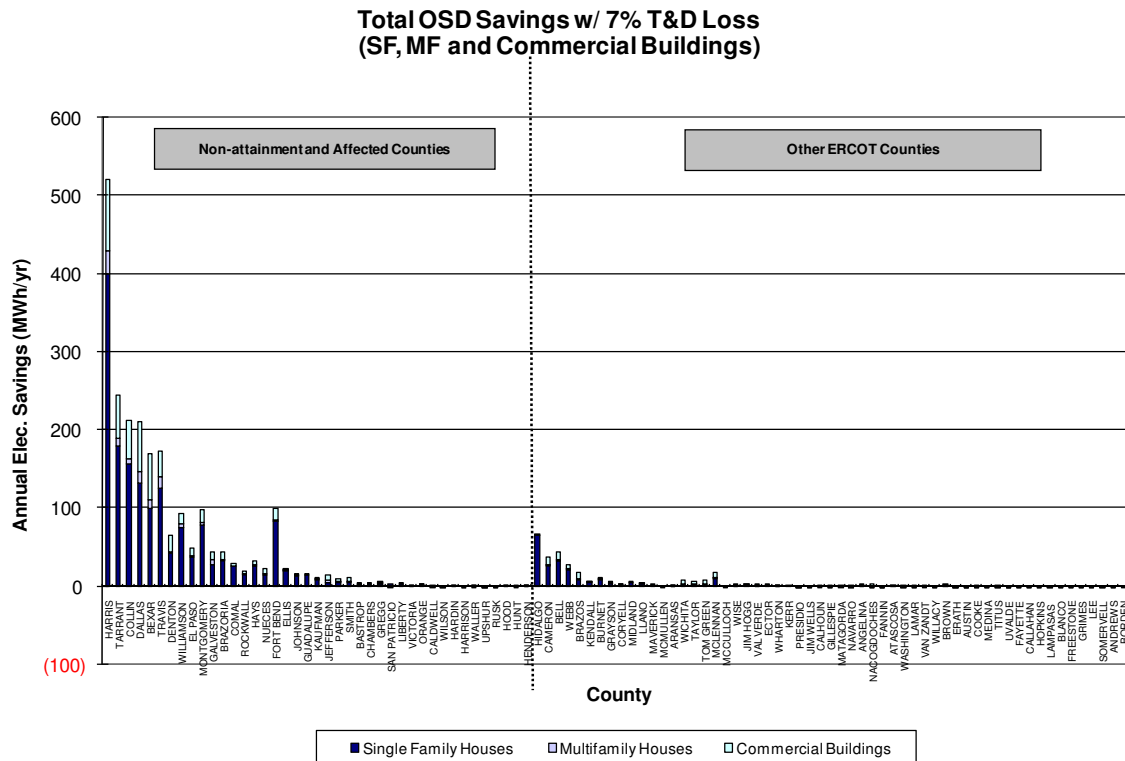


Figure 113: 2007 OSD Electricity Reductions from IECC / IRC by PCA for Single-family and Multi-family Residences and for Commercial Buildings by County.

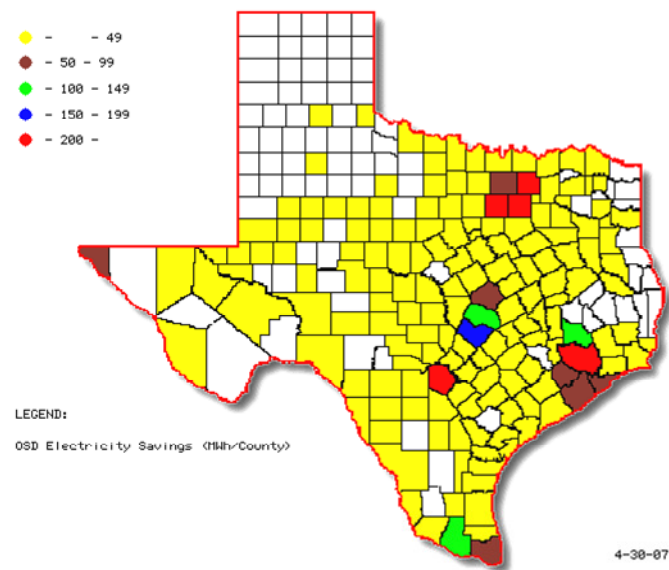
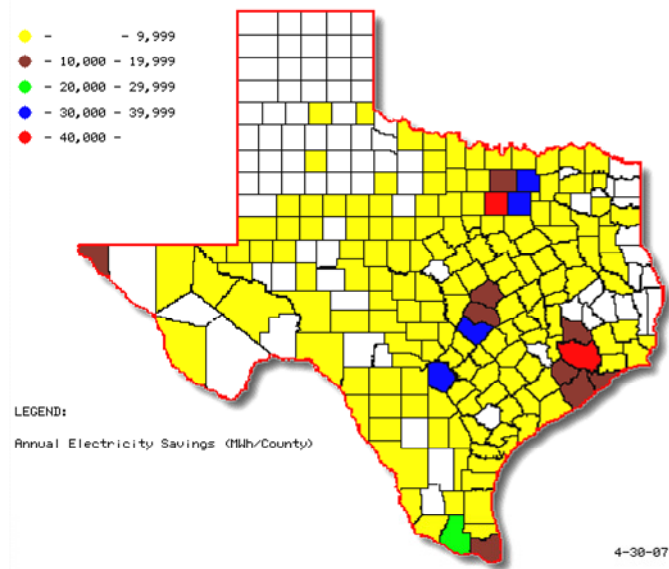
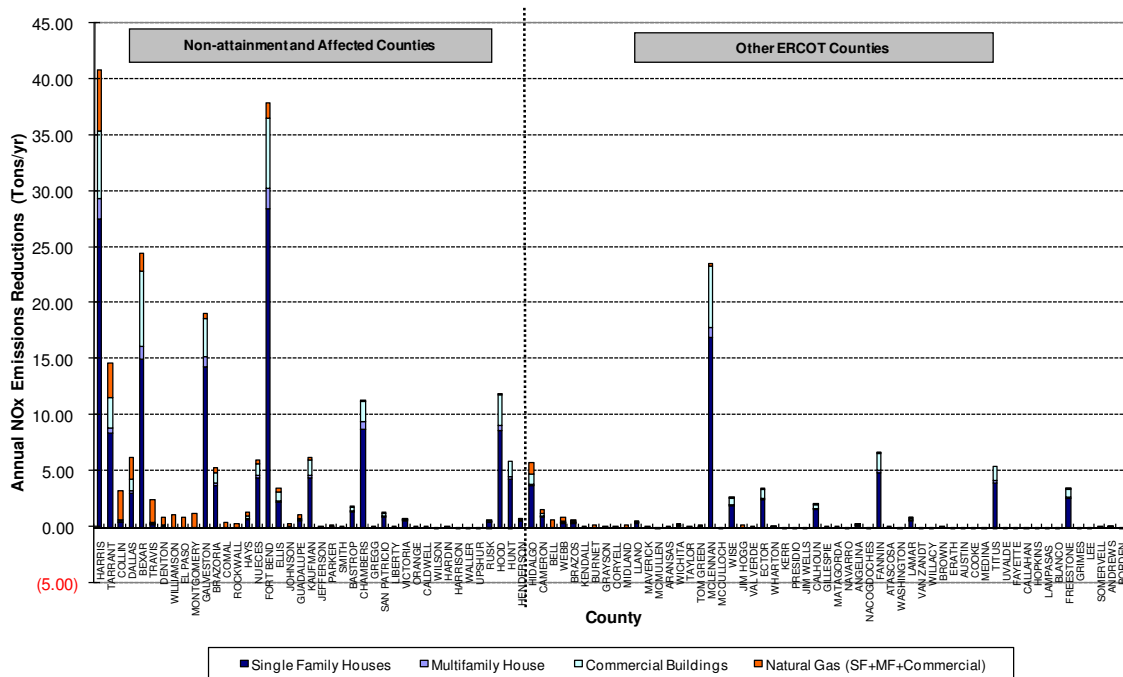


Figure 114: 2007 Annual and OSD Electricity Reductions from IECC / IRC by PCA for Single-family and Multi-family Residences and for Commercial Buildings by County.

### Total Annual NOx Emissions Reductions (SF, MF and Commercial Buildings)



### Total Annual NOx Emissions Reductions (SF, MF and Commercial Buildings)

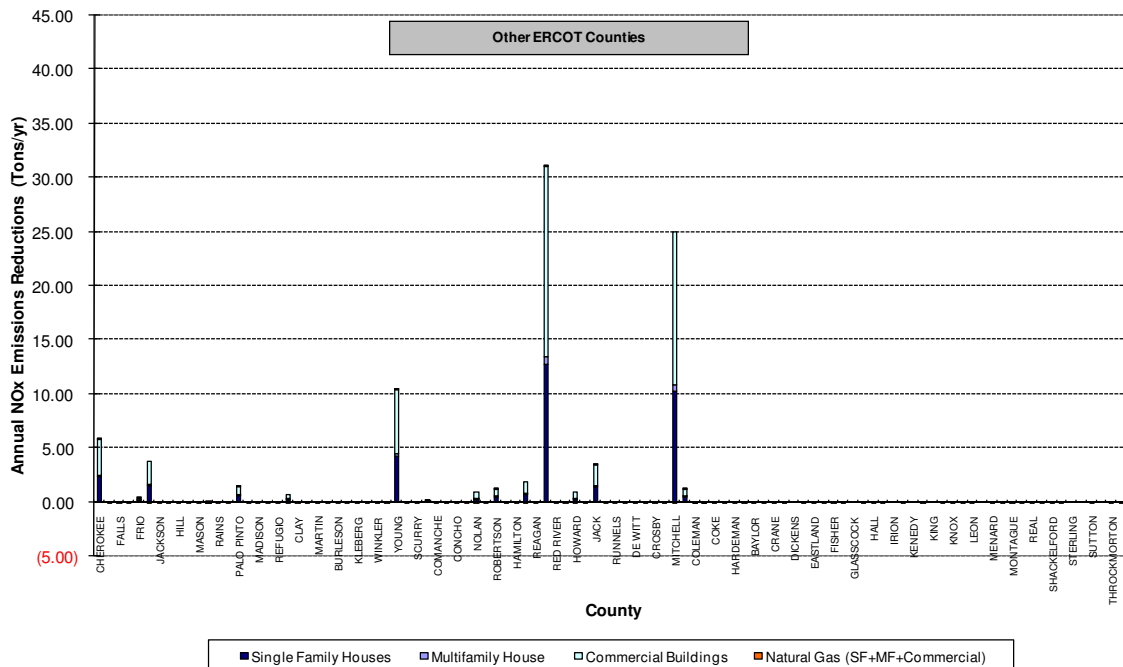


Figure 115: 2007 Annual NOx Reductions from Electricity and Natural Gas Savings Due to the IECC / IRC for Single-family and Multi-family Residences and for Commercial Buildings by County (using 1999 eGRID).

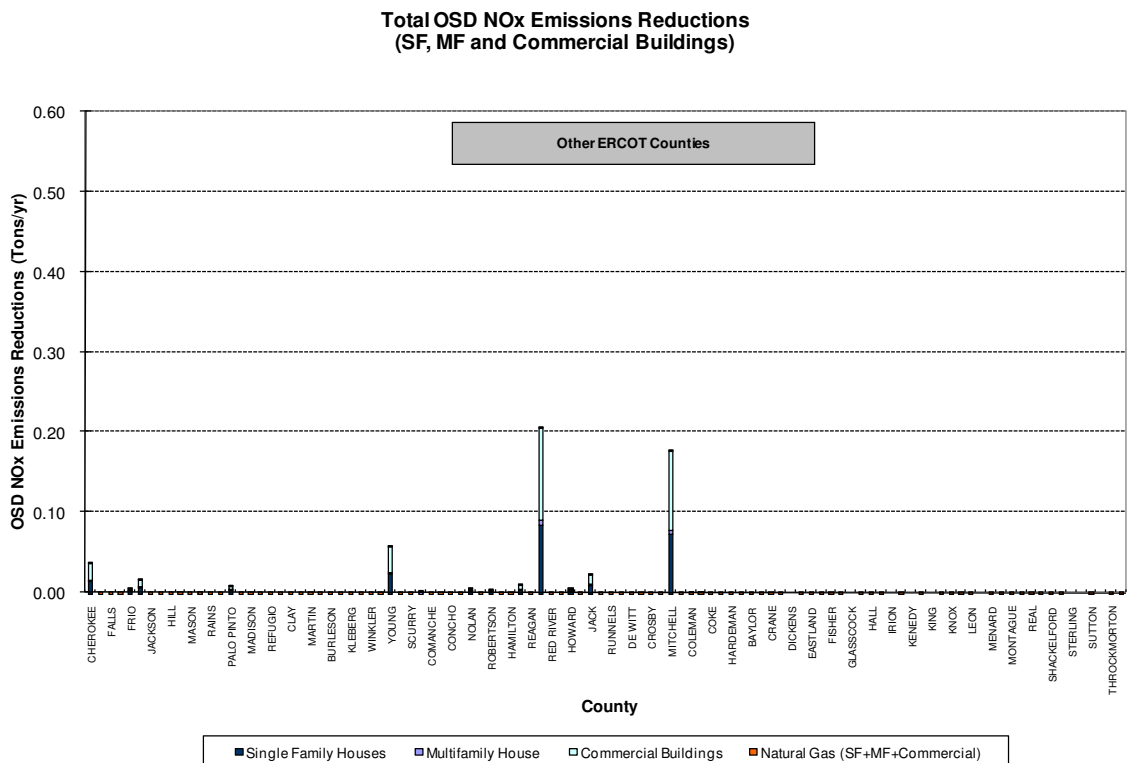
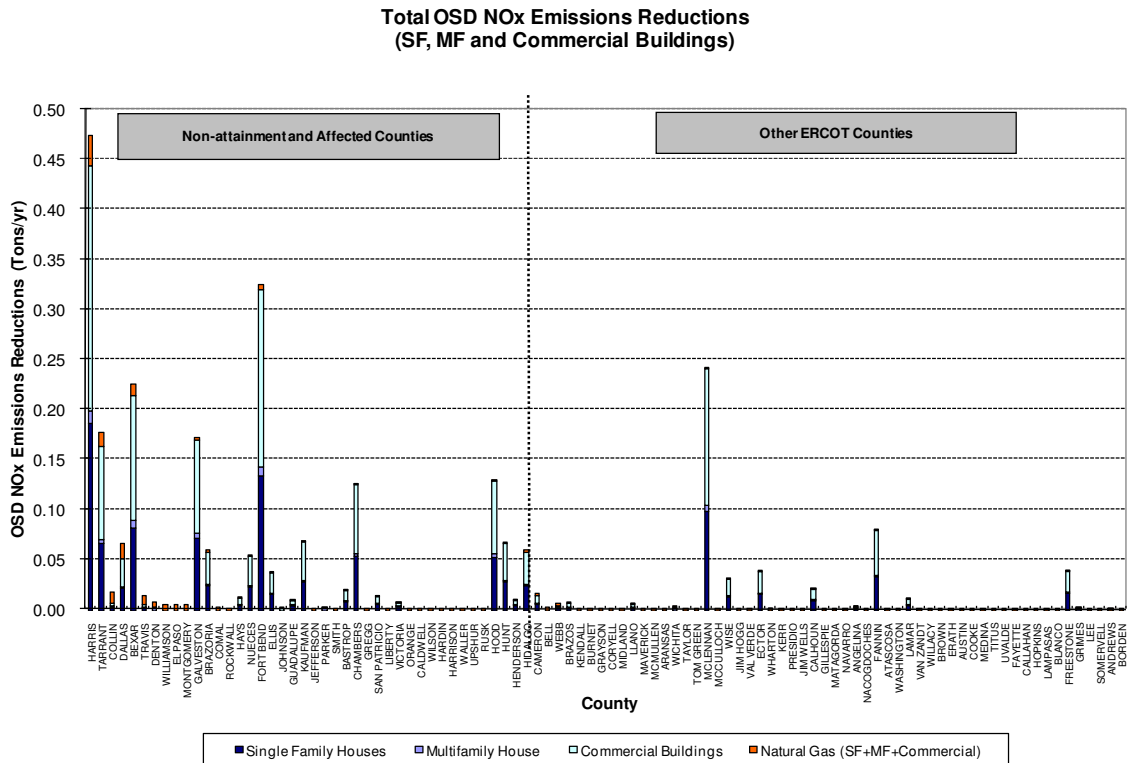


Figure 116: 2007 OSD NOx Reductions from Electricity and Natural Gas Savings Due to the IECC / IRC for Single-family and Multi-family Residences and for Commercial Buildings by County (using 2007 eGRID).

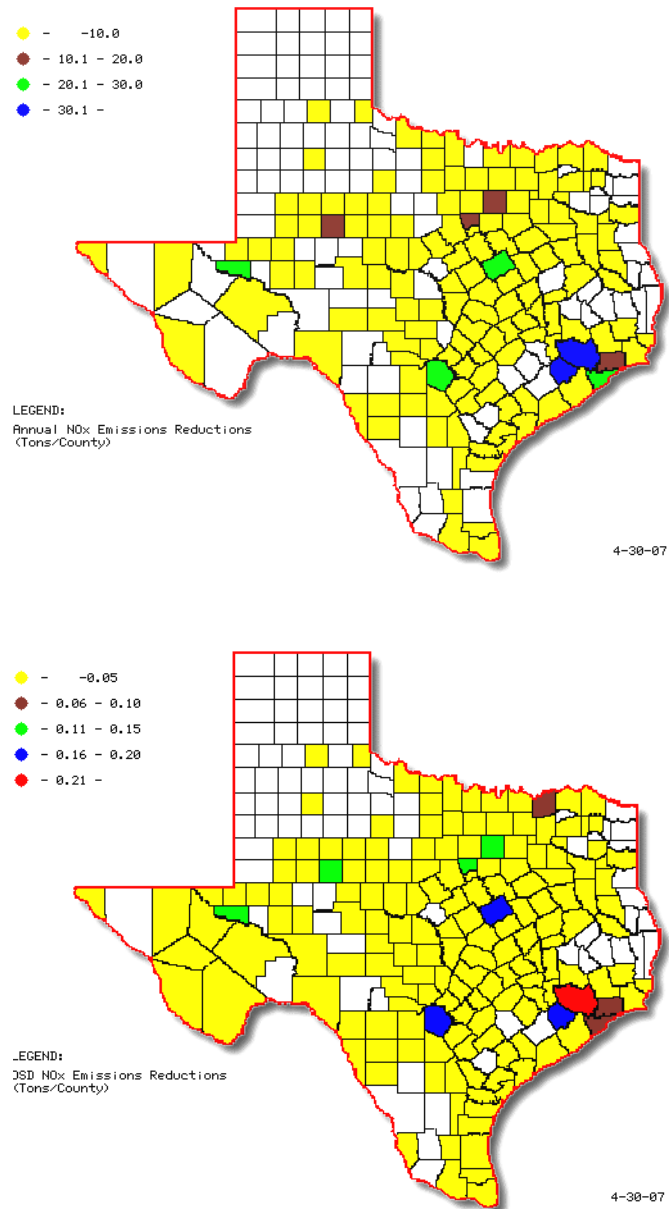


Figure 117: 2007 Annual and OSD NOx Reductions from Electricity and Natural Gas Savings Due to the IECC / IRC for Single-family and Multi-family Residences and for Commercial Buildings by County (using 2007 eGRID).



## 7 COMPARISON OF 2007 EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS VS 2006 EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS

In this section a side-by-side comparison is presented of the 2007 emissions reductions calculations versus the 2006 emissions reductions for both the annual and Ozone Season Day (OSD). In Figure 118 and Figure 119 the annual and OSD NO<sub>x</sub> reductions are presented for the 2006 analysis, respectively. These can be compared to the values presented in Figure 120 and Figure 121 for the 2007 analysis. Table 85 presents a summary of the comparisons for the total values shown by county in Figure 118 through Figure 121.

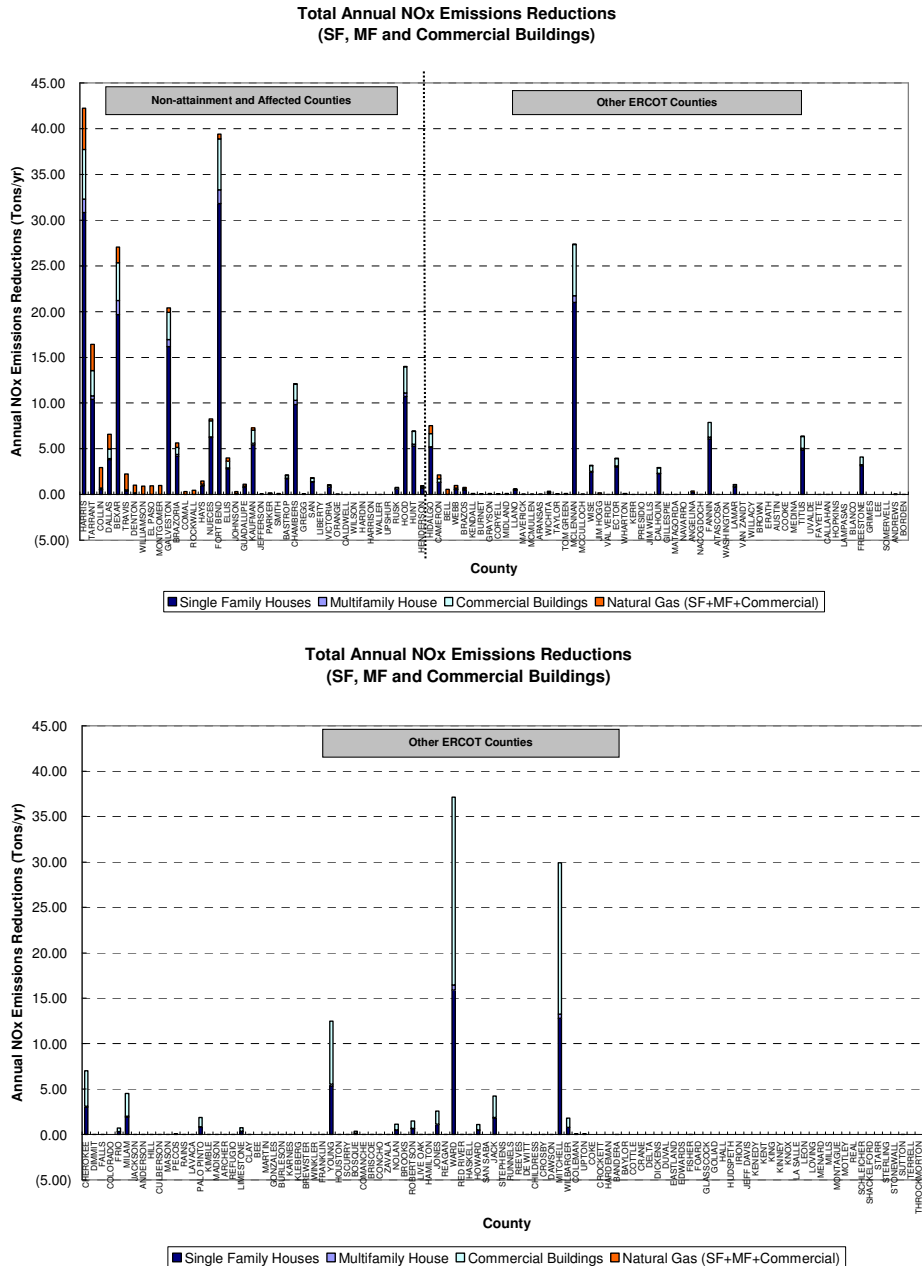


Figure 118: 2006 Annual NO<sub>x</sub> Reductions from Electricity and Natural Gas Savings Due to the IECC / IRC for Single-family, Multi-family Residences, and Commercial Buildings by County (using 2007 eGRID).

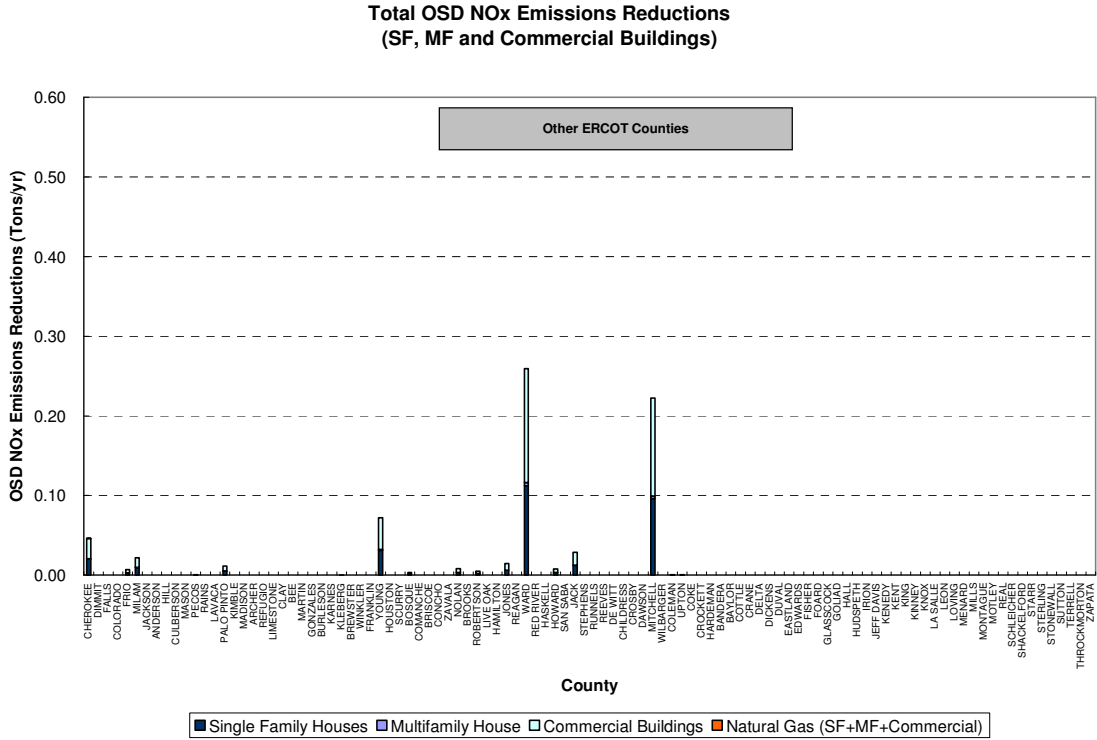
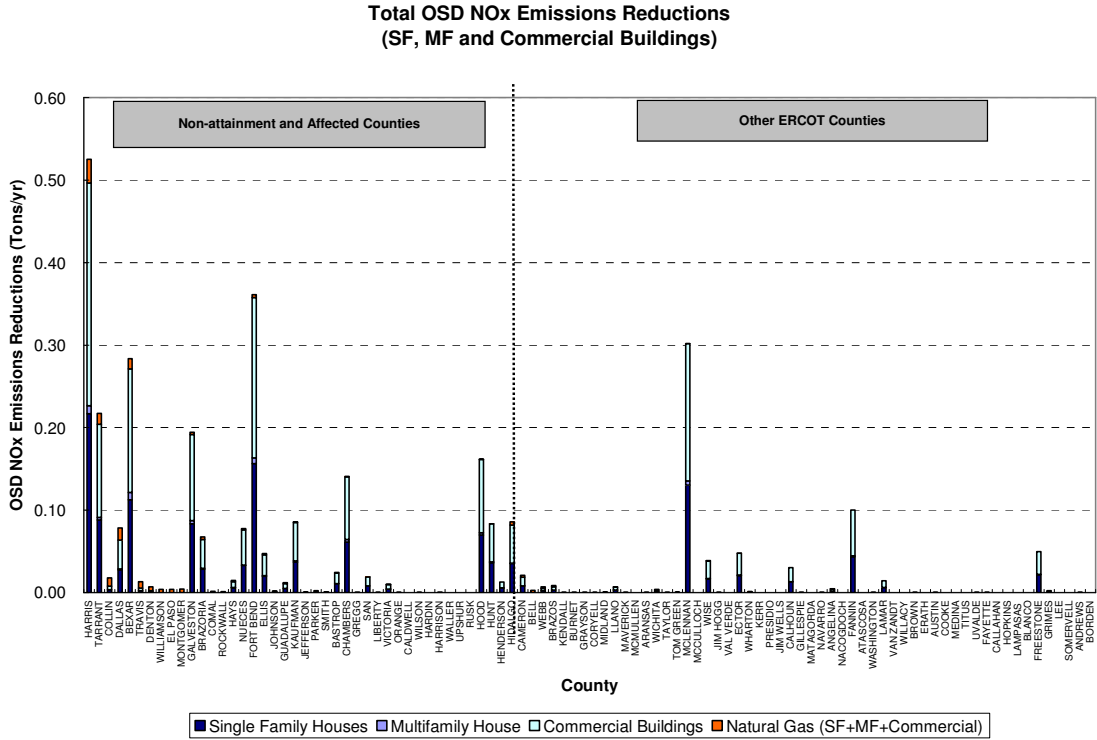
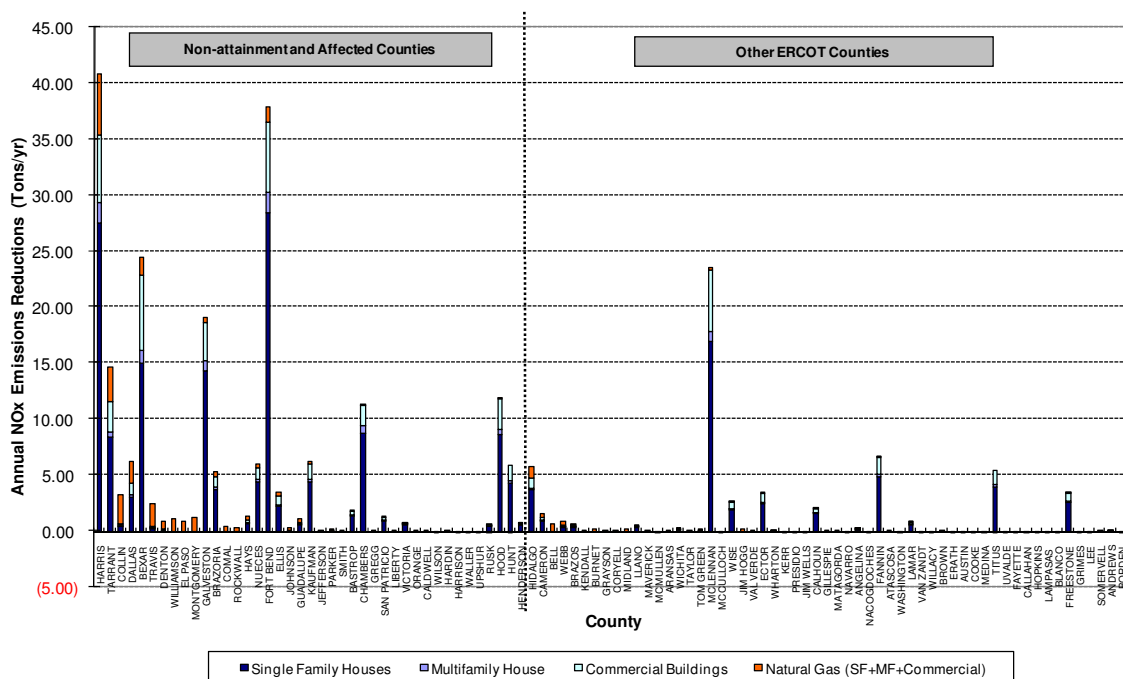


Figure 119: 2006 OSD NOx Reductions from Electricity and Natural Gas Savings Due to the IECC / IRC for Single-family, Multi-family Residences, and Commercial Buildings by County (Using 2007 eGRID).

### Total Annual NOx Emissions Reductions (SF, MF and Commercial Buildings)



### Total Annual NOx Emissions Reductions (SF, MF and Commercial Buildings)

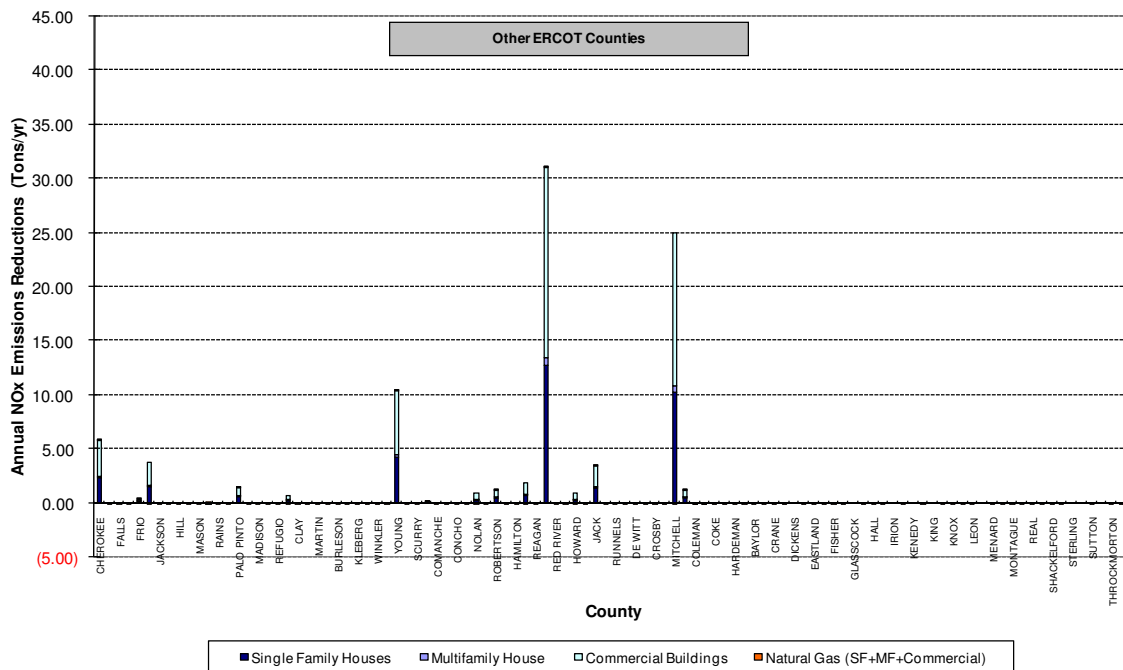


Figure 120: 2007 Annual NOx Reductions from Electricity and Natural Gas Savings Due to the IECC / IRC for Single-family and Multi-family Residences and for Commercial Buildings by County

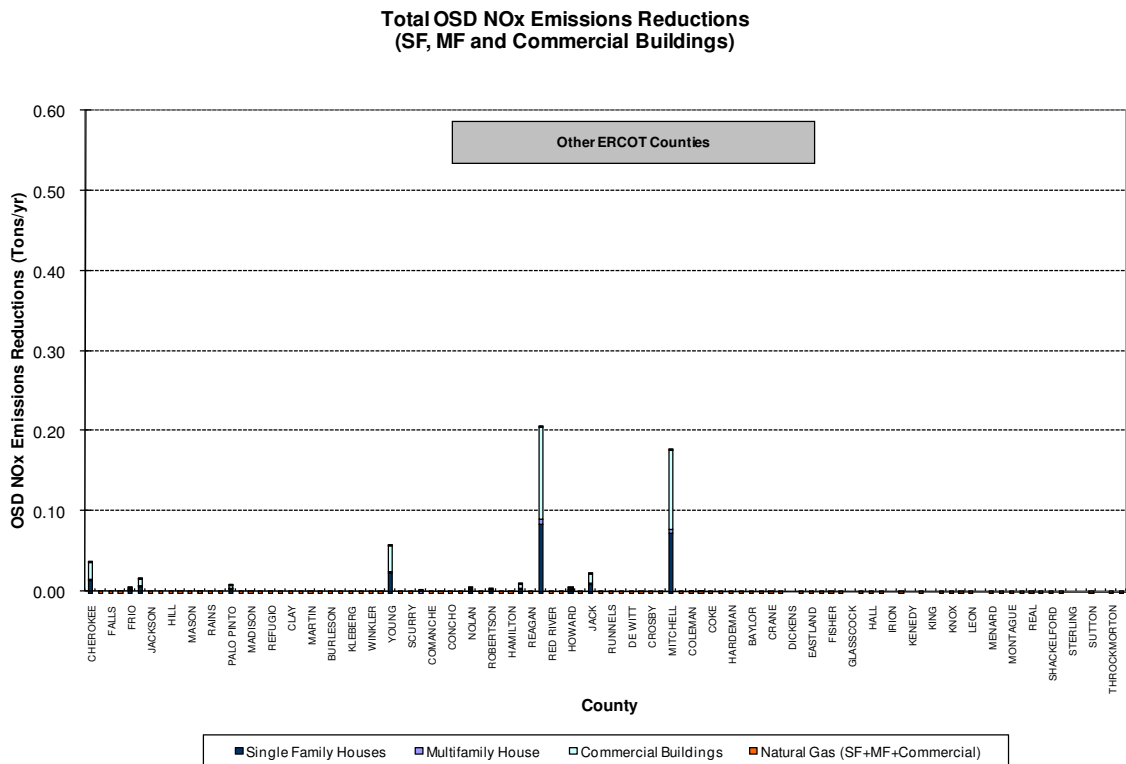
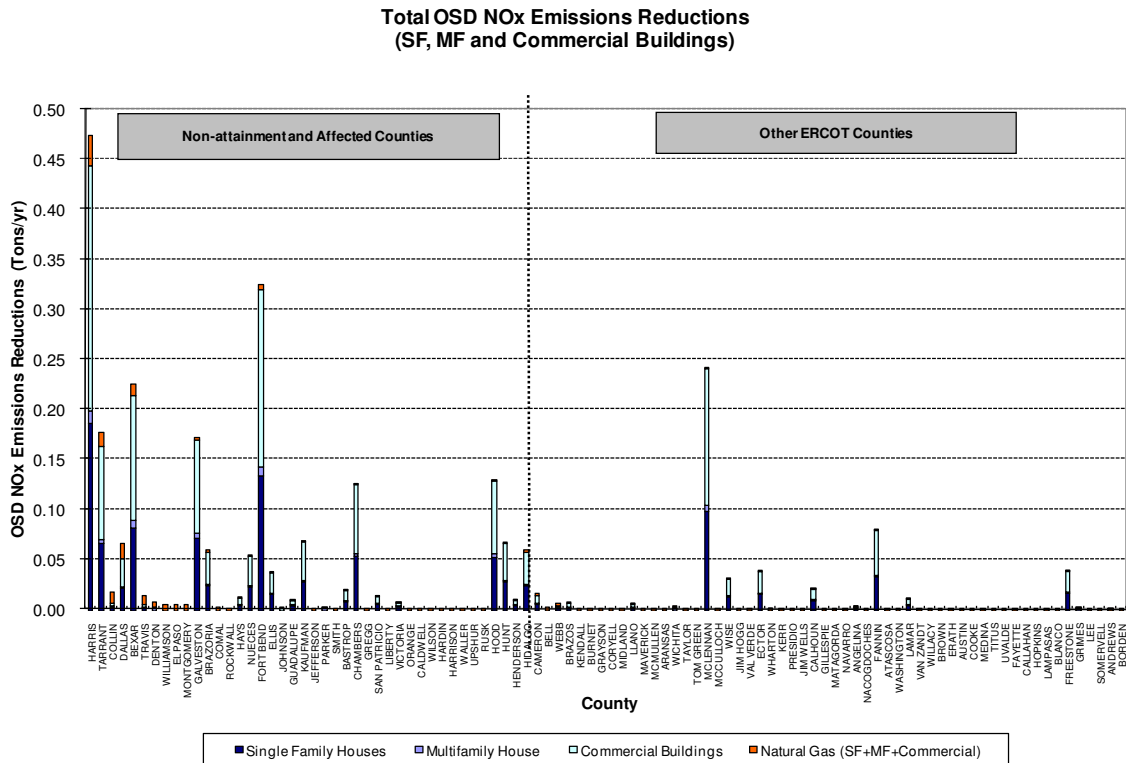


Figure 121: 2007 OSD NOx Reductions from Electricity and Natural Gas Savings Due to the IECC / IRC for Single-family and Multi-family Residences and for Commercial Buildings by County

Table 85: Comparison of 2007 Emissions Reductions vs. 2006 Emissions Reductions from Implementation of the IECC / IRC to Single-family, Multi-family Residential, and Commercial Construction.

ITEM	2007 (2007 eGRID)	2006 (2007 eGRID)	% Diff.
Annual (tons-NOx/yr)			
Total-Electricity and N.G.	323.34	361.24	-10%
Single-Family Electricity	217.18	263.32	-18%
Multi-Family Electricity	13.39	10.88	23%
Commercial Electricity	62.23	60.52	3%
N.G. (SF+MF+Commercial)	30.54	26.53	15%
OSD (tons-NOx/yr)			
Total-Electricity and N.G.	1.90	2.22	-14%
Single-Family Electricity	1.27	1.63	-22%
Multi-Family Electricity	0.08	0.07	14%
Commercial Electricity	0.39	0.38	3%
N.G. (SF+MF+Commercial)	0.16	0.15	7%

#### 7.1.1.1 Changes in single family input file

There have been 6 major version changes according to the changes in the single family input file since the 2006 annual simulations. Table 1.1 presents the summarized description of the changes in single family input file since the 2006 annual simulation.

Table 1.1 Changes in single family input file

BDL Version	Description
2.01.00	BDL used for the 2006 annual report
2.20.03	Added parameters for framing factor (b23,b24,b25,b26) Updated envelop dimension accordingly
2.20.12	Updated attic AIR-CHANGES/HR to be 15ACH Modified floor covering to be 80% carpet and 20% exposed floor Updated window-to-wall ratio for second floor windows
2.30.22	Updated Reff for underground floor Updated RF_1 and RF_2 (tilted roof INSIDE-FILM-RES), BATT-WALL, BATT-CEIL, EPS-WALL, used 2' WINDOW sill height and dynamic glass XY position
2.40.08	Modified thermostat schedule Updated to 4 surface model
2.50.00	Converted to single zone model
2.50.01	Zoning change heat pump system setting change DOE-2 curves changed to Henderson's curve Infiltration method changed Updated Heat pump, 1CFM/ft2 changed to 360CFM/Ton Heating vs. Cooling capacity changed to 1:1

#### A. Version 2.20.03

##### Added parameters for framing factor

The first change in the input file was that framing factor was added in the original 2006 input file. Four parameters that were blank last year's version, b23, b24, b25, and b26 were used to define the framing factor. The b23, b24, b25 and

b26 were assigned to exterior walls, sloping roof above attic, flat roof and ceiling and floor above crawl space and between first and second floor, respectively. Building envelop dimensions were also modified accordingly.

In version 2.20.03, four parameters - b23, b24, b25, and b26 were assigned for framing-factor for: (i) exterior walls, (ii) sloping roof above attic, (iii) ceiling and flat roof, and (iv) floor above crawlspace, and between first and second floors, respectively. Building envelop dimensions were also modified accordingly.

In the previous version, the framing-factors were fixed to 12.5% for walls considering wall studs spaced at 16" on-center, and 8.33% for roof considering roof joists spaced at 24" on-center. The additional wall framing members including base plate, top plates, and structural reinforcement for window and door openings (i.e. for window sill, window and door lintels and sides supporting lintels) were not taken into account. Similarly, additional framing members of the roof and ceiling were not considered.

In order to assign default values to these four parameters, a survey of literature was performed. To verify the findings from literature, site-survey of two residential buildings under-construction in College Station, TX was performed. For these sites, detail measurements were taken and framing-factors were calculated using two approaches. In addition, the impact of varying framing-factor on the heat loss and gain through the wall, as well as on the energy use is analyzed.

The details of conventional wood-frame construction were investigated using the illustrations published in a report by American Wood Council (2001). The framing-factors were investigated using CEC (2002) and (Carpenter and Schumacher 2003). According to CEC (2002), the current residential walls in low-rise residential buildings in California have 27% wall framing-factor. Based on an audit of 180 wood-frame dwellings during construction across the U.S., representative framing-factors were determined as 25% for walls, 7% for ceilings and 12% for floors, resulting in an overall framing-factor of 16% (Carpenter and Schumacher 2003).

For determining framing-factors from site-surveys, two one-story residential buildings in College Station, TX, under-construction by two different builders were selected. To compare and analyze the construction, pictures and measurements were taken. Figure 122 compares the construction details for window and door openings, and roof for the two sites.

It is observed that a 2x4 stud is used as base plate, and two 2x4 studs are used as top plates. In the wood-frame construction with 2x4 studs spaced at 16" on-center, any gap between 16" and 32" wide essentially has a stud resulting in more frame area in case of walls having openings, corners and joints than it would otherwise have. A lintel over openings consists of a 2x4 stud (placed horizontally) and two 2x8 stud (placed vertically), vertical 2x4 studs spaced at 16" on-center running up to the top plate. A 3' wide window opening requires three pair of studs on each side including: one pair supporting the window sill, second pair supporting the lintel, and the third pair continued up to the top plate. A 6' wide opening requires four pair of studs on each side including two pairs supporting the lintel. Additional 2x4 studs support window sill. A portion of wall having openings above the lintel essentially has only framing, and no gap or cavity between the framing members.

The roof is constructed with 2x6 studs (rafters) spaced at 24" on-center, spanning from the ridge beam to and beyond the top plate of the wall. For a wide span, rafters are spaced at 16" on-center. In addition, collar beams at 48" on-center are used to connect the rafters facing each other. Figure 123 shows additional construction details for raised ceiling.

In order to calculate the exterior wall framing-factor, two approaches were followed: 1) using detail measurements, and 2) analysis of typical arrangement of studs. For the first approach, measurements were taken and a detail calculation was performed. Figure 124 shows the building layout at site 1 indicating the studs for the exterior walls A to J. Figure 125 shows the elevation of one of the walls (Wall ID: F) showing framing members for the wall including the openings. Similar analysis was performed for each wall. Table 86 shows the framing-factor calculation for each wall, which indicates that framing-factor increases proportionally with area of openings. For this particular building (at Site 1), the conditioned floor area is 1,677 sq.ft. The gross wall area is 1600 sq.ft., which includes 256 sq.ft. area of openings. Thus, for a 16% overall opening-to- wall area ratio, the average wall framing-factor is 23.2%.

In the second approach, considering that these buildings represent typical construction practices, equations were derived for wall framing-factors without and with window openings to account for extra framing member required per window opening. This procedure is shown in Figure 126. Using these equations, variation in wall framing-factor with respect to window-to-wall area ratio (WWR) was determined. Figure 127 shows this correlation for two scenarios, i.e., (i) with a given wall dimension that resulted in a non-integer number of windows; (ii) with given (integer) number of windows. For each scenario, correlations for walls with 3'x5' and 6'x5' window openings are plotted. Using these plots, average framing-factor for given WWR can be determined. For example, framing-factor for a window-less wall is 18-19%, which increase up to 25-28% for 15% WWR and can be over 35% for 25% WWR.



Finally, the impact of varying wall framing-factor on the heat loss and gain through the wall, as well as on the energy use is analyzed using DOE-2 simulations. Figure 128 shows percent difference in these variables compared to a house with a 9% wall framing-factor. With wall framing-factor increased from 9% to 25%, up to 10% increase in the heat loss and 6% increase in the heat gain through the wall, 10.5% increase in the space heating energy use, negligible impact on the space cooling energy use and 1.3% increase in total energy use is resulted.



Figure 122: Construction Details for Window and Door Openings, and Roof at Site 1 (Above) and Site 2 (Below)



Figure 123: Details of Raised Ceiling Construction at Site 1 (Left) and Site 2 (Middle and Right)

Approach 1: Determination of Exterior Wall Framing-factor using Measurements from Site 1



Figure 124: Building Layout at Site 1 indicating the Number and Spacing of 2x4 Studs for Exterior Walls

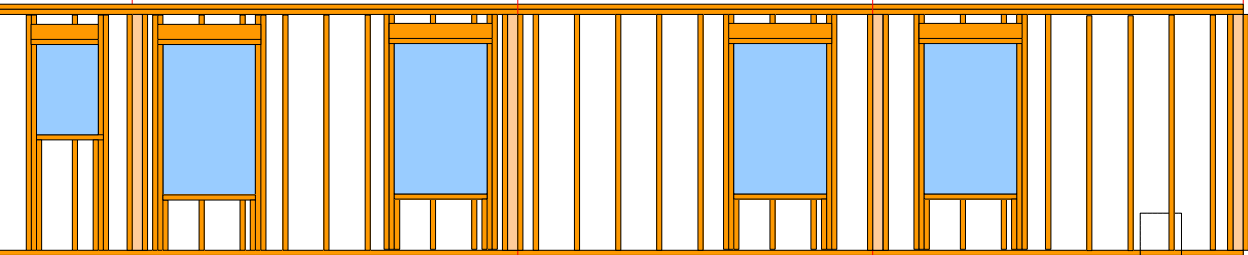


Figure 125: Elevation of Exterior Wall "F" at Construction Site 1

Table 86: Calculation of Framing-factor

Wall				Windows/Door							Main Studs				Studs for Window Openings						Total for Studs		Framing Factor
ID#	Length	Height	Area	No.	Width	Height	Lintel Height	Sill Height	Area	Opening-to-wall Area Ratio	Base and Top Plate		Vertical Members		Headers		Above Lintel		Below Sill		Length	Area	
	L (ft.)	H (ft.)	sq. ft.		w (ft.)	h (ft.)	l (ft.)	(l-h) (ft.)	sq. ft.	%	No.	Length	No.	Length	No.	Length	No.	Length	No.	Length	ft.	sq. ft.	
A	10	8.33	83.33	1	4	6	7	1	24	28.8%	3	10.00	8	7.83	4	4.00	3	0.33	4	0.67	112.33	18.72	31.6%
B	49	8.33	408.33	2	3	6	7	1	72	17.6%	3	49.00	48	7.83	4	3.00	2	0.33	4	0.67	583.00	97.17	28.9%
C	16	8.33	133.33	1	6	6	7	1	57	42.8%	3	16.00	13	7.83	4	6.00	4	0.33	6	0.67	191.83	31.97	41.9%
D	12	8.33	100.00								3	12.00	13	7.83	4	3.00	2	0.33			137.83	22.97	23.0%
E	19	8.33	158.33	1	4	4	7	3	16	10.1%	3	19.00	20	7.83	4	4.00	3	0.33	5	2.67	244.00	40.67	28.6%
F	47	8.33	391.67	1	2	3	7	4	66	16.9%	3	47.00	56	7.83	4	2.00	1	0.33	3	3.67	599.00	99.83	30.7%
G	19	8.33	158.33	4	3	5	7	2			3	19.00	21	7.83	4	3.00	2	0.33	4	1.67	221.50	36.92	23.3%
H	6	8.33	50.00								3	6.00	5	7.83							57.17	9.53	19.1%
I	6	8.33	50.00	1	3	7	7		21	42.0%	3	6.00	6	7.83	4	3.00	2	0.33			77.67	12.94	44.6%
J	8	8.33	66.67								3	8.00	7	7.83							78.83	13.14	19.7%
Gross Wall Area = 1600.00				Total Area of Openings = 256.00							16.0%								Total Stud Area = 311.33		23.2%		
Conditioned Floor Area = 1,677 sq. ft.				(Garage Area = 380 sq. ft.)																			
Area of Openings = 256.00 sq. ft.																							
Area of Glazed Openings = 235.00 sq. ft.																							
Openings-to-floor Area Ratio = 15.3%																							
Window-to-floor Area Ratio = 14.0%																							
Legend																							
Measured Inputs																							
Fixed/Calculated																							
Not Applicable																							
for Window/Door Openings																							
Framing Factors																							
				<div><div></div><div>Framing Factor</div><div>50%</div><div>40%</div><div>30%</div><div>20%</div><div>10%</div><div>0%</div><div>0%</div><div>10%</div><div>20%</div><div>30%</div><div>40%</div><div>50%</div><div><math>y = 0.4782x + 0.2176</math></div><div><math>R^2 = 0.8785</math></div></div>																			

Approach 2: Determination of Exterior Wall Framing-factor using Typical Arrangement of Studs

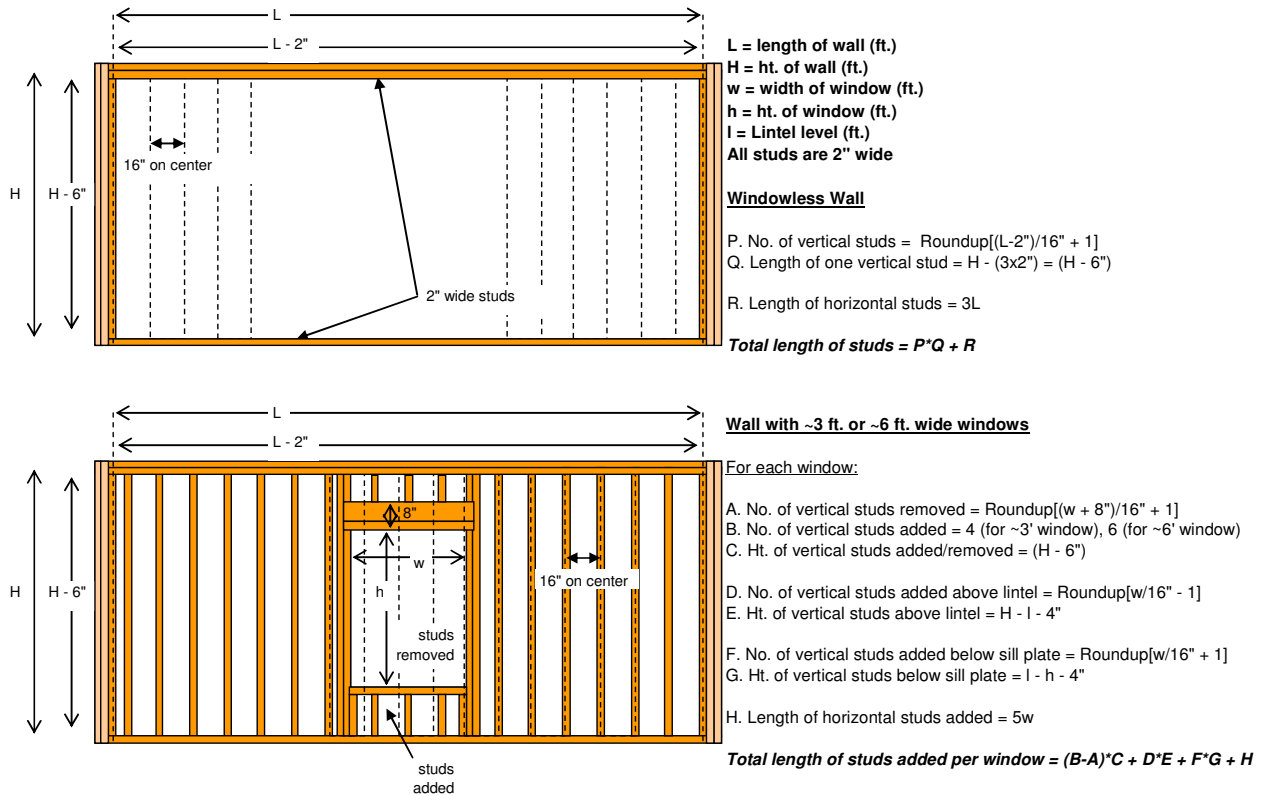


Figure 126: Calculation of Stud Area for a Typical Exterior Wall without and with Window Openings

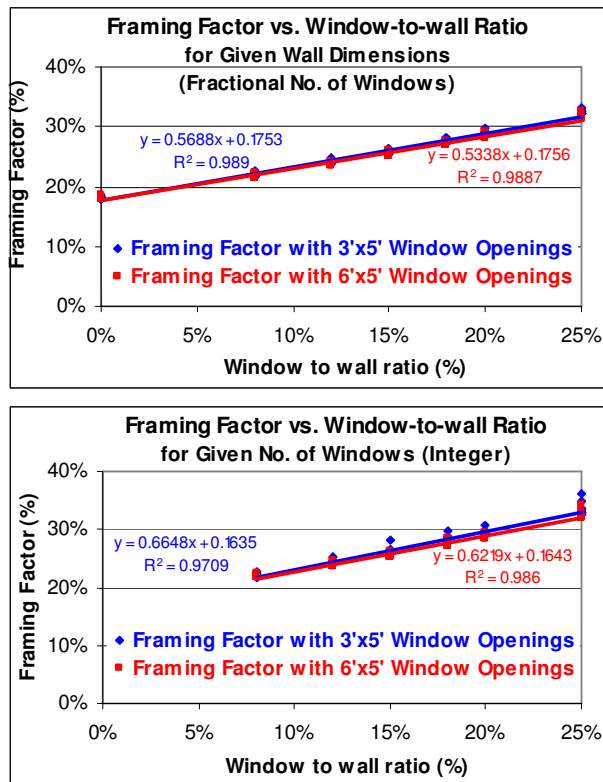


Figure 127: Framing-factor for Varying Window-to-Wall Area Ratio (using Equations derived in Figure 126)

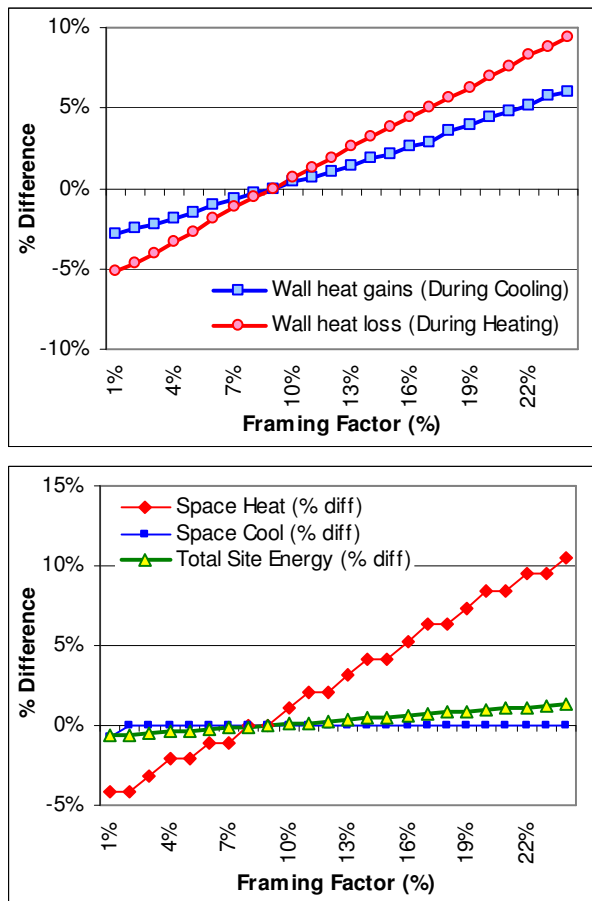


Figure 128: Impact of Framing-factor on the Heat Gain and Loss (Left) and Energy Use (Right)

\$\*\*\*\*\*FRAMING FACTOR (M.MALHOTRA, 08/09/2007)

##SET1 P-WALL-FF b23      \$ FOR EXTERIOR WALLS ABOVE GROUND (CONDITIONED SPACES, CRAWLSPACE AND GABLE ENDS OF ATTIC)

##SET1 P-ROOF-FF b24      \$ FOR SLOPING ROOF ABOVE ATTIC

##SET1 P-CEIL-FF b25      \$ FOR FLAT ROOF AND CEILING

##SET1 P-FLOOR-FF b26      \$ FOR FLOOR ABOVE CRAWLSPACE AND BETWEEN FIRST AND SECOND FLOOR

B. Version 2.20.12

Updated attic AIR-CHANGES/HR to be 15ACH

\$ \_\_\_\_\_ ATTIC SPACE-CONDITIONS

ATTIC = SPACE-CONDITIONS

TEMPERATURE = (73)      \$ AVERAGE OF WINTER AND SUMMER SETPOINTS (68F & 78F) (TABLE 402.1.3.5, IECC 2001)

ZONE-TYPE = UNCONDITIONED      \$ SETBACKS ARE ADJUSTED IN SYSTEMS,

DOE-2 DEFAULT = 70

FLOOR-WEIGHT = P-FLOORWEIGHT[]      \$ IECC 2001,402.1.3.3,DOE-2 DEFAULT = 70(LB/SQ.FT)

INF-SCHEDULE = INFILSCH

INF-METHOD = AIR-CHANGES\$ DOE-2 DEFAULT=NONE,OR CRACK, RESIDENTIAL

AIR-CHANGES/HR = 15      \$ ACH=NORMALIZED LEAKAGE (0.57)x WEATHER FACTOR(FROM ASHRAE STANDARD 136)

.. \$ END OF SPACE-CONDITIONS COMMAND (OTHER COMMANDS IN SET-  
DEFAULT FOR SPACE-CONDITIONS)

Modified floor covering to be 80% carpet and 20% exposed floor

2006  
UGFL\_1 = LAYERS \$ SLAB-ON-GRADE FLOOR  
MATERIAL = (MAT-FIC-1,SOIL-12IN,CONCRETE-4IN)  
INSIDE-FILM-RES = 0.77 ..

2007

UGFL\_1 = LAYERS \$ SLAB-ON-GRADE FLOOR  
MATERIAL = (MAT-FIC-1,SOIL-12IN,CONCRETE-4IN, CP80)  
INSIDE-FILM-RES = 0.77 ..

CP80 = MATERIAL \$ 80% CARPET, 20% EXPOSED  
FLOOR  
RESISTANCE = #[0.8 \* 1.23] .. \$ (HR.FT^2.F/BTU)

Updated window-to-wall ratio for second floor windows

2006

W-F-2 = WINDOW \$ AS PER IECC 2001(402.1.3.1.1) WINDOWS HAVE SAME AREA ON THE  
N,W,E AND S FACES AS A MINIMUM  
WIDTH = P-GLASSWIDTH1[] \$ (FT)  
HEIGHT = P-GLASSHEIGHT1[] \$ (FT)  
X = W-F-1[]  
Y = 1 \$ COORDINATES  
SETBACK = 0.0 \$ (FT)  
SHADING-SCHEDULE = SH-1 \$ SHADING SCHEDULE FOR THE WINDOW SHADE  
GLASS-TYPE = W-1  
FRAME-WIDTH = WFSW1[] \$ EXPLANATION IN THE PARAMETER SECTION  
SHADING-DIVISIONS = 10 \$ DOE-2 DEFAULT, (0 TO 40)UNITS  
.. \$ END OF WINDOW COMMAND

2007

##IF #[WWR1-2[] GT 0] \$ (09/19/2007, M.MALHOTRA)  
WINDOW1-2 = WINDOW \$ AS PER IECC 2001(402.1.3.1.1) WINDOWS HAVE SAME AREA ON THE  
N,W,E AND S FACES AS A MINIMUM  
HEIGHT = GLASSHT1-2[]  
WIDTH = GLASSWID1-2[]  
GLASS-TYPE = GLASS-1  
X = WX1-2[]  
Y = 1  
FRAME-WIDTH = FR-EQW1-2[] \$ DOE-2 DEFAULT = 0(0 TO 2)  
OVERHANG-A = WX1-2[]  
OVERHANG-B = OVERHANGHT[]  
OVERHANG-W = OVERHANGWID1-2[]  
OVERHANG-D = P-OVERHANGD1-2[]  
..  
\$ END OF WINDOW COMMAND (OTHER COMMANDS IN SET-DEFAULT FOR WINDOW)  
##ENDIF

C. Version 2.30.22

Updated Reff for underground floor

2006

```
##SET1 P-REFFECTIVE #[P-AREA[] / #[PERIM-CON[] * P-PERIMETER[]]]
$ Reff=A/(f2*Pexp), f2 is from article by Winkelmann
##SET1 P-UEFFECTIVE #[1 / P-REFFECTIVE[]] $ U-EFFECTIVE = 1/Reff
```

2007

```
$ Reff=A/(F2*Pexp), F2 is from article by Winkelmann
$ CORRECTING EFFECTIVE PERIMETER FOR GARAGE TYPE D JAYA M. 12/14/2007
$ For the case of Garage Type equals D
$ The corrected value of the effective perimeter will assume a square house of equal area
```

```
##IF #[GTYPE[] NES D]
##SET1 PERIMETER-UGF PERIMETER-1[]
##SET1 AREA-UGF AREA-1[]
##ELSEIF #[GTYPE[] EQS D]
  ##IF P-STORY[] EQS 1
    ##SET1 PERIMETER-UGF #[#[SQRT OF TOTALAREA[]] * 4]
    ##SET1 AREA-UGF AREA-1[]
  ##ELSEIF P-STORY[] EQS 2
    ##IF #[P-BLDGLEN-2[] EQS P-BLDGLEN-1[]]
      ##SET1 PERIMETER-UGF #[#[SQRT OF #[TOTALAREA[] / 2]] * 4]
      ##SET1 AREA-UGF #[TOTALAREA[] / 2]
    ##ELSEIF #[P-BLDGLEN-2[] NES P-BLDGLEN-1[]]
      ##SET1 PERIMETER-UGF #[#[SQRT OF AREA-1[]] * 4]
      ##SET1 AREA-UGF AREA-1[]
    ##ENDIF
  ##ENDIF
##ENDIF
```

```
##SET1 R-EFF-1 #[AREA-UGF[] / #[PERIM-CON[] * PERIMETER-UGF[]]]
```

```
##SET1 U-EFF-1 #[1 / R-EFF-1[]] $ Ueff = 1/Reff
Updated HDD error in exposed floor insulation and INSIDE-FILM-RESISTNACE of interior floor
Updated RF_1 and RF_2 (tilted roof INSIDE-FILM-RESISTNACE), BATT-WALL, BATT-CEIL, EPS-WALL,
WINDOW s
```

Updated RF\_1 and RF\_2 (tilted roof INSIDE-FILM-RES), BATT-WALL, BATT-CEIL, EPS-WALL, used 2' WINDOW sill height and dynamic glass XY position

2006

```
RF_1 = LAYERS $ NON-STUD PART OF ROOF
##IF #[P-ROOF_CAVINSP0S[] EQS R]
  MATERIAL = (AR02,PW03,ROOF_CAVINS[]) .. $ Choice of external finish
  ##IF #[P-ROOF_RB[] EQS "Y"]
    I-F-R = 8.1
  ##ENDIF
  ##ELSEIF #[P-ROOF_CAVINSP0S[] EQS C] $ELSEIF ROOF INSULATION NOT PRESENT
    MATERIAL = (AR02,PW03) ..
```



```

    ##IF #[P-ROOF_RB[] EQS "Y"]
        I-F-R = 8.1
    ##ENDIF
##ENDIF

RF_2    = LAYERS
        MATERIAL = (AR02,PW03, ROOF_STUD[])
    ##IF #[P-ROOF_RB[] EQS "Y"]
        I-F-R = 8.1
    ##ENDIF
    ..

2007

RF_1    = LAYERS                                $ NON-STUD PART OF ROOF
    ##IF #[P-ROOF_RB[] EQS Y]
        INSIDE-FILM-RES = 8.1                    $ INSIDE FILM RESISTANCE
    ##ELSEIF #[P-ROOF_RB[] EQS N]
        INSIDE-FILM-RES = #[0.765 - #[P-PITCH[] * #[0.085 / 90]]]
    ##ENDIF
    ##IF #[P-ROOFRPOS[] EQS R]
        MATERIAL = (AR02,PW03,BATT-CEIL) ..
    ##ELSEIF #[P-ROOFRPOS[] EQS C]                $ ELSEIF ROOF INSULATION NOT PRESENT
        MATERIAL = (AR02,PW03) ..
    ##ENDIF

RF_2    = LAYERS
    ##IF #[P-ROOF_RB[] EQS Y]
        INSIDE-FILM-RES = 8.1
    ##ELSEIF #[P-ROOF_RB[] EQS N]
        INSIDE-FILM-RES = #[0.765 - #[P-PITCH[] * #[0.085 / 90]]]
    ##ENDIF
        MATERIAL = (AR02,PW03, ROOF_STUD[]) ..

```

D. Version 2.40.08

Modified thermostat schedule

In order to have 6 hour winter setback during the night and 6 hour summer setup during the day.

```

2006
HEAT-1 = DAY-SCHEDULE
    HOURS = (1,6)
    ##IF #[SETBACK[] EQS Y]
        VALUES = (63,63,63,63,63,63)          $PAGE 64,IECC 2001,ASSUMED A MORNING SETBACK
    ##ELSEIF #[SETBACK[] EQS N]                  $OF 6 HOURS AT 5 DEG F
        VALUES = (68,68,68,68,68,68)
    ##ENDIF
    HOURS = (7,17)
    VALUES = (68,68,68,68,68,68,68,68,68,68,68)
    HOURS = (18,24)
    VALUES = (68,68,68,68,68,68,68) ..

HEAT-2 = DAY-SCHEDULE
    HOURS = (1,6)
    ##IF #[SETBACK[] EQS Y]
        VALUES = (63,63,63,63,63,63)          $PAGE 64,IECC 2001,ASSUMED A MORNING SETBACK
    ##ELSEIF #[SETBACK[] EQS N]                  $OF 6 HOURS AT 5 DEG F
        VALUES = (68,68,68,68,68,68)
    ##ENDIF
    HOURS = (7,17)

```

```

VALUES = (68,68,68,68,68,68,68,68,68,68,68)
HOURS = (18,24)
VALUES = (68,68,68,68,68,68,68) ..

DAYHEAT = WEEK-SCHEDULE
  DAYS = (MON,FRI)
  DAY-SCHEDULE = HEAT-1
  DAYS = (WEH)
  DAY-SCHEDULE = HEAT-2 ..

THEAT = SCHEDULE
  THRU DEC 31 DAYHEAT ..

COOL-1 = DAY-SCHEDULE
  HOURS = (1,6)
  ##IF #[SETBACK[] EQS Y]
    VALUES = (83,83,83,83,83,83) $PAGE 64,IECC 2001,ASSUMED A MORNING SETUP
  ##ELSEIF #[SETBACK[] EQS N] $OF 6 HOURS AT 5 DEG F
    VALUES = (78,78,78,78,78,78)
  ##ENDIF
  HOURS = (7,17)
  VALUES = (78,78,78,78,78,78,78,78,78,78,78)
  HOURS = (18,24)
  VALUES = (78,78,78,78,78,78) ..

COOL-2 = DAY-SCHEDULE
  HOURS = (1,6)
  ##IF #[SETBACK[] EQS Y]
    VALUES = (83,83,83,83,83,83) $PAGE 64,IECC 2001,ASSUMED A MORNING SETUP
  ##ELSEIF #[SETBACK[] EQS N] $OF 6 HOURS AT 5 DEG F
    VALUES = (78,78,78,78,78,78)
  ##ENDIF
  HOURS = (7,17)
  VALUES = (78,78,78,78,78,78,78,78,78,78,78)
  HOURS = (18,24)
  VALUES = (78,78,78,78,78,78) ..

DAYCOOL = WEEK-SCHEDULE
  DAYS = (MON,FRI)
  DAY-SCHEDULE = COOL-1
  DAYS = (WEH)
  DAY-SCHEDULE = COOL-2 ..

TCOOL = SCHEDULE
  THRU DEC 31 DAYCOOL ..

2007
$*****AMENDED 05/02/2008, MODIFIED THERMOSTAT SCHEDULE TO HAVE 6 HOUR WINTER
SETBACK DURING NIGHT (HOUR 1-5,24)
$*****AND 6 HOUR SUMMER SETUP DURING THE DAY (HOUR 9-14)
HEAT-1 = DAY-SCHEDULE
##IF #[P-SETBACK[] EQS Y]
  HOURS = (1,5)
  VALUES = (63) $PAGE 64,IECC 2001,ASSUMED A 6 HOUR SETBACK (FROM HOUR 1-5,24) AT
5 DEG F
  HOURS = (6,23)
  VALUES = (68)
  HOURS = (24)
  VALUES = (63) ..

```

```

##ELSEIF #[P-SETBACK[] EQS N]
    HOURS = (1,24)
    VALUES = (68) ..
##ENDIF

```

```

HEAT-2 = DAY-SCHEDULE
##IF #[P-SETBACK[] EQS Y]
    HOURS = (1,5)
    VALUES = (63)      $PAGE 64,IECC 2001,ASSUMED A 6 HOUR SETBACK (FROM HOUR 1-5,24) AT
5 DEG F
    HOURS = (6,23)
    VALUES = (68)
    HOURS = (24)
    VALUES = (63) ..
##ELSEIF #[P-SETBACK[] EQS N]
    HOURS = (1,24)
    VALUES = (68) ..
##ENDIF

```

```

DAYHEAT = WEEK-SCHEDULE
    DAYS = (MON,FRI)
    DAY-SCHEDULE = HEAT-1
    DAYS = (WEH)
    DAY-SCHEDULE = HEAT-2 ..

```

```

THEAT = SCHEDULE
    THRU DEC 31 DAYHEAT ..

```

```

COOL-1 = DAY-SCHEDULE
##IF #[P-SETBACK[] EQS Y]
    HOURS = (1,8)
    VALUES = (78)      $PAGE 64,IECC 2001,ASSUMED A 6 HOUR SETUP (FROM HOUR 9-14) AT 5
DEG F
    HOURS = (9,14)
    VALUES = (83)
    HOURS = (15,24)
    VALUES = (78) ..
##ELSEIF #[P-SETBACK[] EQS N]
    HOURS = (1,24)
    VALUES = (78) ..
##ENDIF

```

```

COOL-2 = DAY-SCHEDULE
##IF #[P-SETBACK[] EQS Y]
    HOURS = (1,8)
    VALUES = (78)      $PAGE 64,IECC 2001,ASSUMED A 6 HOUR SETUP (FROM HOUR 9-14) AT 5
DEG F
    HOURS = (9,14)
    VALUES = (83)
    HOURS = (15,24)
    VALUES = (78) ..
##ELSEIF #[P-SETBACK[] EQS N]
    HOURS = (1,24)
    VALUES = (78) ..
##ENDIF

```

```

DAYCOOL = WEEK-SCHEDULE
    DAYS = (MON,FRI)
    DAY-SCHEDULE = COOL-1
    DAYS = (WEH)
    DAY-SCHEDULE = COOL-2 ..

```

TCOOL = SCHEDULE  
THRU DEC 31 DAYCOOL ..

Updated to 4 surface model

2007

```
##def BLDG0[b'01,b'02,b'03,b'04,b'05,b'06,b'07,b'08,b'09,b'10
,b'11,b'12,b'13,b'14,b'15,b'16,b'17,b'18,b'19,b'20
,b'21,b'22,b'23,b'24,b'25,b'26,b'27,b'28,b'29,b'30
,b'31,b'32]
```

\$b'01 Length of first floor wall facing front(ft)  
 \$b'02 Length of first floor wall facing back (ft)  
 \$b'03 Length of first floor wall facing right (ft)  
 \$b'04 Length of first floor wall facing left (ft)  
 \$b'05 Length of second floor wall facing front(ft)  
 \$b'06 Length of second floor wall facing back (ft)  
 \$b'07 Length of second floor wall facing right (ft)  
 \$b'08 Length of second floor wall facing left (ft)  
 \$b'09 ON/OFF: Switch for activating/deactivating reports

```
##SET1 P-BLDG1-1 #[b'01 * 1]
##SET1 P-BLDG2-1 #[b'02 * 1]
##SET1 P-BLDG3-1 #[b'03 * 1]
##SET1 P-BLDG4-1 #[b'04 * 1]
##SET1 P-BLDG1-2 #[b'05 * 1]
##SET1 P-BLDG2-2 #[b'06 * 1]
##SET1 P-BLDG3-2 #[b'07 * 1]
##SET1 P-BLDG4-2 #[b'08 * 1]
```

```
##SET1 PERIMETER-1 #[[b'01 + b'02] + [b'03 + b'04]]
##SET1 PERIMETER-2 #[[b'05 + b'06] + [b'07 + b'08]]
```

```
##SET1 P-ECHO b'09
```

```
##enddef
```

E. Version 2.50.00

Converted to single zone model

2006

```
##IF #[P-STORY[] EQS 2]
```

```
RM-2 = SPACE
```

```
SPACE-CONDITIONS = ROOM-2 $ MODIFIED (08/17/2007, M.MALHOTRA)
```

```
AREA = P-AREA-2[] $ (FT^2)
```

```
VOLUME = VOLUME-2[] $ (FT^3), S.KIM, 07/01/2003
```

```
X = 2NDFCORX[] $ COORDINATES
```

```
Y = 2NDFCORY[] $ COORDINATES
```

```
Z = SPACEPOS-2[] $ AS PER THE DIMENSIONS OF THE CRAWLSPACE AS WELL AS
```

```
SPACE RM-1
```

```
.. $ END OF SPACE COMMAND (OTHER COMMANDS IN SET-DEFAULT FOR SPACE)
```

```
WALL1-2_1 = EXTERIOR-WALL $ THE INSULATION PART OF WALL
```

```
HEIGHT = P-BLDGHT-2[]
```

```
WIDTH = WALLWID1-2_1[]
```

```
CONSTRUCTION = WALLCON_1
```

```

X = 0
Y = 0
Z = 0
AZIMUTH = 180
..          $ END OF EXTERIOR-WALL COMMAND (OTHER COMMANDS IN SET-DEFAULT FOR
EXTERIOR-WALL)

```

2007

```
##IF #[P-STORY[] EQS 2]

```

```

WALL1-2_1 = EXTERIOR-WALL          $ THE INSULATION PART OF WALL
HEIGHT = P-BLDGHT-2[]
WIDTH = WALLWID1-2_1[]
CONSTRUCTION = WALLCON_1
X = 0
Y = 0
Z = P-BLDGHT-1[]
AZIMUTH = 180
..          $ END OF EXTERIOR-WALL COMMAND (OTHER COMMANDS IN SET-DEFAULT FOR
EXTERIOR-WALL)

```

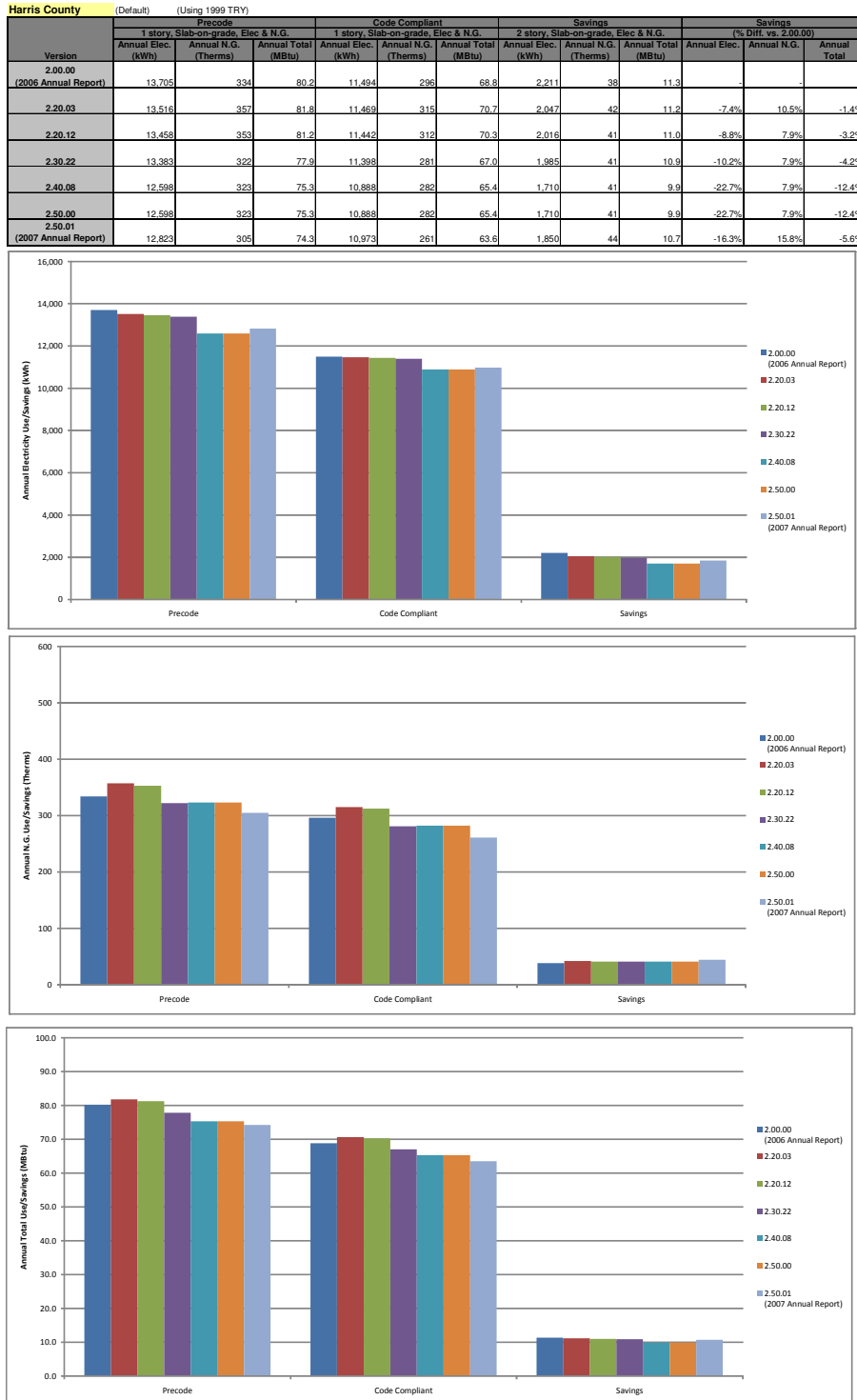


Figure 129: Results of Changes from 2006 to 2007.



arrant County		(Default)		(Using 1999 TRY)									
Version		Precode			Code Compliant			Savings			Savings		
		1 story, Slab-on-grade, Elec & N.G.	1 story, Slab-on-grade, Elec & N.G.	2 story, Slab-on-grade, Elec & N.G.	(% Diff. vs. 2000.00)								
		Annual Elec. (kWh)	Annual N.G. (Therms)	Annual Total (MBtu)	Annual Elec. (kWh)	Annual N.G. (Therms)	Annual Total (MBtu)	Annual Elec. (kWh)	Annual N.G. (Therms)	Annual Total (MBtu)	Annual Elec.	Annual N.G.	Annual Total
2.00.00													
(2006 Annual Report)		14,555	473	97.0	12,139	406	82.0	2,416	67	14.9	-	-	-
2.20.03		13,988	503	98.1	11,929	433	84.0	2,059	70	14.0	-14.8%	4.5%	-6.1%
2.20.12		13,926	498	97.3	11,902	430	83.6	2,024	68	13.7	-16.2%	1.5%	-8.3%
2.30.22		13,780	462	93.2	11,816	397	80.0	1,964	65	13.2	-18.7%	-3.0%	-11.7%
2.40.08		13,215	462	91.3	11,454	396	78.7	1,761	66	12.6	-27.1%	-1.5%	-15.6%
2.50.00		13,215	462	91.3	11,454	396	78.7	1,761	66	12.6	-27.1%	-1.5%	-15.6%
2.50.01													
(2007 Annual Report)		13,327	383	83.8	11,435	325	71.5	1,892	58	12.3	-21.7%	-13.4%	-18.0%

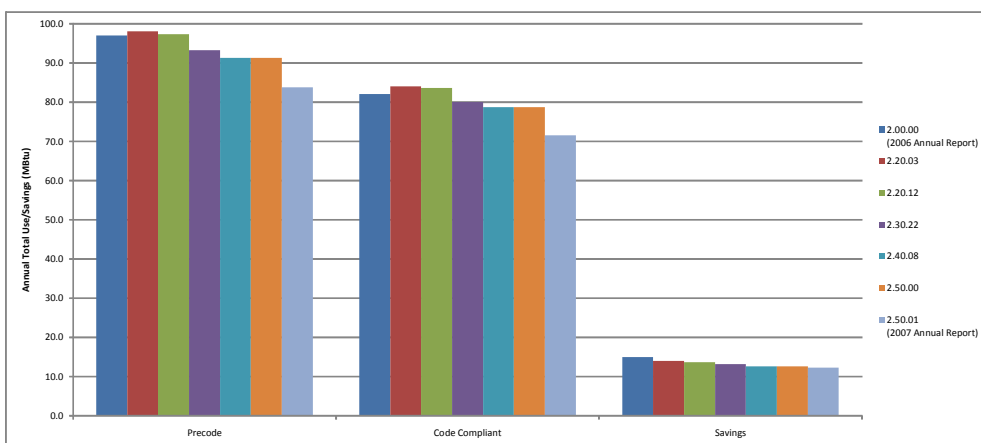
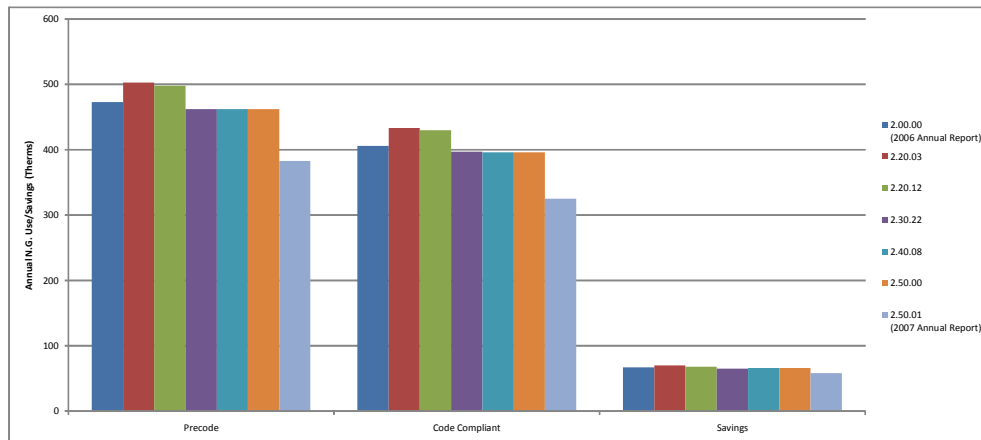
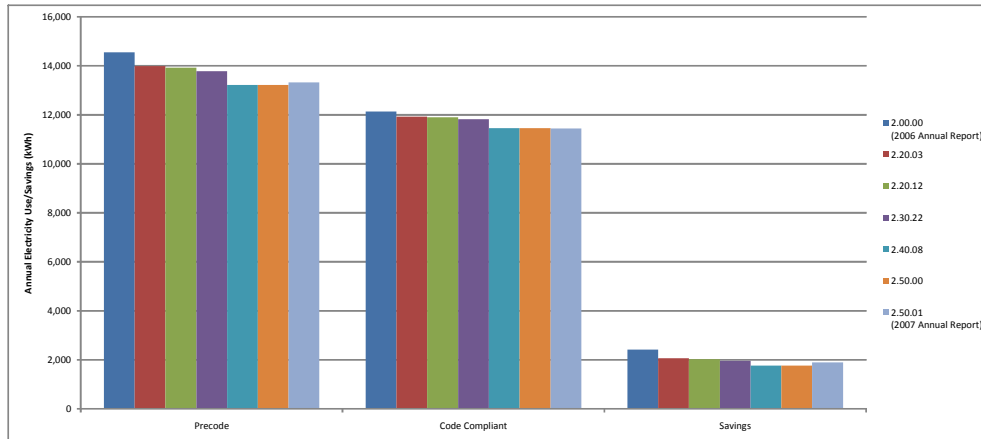


Figure 130: Results of Changes from 2006 to 2007.

## 8 CALCULATION OF INTEGRATED NO<sub>x</sub> EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS FROM MULTIPLE STATE AGENCIES PARTICIPATING IN THE TEXAS EMISSIONS REDUCTION PLAN (TERP).

### 8.1 Background

In January 2005, the Laboratory was asked by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) to develop a method by which the NO<sub>x</sub> emissions savings from the energy-efficiency programs from multiple Texas State Agencies working under Senate Bill 5 and Senate Bill 7 could be reported in a uniform format to allow the TCEQ to consider the combined savings for Texas' State Implementation Plan (SIP) planning purposes. This required that the analysis should include the cumulative savings estimates from all projects projected through 2020 for both the annual and Ozone Season Day (OSD) NO<sub>x</sub> reductions. The NO<sub>x</sub> emissions reduction from all these programs were calculated using estimated emissions factors for 2007 from the US Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) eGRID database, which had been specially prepared for this purpose. The different programs included in the 2006 cumulative analysis are:

- ESL Single-family new construction
- ESL Multi-family new construction
- ESL Commercial new construction
- Federal Buildings
- Furnace Pilot Light Program
- PUC Senate Bill 7 and Senate Bill 5 Program
- SECO TERP Program
- Electricity generated by wind farms in Texas (ERCOT)<sup>36</sup>
- SEER13 upgrades to Single-family and Multi-family residences

*The Laboratory's single-family and multi-family programs* include the energy savings attained by constructing new residences in Texas according to the IECC 2000/2001 building code (IECC 2000). The baseline for comparison for the code programs is the published data on residential construction characteristics by the National Association of Home Builders (NAHB) for 1999 (NAHB 1999). Annual electricity (MWh) and natural gas (MBtu) savings are from the Laboratory's Annual Reports to the TCEQ (Haberl et al., 2002 - 2007).

*The Texas Public Utility Commission's (PUC) Senate Bill and Senate Bill 7 programs* include their incentive and rebates programs managed by the different Utilities for Texas (PUC 2007). These include the Residential Energy Efficiency Programs (REEP) as well as the Commercial & Industrial Standard Offer Programs (C&I SOP). The energy efficiency measures include high efficiency HVAC equipment, variable speed drives, increased insulation levels, infiltration reduction, duct sealing, Energy Star Homes, etc. Annual electricity savings according to the utilities (or Power Control Authorities – PCAs) were reported for the different programs completed in the years 2001 through 2007. The PUC also reported the savings from the TERP grant program which was conducted in 2002 and 2003.

*The Texas State Energy Conservation Office (SECO) funds energy-efficiency programs* directed towards school districts, government agencies, city and county governments, private industries and residential energy consumers. For the 2007 reporting year SECO submitted annual energy savings values for 149 projects which included projects funded by SECO and by Energy Service projects.

*The Electric Reliability Council of Texas (ERCOT) electricity production from currently installed green power generation (wind)* in Texas are reported. Projections through 2013 include planned projects by ERCOT, annual growth factors beyond 2013 comply with the Legislative requirements. Actual measured electricity production for 2001 through 2007, were included.

Finally, NO<sub>x</sub> emissions reductions from several other programs are also reported, including: energy efficiency measures applied to Federal buildings in Texas, reductions from the elimination of pilot lights in residential furnaces, and reductions from the installation of SEER 13 air conditioners in existing residences.

### 8.2 Description of the Analysis Method

Annual and Ozone Season Day (OSD) NO<sub>x</sub> emissions reduction were calculated for 2007 and cumulatively from 2007 to 2020 using several factors to discount the potential savings. These factors include an annual degradation factor, a

<sup>36</sup> ERCOT is the Electric Reliability Council of Texas.

transmission and distribution factor, a discount factor and growth factors as shown in Table 87, and are described as follows:

*Annual degradation factor:* This factor was used to account for an assumed decrease in the performance of the measures installed as the equipment wears down and degrades. With the exception of electricity generated from wind, an annual degradation factor of 5% was used for all the programs<sup>37</sup>. This value was taken from a study by Kats et al. (1996).

*Transmission and distribution loss:* This factor adjusts the reported savings to account for the loss in energy resulting from the transmission and distribution of the power from the electricity producers to the electricity consumers. For this calculation, the energy savings reported at the consumer level are increased by 7% to give credit for the actual power produced that is lost in the transmission and distribution system on its way to the customer. In the case of electricity generated by wind, the T&D losses were assumed to cancel out since wind energy is displacing power produced by conventional power plants, therefore, there is no net increase or decrease in T&D losses.

*Initial discount factor:* This factor was used to discount the reported savings for any inaccuracies in the assumptions and methods employed in the calculation procedures. For the Laboratory's single- and multi-family program, the discount factor was assumed to be 20%. For PUC's TERP and Senate Bill 2007 programs and electricity from wind, the discount factor was taken as 25%. For the savings in the SECO program, the discount factor was 60%.

*Growth factor:* The growth factors shown in Table 87 were used to account for several different factors. Growth factors for single-family (3.25%) and multi-family residential (1.54%) construction are projections based on the average growth rate for these housing types from recent U.S. Census data for Texas. Growth factors for wind energy are from the Texas Public Utilities Commission<sup>38</sup>. No growth was assumed for Federal buildings, pilot lights, PUC programs and SECO entries.

Figure 131 shows the overall information flow that was used to calculate the NO<sub>x</sub> emissions savings from the annual and Ozone Season Day (OSD) electricity savings (MWh) from all programs. For the Laboratory's single-family and multi-family code-implementation programs, the annual and ozone season savings were calculated from DOE-2 hourly simulation models<sup>39</sup>. The base case is taken as the average characteristics of single- and multi-family residences for Texas published by the National Association of Home Builders for 1999 (NAHB 1999). The OSD consumption is the average daily consumption for the period between July 15 and September 15, 1999. The annual electricity savings from PUC programs were calculated using deemed savings tables and spreadsheets created for the utilities incentive programs by Frontier Associates in Austin, Texas. (PUC 2007)

The SECO electricity savings were submitted as annual savings by project<sup>40</sup>. A description of the measures completed for the project was also submitted for information purposes. The electricity production from wind farms in Texas was from the actual on-site metered data measured at 15-minute intervals.

Integration of the savings from the different programs into a uniform format allowed for creditable NO<sub>x</sub> emissions to be evaluated using different criteria as shown in Table 87. These include evaluation across programs, evaluation across an individual counties by program, evaluation by SIP area, evaluation for all ERCOT counties except Houston/Galveston, and evaluation within a 200 km radius of Dallas/Ft. Worth.

### 8.3 Calculation Procedure

*ESL Single-family and Multi-family.* The calculation of the annual and OSD electricity savings reported for the years 2002 through 2007 included the savings from code-compliant new housing in all 41 non-attainment and affected counties as reported in the Laboratory's annual report submitted by the Laboratory to the Texas Commission of

<sup>37</sup> A degradation of 5% per year would accumulate as a 5%, 10%, 15%...etc, degradation in performance. Although the assumption of this high level of degradation may not actually occur, it was chosen as a conservative estimate. For wind energy, a degradation factor of 0% was used. The choice of a 0% degradation factor for wind is based on two year's of analysis of measured wind data from all Texas wind farms that shows no degradation, on average, for a two year period after the wind farms became operational.

<sup>38</sup> The growth factors for wind energy through 2012 are based on permitted wind farms registered with the Texas Public Utilities Commission, [http://www.puc.state.tx.us/electric/maps/gen\\_tables.xls](http://www.puc.state.tx.us/electric/maps/gen_tables.xls). Growth factors for 2013 through 2020 assume a linear projection based on the permits for 2011 and 2012.

<sup>39</sup> These values are based on a performance analysis as defined by Chapter 4 of IECC 2000/2001. This analysis is discussed in the Laboratory's annual reports to the TCEQ.

<sup>40</sup> The reporting requirements to the SECO did not require energy savings by project type, although for selected sites, energy savings by project type was available. Annual savings were reported by SECO in 2004. Values for 2005 to 2007 use the adjusted values from 2004 as shown, [www.seco.cpa.state.tx.us](http://www.seco.cpa.state.tx.us).

Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The savings for 2001 were also incorporated since some of the programs were reporting savings from September to December 2001. In 2005 to 2007 the annual and OSD electricity savings were calculated for new residential construction in all the counties in ERCOT region, which includes the 41 non-attainment and affected counties. These savings were then tabulated by county and program. Using the calculated values through 2007, savings were then projected to 2020 by incorporating the different adjustment factors mentioned above.

In these calculations it was assumed that the same amount of electricity savings from the code-complaint construction would be achieved for each year after 2007 through 2020<sup>41</sup>. The projected energy savings through 2020, according to county, were then divided into the different Power Control Authorities (PCA) in eGRID. To determine which PCA was to be used, or in counties with multiple PCA, the allocation to each PCA by county was obtained from PUC's listing published in the Laboratory's 2005 annual report<sup>42</sup>.

For the 2007 annual and OSD NOx emissions calculations the US EPA's 2007 eGRID were used<sup>43</sup>. An example of the eGRID spreadsheet<sup>44</sup> is given in Table 88. The total electricity savings for each PCA were used to calculate the NOx emissions reduction for each of the different counties using the emissions factors contained in eGRID. Similar calculations were performed for each year for which the analysis was required. The cumulative NOx emissions reduction for the electricity savings from residential new construction for 2006 through 2020 is provided in Table 89. NOx emissions reduction is provided in Table 90.

*ESL-Commercial Buildings.* The annual and OSD electricity savings for 2002 through 2007 for commercial buildings were obtained from the annual reports for 2005 and 2007 submitted by the Laboratory to TCEQ<sup>45</sup>. These savings were also tabulated by county and program. Using the calculated values through 2007, savings were then projected to 2020 by incorporating the different adjustment factors mentioned above<sup>46</sup>. In the projected 2008 cumulative electricity savings was assumed that the same amount of electricity savings from 2007 would be achieved for each year after 2007 through 2020. Similarly to the single family calculations, the projected energy saving numbers through 2020, by county, were allocated into the appropriate Power Control Authorities (PCA).

*Federal Buildings.* Energy savings achieved from Energy Savings Performance Contracts (ESPCs) were also reported in 2007. This includes savings (estimated) from energy conservation measures implemented in Federal Buildings in Texas. The 2007 savings include projects implemented in 14 Federal buildings reported by the regional office of the Department of Energy. Annual kWh savings reported for each of the projects were divided by 365 to obtain the average Ozone Season Day savings<sup>47</sup>. In the calculation for 2007, it was assumed that the electricity savings from 2006 would also be achieved for each year from 2008 through 2020 after the appropriate degradation factors were applied. Similarly to the single family calculations, the projected energy saving numbers through 2020, by county, were proportioned into the PUC's Power Control Authorities (PCA) and the cumulative NOx emission reduction values calculated.

*Furnace Pilot Light Program.* For the furnace pilot light program savings, the N.G. energy savings achieved by retrofitting existing furnaces in single-family and multi-family residences for the entire residential stock for Texas have been projected until 2020. Pilot light removal saves an estimated 500 Btu/hr of natural gas for each hour of operation for the entire life of the furnace when the furnace is replaced with a code-compliant replacement. The energy savings for the Ozone Season Day are calculated by dividing the annual number by 365. It is also being assumed that of the total furnaces that were retrofitted, 75% are operational during the Ozone Season Period. Cumulative NOx emissions reduction for the N.G. savings from the removal of furnace pilot lights were also calculated by county for 2006 through 2020 by SIP area<sup>48</sup>.

<sup>41</sup> This would include the appropriate discount and degradation factors for each year.

<sup>42</sup> Haberl et al., 2005, pp. 197.

<sup>43</sup> This required two separate versions of the 2007 eGRID, which were specially prepared for Texas by Mr. Art Diem at the US EPA. One of the versions contains estimates of annual SOx, NOx and CO2 data for 2007, using a 25% capacity factor. The second version contains estimates of SOx, NOx and CO2 data for 2007 for an average day in the ozone season period, which runs from Mid July to Mid September.

<sup>44</sup> To use this spreadsheet electricity savings for each PCA is entered in the bottom row of the spreadsheet (MWh). The spreadsheet then allocates the MWh of electricity savings according to the counties (blue columns) where the PCA owned and operated a power plant. Totals for all PCAs are then listed on the far right columns (white columns). Similar spreadsheets for the 2007 eGRID exist for SOx and CO2.

<sup>45</sup> These savings include new construction in office, assembly, education, retail, food, lodging and warehouse construction as defined by Dodge building type (Dodge 2005), using energy savings from the Pacific Northwest National Laboratory (USDOE 2004), and data from CBECS (1995 - 2003).

<sup>46</sup> This also includes the appropriate discount and degradation factors for each year.

<sup>47</sup> This method yields suitable OSD values for lighting retrofits and/or retrofits that are not weather dependent. In the case of retrofits to cooling systems, weather normalization would increase the OSD savings substantially. Retrofits to heating systems would be reduced by weather normalization.

<sup>48</sup> These use the NOx/MBtu values provided in the US EPA AP 42 guideline.

*PUC-Senate Bill 7.* For the PUC Senate Bill 7 program savings, the annual electricity savings for 2001 through 2007 were obtained from the Public Utilities Commission<sup>49</sup>. Using these values savings were projected through 2020 by incorporating the different adjustment factors mentioned above. Similar savings were assumed for each year after 2008 until 2020. The 2007 annual and OSD eGRID was also used to calculate the NOx emissions savings for the PUC-Senate Bill 7 program. The total electricity savings for each PCA were used to calculate the NOx emissions reduction for each county using the emissions factors contained in the US EPA's eGRID spreadsheet. The cumulative NOx emissions reduction for each county by SIP area for the different programs was then calculated.

*PUC-TERP Grants Program.* To calculate the annual electricity savings from the PUC's TERP program, electricity savings were also obtained from the Public Utilities Commission<sup>50</sup>. The annual and average day electricity savings were then proportioned according to the PCA and program. Using the actual reported numbers through 2007, savings through 2020 were projected incorporating the different adjustment factors mentioned above<sup>51</sup>. The 2007 annual and OSD eGRID were used to calculate the NOx emissions savings for PUC-TERP Grants Program. The total electricity savings for each PCA were used to calculate the NOx emissions reduction for each of the different counties.

*SECO Savings.* The annual electricity savings from energy conservation projects reported by political subdivisions for 35 counties through 2007 were obtained from the State Energy Conservation Office<sup>52</sup>. These submittals included information gathered from SECO's website<sup>53</sup> and paper submittals<sup>54</sup>. The annual and average day electricity values were then summarized according to county and program. Using the actual reported numbers for 2004, savings through 2020 were projected using the different adjustment factors mentioned above. In a similar fashion as the previous programs it was assumed that the same amount of electricity savings will be achieved for each year after 2005 until 2020. The 2007 annual and OSD eGRID were then used to calculate the NOx emissions savings for the SECO program.

*Electricity Generated by Wind Farms.* The measured electricity production from all the wind farms in Texas for 2001 through 2007 was obtained from the Energy Reliability Council of Texas (ERCOT). To obtain the annual production, the 15-minute data were summed for the 12 months, while for the OSD period the data were converted to average daily electricity production during the months of July, August and September. Using the reported numbers for 2007, savings through 2020 were projected incorporating the different adjustment factors mentioned above. The 2007 annual and OSD eGRID were then used to calculate the NOx emissions reduction for the electricity generated by Texas' wind farms<sup>55</sup>. The total electricity savings for each PCA were used to calculate the NOx emissions reduction for each of the different counties

*SEER 13 Single-Family and Multi-family.* In January of 2006 Federal Regulations mandated that the minimum efficiency for residential air conditioners be increased to SEER 13 from the previous SEER 10. Although the electricity savings from new construction reflected this change in values, the annual and OSD electricity savings from the replacement of the air conditioning units by air conditioners with an efficiency of SEER 13 in existing residences needed to be calculated.

In the 2007 report to the TCEQ, the annual and OSD electricity savings for all the counties in ERCOT region as well as the 41 non-attainment and affected counties was calculated for the retrofit. Using the numbers for 2007, the savings through 2020 were projected by incorporating the appropriate adjustment factors<sup>56</sup>. In this analysis it was assumed that

<sup>49</sup> In a similar fashion to the previous programs, to obtain the Ozone Season Day (OSD) savings, the annual electricity savings were divided by 365.

<sup>50</sup> In a similar fashion as the PUC's Senate Bill 7 program, the annual electricity savings numbers were then divided by 365 to get average electricity savings per day for OSD calculations. The preferred approach would be to weather-normalize the savings and then calculate savings for the OSD period. However, only annual values were obtained for the 2005 report to the TCEQ. Dividing the annual values by 365 is probably a reasonable approach for lighting projects. However, this undercounts potential savings from electric loads associated with the cooling season.

<sup>51</sup> Since the savings for the PUC's Senate Bill 5 were only reported for two years these savings actually reduced due to the imposed degradation factor.

<sup>52</sup> In a similar fashion as the PUC's Senate Bill 5 and 7 programs, these annual electricity savings numbers were divided by 365 to get average electricity savings per day for the OSD calculations.

<sup>53</sup> This web site was developed for SECO by the Laboratory, at the request of the TCEQ.

<sup>54</sup> In these submittals, there were several municipalities whose electricity or natural consumption increased in 2004 as compared to 2001, which caused the reported savings from these municipalities to be negative. Since no additional information was reported from these projects that might have indicated what the cause of this was, it was assumed that the energy conservation projects were working as designed, but that other factors had changed the energy consumption. Therefore, in the final values of electricity savings from the political subdivisions that reported to SECO for the calculation of annual and OSD NOx reductions, the negative savings were omitted.

<sup>55</sup> This credited the electricity generated by the wind farm to the utility that either owned the wind farm or was associated with the wind farm owner.

<sup>56</sup> Additional details about this calculation are contained in the Laboratory's 2006 Annual Report to the TCEQ, available at the Senate Bill 5 web site "eslsb5.tamu.edu".

an equal number of existing houses had their air conditioners replaced as reported for 2007 by the air conditioner manufacturers. This replacement rate continued until all the existing air conditioner stock was replaced with SEER 13 air conditioners. The total electricity savings for each PCA were used to calculate the NOx emissions reduction for each of the different county using the emissions factors contained in the 2007 eGRID. Cumulative NOx emissions reduction for each county by SIP area was also calculated.

#### 8.4 Results

The total cumulative annual and OSD electricity savings for all the different programs in the integrated format was calculated using the adjustment factors for 2001 through 2020. NOx emissions reduction from the electricity and natural gas savings for the annual and OSD for all the programs in the integrated format is shown in Table 90. In Table 89 and Table 90 annual values are shown for 2005, and cumulative annual values are shown 2006 through 2020. The OSD NOx emissions reduction are also shown in Figure 132 as stacked bar charts and in Figure 133 for the individual components.

In 2007 the cumulative annual electricity savings<sup>57</sup> from code-compliant residential and commercial construction is calculated to be 1,440,885 MWh/year (11.4% of the total electricity savings), savings from retrofits to Federal buildings is 159,415 MWh/year (1.3%), savings from furnace pilot light retrofits is 2,548,904 MBtu/year, savings from the PUC's TERP and Senate Bill 7 programs is 1,598,054 MWh/year (12.7%), savings from SECO's TERP program is 353,701 MWh/year (2.8%), electricity savings from green power purchases (wind) is 8,362,335 MWh/year (66.4%), and savings from residential air conditioner retrofits<sup>58</sup> is 677,171 MWh/year (5.4%). The total savings from all programs is 12,591,561 MWh/year.

In 2007 the cumulative OSD electricity savings from code-compliant residential and commercial construction is calculated to be 7,979 MWh/day (21.3%), savings from retrofits to Federal buildings is 437 MWh/day (1.2%), savings from furnace pilot light retrofits is 6,983 MBtu/day, savings from the PUC's TERP and Senate Bill 7 programs is 4,378 MWh/day (11.7%), savings from SECO's TERP program is 969 MWh/day (2.6%), electricity savings from green power purchases (wind) are 18,856 MWh/day (50.4%), and savings from residential air conditioner retrofits are 4,803 MWh/day (12.8%). The total savings from all programs is 37,421 MWh/day, which would be a 1,559 MW average hourly load reduction during the OSD period.

By 2013 the cumulative annual electricity savings from code-compliant residential and commercial construction is calculated to be 2,930,748 MWh/year (10.2% of the total electricity savings), savings from retrofits to Federal buildings will be 402,732 MWh/year (1.4%), savings from furnace pilot light retrofits will remain at 2,548,904 MBtu/year, savings from the PUC's TERP and Senate Bill 7 programs will be 2,615,377 MWh/year (9.1%), savings from SECO's TERP program will be 447,285 MWh/year (1.5%), electricity savings from green power purchases (wind) will be 20,112,716 MWh/year (69.8%), and savings from residential air conditioner retrofits<sup>59</sup> will be 2,286,233 MWh/year (7.9%). The total savings from all programs will be 28,802,074 MWh/year.

By 2013 the cumulative OSD electricity savings from code-compliant residential and commercial construction is calculated to be 17,499 MWh/day (19.7%), savings from retrofits to Federal buildings will be 1,103 MWh/day (1.2%), savings from furnace pilot light retrofits will remain at 6,893 MBtu/day, savings from the PUC's TERP and Senate Bill 7 programs will be 7,166 MWh/day (8.1%), savings from SECO's TERP program will be 1,225 MWh/day (1.4%), electricity savings from green power purchases (wind) will be 45,351 MWh/day (51.2%), and savings from residential air conditioner retrofits will be 16,216 MWh/day (18.3%). The total savings from all programs will be 88,560 MWh/day, which would be a 3,690 MW average hourly load reduction during the OSD period.

In 2007 (Table 90) the cumulative annual NOx emissions reduction<sup>60</sup> from code-compliant residential and commercial construction is calculated to be 1,014 tons-NOx/year (12.2% of the total NOx savings), savings from retrofits to Federal buildings is 122 tons-NOx/year (1.4%), savings from furnace pilot light retrofits is 117 tons-NOx/year (1.4%), savings from the PUC's TERP and Senate Bill 7 programs is 1,125 tons-NOx/year (13.5%), savings from SECO's TERP program is 270 tons-NOx/year (3.2%), electricity savings from green power purchases (wind) is 5,211 tons-NOx/year (62.6%), and savings from residential air conditioner retrofits is 466 tons-NOx/year (5.6%). The total NOx emissions reduction from all programs is 8,326 tons-NOx/year.

<sup>57</sup> This includes the savings from 2001 through 2007.

<sup>58</sup> This assumes air conditioners in existing homes are replaced with the more efficient SEER 13 units, versus an average of SEER 11, which is slightly more efficient than the previous minimum standard of SEER 10.

<sup>59</sup> This assumes air conditioners in existing homes are replaced with the more efficient SEER 13 units, versus an average of SEER 11, which is slightly more efficient than the previous minimum standard of SEER 10.

<sup>60</sup> These NOx emissions reduction were calculated with the US EPA's 2007 eGRID for annual (25% capacity factor) and Ozone Season Day OSD.

In 2007 the cumulative OSD NOx emissions reduction from code-compliant residential and commercial construction is calculated to be 5.50 tons-NOx/day (21.9%), savings from retrofits to Federal buildings is 0.32 tons-NOx/day (1.2%), savings from furnace pilot light retrofits is 0.32 tons-NOx/day (1.2%), savings from the PUC's TERP and Senate Bill 7 programs is 3.33 tons-NOx/day (12.1%), savings from SECO's TERP program is 0.73 tons-NOx/day (2.9%), electricity savings from green power purchases (wind) are 11.88 tons-NOx/day (47.4%), and savings from residential air conditioner retrofits are 3.27 tons-NOx/day (13.1%). The total NOx emissions reduction from all programs is 25.05 tons-NOx/day.

By 2013 the cumulative NOx emissions reduction from code-compliant residential and commercial construction is calculated to be 2,047 tons-NOx/year (10.9% of the total NOx savings), savings from retrofits to Federal buildings will be 308 tons-NOx/year (1.6%), savings from furnace pilot light retrofits will be 117 tons-NOx/year (0.6%), savings from the PUC's TERP and Senate Bill 7 programs will be 1,801 tons-NOx/year (9.6%), savings from SECO's TERP program will be 341 tons-NOx/year (1.8%), electricity savings from green power purchases (wind) will be 12,534 tons-NOx/year (66.9%), and savings from residential air conditioner retrofits will be 1,574 tons-NOx/year (8.4%). The total NOx emissions reduction from all programs will be 18,723 tons-NOx/year.

By 2013 the cumulative OSD NOx emissions reduction from code-compliant residential and commercial construction is calculated to be 11.96 tons-NOx/day (20.4%), savings from retrofits to Federal buildings will be 0.81 tons-NOx/day (1.4%), savings from furnace pilot light retrofits will be 0.32 tons-NOx/day (0.8 %), savings from the PUC's TERP and Senate Bill 7 programs will be 4.84 tons-NOx/day (8.3%), savings from SECO's TERP program will be 0.92 tons-NOx/day (1.6%), electricity savings from green power purchases (wind) will be 28.58 tons-NOx/day (48.8%), and savings from residential air conditioner retrofits will be 11.03 tons-NOx/day (18.8%). The total NOx emissions reduction from all programs will be 58.47 tons-NOx/day.



Table 87: Final Adjustment Factors used for the Calculation of the Annual and OSD NOx Savings for the Different Programs.

	ESL-Single Family <sup>16</sup>	ESL-Multifamily <sup>16</sup>	ESL-Commercial <sup>16</sup>	Federal Buildings <sup>15</sup>	Furnace Pilot Light Program <sup>15</sup>	PUC (SB7) <sup>15</sup>	PUC (SB5 Grant Program) <sup>15</sup>	SECO <sup>15</sup>	Wind-ERCOT <sup>8</sup>	SEER13 Single Family	SEER13 Multifamily
Annual Degradation Factor <sup>11</sup>	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	0.00%	5.00%	5.00%
T&D Loss <sup>9</sup>	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	0.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	0.00%	7.00%	7.00%
Initial Discount Factor <sup>12</sup>	20.00%	20.00%	20.00%	20.00%	20.00%	25.00%	25.00%	60.00%	25.00%	20.00%	20.00%
Growth Factor	3.25%	1.54%	3.25%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	Actual Rates	N.A.	N.A.
Weather Normalized	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	See note 7	Yes	Yes

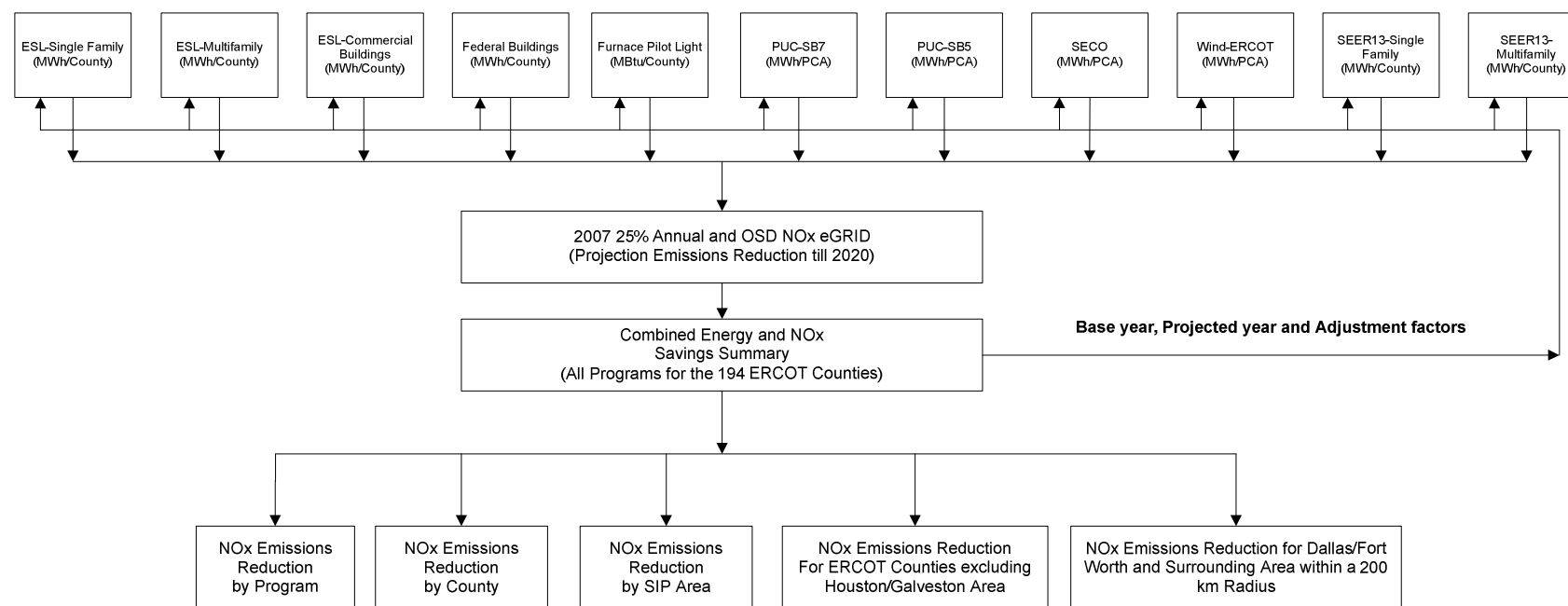


Figure 131: Process Flow Diagram of the NOx Emissions Reduction Calculations.

Table 88: Example of NOx Emissions Reduction Calculations using eGRID.

[illegible]

Table 89: Annual and OSD Electricity Savings for the Different Programs.

Program	2005 Annual (MWh)	Cumulative 2006 Annual (MWh)	Cumulative 2007 Annual (MWh)	Cumulative 2008 Annual (MWh)	Cumulative 2009 Annual (MWh)	Cumulative 2010 Annual (MWh)	Cumulative 2011 Annual (MWh)	Cumulative 2012 Annual (MWh)	Cumulative 2013 Annual (MWh)	Cumulative 2014 Annual (MWh)	Cumulative 2015 Annual (MWh)	Cumulative 2016 Annual (MWh)	Cumulative 2017 Annual (MWh)	Cumulative 2018 Annual (MWh)	Cumulative 2019 Annual (MWh)	Cumulative 2020 Annual (MWh)
ESL-Single Family	225,389	1,001,051	1,197,537	1,389,628	1,576,914	1,758,988	1,935,443	2,105,869	2,269,858	2,427,002	2,576,894	2,719,125	2,853,286	2,978,970	3,095,768	3,203,273
ESL-Multifamily	9,228	37,821	51,312	64,266	76,670	88,513	99,783	110,468	120,555	130,032	138,889	147,113	154,691	161,612	167,865	173,436
ESL-Commercial	63,456	129,063	192,036	253,790	314,214	373,193	430,615	486,367	540,335	592,407	642,470	690,410	736,114	779,469	820,362	858,680
Federal Buildings	52,276	109,073	159,415	206,960	251,708	293,659	332,813	369,171	402,732	433,496	461,464	486,635	509,009	528,586	545,366	559,350
Furnace Pilot Light Program	2,209,050	2,548,904	6,983	2,548,904	6,983	2,548,904	6,983	2,548,904	6,983	2,548,904	2,548,904	2,548,904	2,548,904	2,548,904	2,548,904	2,548,904
PUC (SB7)	302,192	1,362,701	1,585,227	1,792,849	1,985,566	2,163,378	2,326,285	2,474,288	2,607,386	2,725,579	2,828,867	2,917,251	2,990,730	3,049,304	3,092,973	3,121,738
PUC (SB5 grant program)	0	13,633	12,827	12,021	11,215	10,409	9,603	8,797	7,991	7,186	6,380	5,574	4,768	3,962	3,156	2,350
SECO	115,360	293,764	353,701	389,150	404,524	418,025	429,652	439,405	447,285	453,292	457,425	459,684	460,070	458,582	455,220	449,985
Wind-ERCOT	2,867,049	6,376,678	8,362,335	12,722,008	16,867,714	18,517,389	18,947,739	19,521,539	20,112,716	20,721,795	21,349,319	21,995,847	22,661,954	23,348,233	24,055,294	24,783,768
SEER13-Single Family	0	374,246	624,639	913,010	1,185,311	1,441,594	1,681,860	1,906,108	2,114,339	2,306,551	2,482,746	2,642,923	2,787,083	2,915,224	2,803,568	2,590,509
SEER13-Multifamily	0	31,634	52,532	76,375	98,620	119,281	138,371	155,904	171,894	186,354	199,298	210,738	220,690	229,165	219,722	202,900
	OSD (MWh)	OSD (MWh)	OSD (MWh)	OSD (MWh)	OSD (MWh)	OSD (MWh)	OSD (MWh)	OSD (MWh)	OSD (MWh)	OSD (MWh)	OSD (MWh)	OSD (MWh)	OSD (MWh)	OSD (MWh)	OSD (MWh)	OSD (MWh)
ESL-Single Family	776	5,537	6,519	7,702	8,857	10,157	11,235	12,276	13,279	14,241	15,160	16,034	16,859	17,633	18,355	19,021
ESL-Multifamily	36	192	271	355	434	517	589	658	723	784	841	895	944	989	1,031	1,068
ESL-Commercial	0	800	1,189	1,595	1,992	2,401	2,777	3,143	3,497	3,839	4,167	4,482	4,782	5,067	5,336	5,588
Federal Buildings	0	299	437	567	690	805	912	1,011	1,103	1,188	1,264	1,333	1,395	1,448	1,494	1,532
Furnace Pilot Light Program	5,819	6,983	6,983	6,983	6,983	6,983	6,983	6,983	6,983	6,983	6,983	6,983	6,983	6,983	6,983	6,983
PUC (SB7)	828	3,733	4,343	4,912	5,440	5,927	6,373	6,779	7,144	7,467	7,750	7,992	8,194	8,354	8,474	8,553
PUC (SB5 grant program)	0	37	35	33	31	29	26	24	22	20	17	15	13	11	9	6
SECO	316	805	969	1,066	1,108	1,145	1,177	1,204	1,225	1,242	1,253	1,259	1,260	1,256	1,247	1,233
Wind-ERCOT	5,836	13,740	18,856	28,686	38,034	41,754	42,724	44,018	45,351	46,724	48,139	49,597	51,099	52,647	54,241	55,884
SEER13-Single Family	0	2,666	4,449	6,503	8,442	10,268	11,979	13,576	15,059	16,428	17,683	18,824	19,851	20,764	19,969	18,451
SEER13-Multifamily	0	213	354	514	664	803	931	1,049	1,157	1,254	1,341	1,418	1,485	1,542	1,479	1,365
Total Ann (MWh)	5,843,999	12,278,567	12,598,545	20,368,960	22,779,439	27,733,334	26,339,148	30,126,820	28,802,074	32,532,599	33,692,655	34,824,202	35,927,296	37,002,010	37,808,199	38,494,893
Total OSD (MWh)	7,791	28,023	37,421	51,933	65,693	78,724	83,739	88,670	93,618	97,618	101,850	105,882	109,712	111,633	111,633	112,701
Total OSD (Mbtu)	5,819	6,983	6,983	6,983	6,983	6,983	6,983	6,983	6,983	6,983	6,983	6,983	6,983	6,983	6,983	6,983

Table 90: Annual and OSD NOx Emissions Reduction Values for the Different Programs.

Program	2005 Annual (Tons)	Cum. 2006 Annual (Tons)	Cum. 2007 Annual (Tons)	Cum. 2008 Annual (Tons)	Cum. 2009 Annual (Tons)	Cum. 2010 Annual (Tons)	Cum. 2011 Annual (Tons)	Cum. 2012 Annual (Tons)	Cum. 2013 Annual (Tons)	Cum. 2014 Annual (Tons)	Cum. 2015 Annual (Tons)	Cum. 2016 Annual (Tons)	Cum. 2017 Annual (Tons)	Cum. 2018 Annual (Tons)	Cum. 2019 Annual (Tons)	Cum. 2020 Annual (Tons)
ESL-Single Family	158	708	843	975	1,103	1,228	1,349	1,466	1,579	1,687	1,790	1,887	1,979	2,065	2,145	2,218
ESL-Multifamily	6	26	35	44	53	61	69	76	83	90	96	101	107	111	116	120
ESL-Commercial	44	90	136	180	223	265	307	347	385	423	459	493	526	557	586	614
Federal Buildings	40	84	122	158	193	225	255	283	308	332	353	373	390	405	418	428
Furnace Pilot Light Program	102	117	117	117	117	117	117	117	117	117	117	117	117	117	117	117
PUC (SB7)	237	1,074	1,120	1,259	1,387	1,504	1,612	1,710	1,798	1,875	1,942	2,000	2,047	2,084	2,111	2,300
PUC (SB5 grant program)	0	6	5	5	5	4	4	4	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1
SECO	67	224	270	297	308	319	328	335	341	346	349	350	351	350	347	343
Wind-ERCOT	2,465	3,971	5,211	7,928	10,511	11,539	11,808	12,165	12,534	12,913	13,304	13,707	14,122	14,550	14,990	15,444
SEER13-Single Family	0	258	430	629	816	993	1,158	1,313	1,456	1,589	1,710	1,820	1,920	2,008	1,931	1,784
SEER13-Multifamily	0	22	36	53	68	82	95	107	118	128	137	145	152	158	151	140
	OSD (Tons)	OSD (Tons)	OSD (Tons)	OSD (Tons)	OSD (Tons)	OSD (Tons)	OSD (Tons)	OSD (Tons)	OSD (Tons)	OSD (Tons)	OSD (Tons)	OSD (Tons)	OSD (Tons)	OSD (Tons)	OSD (Tons)	OSD (Tons)
ESL-Single Family	0.76	3.85	4.50	5.30	6.07	6.78	7.48	8.38	9.05	9.70	10.31	10.90	11.45	11.97	12.45	12.90
ESL-Multifamily	0.03	0.13	0.18	0.24	0.30	0.35	0.40	0.45	0.53	0.57	0.61	0.64	0.67	0.70	0.73	0.73
ESL-Commercial	0.26	0.55	0.82	1.10	1.38	1.66	1.92	2.17	2.42	2.65	2.88	3.10	3.31	3.51	3.69	3.87
Federal Buildings	0.11	0.22	0.32	0.42	0.51	0.59	0.67	0.74	0.81	0.87	0.93	0.98	1.02	1.06	1.10	1.12
Furnace Pilot Light Program	0.28	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32
PUC (SB7)	0.64	2.61	3.01	3.38	3.73	4.04	4.33	4.60	4.83	5.04	5.22	5.38	5.50	5.60	5.68	5.72
PUC (SB5 grant program)	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00
SECO	0.18	0.61	0.73	0.80	0.84	0.85	0.89	0.91	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.94	0.93
Wind-ERCOT	5.85	8.59	11.88	18.08	23.97	26.31	26.92	27.74	28.58	29.44	30.34	31.26	32.20	33.18	34.18	35.22
SEER13-Single Family	0.00	1.81	3.03	4.42	5.74	6.98	8.15	9.23	10.24	11.17	12.03	12.80	13.50	14.12	13.58	12.55
SEER13-Multifamily	0.00	0.15	0.24	0.35	0.45	0.55	0.63	0.71	0.79	0.85	0.91	0.97	1.01	1.05	1.01	0.93
Total Ann	3,119	6,579	8,326	11,644	14,785	16,339	17,102	17,923	18,723	19,502	20,260	20,996	21,594	22,289	22,796	23,392
Total OSD	8.09	18.85	25.05	34.42	43.31	48.64	51.92	55.26	58.47	61.54	64.47	67.26	69.60	72.12	73.33	73.97

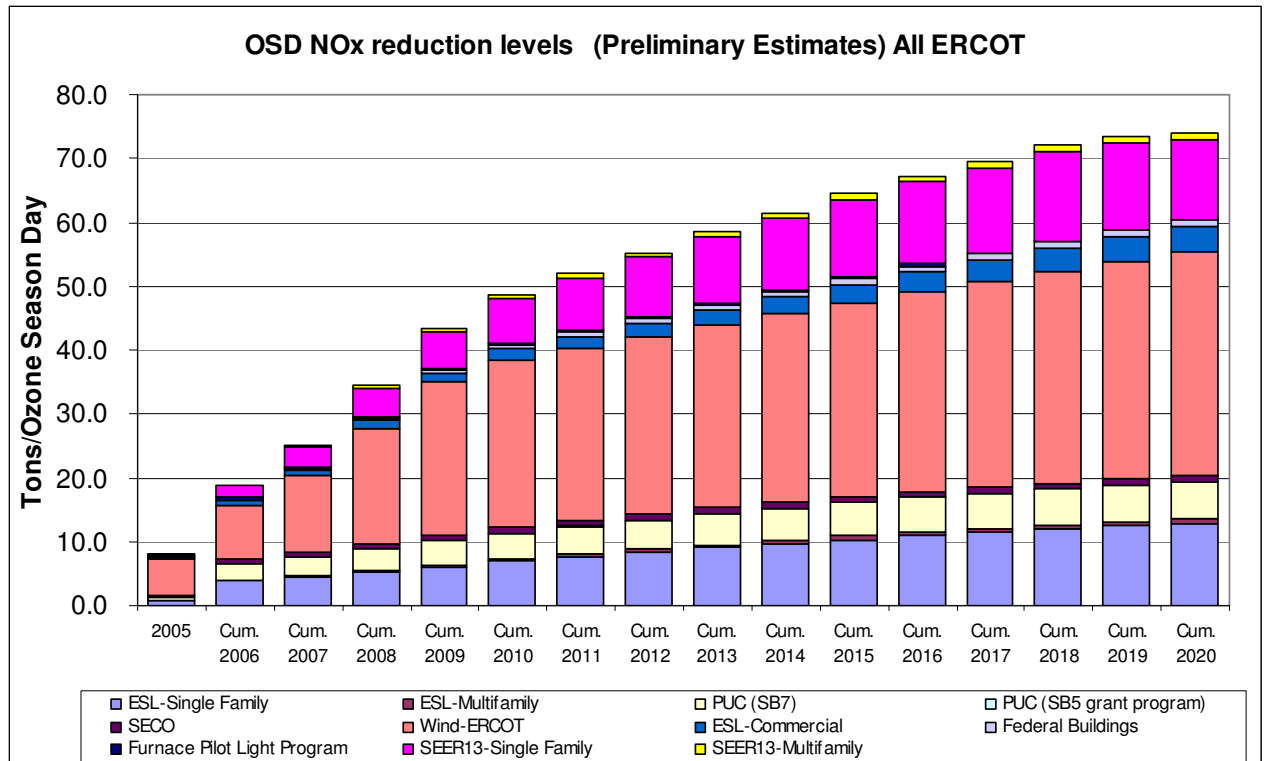


Figure 132: Cumulative OSD NOx Emissions Reduction Projections through 2020.

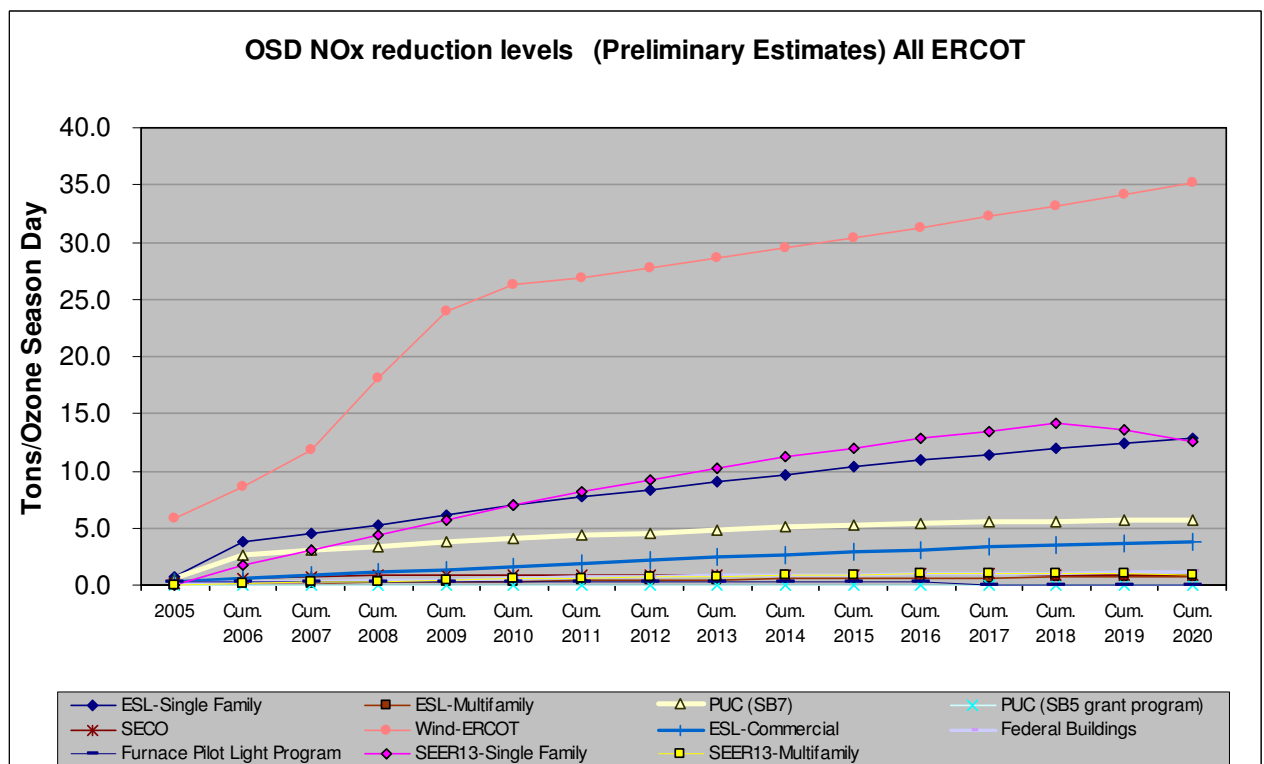



Figure 133: Cumulative OSD NOx Emissions Reduction Projections through 2020

## 8.5 Weather Data.


In order to calculate the NO<sub>x</sub> emissions from energy efficiency and renewable energy (EE/RE) projects in non-attainment and affected counties in Texas (Figure 134) several weather data sets needed to be assembled from the many different weather sources (Figure 135 and Table 91), including hourly weather data sets needed for the DOE-2 simulations and daily average weather data for analysis that used monthly utility billing data. In 2007 these sources were updated.


In the archive the counties were grouped according to the nearest TMY2 weather station as shown in Table 92. Next, for each group, weather files were determined for F-CHART, PV F-CHART, ASHRAE 90.1-1989, and ASHRAE 90.1-1999 analysis. Finally, as shown in Table 93, weather files were assigned for NOAA data (temperature, humidity, wind speed) and NREL (solar radiation). In some instances, where solar radiation data were not available from the NREL database, TCEQ solar data were used. For NREL solar sources, solar data included global horizontal, direct normal beam, and diffuse solar radiation. For TCEQ solar sources, only global horizontal solar radiation data were available which required synthesis of direct normal beam and diffuse radiation using an iterative *kt* procedure (Erbs 1982). Synthetic beam and diffuse solar data were also used to fill missing NREL data.

In 2005, at the request of the TCEQ, the 9 weather stations assembled for calculating emissions from the non-attainment and affected counties were expanded to include all counties in ERCOT. To accomplish this, 8 additional weather stations were added to the original 9 stations for a total of 17 weather stations (Table 94). Assignment of weather stations was then performed as shown in Table 95, with additional details provided in Table 96. Figure 136 shows an updated map of Texas showing the available weather files, 2000/2001 IECC weather zones, and ERCOT county outline. Figure 137 shows the clustering of the counties around their chosen TMY2 and NOAA weather stations. Figure 138 shows the 2000/2001 and 2006 IECC weather zones and available weather files. During the period from January 2006 to June 2007, the Laboratory maintained and added additional years of weather data to the archive.


Energy Systems Laboratory  
TEES THE ENGINEERING AGENCY OF THE STATE OF TEXAS

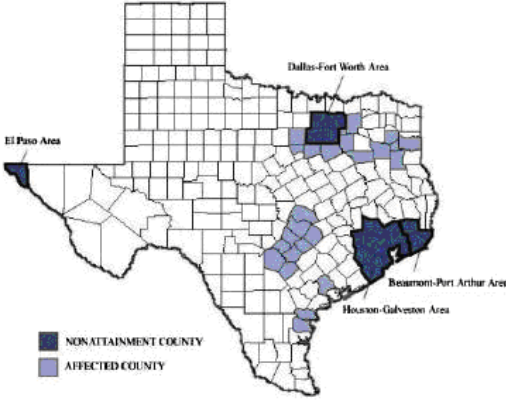
- Home
- About
- Reports
- Testimonials
- Role
- Weather Data
- Links

  
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

  
TCEQ Texas Emissions Reduction Plan (TERP)

Today's Air Quality Index -TCEQ

## Texas - Senate Bill 5



Air Quality Non-attainment and Affected Counties in Texas

Bastrop  
Baxter  
Brazoria  
Caldwell  
Chambers  
Collin  
Comal  
Dallas  
Denton  
El Paso  
Ellis  
Fort Bend  
Galveston  
Gregg  
Guadalupe  
Hardin  
Harris  
Harrison  
Hays

Jefferson  
Johnson  
Kaufman  
Liberty  
Montgomery  
Nueces  
Orange  
Parker  
Rockwell  
Rusk  
San Patricio  
Smith  
Tarrant  
Travis  
Upshur  
Victoria  
Waller  
Williamson  
Wilson

**Contact:** ESL Senate Bill 5 Program - Room # 053 - Wisenbaker Engineering Research Center  
 Bizzell Street - Texas A&M University - College Station - Texas 77843-3581  
 Fax: 979-962-2457 - Phone: (979) 458-0147 [shughes@esl.tamu.edu](mailto:shughes@esl.tamu.edu)

[Privacy Statement](#)

What's New

Energy Code Compliance Trade-Off After 1-23-2006

DOE's Response to ESL's Letter of Inquiry regarding NAECA's Impending Changes

ESL Energy Code Trainings

2004 Emissions Reduction & Energy Leadership Summit Presentations

2005 Energy Leadership & Emissions Reduction Conference Presentations

New TCEQ Guide for Incorporating Local EE/RE Savings into SIP

Figure 134: Main Screen of the TERP Web Page Showing the New Weather Data Button.

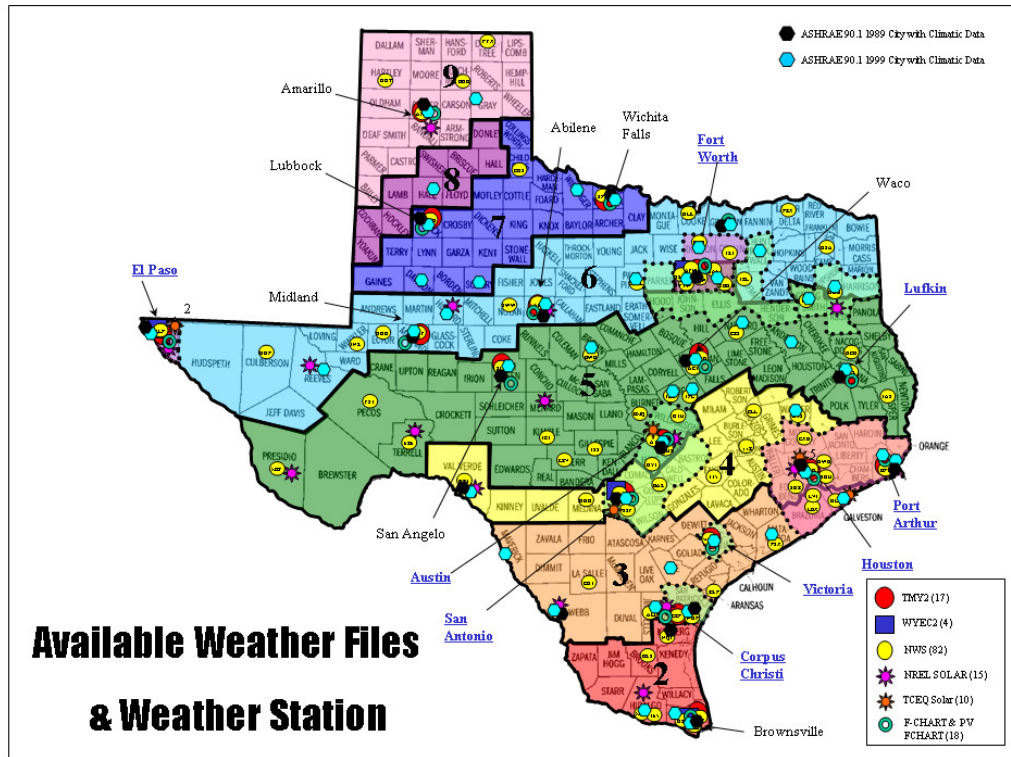


Figure 135: Available Weather Stations in Texas for 41 Non-attainment and Affected Counties.

Table 91: List of Available Weather Files in Texas (Listed by Symbol).

## List of Available Weather Files and Weather Stations of Texas

Texas Weather Stations (#00AA)		Texas WTEC2 Weather Files	
1	Abilene Regional Airport (ABI)	51	Lubbock International Airport (LBB)
2	Albino International Airport (ALI)	52	Lufkin Angelika City Airport (LFC)
3	Anarillo International Airport (ANA)	53	Muskegon Municipal Airport (MRF)
4	Anarillo / Lake Jackson Airport (LBJ)	54	Muskegon Miller International Airport (MFE)
5	Aransas Municipal Airport (AMA)	55	Muskegon Municipal Airport (MFD)
6	Austin - Bergstrom International Airport (AUS)	56	Muskegon Municipal Airport (MFL)
7	Austin Camp Mabey (ATT)	57	Muskegon Municipal Airport (MFM)
8	Baylor Hospital County Airport (BGC)	58	Muskegon Municipal Airport (MFO)
9	Brenham Municipal Airport (BIR)	59	NACOGDOCHES / A. L. MORGAN JR. REGIONAL AIRPORT (OCH)
10	Brownsville / Padre Island International Airport (BRO)	60	New Braunfels Municipal Airport (BAC)
11	Brownwood - Brownwood Regional Airport (BWD)	61	Ocala-Silver Springs Field (ODD)
12	Brownsville Municipal Airport (BMD)	62	Palacios Municipal Airport (PSX)
13	Chandler Municipal Airport (CDS)	63	Parks-Cox Field Airport (PRX)
14	College Station (CLL)	64	Perryton - Perryton-Chaltee County Airport (PYC)
15	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CND)	65	Pine Springs Graduate Month (GDP)
16	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)	66	Port Arthur Sea-Tex Regional Airport (PTT)
17	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)	67	Port Arthur-Cameron County Airport (PIL)
18	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)	68	Port Arthur-Cameron County Airport (PIL)
19	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)	69	San Angelo Mather Field (SMT)
20	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)	70	San Antonio International Airport (SAT)
21	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)	71	San Antonio-Stanton Municipal Airport (SAP)
22	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)	72	San Marcos - San Marcos Municipal Airport (HYI)
23	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)	73	Sweetwater - Avenger Field Airport (SWH)
24	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)	74	Temple-Draughon-Miller Central Texas Regional Airport (TPL)
25	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)	75	Tennil Municipal Airport (TRL)
26	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)	76	Tyler-Poisey Field (TYR)
27	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)	77	Victoria Regional Airport (VCT)
28	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)	78	Waco - Mc Gregor Executive Airport (WGO)
29	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)	79	Waco Regional Airport (OCT)
30	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)	80	Weslaco - Mid Valley Airport (TSS)
31	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)	81	Wichita Falls Municipal Airport (SFS)
32	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)	82	Wichita Falls Municipal Airport (WIC)
33	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
34	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
35	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
36	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
37	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
38	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
39	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
40	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
41	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
42	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
43	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
44	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
45	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
46	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
47	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
48	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
49	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
50	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
51	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
52	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
53	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
54	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
55	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
56	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
57	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
58	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
59	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
60	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
61	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
62	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
63	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
64	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
65	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
66	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
67	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
68	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
69	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
70	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
71	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
72	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
73	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
74	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
75	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
76	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
77	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
78	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
79	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
80	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
81	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
82	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
83	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
84	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
85	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
86	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
87	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
88	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
89	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
90	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
91	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
92	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
93	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
94	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
95	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
96	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
97	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
98	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
99	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		
100	Corpus Christi Naval Air Station (CNS)		



Table 92: Assignment of Weather Stations for 41 Non-attainment and Affected Counties (NOAA, TMY2, F-CHART, PV F-CHART, NAHB, Climate Zone, HDD, CDD, 90.1-1989, 90.1-1999).

Area	No.	County	WBAN No.	WBAN No.	NOAA Weather Station	Solar Station	Source	WBAN No.	File	WBAN No.	File	TM 02	FCHART	PV FCHART	DOE Include File	DOE INC	PV FCHART	DOE TMY File Name	Climate Zone	HDD	CDD	ASRAE 90.1-1989	ASRAE 90.1-1999	County		
ID	WBAN No.	WBAN No.	Weather Station	WBAN No.	WBAN No.	File	Source	WBAN No.	File	WBAN No.	File	TM 02	FCHART	PV FCHART	DOE Include File	DOE INC	PV FCHART	DOE TMY File Name	Climate Zone	HDD	CDD	ASRAE 90.1-1989	ASRAE 90.1-1999	County		
Austin	22	Brazoria	Austin Camp Mary (ATT)	13568	Austin	13568	Austin	18	BAS	Austin	ATT	West	4					Austin	ATT	West	4			Austin	12	Austin
	23	Calhoun	Austin Camp Mary (ATT)	13568	Austin	13568	Austin	18	CAL	Austin	ATT	West	4					Austin	ATT	West	4			Austin	12	Calhoun
	24	Harris	Austin Camp Mary (ATT)	13568	Austin	13568	Austin	18	HAR	Austin	ATT	West	5					Austin	ATT	West	5			Austin	12	Harris
	25	Travis	Austin Camp Mary (ATT)	13568	Austin	13568	Austin	18	TRV	Austin	ATT	West	5					Austin	ATT	West	5			Austin	12	Travis
	41	Williamson	Austin Camp Mary (ATT)	13568	Austin	13568	Austin	18	WIL	Austin	ATT	West	5					Austin	ATT	West	5			Austin	12	Williamson
Corpus Christi	38	Nueces	Corpus Christi International Airport (OP)	13524	Corpus Christi	13524	Corpus Christi	58	NUE	Corpus Christi	OP	East	3					Corpus Christi	OP	East	3			Corpus Christi	16	Nueces
	15	San Patricio	Corpus Christi International Airport (OP)	13524	Corpus Christi	13524	Corpus Christi	58	SAP	Corpus Christi	OP	East	3					Corpus Christi	OP	East	3			Corpus Christi	16	San Patricio
Dallas-Ft. Worth	30	El Paso	El Paso International Airport (ELP)	12644	El Paso	12644	El Paso	78	ELP	El Paso	ELP	West	6					El Paso	ELP	West	6			El Paso	12	El Paso
	27	Denton	Dallas Fort Worth International Airport (DFW)	13527	Denton	13527	Denton	83	DFW	Denton	DFW	West	6					Shenandoah or Fort Worth	DFW	West	6			Denton	12	Denton
	29	Denton	Dallas Fort Worth International Airport (DFW)	13527	Denton	13527	Denton	83	DFW	Denton	DFW	West	6					Shenandoah or Fort Worth	DFW	West	6			Denton	12	Denton
	31	Ellis	Dallas Fort Worth International Airport (DFW)	13527	Denton	13527	Denton	83	ELL	Denton	DFW	West	5					Shenandoah or Fort Worth	DFW	West	5			Denton	12	Ellis
	23	Hood	Dallas Fort Worth International Airport (DFW)	13527	Denton	13527	Denton	83	HOD	Denton	DFW	West	5					Shenandoah or Fort Worth	DFW	West	5			Denton	12	Hood
	24	Hunt	Dallas Fort Worth International Airport (DFW)	13527	Denton	13527	Denton	83	HNT	Denton	DFW	West	5					Shenandoah or Fort Worth	DFW	West	5			Denton	12	Hunt
	36	Johnson	Dallas Fort Worth International Airport (DFW)	13527	Denton	13527	Denton	83	JOH	Denton	DFW	West	5					Shenandoah or Fort Worth	DFW	West	5			Denton	12	Johnson
	10	Karman	Dallas Fort Worth International Airport (DFW)	13527	Denton	13527	Denton	83	KAR	Denton	DFW	West	5					Shenandoah or Fort Worth	DFW	West	5			Denton	12	Karman
	18	Rockwall	Dallas Fort Worth International Airport (DFW)	13527	Denton	13527	Denton	83	ROC	Denton	DFW	West	5					Shenandoah or Fort Worth	DFW	West	5			Denton	12	Rockwall
	17	Tarrant	Dallas Fort Worth International Airport (DFW)	13527	Denton	13527	Denton	83	TAR	Denton	DFW	West	5					Shenandoah or Fort Worth	DFW	West	5			Denton	12	Tarrant
Houston/Galveston	2	Brazoria	Houston Bush Intercontinental (IAH)	12660	Houston	12660	Houston	96	BRA	Houston	IAH	East	3					Houston	IAH	East	3			Houston	12	Brazoria
	5	Fort Bend	Houston Bush Intercontinental (IAH)	12660	Houston	12660	Houston	96	FCB	Houston	IAH	East	3					Houston	IAH	East	3			Houston	12	Fort Bend
	32	Galveston	Houston Bush Intercontinental (IAH)	12660	Houston	12660	Houston	96	GAL	Houston	IAH	East	3					Houston	IAH	East	3			Houston	12	Galveston
	34	Harris	Houston Bush Intercontinental (IAH)	12660	Houston	12660	Houston	96	HAR	Houston	IAH	East	3					Houston	IAH	East	3			Houston	12	Harris
	27	Montgomery	Houston Bush Intercontinental (IAH)	12660	Houston	12660	Houston	96	MCG	Houston	IAH	East	3					Houston	IAH	East	3			Houston	12	Montgomery
Type Longview	33	Garland	Longview E. I. Roy Airport (GGI)	13517	Garland	13517	Garland	125	GRE	Garland	GGI	East	6					Houston	GGI	East	6			Houston	12	Garland
	35	Harrison	Longview E. I. Roy Airport (GGI)	13517	Garland	13517	Garland	125	HAN	Garland	GGI	East	6					Houston	GGI	East	6			Houston	12	Harrison
	9	Henderson	Longview E. I. Roy Airport (GGI)	13517	Garland	13517	Garland	125	HDS	Garland	GGI	East	5					Houston	GGI	East	5			Houston	12	Henderson
	14	Rock	Longview E. I. Roy Airport (GGI)	13517	Garland	13517	Garland	125	ROS	Garland	GGI	East	5					Houston	GGI	East	5			Houston	12	Rock
	18	Jefferson	Longview E. I. Roy Airport (GGI)	13517	Garland	13517	Garland	125	UJS	Garland	GGI	East	5					Houston	GGI	East	5			Houston	12	Jefferson
Beaumont/Pt. Arthur	3	Cherokee	Port Arthur Se. T. Roy Airport (BPT)	12517	Port Arthur	12517	Port Arthur	166	CHA	Port Arthur	BPT	East	4					Houston or Port Arthur	BPT	East	4			Houston or Port Arthur	10	Cherokee
	7	Hardin	Port Arthur Se. T. Roy Airport (BPT)	12517	Port Arthur	12517	Port Arthur	166	HAD	Port Arthur	BPT	East	4					Houston or Port Arthur	BPT	East	4			Houston or Port Arthur	10	Hardin
	25	Jefferson	Port Arthur Se. T. Roy Airport (BPT)	12517	Port Arthur	12517	Port Arthur	166	JEF	Port Arthur	BPT	East	4					Houston or Port Arthur	BPT	East	4			Houston or Port Arthur	10	Jefferson
	11	Liberty	Port Arthur Se. T. Roy Airport (BPT)	12517	Port Arthur	12517	Port Arthur	166	LIB	Port Arthur	BPT	East	4					Houston or Port Arthur	BPT	East	4			Houston or Port Arthur	10	Liberty
	12	Shapiro	Port Arthur Se. T. Roy Airport (BPT)	12517	Port Arthur	12517	Port Arthur	166	SHS	Port Arthur	BPT	East	4					Houston or Port Arthur	BPT	East	4			Houston or Port Arthur	10	Shapiro
San Antonio	28	Comal	San Antonio International Airport (SAT)	13517	San Antonio	13517	San Antonio	194	COM	San Antonio	SAT	West	4					San Antonio	SAT	West	4			San Antonio	12	Comal
	6	Guadalupe	San Antonio International Airport (SAT)	13517	San Antonio	13517	San Antonio	194	GUJ	San Antonio	SAT	West	4					San Antonio	SAT	West	4			San Antonio	12	Guadalupe
	21	Wilson	San Antonio International Airport (SAT)	13517	San Antonio	13517	San Antonio	194	WIL	San Antonio	SAT	West	4					San Antonio	SAT	West	4			San Antonio	12	Wilson
	19	Victoria	Victoria Regional Airport (VCT)	12512	Victoria	12512	Victoria	225	VIC	Victoria	VCT	East	3					Victoria	VCT	East	3			Victoria	5	Victoria

Table 93: Availability of Weather Data for 41 Non-attainment and Affected County (NOAA, NREL, TCEQ, ESL).

[illegible]

Table 94: Main NOAA Weather Stations used in eCALC.

ABI	Abilene Regional Airport
AMA	Amarillo International Airport
BRO	Brownsville S. Padre Island International
LBB	Lubbock International Airport
MAF	Midland International Airport
SJT	San Angelo Mathis Field
ACT	Waco Regional Airport
SPS	Wichita Falls Municipal Airport
ATT	Austin Camp Mabry
BPT	Port Arthur Se TX Rgnl Airport
CRP	Corpus Christi International Airport
DFW	Dallas - Fort Worth International Airport
ELP	El Paso International Airport
GGG	Longview E TX Rgnl Airport
IAH	Houston Bush Intercontinental
SAT	San Antonio International Airport
VCT	Victoria Regional Airport

Table 95: Summary of Weather Data Assignments for ERCOT Counties.

ERCOT COUNTY	ASSIGNED WEATHER STATION	ERCOT COUNTY	ASSIGNED WEATHER STATION	ERCOT COUNTY	ASSIGNED WEATHER STATION
ANDERSON	GGG	FRANKLIN	DFW	MIDLAND	MAF
ANDREWS	MAF	FREESTONE	ACT	MILAM	IAH
ANGELINA	GGG	FRIO	SAT	MILLS	ACT
ARANSAS	CRP	GALVESTON	IAH	MITCHELL	ABI
ARCHER	SPS	GILLESPIE	ATT	MONTAGUE	SPS
ATASCOSA	SAT	GLASSCOCK	MAF	MONTGOMERY	IAH
AUSTIN	IAH	GOLIAD	VCT	MOTLEY	LBB
BANDERA	SAT	GONZALES	SAT	NACOGDOCHES	GGG
BASTROP	ATT	GRAYSON	SPS	NAVARRO	ACT
BAYLOR	SPS	GRIMES	IAH	NOLAN	ABI
BEE	VCT	GUADALUPE	SAT	NUECES	CRP
BELL	ACT	HALL	AMA	PALO PINTO	ABI
BEXAR	SAT	HAMILTON	ACT	PARKER	DFW
BLANCO	ATT	HARDEMAN	SPS	PECOS	SJT
BORDEN	LBB	HARRIS	IAH	PRESIDIO	SJT
BOSQUE	ACT	HASKELL	ABI	RAINS	DFW
BRAZORIA	IAH	HAYS	ATT	REAGAN	MAF
BRAZOS	IAH	HENDERSON	DFW	REAL	ATT
BREWSTER	SJT	HIDALGO	BRO	RED RIVER	DFW
BRISCOE	AMA	HILL	ACT	REEVES	MAF
BROOKS	BRO	HOOD	DFW	REFUGIO	VCT
BROWN	ACT	HOPKINS	DFW	ROBERTSON	IAH
BURLESON	IAH	HOUSTON	GGG	ROCKWALL	DFW
BURNET	ATT	HOWARD	MAF	RUNNELS	SJT
CALDWELL	ATT	HUDSPETH	ELP	RUSK	GGG
CALHOUN	VCT	HUNT	SPS	SAN PATRICIO	CRP
CALLAHAN	ABI	IRION	SJT	SAN SABA	ATT
CAMERON	BRO	JACK	ABI	SCHLEICHER	SJT
CHAMBERS	BPT	JACKSON	VCT	SCURRY	LBB
CHEROKEE	GGG	JEFF DAVIS	MAF	SHACKELFORD	ABI
CHILDRESS	LBB	JIM HOGG	BRO	SMITH	DFW
CLAY	SPS	JIM WELLS	CRP	SOMERVELL	DFW
COKE	SJT	JOHNSON	DFW	STARR	BRO
COLEMAN	ABI	JONES	ABI	STEPHENS	ABI
COLLIN	DFW	KARNES	VCT	STERLING	SJT
COLORADO	IAH	KAUFMAN	DFW	STONEWALL	LBB
COMAL	SAT	KENDALL	SAT	SUTTON	SJT
COMANCHE	ACT	KENEDY	BRO	TARRANT	DFW
CONCHO	SJT	KENT	LBB	TAYLOR	ABI
COOKE	SPS	KERR	ATT	TERRELL	SJT
CORYELL	ACT	KIMBLE	SJT	THROCKMORTON	ABI
COTTLE	SPS	KING	LBB	TITUS	DFW
CRANE	MAF	KINNEY	SAT	TOM GREEN	SJT
CROCKETT	SJT	KLEBERG	CRP	TRAVIS	ATT
CROSBY	LBB	KNOX	SPS	UPTON	MAF
CULBERSON	ELP	LA SALLE	CRP	UVALDE	SAT
DALLAS	DFW	LAMAR	DFW	VAL VERDE	SAT
DAWSON	LBB	LAMPASAS	ACT	VAN ZANDT	DFW
DE WITT	VCT	LAVACA	VCT	VICTORIA	VCT
DELTA	DFW	LEE	ATT	WALLER	IAH
DENTON	DFW	LEON	ACT	WARD	MAF
DICKENS	LBB	LIMESTONE	ACT	WASHINGTON	IAH
DIMMIT	CRP	LIVE OAK	CRP	WEBB	CRP
DUVAL	CRP	LLANO	ATT	WHARTON	VCT
EASTLAND	ABI	LOVING	MAF	WICHITA	SPS
ECTOR	MAF	MADISON	IAH	WILBARGER	SPS
EDWARDS	SJT	MARTIN	MAF	WILLACY	BRO
ELLIS	DFW	MASON	ATT	WILLIAMSON	ATT
ERATH	ABI	MATAGORDA	VCT	WILSON	SAT
FALLS	ACT	MAVERICK	CRP	WINKLER	MAF
FANNIN	SPS	MCCULLOCH	SJT	WISE	DFW
FAYETTE	IAH	MCLENNAN	ACT	YOUNG	ABI
FISHER	ABI	MCMULLEN	CRP	ZAPATA	BRO
FOARD	SPS	MEDINA	SAT	ZAVALA	CRP
FORT BEND	IAH	MENARD	SJT		

Table 96: Assignment of NWS Weather Stations for all ERCOT Counties.

No.	The City TMY2 Weather File is Available	County with TMY2 Weather Station				Adjacent Counties				Nearest Counties									
		County Name	Weather Zone	HDD	Table	Weather Station Assigned	No.	County Name	Weather Zone	HDD	Table	Weather Station Assigned	No.	County Name	Nearest Cities with TMY2 Files	Weather Zone	HDD	Table	Weather Station Assigned
1	Abilene	TAYLOR	6B	2584	B-8	ABI	1	CALLAHAN	6B			ABI	1	EASTLAND	Abilene (6B)	6B			ABI
							2	COLEMAN	5B			ABI	2	ERATH	Abilene (6B), Fort Worth (5B)	6B			ABI
							3	FISHER	6B			ABI	3	HASKELL	Abilene (6B), Wichita Falls (7B)	6B			ABI
							4	JONES	6B			ABI	4	JACK	Fort Worth (5B), Abilene (6B)	6B			ABI
							5	NOLAN	6B			ABI	5	MITCHELL	Abilene (6B), Midland (6B)	6B			ABI
							6	SHACKELFORD	6B			ABI	6	PALO PINTO	Fort Worth (5B), Abilene (6B)	6B	2625	B-8	ABI
													7	STEPHENS	Abilene (6B)	6B			ABI
													8	THROCKMORTON	Abilene (6B), Wichita Falls (7B)	6B			ABI
													9	YOUNG	Wichita Falls (7B), Abilene (6B), Fort Worth (5B)	6B			ABI
2	Amarillo	POTTER	9B	4258	B-13	AMA							10	BRISCOE	Amarillo (9B), Lubbock (7B)	8			AMA
													11	HALL	Amarillo (9B), Lubbock (7B)	8			AMA
3	Austin	TRAVIS	5B	1688	B-6	ATT	7	BASTROP	4B			ATT	12	GILLESPIE	San Antonio (4B), Austin (5B)	5A			ATT
							8	BLANCO	5A			ATT	13	KERR	San Antonio (4B), Austin (5B)	5A			ATT
							9	BURNET	5A			ATT	14	LEE	Austin (5B), Houston (4B)	4B			ATT
							10	CALDWELL	4B			ATT	15	LLANO	Austin (5B), San Antonio (4B)	5B			ATT
							11	HAYS	5B			ATT	16	MASON	Austin (5B), San Antonio (4B)	5B			ATT
							12	WILLIAMSON	5B			ATT	17	REAL	San Antonio (4B), Austin (5B), San Angelo (5B)	5A			ATT
													18	SAN SABA	Austin (5B), San Angelo (5B), Waco (5B)	5B			ATT
4	Brownsville	CAMERON	2B	835	B-3	BRO	13	HIDALGO	2B	778	B-3	BRO	19	BROOKS	Brownsville (2B), Corpus Christi (3B)	2B			BRO
							14	WILLACY	2B			BRO	20	IMHOOG	Brownsville (2B), Corpus Christi (3B)	2B			BRO
													21	KENEDY	Brownsville (2B), Corpus Christi (3B)	2B			BRO
													22	STARR	Brownsville (2B)	2B			BRO
5	Corpus Christi	NUECES	3B	1016	B-5	CRP	15	ARANSAS	3B			CRP	23	ZAPATA	Brownsville (2B), Corpus Christi (3B)	2B			BRO
							16	JIM WELLS	3C	1052	B-5	CRP	24	DIMMIT	Corpus Christi (3B), San Antonio (4B)	3C			CRP
							17	KLINGEN	2B			CRP	25	DUVAL	Corpus Christi (3B)	3C			CRP
							18	SAN PATRICIO	3C			CRP	26	LA SALLE	Corpus Christi (3B)	3C			CRP
													27	LIVE OAK	Corpus Christi (3B), Victoria (3B)	3C			CRP
													28	MAVERICK	San Antonio (4B), Corpus Christi (3B)	3C	1441	B-5	CRP
													29	MC MULLEN	Corpus Christi (3B), Victoria (3B)	3C			CRP
													30	WEBB	Corpus Christi (3B)	3C	1025	B-5	CRP
													31	ZAVALA	San Antonio (4B), Corpus Christi (3B)	3C			CRP
6	El Paso	EL PASO	6B	2708	B-10	ELP	19	HUDSPETH	6B			ELP	32	CULBERSON	Paso (6B)	6B			ELP
7	Fort Worth	TARRANT	5B	2304	B-9	DFW	20	COLLIN	6B			DFW	33	DELTA	Fort Worth (5B)	6B			DFW
							21	DALLAS	5B	2259	B-8	DFW	34	FRANKLIN	Fort Worth (5B)	6B			DFW
							22	DENTON	6B	2665	B-8	DFW	35	HENDERSON	Fort Worth (5B), Lufkin (5A), Waco (5B)	5B			DFW
							23	ELLIS	5B			DFW	36	HOOD	Fort Worth (5B), Waco (5B)	5B			DFW
							24	JOHNSON	6B			DFW	37	HOPKINS	Fort Worth (5B)	6B			DFW
							25	PARKER	6B			DFW	38	KAUFMAN	Fort Worth (5B)	6B			DFW
							26	WISE	6B			DFW	39	LA MAR	Fort Worth (5B)	6B			DFW
													40	RAINS	Fort Worth (5B)	6B			DFW
													41	RED RIVER	Fort Worth (5B)	6B			DFW
													42	ROCKWALL	Fort Worth (5B)	6B			DFW
													43	SMITH	Fort Worth (5B), Lufkin (5A)	5B	2194	B-8	DFW
													44	SOMERVELL	Fort Worth (5B), Waco (5B)	5B			DFW
													45	TITUS	Fort Worth (5B)	6B			DFW
													46	VAN ZANDT	Fort Worth (5B)	6B			DFW
8	Houston	HARRIS	4B	1371	B-5	IAH	27	BRAZORIA	3B			IAH	47	AUSTIN	Houston (4B)	4B			IAH
							28	FORT BEND	4B			IAH	48	BRAXTON	Houston (4B), Austin (5B), Waco (5B)	4B			IAH
							29	GALVESTON	3B			IAH	49	BURLESON	Austin (5B), Waco (5B), Houston (4B)	4B			IAH
							30	MONTGOMERY	4B	1263	B-5	IAH	50	COLORADO	Houston (4B), Victoria (3B)	4B			IAH
							31	WALLER	4B			IAH	51	FAYETTE	Houston (4B), San Antonio (4B)	4B			IAH
													52	GRIMES	Houston (4B)	4B			IAH
													53	HARDISON	Houston (4B), Waco (5B), Lufkin (5A)	4B			IAH
													54	MILAM	Austin (5B), Waco (5B), Houston (4B)	4B			IAH
													55	ROBERTSON	Waco (5B), Houston (4B)	4B			IAH
													56	WASHINGTON	Houston (4B), Austin (5B)	4B			IAH
9	Lubbock	LUBBOCK	7B	3431	B-11	LBB	32	CROSBY	7B			LBB	57	BORLEN	Lubbock (7B), Abilene (6B), Midland (6B)	7B			LBB
													58	CHILDRESS	Lubbock (7B), Wichita Falls (7B)	7B			LBB
													59	DAWSON	Lubbock (7B), Midland (6B)	7B	3159	B-11	LBB
													60	DICKENS	Lubbock (7B)	7B			LBB
													61	KENT	Lubbock (7B), Abilene (6B)	7B			LBB
													62	KING	Lubbock (7B), Abilene (6B), Wichita Falls (7B)	7B			LBB
													63	MOTLEY	Lubbock (7B)	7B			LBB
													64	SCURRY	Lubbock (7B), Midland (6B), Abilene (6B)	7B	3185	B-11	LBB
													65	STONEWALL	Abilene (6B), Lubbock (7B), Wichita Falls (7B)	7B			LBB
10	Lufkin	ANGELINA	5A	1951	B-8	GGG	33	CHEROKEE	5A			GGG	66	ANDERSON	Lufkin (5A)	5A	2005	B-8	GGG
							34	HOUSTON	5A			GGG	67	RUSK	Lufkin (5A)	5B			GGG
							35	NACOGDOCHES	5A			GGG	67	HOWARD	Midland (6B)	6B			MAF
11	Midland	MIDLAND	6B	2751	B-10	MAF	36	ANDREWS	6B			MAF	68	JEFF DAVIS	Midland (6B), El Paso (6B)	6B	2772	B-10	MAF
							37	CRANE	6B			MAF	69	JEFF DAVIS	Midland (6B), El Paso (6B)	6B			MAF
							38	ECTOR	6B			MAF	70	LOVING	Midland (6B)	6B			MAF
							39	GLASSCOCK	6B			MAF	71	REEVES	Midland (6B)	6B	2505	B-8	MAF
							40	MARTIN	6B			MAF	72	WARD	Midland (6B)	6B			MAF
							41	REAGAN	5B			MAF	73	WINKLER	Midland (6B)	6B			MAF
							42	UPTON	5B			MAF	73	WINKLER	Midland (6B)	6B			MAF
12	Port Arthur	JEFFERSON	4B	1677	B-6	BPT	43	CHAMBERS	4B			BPT	73	BREWSTER	El Paso (6B), San Angelo (5B)	5A			SJT
13	San Angelo	TOM GREEN	5B	2414	B-8	SJT	44	COKE	6B			SJT	74	CROCKETT	San Angelo (5B)	5B			SJT
							45	CONCHO	5B			SJT	75	EDWARDS	San Angelo (5B)	5A			SJT
							46	IRION	5B			SJT	76	KIMBLE	San Angelo (5B), Austin (5B)	5A			SJT
							47	MENARD	5B			SJT	77	MCCULLOCH	San Angelo (5B)	5B			SJT
							48	RUNNELS	5B			SJT	78	PECOS	San Angelo (5B)	5A			SJT
							49	SCHLICKER	5B			SJT	79	PRESIDIO	El Paso (6B), San Angelo (5B)	5A			SJT
							50	STERLING	6B			SJT	80	SUTTON	San Angelo (5B)	5A			SJT
													81	TERRELL	San Angelo (5B)	5A			SJT
14	San Antonio	BEXAR	4B	1644	B-6	SAT	51	ATASCOSA	3C			SAT	82	FRIO	San Antonio (4B), Corpus Christi (3B)	3C			SAT
							52	BANDERA	5A			SAT	83	GONZALES	San Antonio (4B), Victoria (3B)	4B			SAT
							53	COMAL	4B			SAT	84	KINNEY	San Antonio (4B)	4B			SAT
							54	GUADALUPE	4B			SAT	85	UNALDE	San Antonio (4B)	4B			SAT
							55	KENDALL	5A			SAT	86	VAL VERDE	San Antonio (4B), San Angelo (5B)	4B	1565	B-5	SAT
							56	MEDINA	4B			SAT	87						SAT
							57	WILSON	4B			SAT	87						SAT
15	Victoria	VICTORIA	3B	1296	B-5	VCT	58	CALHOUN	3B			VCT	88	BEE	Corpus Christi (3B), Victoria (3B)	3B	1372	B-5	VCT
							59	DE WITT	3C			VCT	89	KARNES	Victoria (3B), San Antonio (4B), Corpus Christi (3B)	3B			VCT
							60	GOLIAD	3B			VCT	90	MATAGORDA	Victoria (3B), Houston (4B)	3C	1370	B-5	VCT
							61	JACKSON	3B			VCT	91	WHARTON	Victoria (3B), Houston (4B)	3B			VCT
							62	LAVACA	4B			VCT	91						VCT
							63	REFUGIO	3B			VCT	91						VCT
16	Waco	MCLENNAN	5B	2179	B-8	ACT	64	BELL	6B			ACT	92	BROWN	Abilene (6B), Waco (5B), San Angelo (5B)	5B	2199	B-8	ACT
							65	BOSQUE	5B	2127	B-8	ACT	93	COMANCHE	Waco (5B), Abilene (6B)	5B			ACT

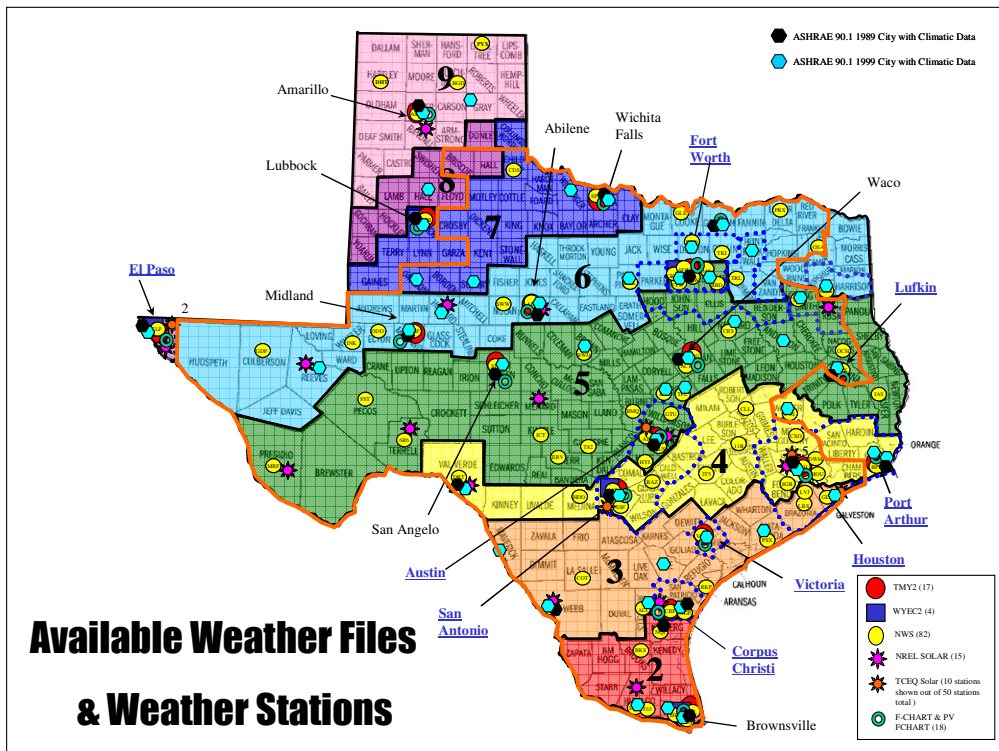


Figure 136: Available Weather Stations in Texas for all ERCOT Counties.

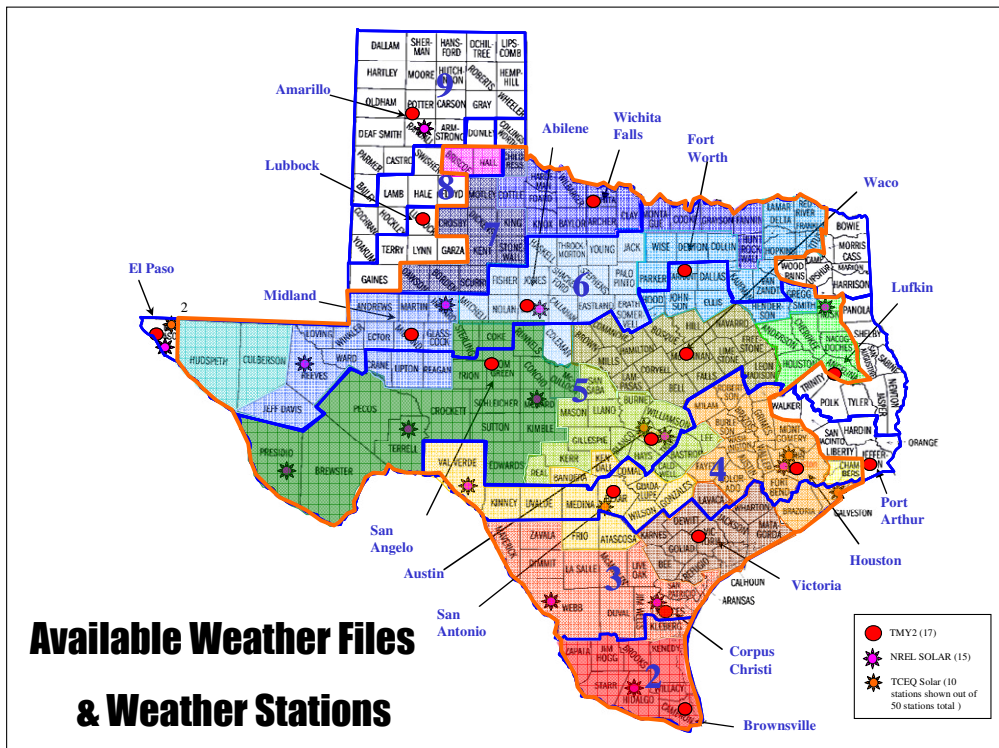


Figure 137: Grouping of Weather Stations in Texas for all ERCOT Counties.



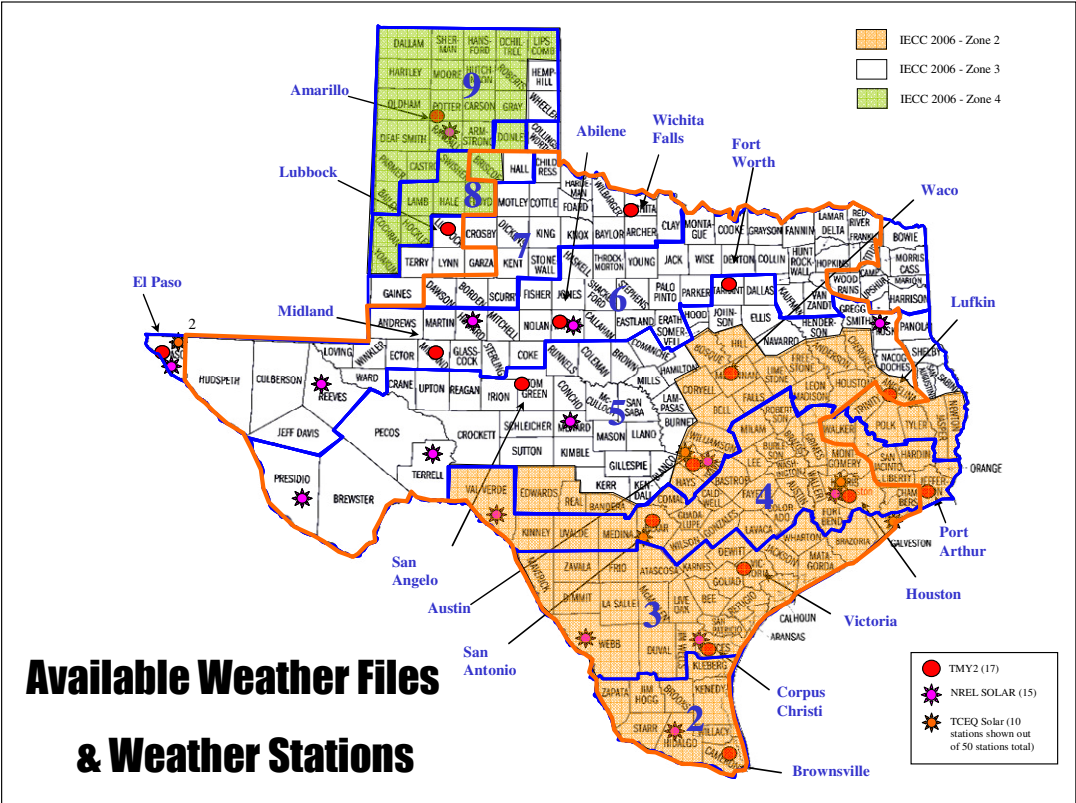








Figure 138: Available Weather Stations in Texas for all ERCOT Counties Showing 2000/2001 and 2006 Climate Zones.

Table 97: List of Available Weather Files in Texas (Listed by Symbol).

List of Available Weather Files and Weather Stations of Texas				
	Texas Weather Stations (NOAA)			
	1	Abilene Regional Airport (ABI)	51	Lubbock International Airport (LBB)
	2	Alice International Airport (ALI)	52	Lufkin Angelina City Airport (LUF)
	3	Amarillo International Airport (AMA)	53	MARFA - MARFA MUNICIPAL AIRPORT (MRF)
	4	Angleton / Lake Jackson Brazos (LBX)	54	McAllen Miller International Airport (MFE)
	5	Arlington Municipal Airport (GRV)	55	McKinney Municipal Airport (TNO)
	6	Austin - Bergstrom International (AUS)	56	Midland International Airport (MAF)
	7	Austin Camp Mabry (ATT)	57	Mineral Wells Airport (MNL)
	8	Banger International Airport (BGD)	58	MOUNT PLEASANT - MOUNT PLEASANT REGIONAL AIRPORT (OSA)
	9	BRENNHAM - BRENNHAM MUNICIPAL AIRPORT (11R)	59	NACOGDOCHES - A. L. MANGHAM JR REGIONAL AIRPORT (OCH)
	10	Brownsville S Padre Island International (BRO)	60	New Braunfels Municipal Airport (BAZ)
	11	BROWNWOOD - BROWNWOOD REGIONAL AIRPORT (BWD)	61	Odeessa Schlemmer Field (ODO)
	12	Burnet Municipal Airport (BMO)	62	Palacios Municipal Airport (PSX)
	13	Childress Municipal Airport (CDS)	63	PARIS - COX FIELD AIRPORT (PRX)
	14	College Station (CLL)	64	PERRYTON - PERRYTON OCHILTREE COUNTY AIRPORT (PYX)
	15	Comroe Montgomery County Airport (CKO)	65	Pine Springs Guadalupe Mountains (GDP)
	16	Corpus Christi International Airport (CRP)	66	Port Arthur Se Tx Rgnl Airport (BPT)
	17	CORPUS CHRISTI - CORPUS CHRISTI NAS/TRAUX FIELD ARPT (NGP)	67	Port Isabel Cameron County Airport (PIL)
	18	Corpus Christi International Airport (CRP)	68	Rochport Aransas Co Airport (RKP)
	19	Cotulla La Salle Co Airport (COT)	69	San Angelo Mathis Field (SAT)
	20	Dalhert Municipal Airport (DHT)	70	San Antonio International Airport (SAT)
	21	Dallas - Fort Worth International Airport (DFW)	71	San Antonio Silsman Municipal Airport (SSF)
	22	Dallas Love Field (DAL)	72	SAN MARCOS - SAN MARCOS MUNICIPAL AIRPORT (HYI)
	23	Dallas Redbird Airport (RBD)	73	SWEETWATER - AVENGER FIELD AIRPORT (SWW)
	24	Del Rio International Airport (DRT)	74	TEMPLE - DRAUGHON MILLER CNTRL TEXAS REGIONAL ARPT (TPL)
	25	Denton Municipal Airport (DTO)	75	Tennel Municipal Airport (TTL)
	26	Dryden Terrell County Airport (DRB)	76	Tyler Pounds Field (TYR)
	27	El Paso International Airport (ELP)	77	Victoria Regional Airport (VCT)
	28	FALFURRIAS - BROOKS COUNTY AIRPORT (BKS)	78	WACO - JAC GREGOR EXECUTIVE AIRPORT (PWG)
	29	Fort Stockton Pecos County Airport (FST)	79	Waco Regional Airport (ACT)
	30	Fort Worth Alliance Airport (AFW)	80	WESTACO - MID VALLEY AIRPORT (TAS)
	31	Fort Worth Meacham (FTW)	81	Wichita Falls Municipal Airport (SPS)
	32	FREDERICKSBURG - GILLESPIE COUNTY AIRPORT (TBZ)	82	Wink Winkler Co Airport (INK)
	33	GAINESVILLE - GAINESVILLE MUNICIPAL AIRPORT (GLE)		
	34	Galveston Scholes Field (GLS)		
	35	GEORGETOWN - GEORGETOWN MUNICIPAL AIRPORT (GTU)		
	36	Hartington Rio Grande Valley (HRL)		
	37	Hondo Municipal Airport (HOO)		
	38	Houston Bush Intercontinental (IAH)		
	39	Houston Clear Lake (CLL)		
	40	Houston Hooks Memorial Airport (DWH)		
	41	Houston Sugarland Mem (SGR)		
	42	Houston William P Hobby Airport (HOU)		
	43	Huntsville Municipal Airport (UTS)		
	44	JASPER - JASPER COUNTY-BELL FIELD AIRPORT (JAS)		
	45	Junction Kinney County Airport (JCT)		
	46	KERRVILLE - KERRVILLE MUNILOUIS SCHREINER FLD AIRPORT (ERV)		
	47	KILLEEN - KILLEEN MUNICIPAL AIRPORT (ILE)		
	48	KINGSVILLE - KINGSVILLE NAS AIRPORT (NQI)		
	49	LA GRANGE - FAYETTE REGIONAL AIR CENTER AIRPORT (STS)		
	50	Longview E Tx Rgnl Airport (GGG)		
	Texas TMY2 Weather Files			
	1	Abilene	17	Wichita Falls
	2	Amarillo		
	3	Austin		
	4	Brownsville		
	5	Corpus Christi		
	6	El Paso		
	7	Fort Worth		
	8	Houston		
	9	Lubbock		
	10	Lufkin		
	11	Midland		
	12	Port Arthur		
	13	San Angelo		
	14	San Antonio		
	15	Victoria		
	16	Waco		
	Texas WYEC2 Weather Files			
	1	El Paso		
	2	Brownsville		
	3	Fort Worth		
	4	San Antonio		
	NREL Solar Stations			
	1	Abilene		
	2	Austin		
	3	Big Spring		
	4	Canyon		
	5	Clear Lake		
	6	Corpus Christi		
	7	Del Rio		
	8	Edinburg		
	9	El Paso		
	10	Laredo		
	11	Menard		
	12	Overton		
	13	Pecos		
	14	Presidio		
	15	Sanderson		
	TCEQ Solar Stations			
	1	Beaer		
	2	Travis		
	3	El Paso (2)		
	4	Galveston		
	5	Harris (5)		
	FCHART and PV FCHART (New Weather File)			
	1	ABILENE		
	2	AMARILLO		
	3	AUSTIN		
	4	BROWNSVILLE		
	5	CORPUS CHRISTI		
	6	EL PASO		
	7	FORT WORTH		
	8	HOUSTON		
	9	LUBBOCK		
	10	LUFKIN		
	11	MIDLAND-ODESSA		
	12	PORT ARTHUR		
	13	SAN ANGELO		
	14	SAN ANTONIO		
	15	SHERMAN		
	16	VICTORIA		
	17	WACO		
	18	WICHITA FALLS		



## 9 PLANNED VERIFICATION TO THE EMISSIONS CALCULATOR (eCALC)

As part of the analysis effort, verification and validation efforts are planned for each of the major analysis areas in the emissions calculator, including: on-site inspections, and calibrated simulations.

### 9.1 On-site Inspections

On-site inspection work continued in 2007, including residential and commercial buildings to determine if specific energy-conserving features are being installed properly.

### 9.2 Calibrated Simulations

Calibrated simulations are planned for two commercial sites and one residential site to help confirm the accuracy of the code-compliant DOE-2 simulations. For each site, existing data loggers, installed from previous projects were restarted and the data from the sensors checked for accuracy. These sites include a standard office building, a K-12 school in College Station, Texas.

#### 9.2.1 Standard Office building

The calibrated simulation of a standard office building using the Texas A&M University Systems Building in College Station, Texas, continues. Figure 139 to Figure 144 show the related information from this site. This building is currently being monitored as part of the campus energy conservation program and includes the channels shown in Figure 143. The goal with this site is to develop a calibrated simulation of the actual building (Figure 141), and a representative building (Figure 142), and then compare/contrast the savings differences between the calibrated model vs the representative model.



Figure 139: Standard Office Building (Texas A&M University Systems Building, College Station, Texas).



Figure 140: : Standard Office Building (Texas A&M University Systems Building, College Station, Texas).

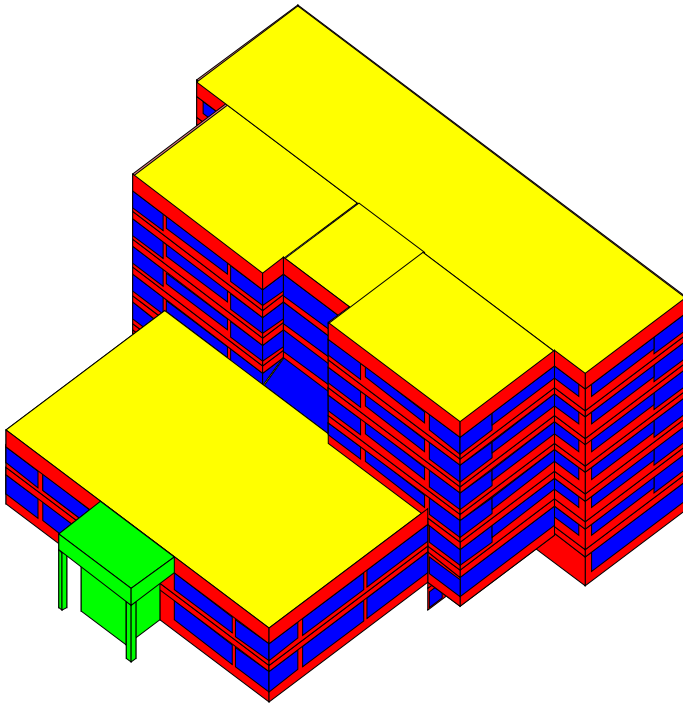


Figure 141: Computer Simulation (DOE-2.1E) of Case Study Office Building

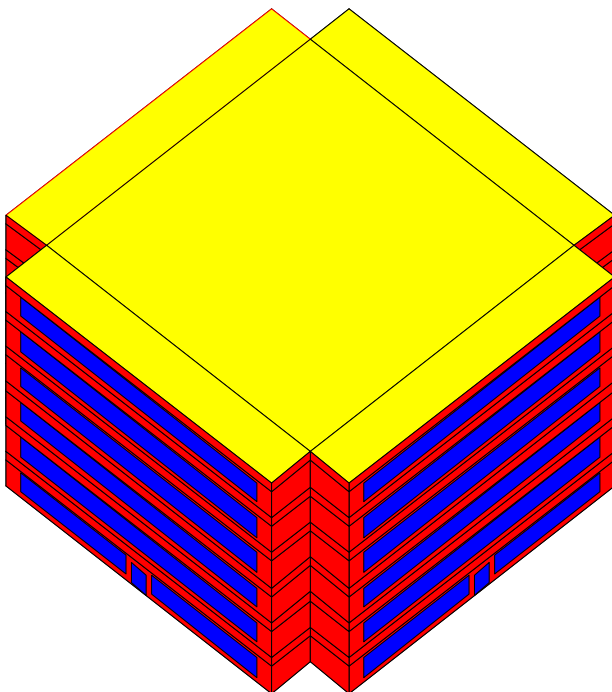


Figure 142: Computer Simulation (DOE-2.1E) of Base Case Office Building

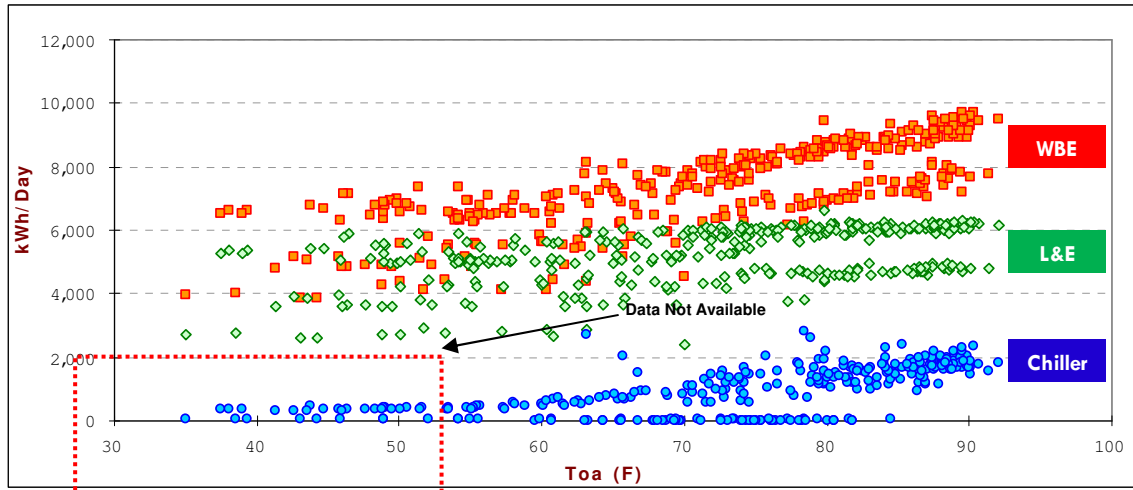


Figure 143: 2007 Scatter Plots from the Data logger Installed in the Case Study Office Building

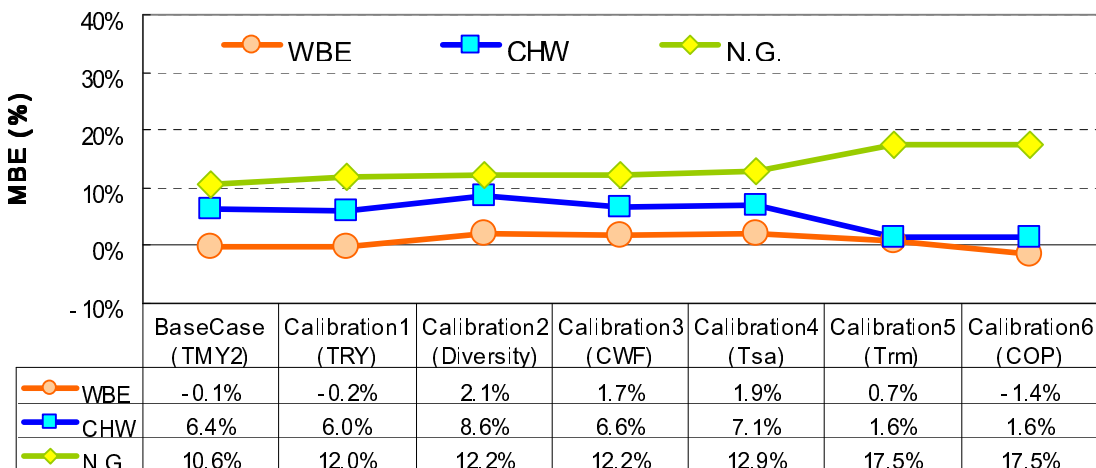
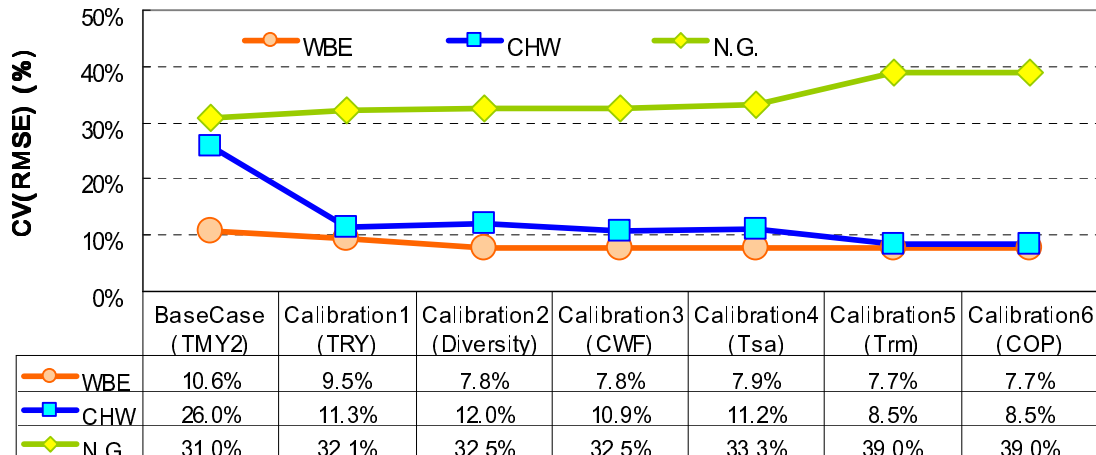


Figure 144: Goodness of fit indicators for measured versus simulated data from office building.

### 9.2.2 K-12 Elementary School.

To expand the capabilities of the emissions calculator, which currently covers office and retail type buildings, K-12 schools were identified as the next largest category of buildings that needed to be included in the emissions reductions calculations. To begin to prepare for this new model, in cooperation with the College Station Independent School District (CSISD), the Laboratory collected representative characteristic shaping data for the school (Figure 145) and then developed a calibrated simulation of the school (Figure 146). Next, a representative shaping model was developed that could be used for an automated school generation (Figure 147 and Figure 148). Finally, actual measured data were gathered from the school to allow for the calibration of the simulation and comparison against the representative model shown in Figure 149, Figure 150, and Figure 151.





Figure 145: Photo of Case Study Elementary School

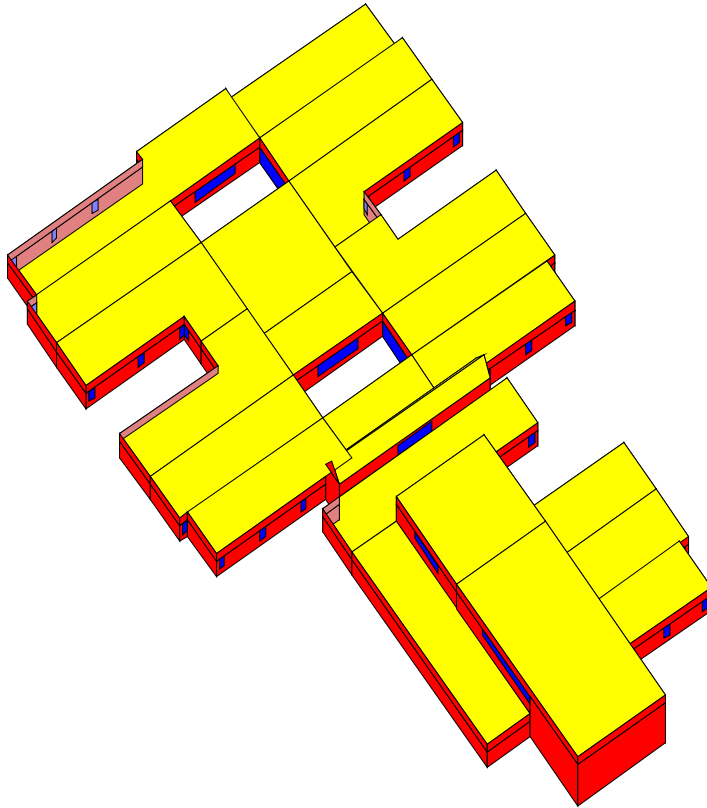


Figure 146: Computer Simulation (DOE-2.1E) of Case Study Elementary School



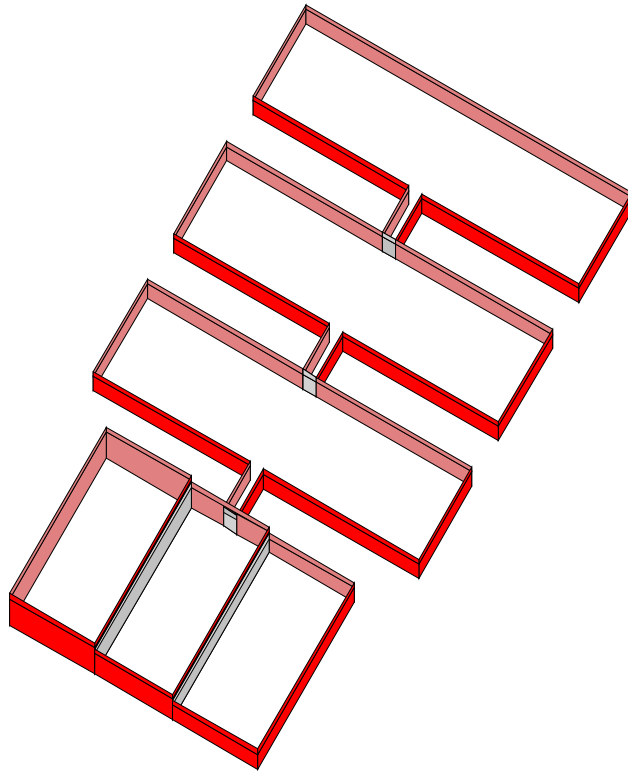


Figure 147: Computer Simulation (DOE-2.1E) of Base Case School Building

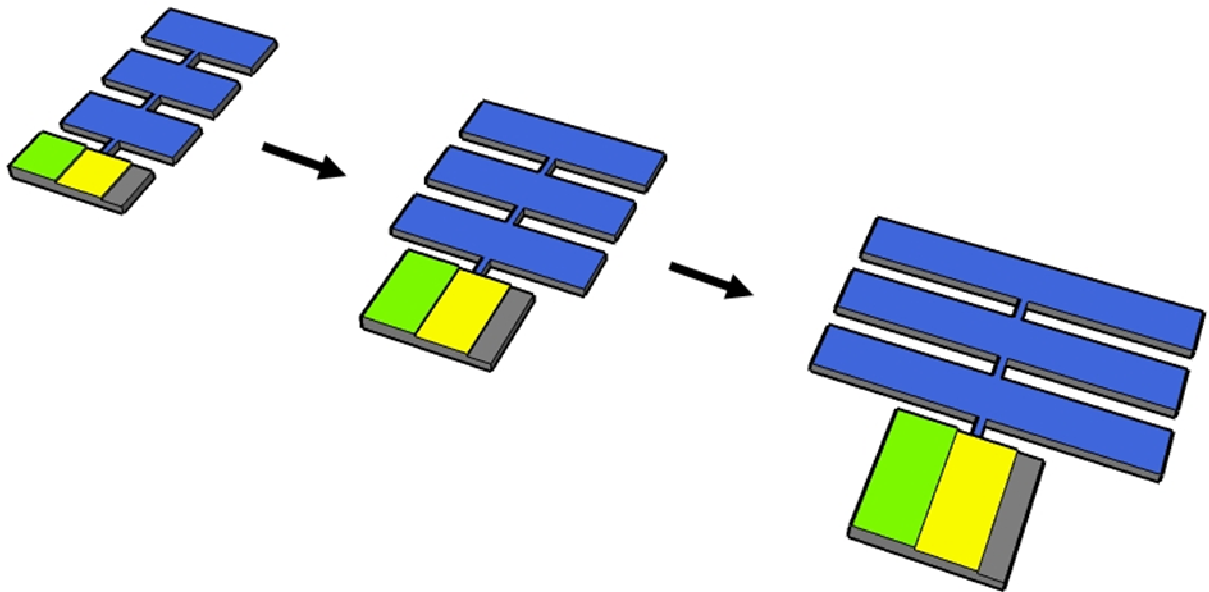


Figure 148: Concept of Base Case School Building

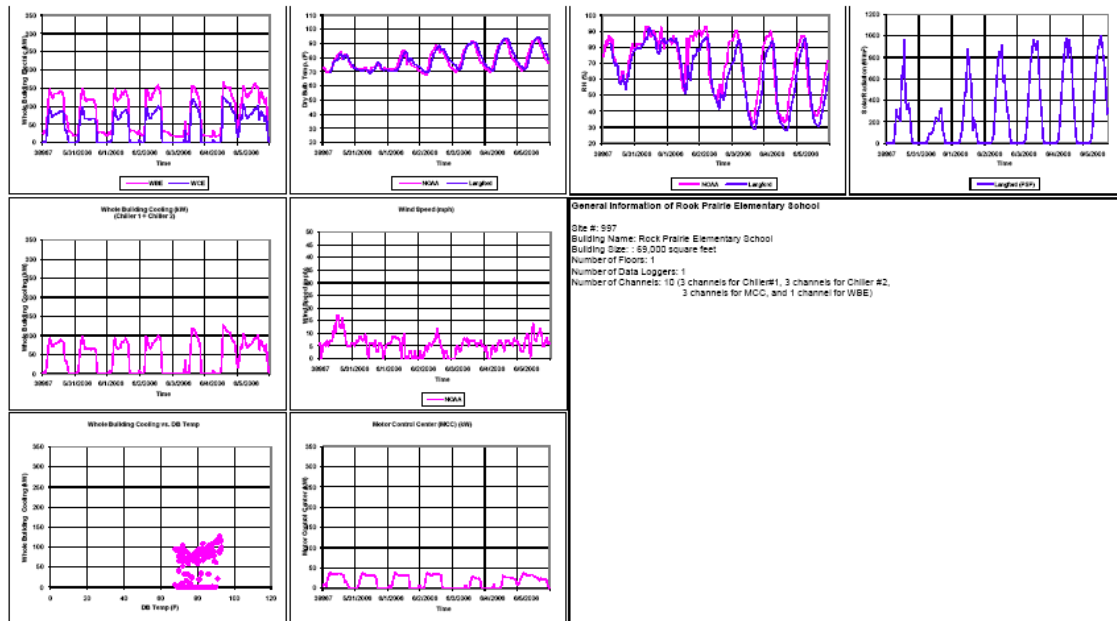


Figure 149: Inspection plots for elementary school.

## AHU #1 &amp; Classroom #106

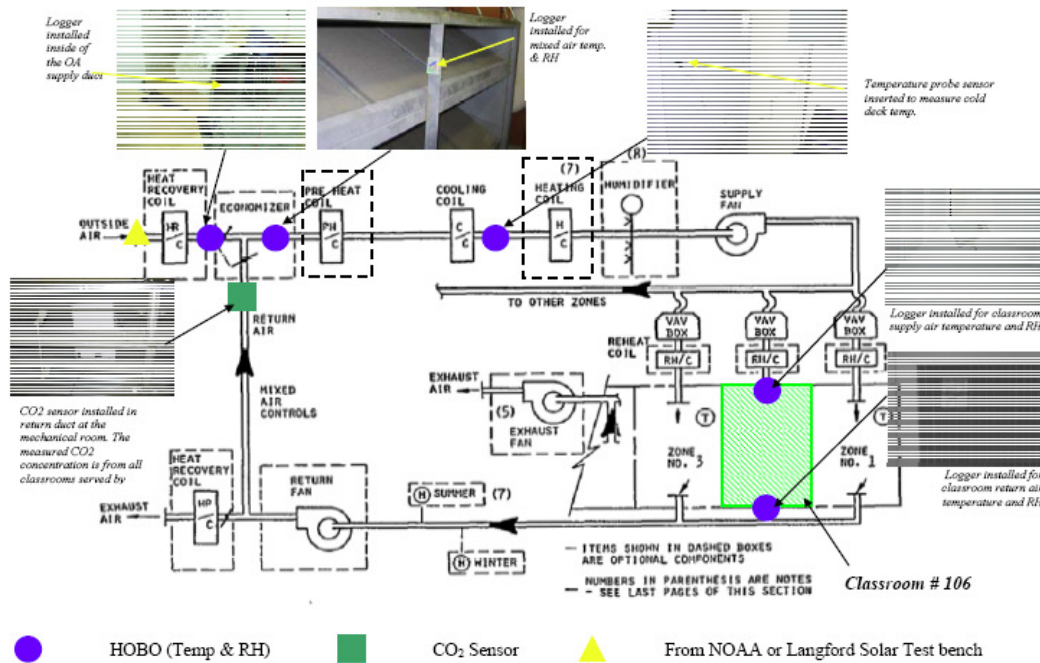
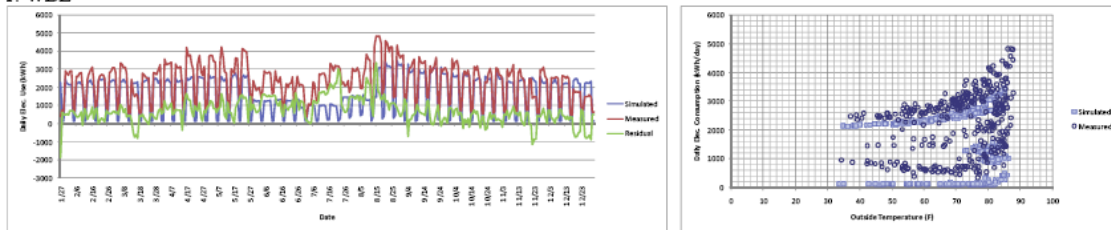


Figure 150: Detailed monitoring diagram for K-12 school.

## 1. WBE



## 2. Lighting &amp; Equipment

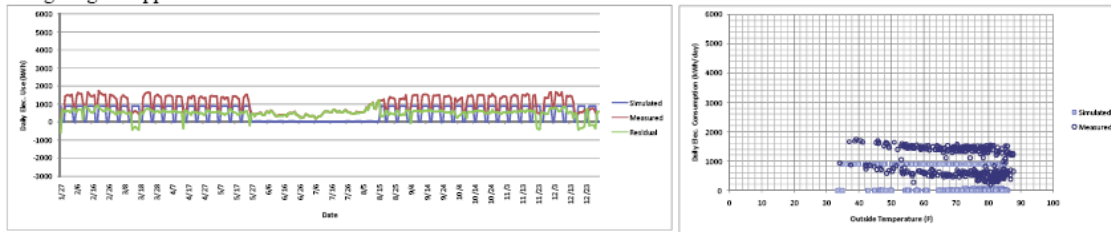


Figure 151: Analysis of data from K-12 school.

### 9.2.3 Solar Test Bench

In 2007 the Laboratory continued with the monitoring of the data from the Solar Test Bench to accommodate the testing of energy-efficient glazing for purposes of verifying the calibrated simulations. Figure 152 shows photos of the instrumentation at the test bench. Figure 153 and Figure 154 show weekly inspection plots from the solar test bench.



Figure 152: Photos of the Laboratory's Solar Test Bench.

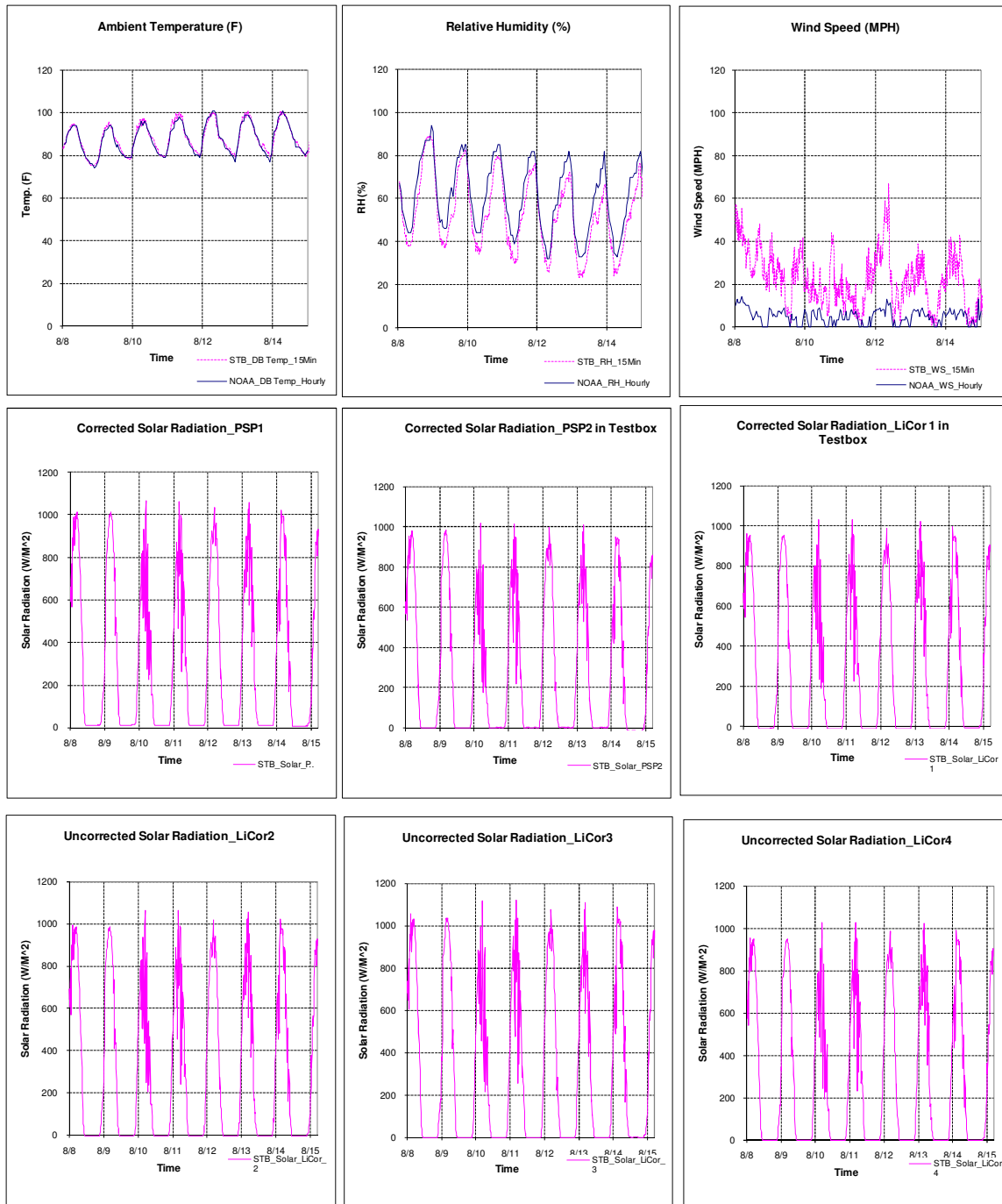


Figure 153: 2007 Weekly Inspection Plots from the Laboratory's Solar Test Bench.

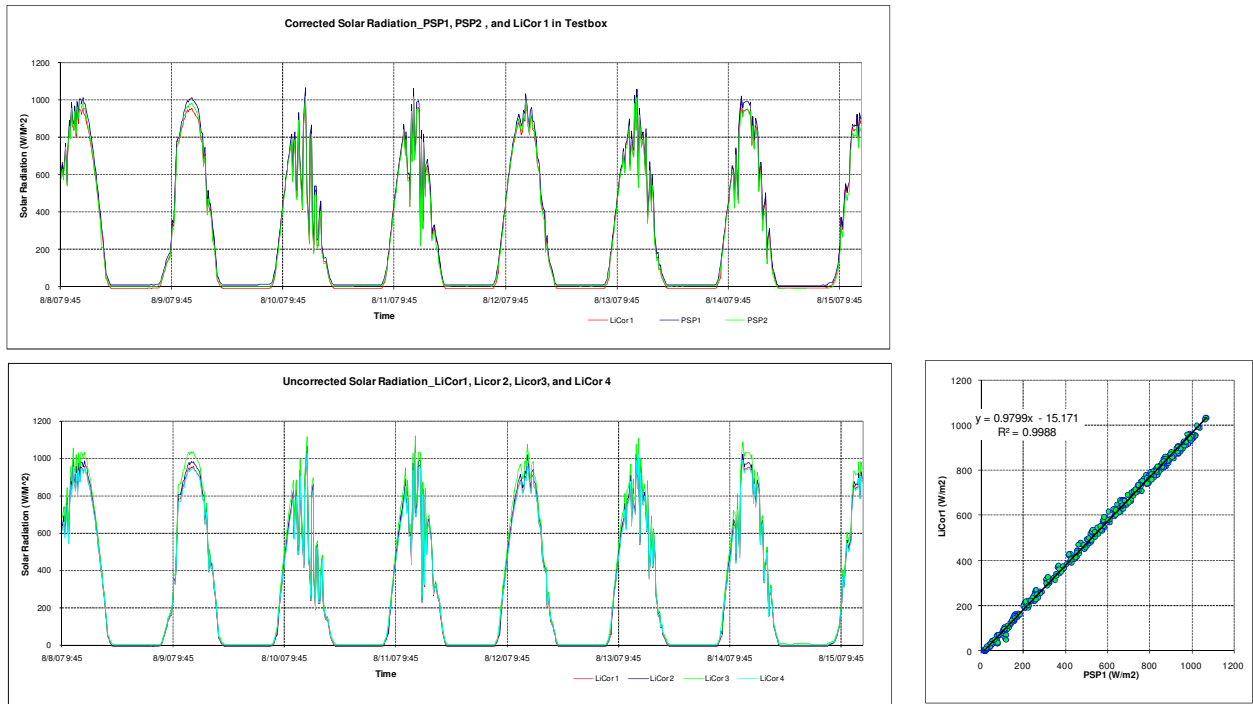


Figure 154: 2007 Weekly Inspection Plots from the Laboratory's Solar Test Bench.

## 10 REFERENCES

- ASHRAE. 1993. ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 136-1993 (RA 2006) - A Method of Determining Air Change Rates in Detached Dwellings. Atlanta, GA: American Society of Heating, Refrigerating, and Air-Conditioning Engineers, Inc.
- ASHRAE 90.1 1989 Energy Standard for Buildings Except Low-Rise Residential Buildings. American Society of Heating, Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Engineers, Inc., Atlanta, GA.
- ASHRAE 90.1 1999 Energy Standard for Buildings Except Low-Rise Residential Buildings. American Society of Heating, Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Engineers, Inc., Atlanta, GA.
- ASHRAE 2004. "Advanced Energy Design Guide for Small Office Buildings," American Society of Heating, Refrigeration and Air-conditioning Engineers, Atlanta, GA.
- CB ECS 1995, 1999, 2003. USDOE Commercial Building Energy Characteristics Survey. U.S.D.O.E. Energy Information Agency Report.
- Cho, S., Mukhopadhyay, J., Culp, C., Haberl, J. S., Yazdani, B., 2007. "Recommendations for 15% Above-Code Energy-Efficiency Measures for Commercial Office Buildings," *Energy Systems Laboratory Report No. ESL-TR-07-09-01*, Texas A&M University (in preparation).
- Dodge. 2005. MarkeTrack: McGraw-Hill Construction Analytics. McGraw-Hill Construction Information Group, 148 Princeton-Hightstown Rd., Hightstown, N.J. <http://dodge.construction.com>.
- Haberl, J., Culp, C., Yazdani, B., Fitzpatrick, and Turner, D., 2002, "Texas's senate Bill 5 Legislation for Reducing Pollution in Non-attainment and Affected Areas," Annual Report to the Texas Natural Resource Conservation Commission, July, Energy Systems Laboratory Report ESL-TR-02/07-01.
- Haberl, J., Culp, C., Yazdani, B., Fitzpatrick, T., Bryant, J., Turner, D., 2003, "Energy Efficiency/Renewable Energy Impact in the Texas Emissions Reduction Plan (TERP)," Volume II – Technical Report, Annual Report to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, September 2002 to August 2003, Energy Systems Laboratory Report ESL-TR-03/12-04.
- Haberl, J., Culp, C., Yazdani, B., Gilman, D., Fitzpatrick, T., Muns, S., Verdict, M., Ahmed, M., Liu, B., Baltazar-Cervantes, J.C., Bryant, J., Degelman, L., Turner, D. 2004. "Energy Efficiency/Renewable Energy Impact in the Texas Emissions Reduction Plan (TERP)", Volume II – Technical Report, Annual Report to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, September 2003 to August 2004, Energy Systems Laboratory Report ESL-TR-04/12-04.
- Haberl, J., Culp, C., Yazdani, B., Gilman, D., Fitzpatrick, T., Muns, S., Verdict, M., Ahmed, M., Liu, B., Baltazar-Cervantes, J.C., Bryant, J., Degelman, L., and Turner, D. 2006. "Energy Efficiency/Renewable Energy Impact in the Texas Emissions Reduction Plan (TERP)", Volume II – Technical Report, Annual Report to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, September 2004 to December 2005, Energy Systems Laboratory, Report ESL-TR-06-06-08.
- ICC. 1999. 2000 International Energy Conservation Code. Falls Church, VA: International Code Council, Inc.
- ICC. 2001. 2001 Supplement to the International Energy Conservation Code. Falls Church, VA: International Code Council, Inc.
- Kats, G.H. et al. 1996. "Energy Efficiency as a Commodity," *ACEEE Summer Study on Energy Efficiency in Buildings*.
- LBL. 1993. DOE-2 BDL Summary Version 2.1E. LBL Report No. 349346. Berkley, CA: Lawrence Berkeley Laboratory.
- Malhotra, M. 2005. An Analysis of Maximum Residential Energy-Efficiency in Hot and Humid Climates. MS Thesis, College Station, TX: Texas A&M University.
- Malhotra, M. and J. Haberl. 2006. An Analysis of Maximum Residential Energy Efficiency in Hot and Humid Climates. Proceedings of the Fifteenth Symposium on Improving Building Systems in Hot and Humid Climates. Orlando, FL.



Malhotra, M., J. Mukhopadhyay, B. Liu, J. Haberl, C. Culp, B. Yazdani. 2007. Recommendations for 15% Above-Code Energy Efficiency Measures for Single-Family Residences. Energy Systems Laboratory Report No. ESL-TR-07-09-01.

Means, R. 2006. "Building Construction Cost Data" *R.S. Means*, Kingston, Massachusetts.

NAECA. 2006. National Appliance Energy Conservation Act.

NAHB 1999. Builder Practices Survey Reports, National Association of Home Builders, Research Center, Upper Marlboro, Maryland (September).

NAHB. 2003. The Builders Practices Survey Reports. National Association of Home Builders. Upper Marlboro, MD: NAHB Research Center.

NREL. 2001. Building America house performance analysis procedures. (NREL/TP-550-27754) Golden, CO: National Renewable Energy Laboratory. p.34

Public Utility Commission of Texas, PUC, 2007, Available at: <http://www.puc.state.tx.us/>

Texas State Energy Conservation Office (SECO), 2007, available at: <http://www.seco.cpa.state.tx.us/>

## 11 BIBLIOGRAPHY

ACEEE. 2004. The Most Energy-Efficient Appliances. Washington, DC: American Council for An Energy Efficient Economy.

Ahmed, M., Gilman, D., Mukhopadhyay, J., Haberl, J., Culp, C. 2005a. "Development of a Web-based Emissions Reduction Calculator for Code-compliant Single-family and Multi-family Construction," *Proceedings of the 5<sup>th</sup> International Conference for Enhanced Building Operations*, Pittsburg, PA (October).

Ahmed, M., Gilman, D., Kim, S., Haberl, J., Culp, C. 2005b. "Development of a Web-based Emissions Reduction Calculator for Code-compliant Commercial Construction," *Proceedings of the 5<sup>th</sup> International Conference for Enhanced Building Operations*, Pittsburg, PA (October).

ARI 2001. Unpublished ARI Internal Report by Karim Amrane, Ph.D., Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Institute, Arlington, VA (July).

ASHRAE Task Group on Energy Requirements. 1975. Procedures for determining heating and cooling loads for computerized energy calculations; algorithms for building heat transfer subroutines. Atlanta: American Society of Heating Refrigeration and Air-Conditioning Engineers, Inc.

ASHRAE 1989. Energy Efficient Design of New Buildings Except Low-rise Residential Buildings. ASHRAE Standard 90.1-1989.

ASHRAE 2004. Energy Efficient Design of New Buildings Except Low-rise Residential Buildings. ASHRAE Standard 90.1-2004.

Baltazar-Cervantes, J.C., Liu, Z., Gilman, D., Haberl, J., Culp, C. 2005a. "Development of a Web-based Emissions Reduction Calculator for Retrofits to Municipal Water Supply and WasteWater Facilities," *Proceedings of the 5<sup>th</sup> International Conference for Enhanced Building Operations*, Pittsburg, PA (October).

Baltazar-Cervantes, J.C., Gilman, D., Haberl, J., Culp, C. 2005b. "Development of a Web-based Emissions Reduction Calculator for Solar Thermal and Solar Photovoltaic Installations," *Proceedings of the 5<sup>th</sup> International Conference for Enhanced Building Operations*, Pittsburg, PA (October).

Bankrate. 2005. Federal Discount Rate. Bankrate, Inc. Retrieved June 23, 2005, from: [www.bankrate.com](http://www.bankrate.com).

Dodge. 2005. MarkeTrack: McGraw-Hill Construction Analytics. McGraw-Hill Construction Information Group, 148 Princeton-Hightstown Rd., Hightstown, N.J. <<http://dodge.construction.com>>

Erbs, D., Klein, G., Duffie, S. 1982. "Estimation of the diffuse fraction for hourly, daily and monthly-average global radiation," *Solar Energy*, Vol. 28, pp. 293-301.

Haberl, J., Culp, C., Yazdani, B., Gilman, D., Fitzpatrick, T., Muns, S., Verdict, M., Ahmad, M., Liu, B., Baltazar-Cervantes, J.C., Bryant, J., Degelman, L., Turner, D. 2004a. "Energy Efficiency/Renewable Energy Impact in the Texas Emissions Reductions Plan (TERP)," Vol. III – Appendix, Annual Report to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, September 2003 to August 2004, Energy Systems Laboratory Report No. ESL-TR-04-12-05 (December).

Haberl, J., Culp, C., Yazdani, B., Gilman, D., Fitzpatrick, T., Muns, S., Verdict, M., Ahmad, M., Liu, B., Baltazar-Cervantes, J.C., Bryant, J., Degelman, L., Turner, D. 2004b. "Energy Efficiency/Renewable Energy Impact in the Texas Emissions Reductions Plan (TERP)," Vol. II – Technical Report, Annual Report to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, September 2003 to August 2004, Energy Systems Laboratory Report No. ESL-TR-04-12-04 (December).

Haberl, J., Culp, C., Yazdani, B., Gilman, D., Fitzpatrick, T., Muns, S., Verdict, M., Ahmad, M., Liu, B., Baltazar-Cervantes, J.C., Bryant, J., Degelman, L., Turner, D. 2004c. "Energy Efficiency/Renewable Energy Impact in the Texas Emissions Reductions Plan (TERP)," Vol. I – Summary Report, Annual Report to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, September 2003 to August 2004, Energy Systems Laboratory Report No. ESL-TR-04-12-01 (December).

Haberl, J., Im, P., Culp, C. 2004. "NOx Emissions Reductions From Implementation of the 2000 IECC/IRC Conservation Code to Residential Construction in Texas," *Proceedings of the 14<sup>th</sup> Symposium on Improving Building Systems in Hot and Humid Climates*, Texas A&M University, Richardson, Texas, accepted for publication (February), pp. 139-150.

Haberl, J., Cho, S. 2004a. "Literature Review of Uncertainty of Analysis Methods: F-Chart Program," Energy Systems Laboratory Report, No. ESL-TR-04-08-04 (October).

Haberl, J., Cho, S. 2004b. "Literature Review of Uncertainty of Analysis Methods: PV F-Chart Program," Energy Systems Laboratory Report, No. ESL-TR-04-10-02 (October).

Haberl, J., Cho, S. 2004c. "Literature Review of Uncertainty of Analysis Methods: ASHRAE Inverse Model Toolkit (IMT)," Energy Systems Laboratory Report, No. ESL-TR-04-10-03 (October).

Haberl, J., Cho, S. 2004d. "Literature Review of Uncertainty of Analysis Methods: Cool Roofs," Energy Systems Laboratory Report, No. ESL-TR-04-10-04 (October).

Haberl, J., Cho, S. 2004e. "Literature Review of Uncertainty of Analysis Methods: DOE-2 Program," Energy Systems Laboratory Report, No. ESL-TR-04-11-01 (November).

Haberl, J.S. 1993. "Economic Calculations for ASHRAE Handbook," Energy Systems Laboratory Report, No. ESL-TR-93-04-07 (April).

Haberl, J., Culp, C., Yazdani, B., Fitzpatrick, T., Bryant, J., and Turner, D. 2003. "Energy Efficiency/Renewable Energy Impact in the Texas Emissions Reductions Plan (TERP). Volume II - Technical Report, Annual Report to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, September 2002 to August 2003," Energy Systems Laboratory Report ESL-TR-03-12-04.

Haberl, J., Im, P., Culp, C., Yazdani, B., Fitzpatrick, T., Bryant, J., Turner, D. 2005. "A Simulation Methodology to Estimate NOx Emissions Reductions From the Implementation of the 2000 IECC/IRC Conservation Code in Texas," *IBPSA Newsletter*, Vol. 15, No. 2, pp. 39-48 (October).

IESNA. 2000. The IES Lighting Handbook, Reference and Application, 9th Edition. New York: Illuminating Engineering Society of North America.

Inflationdata. 2005. Current Inflation Rate. Financial Trend Forecaster®. Retrieved June 23, 2005, from: [inflationdata.com/inflation](http://inflationdata.com/inflation).

Im, P. 2003. "A Methodology to Evaluate Energy Savings and NOx Emissions Reduction from the Adoption of the 2000 IECC to New Residences in Non-attainment and Affected Counties in Texas," *Master's Thesis*, Department of Architecture, Texas A&M University (December).

Kissock, K., Haberl, J.S., Claridge, D.E. 2002. "Development of a Toolkit for Calculating Linear, Change-point Linear and Multiple-Linear Inverse Building Energy Analysis Models," Final Report for ASHRAE Research Project, No. 1050-RP.

Klein, S.A., Beckman, W.A. 1985. "PV F-Chart User's Manual: DOS Version," F-Chart Software, 4406 Fox Bluff Road, Middleton, Wisc. 53562, [www.fchart.com](http://www.fchart.com).

Klein, S.A., Beckman, W.A. 1993. "F-Chart Solar Energy System Analysis: Version 6.17W," F-Chart Software, 4406 Fox Bluff Road, Middleton, Wisc. 53562, [www.fchart.com](http://www.fchart.com).

Kootin-Sanwu, V. 2004. "Development of Energy Efficient Housing for Low-Income Families," *Ph.D. Dissertation*, Department of Architecture, Texas A&M University (May).

LBNL. 1981. "DOE-2 Reference Manual Version 2.1A. LBL-8706 Rev. 1," Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, Berkeley, CA, and Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory, Santa Fe, NM.

Mukhopadhyay, J. 2005. "Analysis of improved fenestration for code-compliant residential buildings in hot and humid climates," *Masters Thesis*, Department of Architecture, Texas A&M University.

Liu, Z., Gilman, D., Haberl, J., Culp, C. 2005a. "Development of a Web-based Emissions Reduction Calculator for Street Light and Traffic Light Retrofits," *Proceedings of the 5<sup>th</sup> International Conference for Enhanced Building Operations*, Pittsburg, PA (October).

Liu, Z., Baltazar-Cervantes, J.C., Gilman, D., Haberl, J., Culp, C. 2005b. "Development of a Web-based Emissions Reduction Calculator for Green Power Purchases from Texas Wind Energy Providers," *Proceedings of the 5<sup>th</sup> International Conference for Enhanced Building Operations*, Pittsburg, PA (October).

LBNL 1995. Residential Sector End-use Forecasting With EPRI REEPS 2.1: Summary Input Assumptions and Results, J. Koomey, R. Brown, R. Richey, F. Johnson, A. Sanstad, and L. Shown, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory Report No. LBL-34044-UC-1600 (December).

LBNL 2000. "DOE-2.1e, ver. 107," Documentation Update Package #2, Simulation Research Group, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, University of California at Berkeley, Berkeley, CA (March).

Malhotra, M. 2005. "An Analysis of Maximum Residential Energy Efficiency in Hot and Humid Climates," *M.S. Thesis*, Department of Architecture, Texas A&M University.

Malhotra, M. and Haberl, J. 2006. "An Analysis of Building Envelope Upgrades for Residential Energy Efficiency in Hot and Humid Climates," Conference Paper for Presentation at SimBuild 2006, Second National Conference of IBPSA-USA. Cambridge, MA (in preparation).

NAHB 2000. Builder Practices Survey Reports, National Association of Home Builders, Research Center, Upper Marlboro, Maryland (September).

NREL. 1995. Users Manual for TMY2's (Typical Meteorological Years). NREL/SP-463-7668, and TMY2s, Typical Meteorological Years Derived from the 1961-1990. National Solar Radiation Data Base, June 1995 [CD-ROM]. Golden, Colorado: National Renewable Energy Laboratory.

NOAA 1993. Automated Surface Observing System Guide for Pilots, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, National Weather Service (April).

NREL 1995. User's Manual for TMY2s (Typical Meteorological Years), NREL/SP-463-7668, National Renewable Energy Laboratory (June).

Ottinger, R.L., Wooley, D.R., Robinson, N.A., Hodas, D.R., and Babb, S.E. 1991. *Environmental Costs of Electricity*. Oceana Publications, Inc., New York, N.Y.

Parker, D.S., Dunlop, J.P., Barkaszi, S.F., Sherwin, J.R., Anello, M.T., and Sonne, J.K. 2000. "Towards Zero Energy Demand: Evaluation of Super Efficient Building Technology with Photovoltaic Power for New Residential Housing," *Proceedings of the 2000 ACEEE Summer Study of Energy Efficiency in Buildings*, 1.207-1.223.

RECenter 2005. Texas Real Estate Research Center, College of Business, Texas A&M University, College Station, Texas. URL: [recenter.tamu.edu](http://recenter.tamu.edu).

Reilly, M., Winkelmann, D., Arasteh, D., and Carroll, W. 1992. "Modeling windows in DOE-2.1e. Proceedings of Thermal Performance of the Exterior Envelopes of Buildings VI," American Society of Heating Refrigeration and Air-Conditioning Engineers, 1992.

Song, S. 2006. "Development of New Methodologies for Evaluating the Energy Performance of New Commercial Buildings," Texas A&M University, in preparation, (August).

U.S. Census 1999. County Population Estimates for July 1, 1999 and Population Change for July 1, 1998 to July 1, 1999, CO-99-1, U.S. Department of Commerce, March 9, 1999, URL: [www.census.org](http://www.census.org).

USCB. 2002. Square Footage by Household and Unit Size, Income, and Costs—Occupied Units. American Housing Survey for the United States: 2001, p. 84. U.S. Census Bureau, Current Housing Reports, Series H150/01. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office.

USDOE 2004. Building Energy Standards Program: Determination Regarding Energy Efficiency Improvements in the Energy Standard for Buildings, Except Low-Rise Residential Buildings, ASHRAE/IESNA Standard 90.1-1999. Docket No. (Docket No. EE-DET-02-001). Washington, D.C.  
<[http://www.energycodes.gov/implement/pdfs/FR\\_com\\_notice.pdf](http://www.energycodes.gov/implement/pdfs/FR_com_notice.pdf)>